

# CS 251

## Lab Exercise 08

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Main topics: Interfaces  
Abstract methods  
Polymorphism

### Exercise

This week we will be practicing writing a class which implements an interface.

**Getting Started** To start this exercise, you should:

1. Open eclipse and start a new Java project named `Lab08`
2. Add a Class (named `Nat`) to this project, and copy the contents of the `Nat.java` file provided into it.
3. Add a Class (named `Mod8`) to this project, and copy the contents of the `Mod8.java` file provided into it.
4. Add a Class (named `Oct`) to this project, the contents of which you will be writing from scratch.
5. Add a Class (named `DriverL8`) to this project, and copy the contents of the `DriverL8.java` file provided into it.

### Requirements

**Nat.java** A very simple class which models some of the functionality of a Natural number.

The Natural numbers are the non-negative Integers: 0, ...

This class is complete and must not be modified.

1. Why is `setN()` protected?

**Mod8.java** A very simple interface which implies a the cyclic set of Natural numbers  $[0, 7]$ .

This class is complete and must not be modified.

1. Why does the notion of an additive inverse not make sense for Natural numbers, but does make sense for the cyclic set  $[0, 7]$ ?

**Oct.java** A very simple class which extends the `Nat` class and implements the `Mod8` interface.

This class you must write, such that:

1. You include default, specifying and copy constructors
2. You override `Nat`'s mutator.
3. You override `Nat`'s clone method
4. You override `Nat`'s equals method
5. You implement `Mod8`'s inverse method  
For any  $x$  in  $[0, 7]$ , its unique inverse  $i$  has the property that  $(x + i) \% 8 == 0$
6. You override `Nat`'s increment, decrement and addition methods so that the underlying int value is always in the cyclic range  $[0, 7]$ .

**DriverL8.java** A simple driver class to test all of the above classes / interface.

This class is complete and must not be modified.

1. Identify how / where Polymorphism is being utilized.

If you wrote your Oct class correctly then your output will look like:

```
n1 = 0
n2 = 7
n3 = 7
n4 = 0
n5 = 0
```

```
no1 = 0
no2 = 7
no3 = 7
no4 = 0
no5 = 2
```

```
Good: Oct can not equal Nat
Good: Oct.clone() works
Good: Oct(Oct o) works
```

```
n2 + n3 = 14
```

```
n1 = 0
n2 = 8
n3 = 0
```

```
no5 inverse = 6
no2 + no5 = 1
no2 - no5 = 5
```

```
no1 = 7
no2 = 0
no3 = 0
```

Once you have completed the requirements:

1. Make sure that your program runs without errors or warnings.
2. Run your program enough times to verify its correctness.
3. If it runs correctly, then see your TA for a check-off.