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ESE224  
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Tuesday 10-12:50am

## Problem 1:

Point.h

```
#pragma once
class Point {
private:
    double xCord, yCord;
public:
    Point();
    Point(double x, double y);
    double getX();
    double getY();
    void setX(double x);
    void setY(double y);
    double dist2origin();
    double Distance(const Point& p2) const;
    double operator -(const Point& p2) const;
    bool Equal(const Point& p2) const;
    bool operator==(const Point& p2) const;
    void Print();
    void operator*(double n);
    bool operator>(const Point& p2) const;
};
```

Point.cpp

```

double Point::operator-(const Point& p2) const {
    double dx = p2.xCord - xCord;
    double dy = p2.yCord - yCord;
    return sqrt(pow(dx, 2) + pow(dy, 2));
}

bool Point::Equal(const Point& p2) const {
    return (p2.xCord == xCord) && (p2.yCord == yCord);
}

bool Point::operator==(const Point& p2) const {
    return (p2.xCord == xCord) && (p2.yCord == yCord);
}

void Point::Print() {
    cout.setf(ios::fixed);
    cout.precision(3);
    cout << "The Point is (" << xCord << ", " << yCord << ")" << endl;
}

void Point::operator*(double n) {
    xCord = xCord * n;
    yCord = yCord * n;
}

bool Point::operator>(const Point& p2) const {
    double d1 = sqrt(pow(xCord, 2) + pow(yCord, 2));

```

```

    double d2 = sqrt(pow(p2.xCord, 2) + pow(p2.yCord, 2));
    return d1 > d2;
}

```

Main.cpp

```

*/
double x, y, r;
cout << "Enter the cords of p1:" << endl;
cin >> x >> y;
Point p1(x, y);
p1.Print();
cout << "Enter the cords of p2:" << endl;
cin >> x >> y;
Point p2(x, y);
p2.Print();
cout << "The distance between two points is" << p1.Distance(p2) << endl;
cout << "The distance between two points is" << p1-p2 << endl;
cout << "Are the two points the same? The answer is " << p2.Equal(p1) << endl;
cout << "Are the two points the same The answer is" << (p1==p2) << endl<<endl;
cout << "Enter a number to change the coords of p2: " << endl;
cin >> r;
p2* r;
p2.Print();
cout << "p1 > p2 ?" << (p1 > p2) << endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}

```

Screenshot of the running program:

```

Enter the cords of p1:
1 2
The Point is (1.000,2.000)
Enter the cords of p2:
2 3
The Point is (2.000,3.000)
The distance between two points is1.414
The distance between two points is1.414
Are the two points the same? The answer is 0
Are the two points the same The answer is0

Enter a number to change the coords of p2:
3 2
The Point is (6.000,9.000)
p1 > p2 ?0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

## Problem 2

Professor informed us this exercise is no longer required.

## Problem 3

Pyramid.h

```
//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#pragma once
#ifndef PYRAMID_H
#define PYRAMID_H

class Pyramid {
private:
    int height;

public:
    Pyramid(int height);
    void create();
    void flip();
};

#endif
```

Pyramid.cpp

```

//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#include <iostream>
#include "pyramid.h"

Pyramid::Pyramid(int height) : height(height) {}

void Pyramid::create() {
    int num_x = 1;

    for (int i = 0; i < height; ++i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < height - i - 1; ++j)
            std::cout << " ";

        for (int k = 0; k < num_x; ++k)
            std::cout << "X";

        std::cout << "\n";
        num_x += 2;
    }

    std::cout << "Total X's in the pyramid: " << (height * (height + 1)) / 2 << "\n";
}

void Pyramid::flip() {
    int num_x = height * 2 - 1;

    for (int i = height - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < height - i - 1; ++j)
            std::cout << " ";

        for (int k = 0; k < num_x; ++k)
            std::cout << "X";

        std::cout << "\n";
        num_x -= 2;
    }
}

```

Main.cpp

```
//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#include <iostream>
#include "pyramid.h"

int main() {
    Pyramid pyramid1(1);
    Pyramid pyramid2(2);
    Pyramid pyramid3(17);
    Pyramid pyramid4(20);
    Pyramid pyramid5(34);

    std::cout << "Pyramid 1:\n";
    pyramid1.create();
    pyramid1.flip();
    std::cout << "\n";

    std::cout << "Pyramid 2:\n";
    pyramid2.create();
    pyramid2.flip();
    std::cout << "\n";
```

Screenshot of the running program:



```

5
6 class Line {
7     private:
8         double slope;    // slope of the line (k)
9         double intercept; // y-intercept of the line (b)
10
11     public:
12         // Constructors
13         Line(double slope = 0.0, double intercept = 0.0);
14
15         // Print function
16         void print() const;
17
18         // Overloaded operator ==
19         bool operator==(const Line& other) const;
20
21         // Overloaded operator *
22         Line operator*(double multiplier) const;
23
24         // Overloaded operator +
25         Line operator+(double value) const;
26 };

```

#### Lines.cpp

```

1 #include "line.h"
2 #include <iostream>
3
4 // Constructor definition
5 Line::Line(double slope, double intercept) : slope(slope), intercept(intercept) {}
6
7 // Print function definition
8 void Line::print() const {
9     std::cout << "y = " << slope << "x + " << intercept << std::endl;
10 }
11
12 // Overloaded operator == definition
13 bool Line::operator==(const Line& other) const {
14     return (slope == other.slope) && (intercept == other.intercept);
15 }
16
17 // Overloaded operator * definition
18 Line Line::operator*(double multiplier) const {
19     return Line(slope * multiplier, intercept);
20 }

```



```

    // Overloaded operator * definition
Line Line::operator*(double multiplier) const {
    return Line(slope * multiplier, intercept);
}

    // Overloaded operator + definition
Line Line::operator+(double value) const {
    return Line(slope, intercept + value);
}

```

#### Main.cpp

```

//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#include "line.h"
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    double k, b, ck, cb;

    cout << "Enter the parameters for l1: " << endl;
    cin >> k >> b;
    Line l1(k, b);
    l1.print();

    cout << "Enter the parameters for line2: " << endl;
    cin >> k >> b;
    Line line2(k, b);
    line2.print();
}

```

```

    cout << "Enter a number to change the slope of line2: " << endl;
    cin >> ck;
    line2 = line2 * ck;
    line2.print();

    cout << "Enter a number to increment the intercept of line2: " << endl;
    cin >> cb;
    line2 = line2 + cb;
    line2.print();

    cout << "l1 == line2? " << (line2 == l1) << endl;

    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

Screenshot of the running program:

```

C:\Users\Naafiul Hossain\Doc >
Enter the parameters for l1:
2
3
y = 2x + 3
Enter the parameters for line2:
4
6
y = 4x + 6
Enter a number to change the slope of line2:
3
y = 12x + 6
Enter a number to increment the intercept of line2:
4
y = 12x + 10
l1 == line2? 0
Press any key to continue . . . |

```

## Problem 5

Games.h

```

//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#pragma once
#ifndef HEADER_H
#define HEADER_H

#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>    // For rand() and srand()
#include <ctime>      // For time()
#include <string>      // For string operations

// Function prototypes
void displayMenu();
int generateRandomNumber();
void addition();
void subtraction();
void multiplication();
void division();

#endif // HEADER_H

```

## Games.cpp

```

//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#include "Game.h"

int generateRandomNumber() {
    // Seed the random number generator
    std::srand(static_cast<unsigned>(std::time(0)));

    // Generate a random number between 10 and 99
    return std::rand() % 90 + 10;
}

void displayMenu() {
    std::cout << "Input a number 1 - 5 to select a random problem or exit the game.\n";
    std::cout << "1 - Addition\n";
    std::cout << "2 - Subtraction\n";
    std::cout << "3 - Multiplication\n";
    std::cout << "4 - Division\n";
    std::cout << "5 - Exit\n";
}

```

```

void division() {
    int num1 = generateRandomNumber();
    int num2 = generateRandomNumber();

    // Ensure num2 is not 0 to avoid division by zero
    while (num2 == 0)
        num2 = generateRandomNumber();

    int result = num1 / num2;

    int userAnswer;
    std::cout << "Division problem: " << num1 << " / " << num2 << " = ?\n";
    std::cout << "Your answer: ";
    std::cin >> userAnswer;

    if (userAnswer == result)
        std::cout << "Correct!\n";
    else
        std::cout << "Wrong. The correct answer is: " << result << "\n";
}

```

## Main.cpp

```

//Naafiul Hossain
//SBU ID: 115107623
#include "Game.h"

int main() {
    srand(static_cast<unsigned>(time(0))); // Seed the random number generator

    for (;;) {
        displayMenu();

        int choice;
        std::cout << "Enter your choice: ";
        std::cin >> choice;

        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                addition();
                break;
            case 2:
                subtraction();
                break;
            case 3:
                multiplication();
                break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        break;
    case 2:
        subtraction();
        break;
    case 3:
        multiplication();
        break;
    case 4:
        division();
        break;
    case 5:
        std::cout << "Exiting the game.\n";
        return 0;
    default:
        std::cout << "Invalid choice. Please try again.\n";
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

Screenshot of the running program:

```

C:\Users\Naafiul Hossain\Doc  ×  +  v
Input a number 1 - 5 to select a random problem or exit the game.
1 - Addition
2 - Subtraction
3 - Multiplication
4 - Division
5 - Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Multiplication problem: 38 * 38 = ?
Your answer: 200
Wrong. The correct answer is: 1444
Input a number 1 - 5 to select a random problem or exit the game.
1 - Addition
2 - Subtraction
3 - Multiplication
4 - Division
5 - Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Addition problem: 54 + 54 = ?
Your answer: 108
Correct!
Input a number 1 - 5 to select a random problem or exit the game.
1 - Addition
2 - Subtraction
3 - Multiplication
4 - Division
5 - Exit
Enter your choice: 1

```

## Problem 6 (Extra Credit)

Main.cpp

```
//Naafiul Hossain  
//SBU ID: 115107623  
  
#include <iostream>  
using namespace std;
```

```
bool isPalindrome(int num) {  
    int originalNum = num;  
    int reverseNum = 0;  
  
    while (num > 0) {  
        int digit = num % 10;  
        reverseNum = reverseNum * 10 + digit;  
        num /= 10;  
    }  
  
    return originalNum == reverseNum;  
}
```

```

int main() {
    int num;

    std::cout << "Enter an integer: ";
    std::cin >> num;

    if (isPalindrome(num)) {
        std::cout << num << " is a palindrome.\n";
    }
    else {
        std::cout << num << " is not a palindrome.\n";
    }

    return 0;
}

```

### Running Solution:

```

Enter an integer: 1111
1111 is a palindrome.

```

```

C:\Users\Naafiul Hossain\Documents\Lab2\Lab1Task1\NHLab2Task6ExtraCredit\x64\Debug\NHLab2Task6ExtraCredit.exe (process 8880) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debugging->Automatically close the console when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .|

```

```

Enter an integer: 1011
1011 is not a palindrome.

```

```

C:\Users\Naafiul Hossain\Documents\Lab2\Lab1Task1\NHLab2Task6ExtraCredit\x64\Debug\NHLa
8508) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debuggi
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .|

```