

Implement a client and server communication using sockets programming  
Server

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_echo(int confd)
```

```
{
```

```
    int n, bufsiz = 1024;
    char *buff = malloc(bufsiz);
```

```
again:
```

```
    while ((n = recv(confd, buff, bufsiz, 0)) > 0)
```

```
        send(confd, buff, n, 0);
```

```
    if (n < 0)
```

```
        goto again;
```

```
    free(buff);
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int listenfd, connfd, pid, addrlen;
struct sockaddr_in address, cli_address;

if ((listenfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0)
    printf("Socket created \n");

address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
address.sin_port = htons(15001);

if (bind(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
        sizeof(address)) < 0)
    printf("Binding socket \n");

listen(listenfd, 3);

for (;;)
{
    addrlen = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);
    connfd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&cli_address, &addrlen);
    if ((pid = fork()) < 0)
    {
        close(listenfd);
        _exit(0);
    }
    close(connfd);
}

return 0;
```



## Client

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_cli(FILE *fp, int sockfd)
```

```
{
```

```
    int bufsz = 1024;
```

```
    char *buff = malloc(bufsz);
```

```
    while (fgets(buff, bufsz, fp) != NULL)
```

```
    {
```

```
        send(sockfd, buff, sizeof(buff), 0);
```

```
        if (recv(sockfd, buff, bufsz, 0) > 0)
```

```
            fputs(buff, stdout);
```

```
    }
```

```
    free(buff);
```

```
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
```

```
{
```

```
    int create_socket;
```

```
    struct sockaddr_in address;
```

```
if((create_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) > 0)
```

```
    printf("Socket created \n");
```

```
    address.sin_family = AF_INET;
```

```
    address.sin_port = htons(15001);
```

```
    inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &address.sin_addr);
```

```
    if(connect(create_socket, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) == 0)
```

```
        printf("Connection was accepted by server \n");
```

```
    str_cli(stdin, create_socket);
```

```
    return close(create_socket); return 0;
```

```
}
```



Write a program to implement distance vector routing protocol for a simple topology of routers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int A[10][10], n, d[10], p[10];
```

```
void BellmanFord(int s)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, u, v;
```

```
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        for (u = 0; u < n; u++) {
```

```
            for (v = 0; v < n; v++) {
```

```
                if (d[v] > d[u] + A[u][v]) {
```

```
                    d[v] = d[u] + A[u][v];
```

```
                    p[v] = u;
```

```
                }
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (u = 0; u < n; u++) {
```

```
        for (v = 0; v < n; v++) {
```

```
            if (d[v] > d[u] + A[u][v]) {
```

```
                printf("Negative Edge");
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```

int main()
{
    printf("Enter no. of edges\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter adjacency matrix\n");
    int i, j;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        for(j=0; j<n; j++)
            scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);
    int s;
    for(s=0; s<n; s++)
    {
        for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
            d[i] = 999;
            p[i] = -1;
        }
        d[s] = 0;
        BellmanFord(s);
        printf("Router %d\n", s);
        for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
            if(i != s)
            {
                j = i;
                while(p[j] != -1) { printf("%d < ", j);
                                   j = p[j]; }
                printf("%d\n", i);
            }
            printf("%d\n", i);
        }
        printf("%d\n", s);
    }
    return 0;
}

```



Write a program to implement error detection and correction concept using checksum and Hamming code

Checksum Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
int unsigned fields[10];
unsigned short checksum( )
{
    int i, sum = 0;
    printf("Enter IP header info in 16 bit words\n");
    for( i = 0; i < 9; i++)
    {
        printf("Field %d\n", i+1);
        scanf("%x", &fields[i]);
        sum = sum + (unsigned short)fields[i];
        while( sum >> 16 )
            sum = (sum & 0xFFFF) + (sum >> 16);
    }
    sum = ~sum;
    return (unsigned short)sum;
}

int main( )
{
    unsigned short res1, res2;
    res1 = checksum();
    printf("Computed checksum at sender %x\n", res1);
}
```

```

res2 = checksum()
printf("Computed checksum at receiver
      %i\n", res2);

```

```

if(res1 == res2)
    printf("No error");
else
    printf("Error in data received\n");
}

```

### Hamming Code Program

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[4], b[4], r[4], s[4], i, q[3], c[7];
```

```
    printf("Enter 4 bit data word\n");
```

```
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--) scanf("%i", &a[i]);
```

```
    r[0] = (a[3] + a[1] + a[0]) % 2;
```

```
    r[1] = (a[0] + a[2] + a[3]) % 2;
```

```
    r[2] = (a[1] + a[2] + a[3]) % 2;
```

```
    printf("Enter 7 bit hamming code word:\n");
```

```
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--) printf("%i\t", r[i]);
```

```
    printf("Enter 7 bit received code word:\n");
```

```
    for(i=7; i>0; i--) scanf("%i", &c[i]);
```

```
    b[3] = c[7];    b[2] = c[6];    b[1] = c[5];
```

```
    b[0] = c[4];    r[2] = c[3];    r[1] = c[2];
```



```
r[0] = c[1];  
// calculate syndrome bits
```

```
s[0] = (b[0] + b[1] + b[3] + r[0]) % 2;  
s[1] = (b[0] + b[2] + b[3] + r[1]) % 2;  
s[2] = (b[1] + b[2] + b[3] + r[2]) % 2;
```

```
printf("\n Syndrome is:\n");
```

```
for (i = 2; i >= 0; i--) printf("%d", s[i]);
```

```
if ((s[2] == 0) && (s[1] == 0) && (s[0] == 0))  
printf("Received word is Error Free\n");
```

```
if ((s[2] == 1) && (s[1] == 1) && (s[0] == 1))  
{
```

```
printf("Error in received codeword, position  
- 7th bit from right\n");
```

```
if (c[7] == 0) c[7] = 1;  
else
```

```
c[7] = 0;
```

```
printf("4th Corrected codeword is\n");
```

```
for (i = 7; i > 0; i--)  
printf("%d", c[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
if ((s[2] == 1) && (s[1] == 1) && (s[0] == 0))  
{
```

```
printf("Error in received codeword. Position
```



6th bit from right \n");

```
if (C[6] == 0)    C[6] = 1;
else C[6] = 0;
```

printf("Corrected codeword is \n");

```
for (i = 7; i > 0; i--)
```

```
    printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}
```

```
if ((S[2] == 1) && (S[1] == 0) && S[0] == 1)
{
```

printf("Error in received codeword. Position  
5th bit from right");

```
if (C[5] == 0)    C[5] = 1;
else C[5] = 0;
```

printf("Corrected codeword is \n");

```
for (i = 7; i > 0; i--)
```

```
    printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}
```

```
if ((S[2] == 1) && (S[1] == 0) && S[0] == 0)
{
```

printf("Error in received codeword.  
Position 4th bit from right");

```
if (C[4] == 0)    C[4] = 1;
else C[4] = 0;
```

printf("Corrected codeword is \n");

```
for (i = 7; i > 0; i--)
```

```
    printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}
```



```

if((S[2]==0)&&(S[1]==1)&&(S[0]==1))
{
    printf("Error in received codeword.
           Position - 3rd bit from end\n");
    if(C[3]==0) C[3]=1;
    else C[3]=0;
    printf("Corrected codeword is\n");
    for(i=7; i>0; i--)
        printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}

```

```

if((S[2]==0)&&(S[1]==1)&&(S[0]==0))
{
    printf("Error in received codeword.
           Position - 2nd bit from end\n");
    if(C[2]==0) C[2]=1;
    else C[2]=0;
    printf("Corrected codeword is\n");
    for(i=7; i>0; i--)
        printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}

```

```

if((S[2]==0)&&(S[1]==0)&&(S[0]==1))
{
    printf("Error in received codeword
           Position 1st bit from end\n");
    if(C[1]==0) C[1]=1;
    else C[1]=0;
    printf("Corrected codeword is\n");
    for(i=7; i>0; i--)
        printf("%d\t", C[i]);
}
return(0);

```



Implement a simple multicast routing mechanism.

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define HELLO_PORT 12345
#define HELLO_GROUP "225.0.0.37"

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    struct sockaddr_in addr;
    int fd, cnt;
    struct ip_mreq mreq;
    char *message = "RVCE-CSE";
    if ((fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) < 0)
    {
        perror("socket"); exit(1);
    }
    addr.sin_port = htons(HELLO_PORT);
    addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(HELLO_GROUP);
    while(1) {
        if (sendto(fd, message, sizeof(message), 0, (struct
            sockaddr *)&addr, sizeof(addr)) < 0)
        {
            perror("sendto"); exit(1);
        }
        sleep(1);
    }
    return 0;
}
```



```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    struct sockaddr_in addr;
    int fd, nbytes, addrlen;
    struct ip_mreq mreq;
    char msgbuf[25];
    int yes=1;

    if ( (fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) < 0 )
    {
        perror("socket"); exit(1);
    }

    if ( setsockopt(fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR,
        &yes, sizeof(yes)) < 0 )
    {
        perror("reusing ADDR failed"); exit(1);
    }

    addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    addr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
    addr.sin_port = htons(25);

    if ( bind(fd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, sizeof(
        addr)) < 0 )
    {
        perror("bind"); exit(1);
    }
}
```

```
mreq.imr_multiaddr.s_addr = inet_addr("255.0.0.3");  
mreq.imr_interface.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
```

```
if (setsockopt(fd, IPPROTO_IP, IP_ADD_MEMBERSHIP,  
             &mreq, sizeof(mreq)) < 0)  
{  
    perror("setsockopt"); exit(1); }
```

```
while (1)  
{
```

```
    addrlen = sizeof(addr);  
    if ( (nbytes = recvfrom(fd, msgbuf, MSG_BUF_SIZE,  
                          0, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, &addrlen))  
        { perror("recvfrom"); exit(1); }
```

```
    puts(msgbuf);
```

```
}
```



Write a program to implement concurrent chat server that allows current logged in users to communicate with other.

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
```

```
void str_echo(int cfd, int port)
{
```

```
    int n,
    int bufsize = 1024;
    char * buf = malloc(bufsize);
```

again:

```
    while ((n = recv(cfd, buf, bufsize, 0)) > 0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf fputs(buf, stdout);
```

```
        fgets(buf, bufsize, stdin);
```

```
        send(cfd, buf, bufsize, 0);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (n < 0)
```

```
        goto again;
```

```
}
```



```
int main()  
{ int listenfd, cfd
```

```
    struct sockaddr_in addr, caddr;
```

```
    if ((listenfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0)  
    { printf("Socket created\n");  
    }
```

```
    addr.sin_port = htons(15001);
```

```
    addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
```

```
    addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
```

```
    if ((bind(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr,  
              sizeof(addr))) < 0)  
        printf("Binding Socket");
```

```
    listen(listenfd, 3);
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
    { addrlen = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);  
      cfd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&caddr,  
                  &addrlen);
```

```
      if ((pid = fork()) < 0)
```

```
          close(listenfd);
```

```
          str_echo(cfd, htons(caddr.sin_port));
```

```
      }
```

```
      close(cfd);
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```



cliint.c

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void str_cli(FILE *fh, int sfd)
{
    int bufsz = 1024;
    char *buf = malloc(bufsz);
    while (fgets(buf, bufsz, fh) != NULL)
    {
        send(sfd, buf, bufsz, 0);
        if ((cont = recv(sfd, buf, bufsz, 0)) > 0)
        {
            fputs(buf, stdout);
        }
    }
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int create_socket;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
```

```
if((create_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) > 0)
    printf("Socket created \n");
```

```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_port = htons(15001);
inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &address.sin_addr);
```

```
if(connect(create_socket, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
           sizeof(address)) == 0)
    printf("Connection was accepted by server \n");
```

```
str_cli(stdin, create_socket);
```

```
return close(create_socket); return 0;
}
```



6 Implementation of concurrent & iterative echo server using both connection and connectionless socket systems.

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_echo (int sockfd, struct sockaddrint cl* cli_addr,
{
    int n;
    int bufsiz = 1024;
```

```
    char * buff = malloc (bufsiz);
    int addrlen;
```

```
    for (;;)
    {
```

```
        addrlen = clen;
        n = recvfrom (sockfd, buff, bufsiz, 0,
                      cli_addr, &addrlen);
```

```
        sendto (sockfd, buff, n, 0, cli_addr,
                addrlen);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Teacher's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

```
int main()
{
    int sockfd;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr, cli_addr;
    if( (sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) < 0)
        printf("Socket created\n");

    serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serv_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
    serv_addr.sin_port = htons(15001);

    if( bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&serv_addr,
              sizeof(serv_addr)) <= 0)
        printf("Binding socket\n");

    str_echo(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&cli_addr,
              sizeof(cli_addr));

    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```



```
void str_cli(FILE *fh, int sfd, struct sockaddr *  
    serv_addr, int servlen)  
{ int bufs = 1024, cont; char *buff = malloc(bufs);  
  int addrlen = sizeof(struct sockaddrin);  
  
  while (fgets(buff, bufs, fh) != NULL)  
  {  
    sendto(socfd, buff, sizeof(buff), 0, servlen, serv_addr);  
  
    if ((cont = recvfrom(socfd, buff, bufs, 0,  
        NULL, NULL)) > 0)  
    {  
      fputs(buff, stdout);  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char *argv[])  
{ int sfd; struct sockaddrin serv_address;  
  if (socfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) > 0)  
    printf("Socket Created");  
  serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
  serv_addr.sin_port = htons(16001);  
  inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &serv_address.sin_addr);  
  
  str_cli(stdin, socsfd, (struct sockaddr *) &  
    serv_address, sizeof(serv_address));  
  exit(0);  
}
```

## Iterative Server.c

```
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_echo(int confd)
{
```

```
    int n, bs = 1024, len;
    char * buf = malloc(bs);
    struct sockaddr_in addr;
```

```
again: while((n = recv(confd, buf, bs, 0)) > 0)
        send(confd, buf, n, 0);
```

```
    if (n < 0)
        goto again;
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int lfd, cfd, addrlen;
    struct sockaddr_in address;
```

```
    if((lfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) > 0)
        printf("Socket created\n");
```



```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;  
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;  
address.sin_port = htons(15001);
```

```
if( bind( lfd, (struct sockaddr*)&address,  
        sizeof(address)) == 0 )  
    printf("Binding socket\n");
```

```
if( 0 ) listen( lfd, 3);
```

```
{  
    for(;;)
```

```
        addrlen = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);  
        cfd = accept( lfd, (struct sockaddr*)&address,  
                    &addrlen);
```

```
        printf("Connection accepted from  
               client 0105\n", inet_ntoa(address.sin_addr));
```

```
        str_echo( cfd);
```

```
        close( cfd);  
    }
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

Client

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_cli(FILE *fd, int sockfd)
```

```
{
```

```
    int bufsz = 1024;
```

```
    char *buff = malloc(bufsz);
```

```
    while( fgets(buff, bufsz, fd) != NULL )
```

```
    {
```

```
        send(sockfd, buff, sizeof(buff), 0);
```

```
        if (recv(sockfd, buff, bufsz, 0) > 0)
```

```
            fputs(buff, stdout);
```

```
    }
```

```
    free(buff);
```

```
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
```

```
{
```

```
    int create_socket;
```

```
    struct sockaddr_in address;
```



```
if((create_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) > 0)
    printf("Socket created\n");
```

```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
address.sin_port = htons(15001);
inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &address.sin_addr);
```

```
if(connect(create_socket, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
           sizeof(address)) == 0)
    printf("Connection was accepted by server\n");
```

```
str_cli(stdin, create_socket);
```

```
return close(create_socket); return 0;
```

```
}
```

## Implementation of remote command execution using socket system calls

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
void str_echo(int confd)
{
    int n, bufsz = 1024, len;
    char * buff = malloc(bufsz);
    struct sockaddr_in addr;
    again: while((n = read(confd, buff, bufsz)) > 0)
    {
        system(buff);
    }
    if(n < 0)
        goto again;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int listenfd, confd, addrlen, pid;
```



```
struct sockaddr_in address;  
if ((listenfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) > 0)  
    printf("Socket created\n");
```

```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;  
address.sin_port = htons(15001);  
address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
```

```
if (bind(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,  
        sizeof(address)) == 0)  
    printf("Binding socket\n");
```

```
listen(listenfd, 3)
```

```
for(;;)  
{
```

```
    addrlen = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);  
    confd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,  
                  &addrlen);
```

```
    if ((pid = fork()) == 0)  
    {
```

```
        close(listenfd);  
        str_echo(confd);  
        exit(0);
```

```
    }
```

```
    close(confd);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

## Client

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>

void str_cli (FILE *fh, int sockfd)
{
    int bufs = 1024, cont;
    char *buff = malloc (bufs);
    while ( (fgets (buff, bufs, fh)) != NULL )
    {
        send (sockfd, buff, sizeof (bufs), 0);
    }
}

int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int cs, ret;
    struct sockaddr_in address;

    if ( (cs = socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0 )
        printf ("Socket created \n");

    address.sin_family = AF_INET;
```



```
address.sin_port = htons(15001);  
inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &address.sin_addr);
```

```
if((ret = connect(cs, (struct sockaddr *)&address,  
                sizeof(address))) == 0)  
    printf("Connected\n");
```

```
strcpy(stdin, cs);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Write a program to encrypt and decrypt the data using RSA and Exchange the key securely using Diffie-Hellman Key exchange protocol.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <
```

```
long intlong gcd(long int a, long int b)
{
    if(a == 0) return b;
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return gcd(b, a % b);
}
```

```
long int isprime(long int a)
{
    int i;
    for(i = 2; i < a; i++)
    {
        if(a % i == 0)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}
```



```
long int encrypt(char long int ch, long int n,  
long int e)  
{  
    int i;  
    long int temp = ch;  
    for( i = 1; i < e; i++)  
        temp = (temp * ch) % n;  
    return temp;  
}  
  
char decrypt(long int ch, long int n, long int d)  
{  
    int i;  
    long int temp = ch;  
    for( i = 1; i < d; i++)  
        ch = (temp * ch) % n;  
    return ch;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    long int i, len;  
    long int p, q, n, phi, e, d, cipher[50];  
    char text[50];  
    cout << "Enter text for encryption";  
    cin.getline(text, sizeof(text));  
    len = strlen(text);  
    do {  
        p = rand() % 50;  
    } while (!isprime(p));  
  
    do {  
        q = rand() % 50;
```

```
while (!isprime(q));
n = p * q;
phi = (p-1) * (q-1);
do {
    e = rand() % phi;
} while (gcd(phi, e) != 1);

do {
    d = rand() % phi;
} while ((d * e) % phi != 1);

cout << "Two prime no's are : " << p << q << endl;
cout << "n = p * q" << p * q << endl;
cout << "phi = (p-1) * (q-1)" << phi << endl;

cout << "Public Key (n, e):" << n << e << endl;
cout << "Private Key (n, d):" << n << d << endl;

for (i = 0; i < len; i++)
    cipher[i] = encrypt(text[i], n, e);

cout << "Encrypted message" << endl;

for (i = 0; i < len; i++) cout << cipher[i];

for (i = 0; i < len; i++)
    text[i] = decrypt(cipher[i], n, d);

cout << endl;
```



```
cout << "Decrypted message" << endl;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < len; i++)  
    cout << text[i];
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Diffie - Hellman Key Exchange

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
long long int power(long long int a,  
long long int b, long long int P)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (b == 1) return a;
```

```
    else
```

```
        return ((long long int) power(a, b) * 1 * P);
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    long long int P, g, x, a, y, b, ka, kb;
```

```
    P = 23;
```

```
    printf("Enter the value of P");
```

```
    scanf("%lld", &P);
```

```
    g = 9;
```

```
printf("Enter The value of g:");  
scanf("%lld", &g);
```

```
a = 4;
```

```
printf("Private Key for Alice: %lld", a);  
x = power(g, a, P);
```

```
b = 3;
```

```
printf("Private Key for Bob: %lld", b);  
y = power(g, b, P);
```

```
ka = power(y, a, P);
```

```
kb = power(x, b, P);
```

```
printf("Secret Key for Alice: %lld\n", ka);  
printf("Secret Key for Bob: %lld\n", kb);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```