



UNIVERSIDAD  
POLITÉCNICA  
P U E R T O R I C O

Computer Science

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Numerical analysis for computer science mayors

FA 2024 CS3010-80

## Assignment Problems

1. Use Euler's method with step size  $h=1/2$  to estimate the value at  $x=3/2$  of the solution to  $y' + 3y = e^{2x}$  such that  $y(0)=1$ .

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
SUBJECT: Problem 1

$$y' + 3y = e^{2x} \quad y(0) = 1$$

$$y' = e^{2x} - 3y$$

At  $x=0$

$$y(0) = 1$$

$$f(0,1) = e^0 - 3 \cdot 1 = 1 - 3 = -2$$

$$y(1) = y_0 + h \cdot f(0,1) = 1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot (-2) = 0$$

At  $x = \frac{1}{2}$

$$y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}, 0\right) = e^{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} - 3 \cdot 0 = e^1 = 2.718$$

$$y(2) = 0 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot 2.718 = 1.359$$

At  $x=1$

$$y(1) = 1.359$$

$$f(1, 1.359) = 7.389 - 4.077 = 3.312$$

$$y(3) = 1.359 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot 3.312 = 3.015$$

2. Use Modified Euler's Method to approximate the solution of  $y(0.6)$  of

$$y' - 3xe^{-y} = 0 \quad \text{using } h=0.2 \text{ and } y(0)=2.$$

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
SUBJECT: Problem 2

$$y' - 3xe^{-y} = 0, \quad y(0) = 2$$

$$y' = 3xe^{-y}$$

At  $x=0$

$$y(0) = 2$$

$$f(0,2) = 3 \cdot 0 \cdot e^{-2} = 0$$

$$y^* = 2 + 0.2 \cdot 0 = 2$$

$$f(0.2, 2) = 3 \cdot 0.2 \cdot e^{-2} = 0.0819$$

$$y(0.2) = 2 + 0.1 \cdot 0.0819 = 2.00819$$

At  $x=0.2$

$$y(0.2) = 2.00819$$

$$f(0.2, 2.00819) = 3 \cdot 0.2 \cdot e^{-2.00819} = 0.08128$$

$$y^* = 2.00819 + 0.2 \cdot 0.08128 = 2.02443$$

$$f(0.4, 2.02443) = 3 \cdot 0.4 \cdot e^{-2.02443} = 0.1609$$

$$y(0.4) = 2.00819 + 0.1 \cdot (0.08128 + 0.1609) = 2.03204$$

At  $x=0.4$

$$y(0.4) = 2.03204$$

$$f(0.4, 2.03204) = 3 \cdot 0.4 \cdot e^{-2.03204} = 0.16047$$

$$y^* = 2.03204 + 0.2 \cdot 0.16047 = 2.06413$$

$$f(0.6, 2.06413) = 3 \cdot 0.6 \cdot e^{-2.06413} = 0.2390$$

$$y(0.6) = 2.03204 + 0.1 \cdot (0.16047 + 0.2390) = 2.07061$$

3. Apply the Taylor series up to the fourth derivative to approximate  $y(1)$  for the following ODE,  $y' + \cos(x)y = 0$  with  $y(0)=1$  and  $h=0.5$ .

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
SUBJECT: Problem 2

$$y' - 3xe^{-y} = 0, \quad y(0) = 2$$

$$y' = 3xe^{-y}$$

At  $x=0$

$$y(0) = 2$$

$$f(0, 2) = 3 \cdot 0 \cdot e^{-2} = 0$$

$$y^* = 2 + 0.2 \cdot 0 = 2$$

$$f(0.2, 2) = 3 \cdot 0.2 \cdot e^{-2} = 0.0819$$

$$y(0.2) = 2 + 0.2 \cdot 0.0819 = 2.00819$$

At  $x=0.2$

$$y(0.2) = 2.00819$$

$$f(0.2, 2.00819) = 3 \cdot 0.2 \cdot e^{-2.00819} = 0.08118$$

$$y^* = 2.00819 + 0.2 \cdot 0.08118 = 2.02443$$

$$f(0.4, 2.02443) = 3 \cdot 0.4 \cdot e^{-2.02443} = 0.1609$$

$$y(0.4) = 2.00819 + 0.2 \cdot (0.08118 + 0.1609) = 2.03204$$

At  $x=0.4$

$$y(0.4) = 2.03204$$

$$f(0.4, 2.03204) = 3 \cdot 0.4 \cdot e^{-2.03204} = 0.16047$$

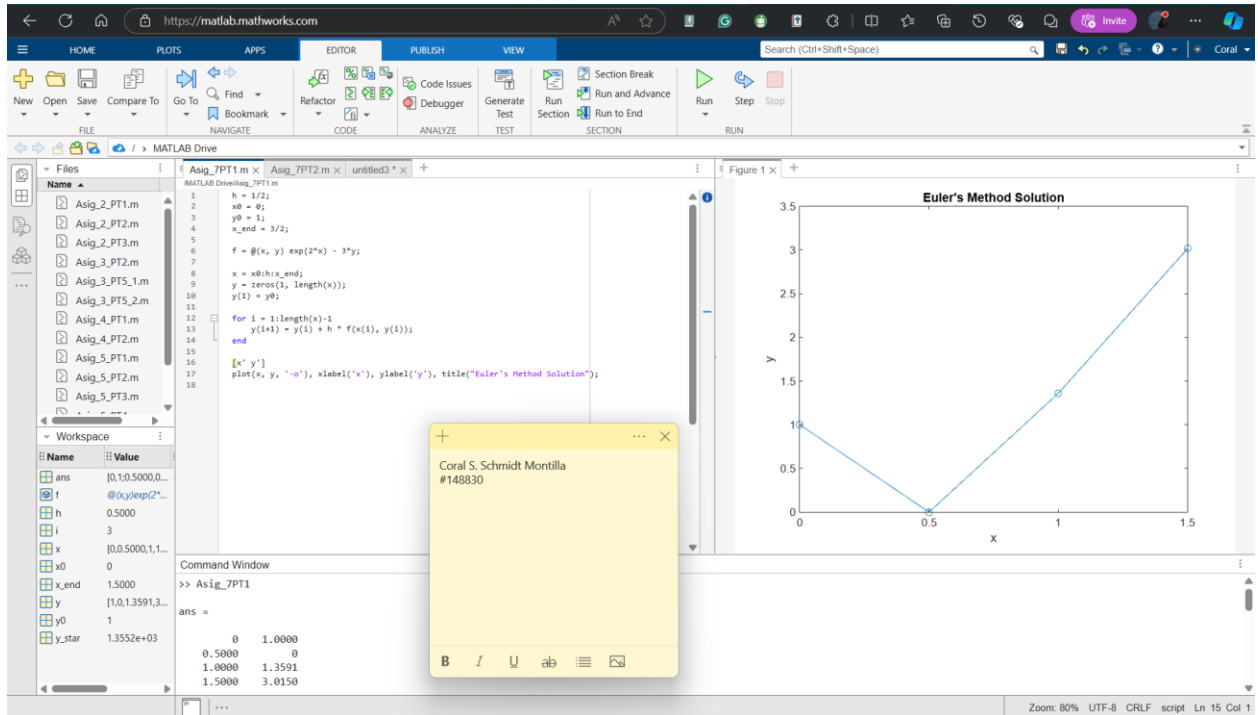
$$y^* = 2.03204 + 0.2 \cdot 0.16047 = 2.06413$$

$$f(0.6, 2.06413) = 3 \cdot 0.6 \cdot e^{-2.06413} = 0.2390$$

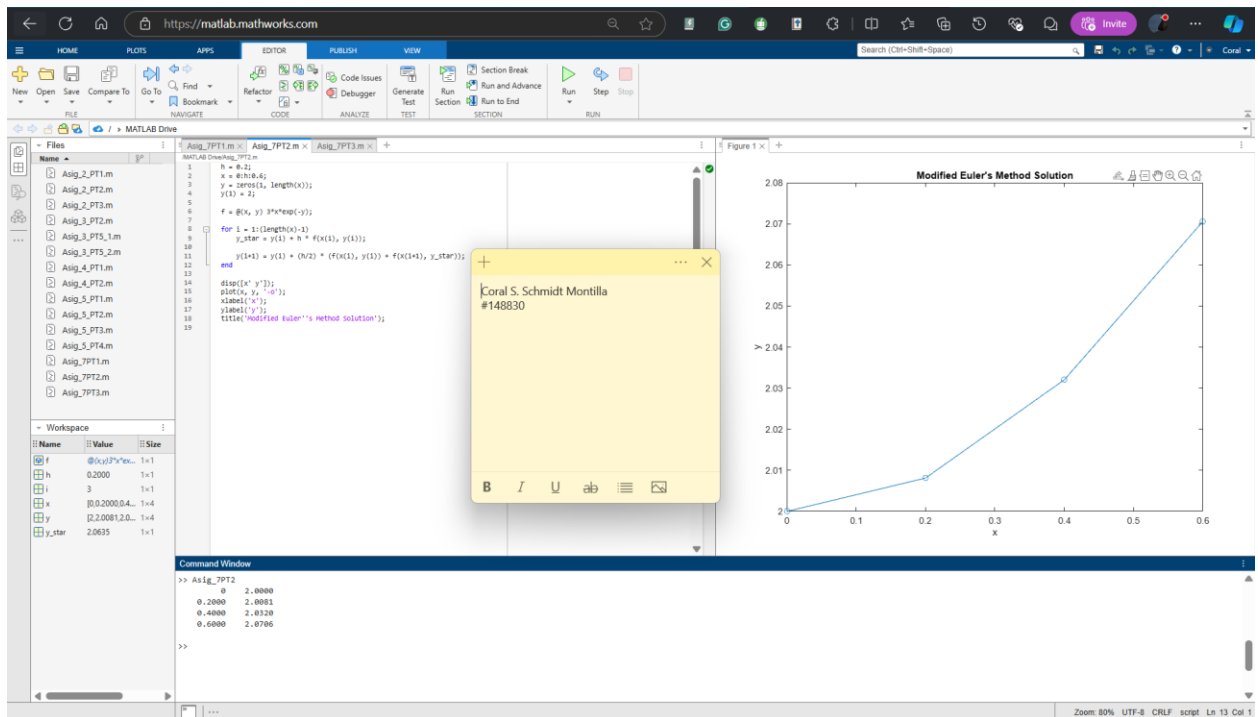
$$y(0.6) = 2.03204 + 0.2 \cdot (0.16047 + 0.2390) = 2.07061$$

4. Corroborate your previous problems solution using MATLAB. Add to the pdf file the MATLAB output for each of the problems.

### Problem 1:



### Problem 2:



### Problem 3:

