


Homework 5 

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Rossen

36) Show that  $A \oplus B = (A - B) \cup (B - A)$

$$\begin{aligned} A \oplus B &= (A \cup B) \cap (\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}) = [(A \cup B) \cap U] \cap [U \cap (\bar{B} \cap \bar{A})] \\ &= [(A \cup B) \cap (\bar{B} \cup \bar{A})] \cap [(A \cup \bar{A}) \cap (\bar{B} \cup \bar{A})] \\ &= [(A \cap \bar{B}) \cup B] \cap [(A \cap \bar{B}) \cap \bar{A}] \\ &= (A \cap \bar{B}) \cup (B \cap \bar{A}) \\ &= (A - B) \cup (B - A) \end{aligned}$$

37) Show that if  $A$  is a subset of a universal set  $U$ , then

b)  $A \oplus \emptyset = A$

$$\begin{aligned} A - \emptyset &= A \cap \bar{\emptyset} \quad \bar{\emptyset} = U \\ (A - \emptyset) \cup (\emptyset - A) &= (A \cap U) \cup (\emptyset \cap \bar{A}) \\ &= [A \subset U] \end{aligned}$$

$$A \oplus \emptyset = A \cup \emptyset$$

d)  $A \oplus \bar{A} = U$

$$\begin{aligned} (A - \bar{A}) \cup (\bar{A} - A) &= (A \cap \bar{\bar{A}}) \cup (\bar{A} \cap \bar{A}) \\ &= (A \cap A) \cup (\bar{A} \cap \bar{A}) \end{aligned}$$

$$A \oplus \bar{A} = A \cup \bar{A}$$

52) Suppose that the universal set is  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ . Express each of these sets with bit strings where the  $i$ th bit in the string is 1 if  $i$  is in the set and 0 otherwise.

a)  $\{3, 4, 5\} = 00 \ 1110 \ 0000$

b)  $\{1, 3, 6, 10\} = 10 \ 1001 \ 0001$

c)  $\{2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9\} = 01 \ 1100 \ 1110$

57) Show how bitwise operations on bit strings can be used to find these combinations of:

$$A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$$

$$B = \{b, c, d, g, p, t, v\}$$

$$C = \{c, e, i, o, u, x, y, z\}$$

$$D = \{d, e, h, i, n, o, t, u, x, y\}$$

$$a) A \cup B = \{a, b, c, d, e\} \cup \{b, c, d, g, p, t, v\} = \\ \{a, b, c, d, e, g, p, t, v\}$$

$$b) A \cap B = \{a, b, c, d, e\} \cap \{b, c, d, g, p, t, v\} = \\ \{b, c, d\}$$

$$c) (A \cup D) \cap (B \cup C) =$$

$$A \cup D \rightarrow \{a, b, c, d, e\} \cup \{d, e, h, i, n, o, t, u, x, y\} \\ \{a, b, c, d, e, h, i, n, o, t, u, x, y\}$$

$$B \cup C \rightarrow \{b, c, d, g, p, t, v\} \cup \{c, e, i, o, u, x, y, z\} \\ \{b, c, d, e, g, i, o, p, t, v, u, x, y, z\}$$

$$\{b, c, d, e, i, o, t, u, x, y\}$$

$$d) A \cup B \cup C \cup D$$

$$\{a, b, c, d, e, g, p, t, v, i, o, u, x, y, z, h, n\}$$

9) Prove the complement laws in Table 1 by showing that:

$$U = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$A = \{a, b\}$$

$$\bar{A} = \{c\}$$

$$a) A \cup \bar{A} = U$$

$$\{a, b\} \cup \{c\} = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$b) A \cap \bar{A} = \emptyset$$

$$\{a, b\} \cap \{c\} = \emptyset$$

16) Let  $A$  and  $B$  be sets. Show that:

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$B = \{3, 4\}$$

$$c) A - B \subseteq A$$

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4\} - \{3, 4\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\{1, 2\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

18) Let  $A, B$  and  $C$  be sets. Show that

$$c) (A - B) - C \subseteq A - B$$

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$B = \{3, 4\}$$

$$C = \{5, 6\}$$

$$(\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} - \{3, 4\}) - \{5, 6\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} - \{3, 4\}$$

$$\{1, 2\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 5, 6\}$$

$$d) (A - C) \cap (C - B) = \emptyset$$

$$A = \{1, 2\}$$

$$B = \{3, 4\}$$

$$C = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$(\{1, 2\} - \{1, 2, 3, 4\}) \cap (\{1, 2, 3, 4\} - \{3, 4\})$$

$$\{1, 2\} \cap \{1, 2\} = \emptyset$$