

Problem 4.

1. Sentence structure: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S \dots O \dots V \\ S T \quad T = [N] - da - [Gender(S)] - o \end{array} \right.$ (...) : 'in ...', 'for ...' 'S belongs to N'

2. Noun phrase structure: $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} [N] [D] & N = S \text{ or } O \\ [D] - daga [N] & N = \text{Possessor or } \dots wo/ra \end{array} \right.$

 - $[D] = e$ [Gender] - ai 'this', o [Gender] - oi 'that'

3. Noun structure: $[STEM] - [Gender] (+ [Case])$

 - Case: -wo 'in ...', -ra 'for ...'
 - Kin terms: $\text{Possessor} + [STEM] - [Gender] (+ [Case])$
 - Possessor ('my, our, his') ↗ 6. Person
 - qotoqowar- 'child', qid- 'parent', maroq- 'sibling'

4. Possession: Possessor aga Possessee

5. Verb structure: $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} me^† - [O] - [STEM] - [Gender(S)] & \text{present} \\ [O] - [STEM] - sa - [Gender(S)] & \text{future} \end{array} \right.$

 - † $me > mo / _o$
 - $O \rightarrow$ 6. Person
 - Verb stems: obo 'to hit', oote 'to become ill', qaqa 'to speak', Ra* 'to cry', Re* 'to sleep', Roo* 'to cut'

6. Person: Ra-* 1st SG, Ri-* 1st PL, Ø 3rd SG

* R = $\begin{cases} n & \# - \\ r & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ e.g. Ra- 1st SG > naqaqasabi, meraqaqabi
Roo 'to fall' > noosabe, meroobi

	in T/D	in N	in V
7. Gender: masculine	-s	-e	-bi
feminine	-w	-o	-be

(a) 18. *This house belongs to my father.*
19. *The mouse will speak for this fish.*
20. (i) *He hits our mother's boar.*
(ii) *Our mother's boar hits him.*
21. *The hawk falls in that devil's house.*

(b) 22. **Bido merebe.**
23. **Peraqote osoi niqotoqowarora niobosabi.**
24. **Buquro owoi maroqedawo.**
25. **Esaidaga mesidae aga qide owoidaga murowo moobobi.**
26. **Bugaritawe aga qibiro taragarowo meraseebe.**