

- (c)
1. *pig* — **bâk**
 2. *banana leaves* \equiv *book* — **laavuga** (because of similarity of shape and material)
 3. *sun* — **nya**
 4. *white people* — **walini'ba**

Problem 5. The word forms in the problem consist of a root and up to three suffixes. Each suffix may cause the elision of the preceding vowel:

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| | possessor | case | |
| oral suffixes | -p'a -sa | -p'a -t'a | -psa -txi |
| | always consume the vowel | consume the vowel if it belongs to another suffix, but leave it if it belongs to the root | |
| nasal suffixes | -nha, -ma | -na | |
| | consume the vowel if they keep theirs, but leave it if they give up theirs | | |

Answers:

- (a)
1. **utnhantxi** — *is it in my house?*
 2. **yapp'psa** — *his field too*
 3. **yapup'psa** — *through the field too*
- (b)
4. *our₁₊₂ cliff* — **qaqsa**
 5. *in your corner* — **chushumna**
 6. *in your corner too* — **chushmanpsa**
 7. *from your corner too* — **chushumt'psa**
 8. *is it from the cave?* — **aq'it'txi**
 9. *is it the house?* — **utatxi**