

# Third Asia Pacific Linguistics Olympiad

March 28 – April 11, 2021

## Solutions

### Problem 1.

1. Sentence structure:  $\begin{cases} S \text{ (B)} & V & \text{---} & \text{'S V-s/-ed (for B)'} \\ A \text{ (B)} & O & V & \text{---} & \text{'A V-s/-ed O (for B)'} \\ S & B & V & \text{---} & \text{'S likes / liked B'}$

2. Possession: 

Poss	N
------	---

 (Poss: possessor; N: possessee)

3. Noun/pronoun suffixes:

	A	S	O	B / Poss
common noun	<b>-ŋŋu</b>	∅		<b>-ku</b>
proper noun	<b>-lu</b>	<b>-ŋa</b>		
pronoun	∅	<b>-ŋa</b>	<b>-mma</b>	

4. Verb endings:

		<i>see</i>	<i>eat</i>
	<i>like</i>	<i>give</i>	<i>kill</i>
		<i>come</i>	<i>run</i>
past	<b>-ŋu</b>	<b>-nu</b>	
present	<b>-ŋaŋi</b>	<b>-ŋi</b>	<b>-naŋi</b>

- (a) 16. *Emanuel comes.*  
 17. *Our(PL) child likes Naomi's egg.*
- (b) 18. *They(DU) saw your(SG) father's dog;*  
*They(DU) saw the father's dog for you(SG);*  
*They(DU) saw the dog for your(SG) father.*
- (c) 19. **naomiŋa emanuelku pica-ŋi**  
 20. **ŋura ŋanaŋamma paka-nu**  
 21. **ŋuntu ŋalimma mukuri-ŋaŋi**  
 22. **papa emanuelku mukuri-ŋu**  
 23. **papaku maŋuŋu ŋurapa ŋa-ŋi**  
 24. **marialu papaku ŋuntumma ŋammu u-ŋu**

**Problem 2.**

1. Word structure:

$  \begin{array}{c}  \boxed{P} - \boxed{N} \\  \boxed{N_1} - \boxed{N_2} \\  \boxed{P} - \boxed{N_1} - \boxed{N_2}  \end{array}  $	$  \begin{array}{l}  P \ N \\  N_1's \ N_2 \\  P \ N_1's \ N_2  \end{array}  $	$  \boxed{P} = \begin{cases} my & \begin{cases} tʃo^1 & \text{(before } (ʔ)C_{lab}) \\ tʃau^1 & \text{(otherwise)} \end{cases} \\ your & ku^{43} \\ other \ one's & to^1 \end{cases}  $												
	$  \begin{array}{c}  \boxed{N} - \boxed{X} \\  na^4 - \boxed{A} - \boxed{X} \\  na^4 - \boxed{A} - \boxed{N} - \boxed{X}  \end{array}  $	<table> <tr> <th><math>X = \emptyset</math></th><th><math>X = ʔi^5 tʃi^1</math></th><th><math>X = ʔi^1 ra^1</math></th></tr> <tr> <td>N</td><td>really N</td><td>—</td></tr> <tr> <td>it is A</td><td>it is really A</td><td>it is sort of A</td></tr> <tr> <td>its N is A</td><td>its N is really A</td><td>its N is sort of A</td></tr> </table>	$X = \emptyset$	$X = ʔi^5 tʃi^1$	$X = ʔi^1 ra^1$	N	really N	—	it is A	it is really A	it is sort of A	its N is A	its N is really A	its N is sort of A
$X = \emptyset$	$X = ʔi^5 tʃi^1$	$X = ʔi^1 ra^1$												
N	really N	—												
it is A	it is really A	it is sort of A												
its N is A	its N is really A	its N is sort of A												

2.

Stress  
 ↓

$(na^4) \underbrace{['\sigma]}_{\downarrow} \sigma (\sigma \dots)$

after 'o(?) :	<b>a</b>	→	<b>o</b>
after 'V(?) :	<b>i</b>	→	<b>V</b>
before (C)V <sup>1</sup> :	'V <sup>1</sup>	→	'V <sup>5</sup>

Abbreviations	
A	adjective
N	noun
σ	syllable
V	vowel
C	consonant
C <sub>lab</sub>	labials {p, b, m}

- (a)  $\eta o^3 ʔo^1$  ('s) garden
- (b)
- $ka^1$  tree trunk
  - its leaves are white
  - really a  $\eta o^3 ʔo^1$
  - other one's garden
  - owl monkey's entire body
  - my tree trunk
- (c)
- $na^4 tʃi^5 ʔi^1 ra^1$
  - $na^4 tʃo^1 ʔtʃi^5 ru^1 ʔi^5 tʃi^1$
  - $tʃau^1 te^4 ʔi^4 ne^1$
  - $tʃo^1 bi^2$

**Problem 3.**

	1	2	3	4	5
X	koow*	labo	saddex	afar	shan
10 X	toban	labaatan	soddon	afartan	konton
	6	7	8	9	100

X	lix	toddoba	siddeed	sagaal	boqol
10 X	lixdan	toddobaatan	siddeetan	sagaashan	kun

rug = 0      100 X = X boqol      1000 X = X kun      ( $2 \leq X \leq 9$ )

$$\begin{cases} 10 Y + Z = Z \text{ iyo } 10 Y & (1 \leq Y \leq 9, 1 \leq Z \leq 9) \\ 100 Y + Z = 100 Y \text{ iyo } Z & (1 \leq Y \leq 9, 1 \leq Z \leq 99) \\ 1000 Y + Z = 1000 Y \text{ iyo } Z & (1 \leq Y \leq 9, 1 \leq Z \leq 999) \end{cases}$$

\* koow iyo → koob iyo

a	e	i	o	u	aa	ee	oo
᠎	ᠡ	ᠢ	ᠣ	ᠤ	ᠠᠠ	ᠡᠡ	ᠢᠢ
b	d	f	g	k	l	n	q
ᠪ	ᠳ	ᠹ	ᠭ	ᠬ	ᠯ	ᠨ	ᠴ
r	s	sh	t	w	x	y	
ᠷ	ᠰ	ᠱ	ᠲ	ᠰ	ᠰ	ᠶ	

0	1	2	3	4
᠐	ᠠ	ᠡ	ᠢ	ᠣ
5	6	7	8	9
ᠵ	ᠶ	ᠷ	ᠸ	ᠹ

- (a) A. *ᠰᠡᠭ* (125)      B. *ᠰᠴ* (18)      C. *ᠰᠤ* (19)      D. *ᠡᠣᠡᠰ* (2021)

- (b) [ 1 ]    3 + 7 = 10  
 [ 2 ]    8 × 800 = 6400  
 [ 3 ]    11 × 11 = 121  
 [ 4 ]    1 + 99 = 100  
 [ 5 ]    25 × 40 = 8 × 125  
 [ 6 ]    3 × 18 = 54  
 [ 7 ]    485 × 0 = 0  
 [ 8 ]    9 × 19 = 100 + 71  
 [ 9 ]    860 = 259 + 601

- (c) E. afar boqol iyo koow  
 F. siddeed kun iyo saddex iyo afartan  
 G. kun iyo boqol iyo soddon

- (d) H. *ᠠᠭᠢᠨᠪᠣᠴᠣᠯᠢᠶ᠋ᠣᠬᠣᠠᠭ*  
 I. *ᠰᠢᠳᠡᠳᠡᠬᠤᠨᠢᠶ᠋ᠣᠰᠠᠳᠳᠡᠭᠢᠶ᠋ᠣᠠᠶᠢᠷᠲᠠᠨ*  
 J. *ᠬᠤᠨᠢᠶ᠋ᠣᠪᠣᠴᠣᠯᠢᠶ᠋ᠣᠰᠠᠳᠳᠣᠨ*

**Problem 4.**

1. Verb stems:

- $V_i$  (intransitive): **ḡadza-** *get spoiled*, **ḡḡa-** *fall*, **sna-** *know*
- $V_t$  (transitive): **ḡifa-** *hide*, **kata-** *help*, **ksa-** *catch*, **ghala-** *steal*, **ya-** *give birth to*

2. Verb structure:

	present	past
$V_i$	<div>STEM S</div> <div>‘S <math>V_i</math>-s’</div>	<div>STEM STEM S</div> <div>‘S <math>V_i</math>-ed’</div>
$V_t$	<div>STEM S</div> <div>‘S <math>V_t</math>-s it/them’</div>	<div>STEM O STEM S</div> <div>‘S <math>V_t</math>-ed O’</div>

	1st person	2nd person	3rd person
singular	<b>-a</b> → <b>i</b>	<b>-ka</b> (S) <b>-gha</b> (O)	∅
plural	<b>-mu</b>	<b>-kuni</b> (S) <b>-ghuni</b> (O)	<b>-xən</b> (S, $V_t$ ) ∅ (otherwise)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} V_i, S = \text{plural} \\ V_t, O = \text{plural} \end{array} \right]: \quad \boxed{\text{STEM}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{CV}(\dots) \rightarrow \text{CVCV}(\dots) \\ \text{C}_1\text{C}_2\text{V}(\dots) \rightarrow \text{C}_1\text{aC}_2\text{V}(\dots) \end{cases}$$

(C: consonant; V: vowel.)

- (a)
1. *I caught you* (SG)
  2. *we helped you* (PL)
  3. *they helped it*
  4. *it gets spoiled*
- (b)
5. **kasaghunikasa**
  6. **ḡifamu**
  7. **ḡaḡaḡaḡa**
  8. **yayayayaxən**
  9. **ghaghalaghaghalaka**
  10. **snasni**

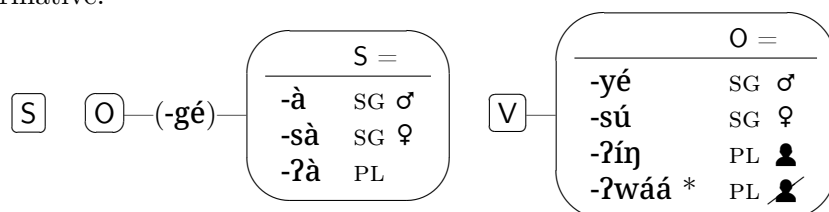
**Problem 5.**

1. Nouns:

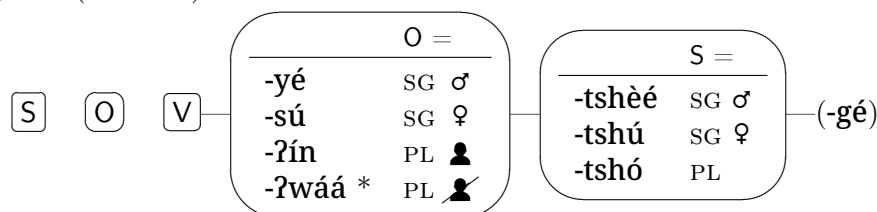
:	-∅	SG ♂	:	♂			
	-sù	SG ♀					
	-sò	PL					
				♀	k'ámbà	kòṅkórì	théká
					múk'ùmè	kókó	

2. Sentence structure:

• Affirmative:



• Negative ('not ...'):



$$* \overset{1}{V} \overset{1}{V} + -ʔwáá \rightarrow \overset{2}{V} ʔ \overset{2}{V} wáá \quad \overset{2}{V} = \begin{cases} \text{high,} & \overset{1}{V} = \text{high} \\ \text{rising,} & \overset{1}{V} = \text{low} \end{cases}$$

3. -gé — 'Apparently, ...'

Abbreviations			
	human nouns		
	animals		
♂	male	SG	singular
♀	female	PL	plural

- (a) 15. Apparently, a cook(M) skinned a rooster.  
 16. A blacksmith(F) brought a cook(F).  
 17. Apparently, bulls didn't hit a leopard(F).  
 18. A cow herded hunters.
- (b) 19. thíméysò kókóʔà bálóʔówáá  
 20. ɲ!áméysù théká ʔ'ěʔéwáátshúgé  
 21. théká kòṅkórì bálóóyétshú  
 22. k'ámbà thíméysò xééʔíntshèégé  
 23. !'ínéy ɲ!áméysògéà xééʔín