

Problem No.5 (10 points)

The table below contains Chuvash³ verbs (in Latin transliteration) and their English translations. Some of the data has been left out.

aman	to be crippled	amant	to cripple
aptra	to suffer		to torment
avăń	to be flexible	av	to bend
çet	to get lost	çeter	to lose
çit	to reach		to lead
čühen		čühe	to rinse
hupăń			to close
hurăń	to lie (<i>e.g. on the table</i>)	hur	to lay (<i>e.g. something on the table</i>)
kaç	to move (<i>e.g. from one flat to another</i>)		to transport
kăvakar	to become blue	kăvakart	to make blue
kuç	to migrate	kuçar	to resettle
puçtarăń	to get together	puçtar	to gather
shăń		shănt	to put on ice
taptan	to be trampled	tapta	to trample down
tupăń	to be found	tup	to find
uçăń	to be revealed	uç	to reveal
ük		ükter	to drop
vacka	to be in a hurry	vackat	to precipitate
varalan	to be smirched	varala	to besmirch
vĕre	to be boiling	vĕret	to boil (<i>e.g. water</i>)
vĕren	to learn	verent	to teach
vitĕn	to be covered	vit	to cover
	to enter	kĕrt	
	to hide oneself	pytar	to hide (<i>something</i>)

Assignment. Fill in the gaps. If in some cases you cannot form a Chuvash verb with certainty, indicate it. Explain your solution.

Note. ā is pronounced as a short *a*, ē is pronounced as a short *e*, ü is pronounced similarly to English *ew* as in *stew*, ç is pronounced similarly to English *c* as in *cereal*, č is pronounced similarly to English *ch* as in *church*.

³ Chuvash is a Turkic language. It is spoken by some 1.5 million people in Chuvashia and some other regions of Russian Federation.