

(K) Two Róngs Don't Make a Right (1/1)

A1.











1. J
2. F
3. A
4. Q
5. C
6. R
7. D
8. N
9. H
10. M
11. G
12. I
13. B
14. O
15. K
16. L
17. E
18. P


A2.  *chónɡ*  *jík*  *thikúng*
A3.  *dan*  *rok*  *ranmo*

Explanation:







Writing direction is left to right.

Syllable-initial consonants are written with full letters:

 *k-*,  *kh-*,  *ch-*,  *t-*,  *th-*,  *d-*,  *b-*,  *ts-*,  *r-*,  *l-*





If there is no initial consonant, the null initial  is used instead.

Vowels are marked by symbols to the left of, below, or to the right of consonants:

 *ke*,  *ki*,  *ko*,  *kó*,  *ku*,  *kú*

If there is no vowel mark, by default the vowel *a* is used:  *ka*.

Syllable-final consonants are written with symbols above or to the left of the consonant-vowel block:

 *kak*,  *kan*,  *kat*,  *kang*

