

**Problem 2.**

- Sentence structure: 

S	V	O
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- Verb structure:

'killed'			-a-	3 OBJ	-pu	
'cooked'			-e-		-tiki	
'deceived'	SUBJ	1/2 OBJ			-klwaro-	
'looked for'					-altawro-	3 OBJ
'saw'					-etere-	

SUBJ	singular	plural	OBJ	singular	plural
1st person	<b>m-</b>	<b>k-</b>	1st person	<b>-p</b>	
2nd person	<b>n-</b>	<b>ch-</b>	2nd person	<b>-ch</b>	
3rd person (m)			3rd person (m)	<b>-n</b>	
3rd person (f)	<b>w-</b>	<b>y-</b>	3rd person (f)	$\emptyset$	<b>-y</b>
3rd person (dim)	<b>l-</b>		3rd person (dim)	<b>-l</b>	

\* SUBJ = subject, OBJ = object, dim = diminutive ('baby ...')

- 'X and Y' behaves like a verb, where X = subject and Y = object.

– The verb stem is  $\begin{cases} [X]\text{-aro-}[Y] & \text{when the object is 3rd person;} \\ [X][Y]\text{-a} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

- (a)
16. *They two (f) killed me.*
  17. (i) *The sons and you (sg) looked for the wife.*  
(ii) *The sons and you (pl) looked for the wife.*
  18. (i) *You (sg) and I looked for the wives.*  
(ii) *You (sg) and we looked for the wives.*
  19. *I cooked the baby cassowary.*
  20. *We and the father killed the pig (m).*
- (b)
21. *Chi naron chapu ngolu.*
  22. *Wuel leterey runon naro.*
  23. *Ngan npaltawro kum marol pelen.*
  24. *Na yaro ychapu chi.*
  25. *Kum mcha keltiki wuel.*