

Problem 4 (20 points). Here are some verb forms in Hebrew and their English translations in arbitrary order:

*katava, higdil, hitxatavt, hitbatel, gadalti, zakanta, higniva, hikhalta,
kitavti, bitalt, ahava, shimarti, ginev, gadala*

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|--|---|
| 1. <i>I grew up.</i> | 8. <i>You(fem) corresponded (with someone).</i> |
| 2. <i>She loved (someone).</i> | 9. <i>She wrote (something).</i> |
| 3. <i>She grew up.</i> | 10. <i>He grew (something).</i> |
| 4. <i>I rewrote (something).</i> | 11. <i>You(masc) fed (someone).</i> |
| 5. <i>You(masc) grew old.</i> | 12. <i>She smuggled (something).</i> |
| 6. <i>He stole (something) repeatedly.</i> | 13. <i>He shamed himself.</i> |
| 7. <i>You(fem) humiliated (someone).</i> | 14. <i>I guarded (something) firmly.</i> |

(a) Determine the correct correspondence.

(b) Translate into English:

zakan, katav, hitshamara, ganavt

(c) Translate into Hebrew:

15. *I wrote (something).*
16. *You(masc) shamed (someone).*
17. *She loved (someone) back.*

△ Hebrew belongs to the Semitic branch of the Afro-Asiatic family. It is spoken by approx. 9,000,000 people all over the world. Hebrew is the official language of Israel.

$\text{ə} \approx o$ in *worm*. **kh**, **sh** and **q** are consonants.

—Aalok Sathe