

**Problem 3.**

1. Stress:  $(\sigma) \underbrace{\acute{\sigma}\sigma}_{\times k}$

\* Syllable structure:  $\sigma = (\text{C})\text{V}$

– C: consonant; V: vowel

2. Sentence structure:  $(\text{S}) \text{O V}$

3. Verb structure:

(i)  $\boxed{\text{SUBJ}} - \boxed{\text{STEM}} - \boxed{\text{TENSE}}$

–  $\boxed{\text{STEM}} =$

<b>hijara</b>	‘speak’
<b>kaba</b>	‘eat’
<b>kakatoma</b>	‘look’
<b>karawato</b>	‘wait for’
<b>katoma</b>	‘fight’
<b>kijo</b>	‘chase’
<b>wata</b>	‘grab’

\* S = masculine: ... **a** → ... **e**

(ii)  $\boxed{\text{X}} - \boxed{\text{SUBJ}} - \boxed{\text{STEM}} - \boxed{\text{TENSE}}$

–  $\boxed{\text{STEM}} = \text{na}$

\* S = masculine: **na** → **ne**

–  $\boxed{\text{X}} = \begin{cases} \text{jaka} & \text{‘walk’} \\ \text{siba} & \text{‘find’} \end{cases}$

feminine	human female pronouns <b>kerewe</b> ‘sloth’
masculine	human male <b>bijo</b> ‘spider monkey’ <b>jomee</b> ‘jaguar’

–  $\boxed{\text{SUBJ}} = \begin{cases} \text{o-} & \text{1st person singular} \\ \text{ti-} & \text{2nd person singular} \\ \emptyset & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

	S = masculine	S = feminine
past	– <b>hi</b> – <b>ri</b>	– <b>ha</b> – <b>ro</b>
present	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
intend to ...	– <b>hi</b> – <b>bona</b>	– <b>ha</b> – <b>bone</b>

\*  $\boxed{\text{SUBJ}} - \boxed{\text{STEM}} = \begin{cases} \sigma \times (2n) & \rightarrow \boxed{\text{hi}} \boxed{\text{ha}} \\ \sigma \times (2n + 1) & \rightarrow \boxed{\text{hi}} \boxed{\text{ha}} \end{cases}$

- (a) 10. *The man eats the sloth.*  
11. *The jaguar fought your(sg) son.*  
12. *The woman speaks to my grandmother.*  
13. *My son intends to eat the pineapple.*

- (b) 21. **jáka tínaháro**  
22. **téra ókakátomáro**  
23. **keréwe ówa watáhabóne**  
24. **bíjo méra katómebóna**