1. Filter Even Numbers

2. Convert Names to Uppercase

3. Find First City Starting With 'P'

```
List<String> cities = List.of("Mumbai", "Paris", "Pune");
cities.stream()
    .filter(c -> c.startsWith("P"))
    .findFirst()
    .ifPresent(System.out::println); // Output: Paris
```

4. Filter Numbers Divisible by 5 But Not 10

```
List<Integer> nums = List.of(5, 10, 15, 20, 25);
nums.stream()
    .filter(n -> n % 5 == 0)
    .filter(n -> n % 10 != 0)
    .forEach(System.out::println); // Output: 5, 15, 25
```

5. Flatten a Nested List

6. Get Length of Each Fruit

7. Filter Names of Length 5 and Start with A

8. Group Animals by Length

```
List<String> animals = List.of("cat", "elephant", "dog", "lion");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = animals.stream()
    .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[cat, dog], 4=[lion], 8=[elephant]}
```

9. Sum of Scores

10. Flatten and Sort

```
List<List<Integer>> nested = List.of(List.of(5, 1), List.of(3, 2));
List<Integer> flatSorted = nested.stream()
    .flatMap(List::stream)
    .sorted()
    .collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println(flatSorted); // Output: [1, 2, 3, 5]
```

Challenge Set 2 (11–20)

11. Partition Numbers by Even/Odd

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = numbers.stream()
    .collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4]}
```

12. Group Words by First Character

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "apricot", "blueberry");
Map<Character, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()
          .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(w -> w.charAt(0)));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {a=[apple, apricot], b=[banana, blueberry]}
```

13. Reduce to Product of Numbers

14. Concatenate Words with Comma

15. Find Longest Word Using Reduce

16. Check If Any Number is Negative

17. Collect Words Starting with 'M' into a List

18. Map Words to Their Lengths

```
List<String> words = List.of("", "Python");
Map<String, Integer> map = words.stream()
    .collect(Collectors.toMap(w -> w, String::length));
System.out.println(map);
// Output: {=4, Python=6}
```

19. Count Frequency of Each Word

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "apple");
Map<String, Long> freq = words.stream()
    .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(w -> w, Collectors.counting()));
System.out.println(freq);
// Output: {apple=2, banana=1}
```

20. Convert List to Set

Challenge Set 3 (21–30)

21. Find Max Number Using Reduce

22. Filter and Sum Even Numbers

23. Convert Strings to Lowercase

24. Find Any Word Starting with 'J'

25. Count Number of Empty Strings

26. Remove Duplicates Using Distinct

27. Convert IntStream to List<Integer>

28. Flatten Nested Lists

29. Sort List of Strings by Length

30. Collect to LinkedHashSet to Preserve Order

```
List<String> list = List.of("a", "b", "a", "c");
LinkedHashSet<String> linkedSet = list.stream()

.collect(Collectors.toCollection(LinkedHashSet::new));
System.out.println(linkedSet); // Output: [a, b, c]
```

31. Check if All Strings Are Non-Empty

32. Check if Any String Starts with "A"

33. Skip First 3 Elements

34. Limit Stream to First 2 Elements

35. Sum of Lengths of All Strings

36. Find Longest String Using Reduce

37. Collect to TreeSet (Sorted & Unique)

```
List<String> list = List.of("banana", "apple", "banana");
TreeSet<String> treeSet = list.stream()

.collect(Collectors.toCollection(TreeSet::new));
System.out.println(treeSet); // Output: [apple, banana]
```

38. Group Strings by Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("a", "to", "tea", "ted");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {1=[a], 2=[to], 3=[tea, ted]}
```

39. Partition Numbers Into Even and Odd

```
List<Integer> nums = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = nums.stream()
.collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4]}
```

40. Map Strings to Their Frequencies

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "apple", "orange",
"banana");
Map<String, Long> frequency = words.stream()
```

```
.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(Function.identity(),
Collectors.counting()));
System.out.println(frequency);
// Output: {orange=1, banana=2, apple=2}
```

Challenge Set 5 (41–50)

41. Find the Minimum Integer in a Stream

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(5, 3, 9, 1, 6);
Optional<Integer> min = numbers.stream().min(Integer::compareTo);
min.ifPresent(System.out::println); // Output: 1
```

42. Find the Maximum Integer in a Stream

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(5, 3, 9, 1, 6);
Optional<Integer> max = numbers.stream().max(Integer::compareTo);
max.ifPresent(System.out::println); // Output: 9
```

43. Convert Stream to Array

```
List<String> words = List.of("a", "b", "c");
String[] array = words.stream().toArray(String[]::new);
System.out.println(Arrays.toString(array)); // Output: [a, b, c]
```

44. Find the First Element Matching a Condition

45. Collect Distinct Elements

```
List<Integer> nums = List.of(1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4);
```

```
List<Integer> distinct =
nums.stream().distinct().collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println(distinct); // Output: [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

46. Generate an Infinite Stream and Limit It

```
Stream<Integer> infinite = Stream.iterate(1, n -> n + 1);
List<Integer> firstFive = infinite.limit(5).collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println(firstFive); // Output: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

47. Filter Null Values From a Stream

48. Use peek() for Debugging Stream Pipeline

49. Summarize Statistics of Integers

```
List<Integer> nums = List.of(3, 4, 7, 1, 9);
IntSummaryStatistics stats =
nums.stream().mapToInt(Integer::intValue).summaryStatistics();
System.out.println(stats);
// Output: IntSummaryStatistics{count=5, sum=24, min=1, average=4.8, max=9}
```

50. Convert Stream of Strings to CSV Format

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "cherry");
```

```
String csv = words.stream().collect(Collectors.joining(", "));
System.out.println(csv); // Output: apple, banana, cherry
```

Challenge Set 6 (51–60)

51. Count the Frequency of Each Element in a List

52. Group Objects by a Property

```
class Person {
    String name;
    int age;
    Person(String n, int a) { name = n; age = a; }
    public int getAge() { return age; }
}
List<Person> people = List.of(new Person("Alice", 20), new Person("Bob", 30), new Person("Carol", 20));
Map<Integer, List<Person>> groupedByAge = people.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(Person::getAge));
System.out.println(groupedByAge);
// Output: {20=[Alice, Carol], 30=[Bob]}
```

53. Create a Map with Key as Length and Value as List of Strings of That Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "bat", "car", "banana", "cat");
Map<Integer, List<String>> groupedByLength = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(groupedByLength);
// Output: {3=[bat, car, cat], 5=[apple], 6=[banana]}
```

54. Partition a List into Even and Odd Numbers

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = numbers.stream()
.collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4, 6]}
```

55. Concatenate Strings Using reduce()

56. Use mapToInt() to Calculate Sum of String Lengths

57. Find Average of Numbers Using mapToDouble()

58. Convert IntStream to Stream<Integer>

59. Use reduce() to Find Longest String

60. Count Distinct Characters in a String

Challenge Set 7 (61–70)

61. Filter out Null Elements and Collect Non-null Values

62. Flatten a List of Lists into a Single List

63. Sort a List of Objects by a Field Using Comparator

```
class Person {
   String name;
   int age;
   Person(String n, int a) { name = n; age = a; }
   public int getAge() { return age; }
```

64. Find Maximum Value Using reduce()

65. Generate a Stream of Random Numbers and Limit to 5

```
new Random().ints()
    .limit(5)
    .forEach(System.out::println);
```

66. Create a Map from a List Using toMap()

67. Join Strings Using Collectors.joining()

68. Create an IntSummaryStatistics Object

69. Filter Strings Starting with a Specific Letter

70. Use peek() to Debug Stream Pipeline

Challenge Set 8 (71–80)

71. Convert a Stream to an Array

72. Remove Duplicates Using distinct()

73. Find Any Element Matching a Condition

74. Check if All Elements Match a Predicate

75. Check if Any Element Matches a Predicate

76. Collect to a Set

77. Skip First N Elements

```
.collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println(skipped); // Output: [3, 4, 5]
```

78. Limit Stream to First N Elements

79. Generate a Stream of Squares

80. Group by Length of Strings

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "bat", "car", "door");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[bat, car], 4=[door], 5=[apple]}
```

Challenge Set 9 (81–90)

81. Find the Longest String

82. Calculate Average of Integers

83. Partition Numbers into Even and Odd

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = numbers.stream()
.collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4, 6]}
```

84. Find Maximum Value

85. Count Words Starting With a Given Letter

86. Join Strings with a Delimiter

87. Sum of Squares

88. Find First Element Matching a Condition

89. Convert Stream to Map (word -> length)

90. Check if Stream Contains Any Nulls

Challenge Set 10 (91–100)

91. Filter Strings Containing a Substring

92. Sum of Odd Numbers

93. Collect Unique Characters from Words

94. Find Minimum Value

95. Group Strings by Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("cat", "dog", "elephant", "bee");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[cat, dog, bee], 8=[elephant]}
```

96. Count Total Characters in All Strings

97. Check if All Numbers Are Positive

98. Find Any Even Number

99. Convert List of Integers to Comma-Separated String

100. Create Map of Word to Frequency

Challenge Set 11 (101–110)

101. Find Longest Word

```
List<String> words = List.of("cat", "elephant", "dog");
Optional<String> longest = words.stream()
```

```
.max(Comparator.comparingInt(String::length));
longest.ifPresent(System.out::println); // Output: elephant
```

102. Sort Numbers in Descending Order

103. Get Distinct Squares of Numbers

104. Find First String Starting With Letter

105. Count Words Longer Than N

106. Create a List of Lengths of Strings

```
.collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println(lengths); // Output: [4, 6]
```

107. Sum of Double Values Using Reduce

108. Check if Any String is Empty

109. Collect Even Numbers Into Set

110. Concatenate Strings with Delimiter

Challenge Set 12 (111–120)

111. Find Minimum Number Using Reduce

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(10, 5, 3, 12);
int min = numbers.stream()
```

```
.reduce(Integer.MAX_VALUE, Integer::min);
System.out.println(min); // Output: 3
```

112. Filter Strings Containing a Substring

113. Convert List of Integers to Array

114. Get Average of Int Stream

115. Check All Strings Have Length > 3

116. Group Words by Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "bat", "cat", "dog", "elephant");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[bat, cat, dog], 5=[apple], 8=[elephant]}
```

117. Generate Infinite Stream of Random Numbers (limit 5)

```
new Random().ints()
    .limit(5)
    .forEach(System.out::println);
```

118. Sort Strings by Last Character

119. Count Frequency of Characters in a String

120. Filter and Collect Distinct Integers

Challenge Set 13 (121–130)

121. Find Max Length String

122. Convert List of Strings to Comma-Separated String

123. Count Even Numbers in a List

124. Find First String Starting with 'A'

125. Sum of Squares of Numbers

126. Check If Any String Ends With 'x'

127. Convert Stream to Set

128. Create Map of Word Lengths to Words

```
List<String> words = List.of("one", "two", "three", "four");
Map<Integer, List<String>> lengthMap = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(lengthMap);
// Output: {3=[one, two], 4=[four], 5=[three]}
```

129. Get Distinct Characters From a List of Strings

130. Find the Longest Word Length

Challenge Set 14 (131–140)

131. Filter Strings Containing 'a' and Collect to List

132. Convert List of Integers to List of Strings

133. Find Minimum Value in List of Integers

134. Sort List of Strings by Length Descending

135. Count Words with Length > 4

136. Check if All Numbers are Positive

137. Convert List of Doubles to Sum

138. Group Strings by First Character

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "apricot", "banana", "blueberry");
Map<Character, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(w -> w.charAt(0)));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {a=[apple, apricot], b=[banana, blueberry]}
```

139. Find Any String Containing 'x'

140. Get Average of Integer List

Challenge Set 15 (141–150)

141. Convert List of Strings to Comma-Separated String

142. Remove Duplicates from List of Integers

143. Convert List of Strings to Their Lengths and Sum Them

144. Filter Strings Ending With 'e'

145. Find Longest String

146. Check If Any Number is Negative

147. Sort Numbers in Descending Order

148. Group Strings by Their Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("cat", "dog", "bird", "elephant");
Map<Integer, List<String>> groupedByLength = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(groupedByLength);
// Output: {3=[cat, dog], 4=[bird], 8=[elephant]}
```

149. Count Strings That Contain 'i'

150. Find First Number Greater Than 10

Challenge Set 16 (151–160)

151. Find Minimum Value in a List.

152. Check If All Strings Are Non-Empty

153. Create a Map of String to Its Length

154. Count Frequency of Characters in a String

155. Sum of Squares of Even Numbers

156. Convert Stream of Integers to Stream of Strings

157. Get List of Distinct Words from a Sentence

158. Get Top 3 Largest Numbers

159. Find Average of Double Values

160. Filter and Collect Unique Strings That Start with "A"

161. Convert List of Strings to Comma-Separated String

162. Find Second Largest Number

163. Check If Any String Contains "abc"

164. Group Strings by Their Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("one", "two", "three", "four", "five");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[one, two], 4=[four, five], 5=[three]}
```

165. Find Longest String Using Reduce

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "cherry");
String longest = words.stream()
```

166. Collect List of Squares of Unique Numbers

167. Partition Numbers into Even and Odd

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = numbers.stream()
.collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4]}
```

168. Find Sum of All Numbers Using Reduce

169. Filter Strings Ending With "ing"

170. Convert List of Integers to Set

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 2, 3);
```

Challenge Set 18 (171–180)

171. Find Average of a List of Numbers

172. Find Maximum Value in List Using Comparator

173. Count Strings That Start With a Specific Letter

174. Convert Stream to Array

175. Sort Strings by Last Character

176. Find All Distinct Characters From a List of Words

177. Join List of Integers as String with Dash Separator

178. Find Number of Empty Strings

179. Check if All Strings Have Length > 3

180. Find First String Containing "test"

Challenge Set 19 (181–190)

181. Convert List of Integers to Their Squares and Collect in a Set

182. Find the Longest String Using reduce()

183. Partition Numbers into Even and Odd Using partitioningBy

```
List<Integer> numbers = List.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
Map<Boolean, List<Integer>> partitioned = numbers.stream()
.collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(n -> n % 2 == 0));
System.out.println(partitioned);
// Output: {false=[1, 3, 5], true=[2, 4]}
```

184. Use peek() to Debug Stream Processing

```
List<String> fruits = List.of("apple", "banana", "cherry");
List<String> result = fruits.stream()
```

185. Sum of All Odd Numbers

186. Group Strings by Length

```
List<String> words = List.of("cat", "dog", "elephant", "rat");
Map<Integer, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(String::length));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {3=[cat, dog, rat], 8=[elephant]}
```

187. Find First Even Number or Default to -1

188. Create a Map from List of Strings with String Length as Value

189. Count Frequency of Each Character in a String

190. Collect Top 3 Longest Strings

Challenge Set 20 (191–200)

191. Convert List of Strings to Comma-Separated String

192. Find Minimum Integer in a List Using reduce()

193. Create a Map of Strings to Their First Character

194. Filter Out Null Values from List

195. Find Average Length of Strings

196. Check if Any String Contains "a"

197. Count How Many Strings Start With "b"

198. Create a List of Lengths for Each String

199. Sort Strings Alphabetically Ignoring Case

200. Create a Map Grouping Strings by Their Last Character

```
List<String> words = List.of("apple", "banana", "cherry", "date");
Map<Character, List<String>> grouped = words.stream()

.collect(Collectors.groupingBy(w -> w.charAt(w.length() - 1)));
System.out.println(grouped);
// Output: {e=[apple, date], a=[banana], y=[cherry]}
```