

FungieDAO Smart Contract Security Audit

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

Purpose

This document details ApeAudits' findings and recommended solutions. Our audit was performed in the weeks leading up to September 7, 2021. The contract we audited is located at https://bscscan.com/address/0x8918Bb91882CE41D9D9892246E4B56e4571a9fd5.

Findings

NO.	Audit Items	Audit Subclass	Audit Subclass Result	
1	Overflow Audit	N/A	Passed	
2	Race Conditions Audit	N/A	Passed	
3	Authority Control Audit	Permission Vulnerability Audit Excessive Auditing Authority	Passed Passed	
4	Safe Design Audit	Zeppelin Module Safe Compiler Version Hard-coded Version Fallback Function Safeuse Show Coding Security Function Return Value Security Call Function Security	Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed	
5	Denial of Service Audit	N/A	Passed	
6	Gas Optimization Audit	N/A	Passed	
7	Design Logic Audit	N/A	Passed	
8	Malicious Event Log Audit	N/A	Passed	
9	"False Deposit" Vulnerability Audit	N/A	Passed	
10	Uninitialized Storage Pointers Audit	N/A	Passed	
11	Arithmetic Accuracy Deviation Audit	N/A	Passed	

Issue List

NO.	Issue Description	Issue Severity	Issue Status
1	Incorrect destination of swap tokens	High	Fixed
2	Numerical error	Moderate	Fixed
3	Incorrect calculations	Moderate	Fixed
4	Public functions that should be onlyOwner	Moderate	Fixed
5	Excessive permission in Child function	Low	Will be fixed in future Child contracts
6	Use of arrays instead of mappings	Low	Not fixed

High Severity Issues

- Issue #1:

In swap_bnb_for_tokens(uint256), the swapped tokens are sent to msg.sender
instead of the address of the contract. This causes liquidity to be added using the contract's existing token balance, which is usually 0 and will cause the transaction to fail. Also, Uniswap/Pancakeswap pairs will block the receiver from being the contract's address.

Comments:

Fixed in revision 3 by sending the tokens to a burn address, setting the burn address balance to 0, and then adding the burned amount to the contract's balance.

Moderate Severity Issues

- Issue #2:

In ${\tt distributeTax_child()}$, the variable ${\tt percent_parent_convertible}$ is computed in a roundabout way that introduces numerical error. It can be hardcoded or computed directly from the parent and child tax values.

Comments:

Fixed in revision 4 by hardcoding a 46% split, which is roughly 3/6.5.

Issue #3

In ${\tt distributeTax_child}$ (), the variable ${\tt parent_tax_amount}$ is incorrectly computed. It should be divided by the total tax, not by 100.

Comments:

Fixed in revision 4.

- Issue #4:

The functions <code>distributeTax_child()</code>, and <code>add_child_bnb_to_liquidity()</code> are declared public with no restrictions. These functions will likely only be called by the owners, and leaving the functions open to be called by other contracts will add attack surface to the system.

Comments:

Fixed in revision 4 by restricting <code>add_child_bnb_to_liquidity()</code> to only the owner contract and <code>distributeTax_child()</code> to either the owner or parent contract. However, there is no code in the parent contract capable of calling this function.

Low Severity Issues

Issue #5:

The <code>ownerOrParent</code> modifier for <code>distributeTax_child()</code> introduced in revision 4 allows the child contract deployer to incorrectly specify the parent contract and then distribute collected funds to that address instead of to the parent.

Comments:

This issue was raised after the FungieDAO team had already deployed the contract, and so it cannot be changed in the deployed code. However, the currently deployed code does not use the child contract code at all, so this issue is only a code cleanliness issue. The FungieDAO team has assured us that this issue will be fixed for all child contracts that will be deployed.

Issue #6:

Arrays are used for tracking blacklisted addresses and child contracts, where mappings would be much more efficient.

Comments:

Not fixed.

Conclusion

All high and medium severity issues fixed. There is an issue with the Child contract code as it is currently written in the deployed contract that would allow the Child deployer to steal collected funds. However, this code is not used in the current contract and was mainly included for auditing, and the FungieDAO team has told us that they will fix this issue in all child contracts. One more low severity issue causes blacklist and child tracking functionality to be less gas efficient, but this is not currently an issue because Binance Smart Chain gas fees are very low.

ApeAudits note:

Please check the disclaimer above and note - the report is provided 'as-is' and makes no statements or warranties whatsoever. The report is provided only for the contract(s) mentioned in the report.

Appendix

All supporting files can be found at https://github.com/ApeAudits1/FungieDAO-extras