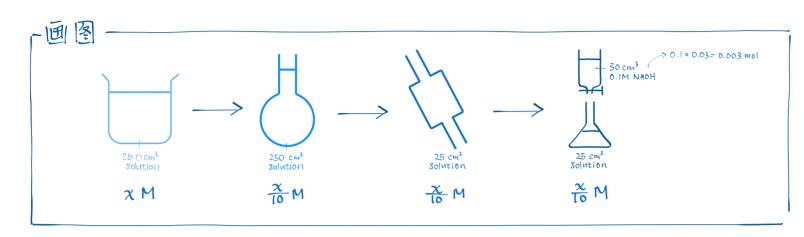
# Titration (questions)

## 1 Questions

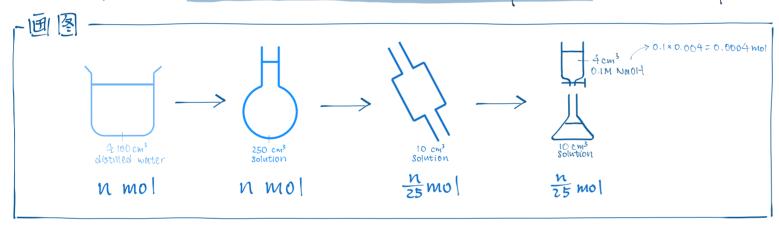
#### LEVEL I

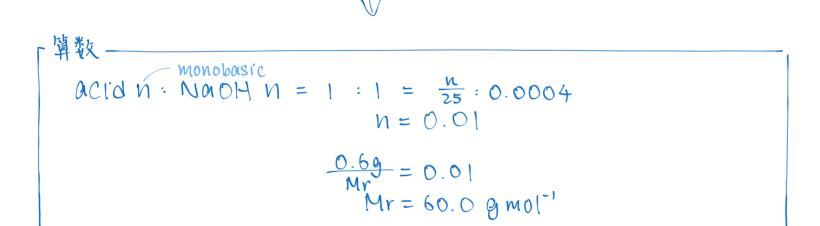
25.0 cm³ CH<sub>3</sub>COOH is withdrawn to 250.0 cm³ v-flask.
Sol. in v-flask is withdrawn by 25.0 cm³ pipette to conical flask, and titrated against O.IM NaOH. 30 cm³ NaOH is needed for complete reaction.
Find Stock CH<sub>3</sub>COOH concentration.



#### LEVEL 1

0.6 g monobasic acid is dissolved completely in a beaker W/100 cm³ distilled water. The sol, in beaker is then poured into 250.0 cm³ v-flask. Distilled water is added until the graduation mark is reached. 10.0 cm³ of solution in v-flask is pipetted into conical flask. 4 cm³ o.1 M NaoH is required for complete reaction. Find acid Mr.





### LEVEL III.

0.75 g of Solid mixture (KOH & KzCO3) is dissolved in distilled water completely. It is titrated against 0.1M HClcaqs. An average of 120 cm3 HCl is used. Find KOH % by mass.

$$KOH + HCI \rightarrow KCI + HzO$$
  $\Rightarrow$   $KOH : HCI = 1:1$   
 $K_2CO_3 + 2HCI \rightarrow 2KCI_2 + CO_2 + HzO$   $\Rightarrow$   $K_2CO_3 : HCI = 1:2$ 

Let x g be KOH mass, (0.75-x)g be KzCO3 mass.

HC| in KOH 
$$v\alpha$$
 + HC| in  $K_2CO_3v\alpha$  = 0.1 ×0.12  

$$\frac{x}{39.1+16+1} + \frac{0.75 - x}{39.1\cdot 2 + 12 + 16\cdot 3} \cdot 2 = 0.012$$

$$\frac{x}{56.1} + \frac{0.75 - x}{69.1} = 0.012$$

$$\frac{69.1x}{3876.51} + \frac{42.075 - 56.1x}{3876.51} = 0.012$$

$$13x = 46.51812 - 42.075$$

$$x = 0.342$$

KOH% by mass =  $\frac{0.342}{0.75} \cdot 100\% = 45.6\%$