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and molanty
 1 Formulas
           PH = - log [Ht] > molanty
     O PH为数值,没单位
       molarity z mole 7 mol
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     \bigcirc 1 dm<sup>3</sup> = (800 cm<sup>3</sup>
2 Mole concept 金句
   ①加水不影响 no. of mole
   ②加水至n倍volume→ molarity变至方倍(no. of mole不变)
   ③抽去倍Volume的溶液→no.对mole变至方倍(molarity不变)
3 Questions
     LEVEL
        0.1 mole of HCI completely dissolves in 200 cm³ distilled wester. Find the pH of solution.
          HC1 = H++ C1
          O \cdot |mo| \Rightarrow O \cdot |mo|
           PH = - (09 CH 1)
              = -log(0.1)
              = 0.301
   LEVEL 1
       50 cm3 of 0.1M Hz804 -> find the solution pH.
        H_2 \times 04 \rightarrow 2H^+ + 804^2
        0.1M => 0.2M
        pH = -log [H+]
           = - log 0.2
           = 0.699
   LEVEL III
        30 cm³ of 0.1 M HzS04 US 50 cm³ of 0.1 M Hz804
       which one is more acidic?
          Same
          Both [H+] = 0.1 MXZ = 0.2 M
          Molarity不变一volume增加时也会增加。
         5总体浓度还是一样
      30 cm³ of 0.05 M Hz804 US 80 cm³ of 0.1 M HN03
        which one is more acidie?
          8 ame
          H2804 -> 2H++8042- HNO3 -> H++NO3-
          ODTM > 0.1M
                           0.1M -> 0.1M
   LEVEL IV
      forms of o.IM HCl is mixed w/ 40 cm3 of o.IM HCl
      Find the resulting pH.
        molarity -样, volume不同
       与提在一起molarity不变
        HCI -> H++ CI
        8.1M => 0.1M
        PH = - (09 [H+]
            = - log o.1
      20 cm3 of 0.1M HCl is mixed with 50 cm3 of 0.1M HWO3
        先算两边 H*的浓度
        HC1 > H++C1 | HNO3 -> H++NO3
        0.1M => 0.1M => 0.1M
        PH = - (09 [H]
           = - \log 0.1
      20 cm3 of 0.1M HC is mixed w/ 20 cm3 of 0.1M HzSO4
        这道题得先算H*的no. of mole (小两种acid的[H*]不同)
        |+C| \rightarrow |++C| |+2804 \rightarrow 2H^{+} + 804^{2} - 0.1 \times 0.08 = 0.08 \text{ mol} |+2804 \rightarrow 2H^{+} + 804^{2} - 0.1 \times 0.08 = 0.016 \text{ mol}
         PH = - (09 [H])
            = -109 \frac{0.008 \pm 0.016}{0.016} = 0.008 \, dm^3 \pm 0.008 \, dm^3
            = 0.824
      40 cm3 of 0.15M H2804 is mixed w/ 60 cm3 of 0.1M HNO3
            H2804 > 2H+ +8042- HNO3 -> H++ NO3-
        0.15x0.04 =>0.012 mol = 0.006 mol
                              0-1×0.06 > 0-006 mol
         PH = -log [H]
         pH = -log (1)
= -log (0.012 + 0.006)
   LEVEL V
    The pH of 50 cm3 HCl is 1.
     How much water do we need to add to increase its pH value to 3?
       Original molarity
                                        required molarity-
                                              3 = - 109 [H]
          1 = - (09 tH ]
       CH'] = 0.1M
                                           [HT] = 0.001 M
     50.1M x 0.05 dm3 = 0.005 mol
      \frac{0.005 \text{ mol}}{0.005 \text{ dm}^3 + v} = 0.001 \text{ M}
             0.005 = 0.00005 + 0.001
                  V = 4.95 \, dm^3
     The pH of 10 cm3 H2SO4 is 2.
     How much water do we need to add to increase its pH value to 4?
       Original molarity-
                                              required molarity -
           2 = -(09 CH^{\dagger})
                                                 4 = -\log CH^{\dagger}
         [H1] = 0.0 | M
                                                [H]= 0.0001 M
      SO.01MXO.01dm3=0.0001mol→下用因为H2804而来で!
                                          C已经计算了HI的激度,而引 HZSO4的教度)
            \frac{0.000 |mol}{0.01 dm^3 + V} = 0.000 |M
                         | = 0.001+1
                         v = 0.99 dm3
   LEVEL V
       Concentration有两种单位
        5 mol dm-3 (molarity)
        5 p cm<sup>-3</sup> (density)
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(S) Moldan<sup>3</sup> (Monstry)

(T) g.cm<sup>3</sup> (Monstry)

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(D.IMHC) → Find its density in g.cm<sup>3</sup>.

(D.IMHC) → Cooled Moldan Monstry

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(D.IMHC) → F
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2 Na + Hz804 -> Naz804+ Hz
                                                      H2804 -> 21++ 8042-
                                                   0.05385mol -> 0.1077mol
              0.6x0.1
   =0.0123 mol = 0.06 mol
                                                        PH= - (09 CH+)
                                                            =-(00)\frac{0.1077}{0.6}
      required H2S04 = 0.00615 mol
                                                            = 0.746
          Hz804 is excess,
      unused H_2 SO4 = 0.06 - 0.00615
                  =0.05385 mol
if 39 Mg is reacted with 100 cm3 of 0.11M HCl,
find the resulting pt.
      Mg + 2 HCl -> MgCl2 + H2
             0.1x0.1
    =0.0123mol =0.0 mol
      required HzSO4 = 0.0246 mol
        All HzSO4 is used up
           PH = 7
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