PH and molanty

1 Formulas

```
PH = - log [H+]

> molarity

PH为数值,沒单位

PM/moldm-3

molarity = mole 7 mol

molarity = mole 7 dm3

Olume 7 dm3
```

2 Mole concept 金句 ①加水不影响 no. of mole

- ②加水至n倍volume→ molarity变至方倍(no. of mole不变)
- ③抽方倍Volume的溶液→no. of mole 变至方倍 (molarity 不变)
- 3 Questions

LEVEL 1 O. | mole of HC | Completely dissolves in 200 cm³ distilled wester. Find the pH of solution.

```
HCl = H^{+} + Cl^{-}
0.1 mol = 0.1 mol

PH = -log CH^{+} I

= -log (-0.1)
= 0.301

LEVEL 11
```

```
50 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1M Hz804 \Rightarrow Find the solution pH.

Hz804 \Rightarrow 2H<sup>+</sup> + 804<sup>2-</sup>

0.1M \Rightarrow 0.2M

PH = -log CH<sup>+</sup>J

= -log 0.2

= 0.699

LEVEL III —

30 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1M Hz804 VS 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1M Hz804
```

```
Which one is more acidic?

Same
Both EH+J=0.1 MX2 = 0.2 M

Molarity 不定 > volume增加 H+也有增加。

Sider Red Application of 0.1 M HN03

Which one is more acidice?

Same

H2804 > 2H++8042- HN03 > H++N03-

OOTM > 0.1 M > 0.1 M
```

forms of o.IM HCl is mixed w/ 40 cm3 of o.IM HCl

```
Find the resulting pH.
      molarity -样, volume不同
    与提在一起molarity不变
      HCI -> H++ CI
      8.1M => 0.1M
      PH = - (09 [H+]
           = - log 0.1
   20 cm3 of 0.1M HCl is mixed with 50 cm3 of 0.1M HWO3
      先算两边 H*的浓度
     HC1 > H++C1 HNO3 > H++NO3
0.1M > 0.1M => 0.1M
     PH = - (09 [H]
          = - [090.]
   80 cm3 of 0.1M HC is mixed w/ 80 cm3 of 0.1M HzSO4
      这道题得先算H*的no. of mole (:两种acid的[H*]不同)
     HC1 \rightarrow H^{+} + C1^{-} H_{2}804 \rightarrow 2H^{+} + 804^{2}

0.1\times0.08 = 0.008 \text{ mol} 0.1\times0.08 = 0.016 \text{ mol}

=0.008 \text{ mol} =0.008 \text{ mol}
      PH = - (09 [H])
           =-109 \frac{0.008 \pm 0.016}{0.016} = 0.008 \, dm^3 \pm 0.008 \, dm^3
           = 0.824
  40 cm3 of 0.15M H2804 is mixed w/ 60 cm3 of 0.1M HNO3
           H2804 > 2H+ +8042- HNO3 -> H++ NO3
      0.15\times0.04 = 0.012 \text{ mol} 0.1\times0.06 = 0.006 \text{ mol} 0.006 \text{ mol}
        PH = -log [H]
         H = -\log L II J
= -\log \left( \frac{0.012 + 0.006}{0.1} \right)
= -0.04 \, \text{cm}^3 + 0.06 \, \text{dm}^3
LEVEL V
 The pH of 50 cm3 HCl is 1.
 How much water do we need to add to increase its pH value to 3?
```

```
50.1M \times 0.05 \, \text{dm}^3 = 0.005 \, \text{mol}
   \frac{0.005 \text{ mol}}{0.005 \text{ dm}^3 + v} = 0.001 \text{ M}
          0.005 = 0.00005 + 0.001
                V = 4.95 \, dm^3
  The pH of 10 cm3 H2SO4 is 2.
  How much water do we need to add to increase its pH value to 4?
    Original molarity - 2 = - (og [H+]
                                              required molarity - 
4 = - log [H+]
                                                [H]= 0.0001 M
     [H1] = 0.0 | M
   SO.01MXO.01dm3=0.0001mol→で用因为H2804前来で!
                                         C已经计算了HI的浓度,而引 Hz804的软度)
        \frac{0.000 |mol}{0.01 dm^3 + V} = 0.000 |M
                       | = 0.001+V 7約0.000|
                       v = 0.99 dm3
LEVEL VI
    Concentration有两种单位
     5 mol dm-3 (molarity)
     5) g cm<sup>-3</sup> (density)
    一事懂得两种单位之间的互换
    O.IMHC( > Find 17's density in a cm-3.
       O.1M = \frac{O.1mo1}{1 dm^3}
              =\frac{0.1 (35.5 + 1)_{g}}{(800 \text{ cm}^{3})} M= mol· Mr
```

required molarity-

3 = - 109 CHT

[HT] = 0.001 M

Original molarity

CHT = 0.1M

1 = - (ogtH]

```
= 0.00365 \, \text{g cm}^{-3}
     80cm³ of O-IM impure HC | contains 33% HCI by mass.
     Find the density of HCl.
        mole of acids = 0.08 xo.1 = 0.008 mol
        mass of HC = 0.008 \times 83\% \times 36.5 = 0.2429
        density of HCl = 0.242 z 0.00303 g cm<sup>-3</sup>
LEVEL VI
    If 0.39 Non is reacted with 600 cm3 of 0.14 HzSO4.
   find the resulting pH.
        2 Na + H2804 -> Na2804+ H2
                                                      H2804 -> 2H++ S042-
                                                   0.05351 mol -> 0.1070 mol
                  0.6x0.1
        =0.0130 mol = 0.06 mol
                                                        PH= -log [Ht]
          required 42504 = \frac{0.0130}{2} = 0.00649 \text{ mol}
                                                           =-(00)\frac{0.1070}{0.6}
                                                            = 0.749
               Hz804 is excess,
          unwed Hz SO4 = 0.06 - 0.00649
                      =0.05351 mol
    if 39 Mg is reacted with 100 cm3 of 0.11 HCl,
    find the resulting pH.
          Mg + 2 HCl -> MgCl2 + H2
```

0.1x0.1

required HCI=0.0246 mol

All HCI is used up

PH = 7

=0.0123mol =0.0 mol