## Document 17: Isomorphisms

In this section, we are investigating Isomorphisms. Previously, we had linearity, where we could perform transformations back and forth between two sets, isomorphisms are similar.

Definition: Isomorphisms are invertible linear transofmrations.

We say that  $V \overset{\text{iso}}{\sim} W \Leftrightarrow \exists$  an isomorphism  $T: V \to W$ . We also know that any n-dimentional linear space V is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

Definition: Similarity between A, B exists if  $\exists S, B = S^{-1}AS$ .

Properties of Isomorphism:

- 1.  $T: V \to W$  is an isomorphism  $\Leftrightarrow \ker(T) = \{0\} \land \operatorname{im}(T) = W$
- 2. Let V, W be finite dimensional.  $V \sim W \to \dim(V) = \dim(W)$ .
- 3. Let  $T:V\to W$  be a linear transformation where  $\mathrm{Kernel}(T)=\{0\}.$   $\dim(V)=\dim(W)\to T$  is an isomorphism.

Now, lets look at a matrix representation.