

## ASSOCIATION RULES (aka: Rule-Based Attribution)

$$\text{SUPPORT} = \frac{\# \text{ of instances meeting criteria}}{\text{total \# of instances}}$$

$$\text{CONFIDENCE} = P(\{i_1 \wedge i_2 \wedge i_3\} | \{i_1 \wedge i_2\} \text{ as an example.})$$

ex)

<u>rule</u>		<u>support</u>	<u>confidence</u>
$3 \rightarrow 5$	"3 infers 5"	.3	$\frac{5 \cap 3}{3} = 100\%$
$4 \rightarrow 5$		.2	$\frac{.2}{.5}$
$2 \rightarrow 1$		.5	$\frac{.5}{.5}$
$5 \rightarrow 3$		.3	$\frac{.3}{.6}$

- association rules are evaluated via basic unconditional & conditional probabilities.

support  confidence

- a common application is to use confidence to determine if two retail goods are substitutes or complements.