

 **skymind** DeepLearning4J and Spark

Table of Contents

Intro to DeepLearning4J

Spark Transform Process

Distributed Training



Intro to DeepLearning4J

DeepLearning Framework built in Java

Supported by Skymind.io

Enterprise focus



Goals of the DeepLearning4J project

- Provide a Toolkit for using DeepLearning on the JVM
 - Enterprise users
 - Security
 - Flexibility



DeepLearning4J sub-projects

- DataVec
 - Tools for ETL
- ND4J
 - NUmeric Arrays
 - NumPY for the JVM
- libnd4j
 - Native Libraries for GPUs/CPUs
- DeepLearning4J
 - Tools to train Neural Networks



DataVec

- ETL Libraries purpose built for Neural Networks
 - Neural networks process numeric arrays
 - Datavec helps you get from your_data => numeric array



Data Sources Supported by DataVec

- Log files
- Text documents
- Tabular data
- Images and video
- and more !!



DataVec Features

- Transformation
- Scaling
- Shuffling
- Joining
- Splitting

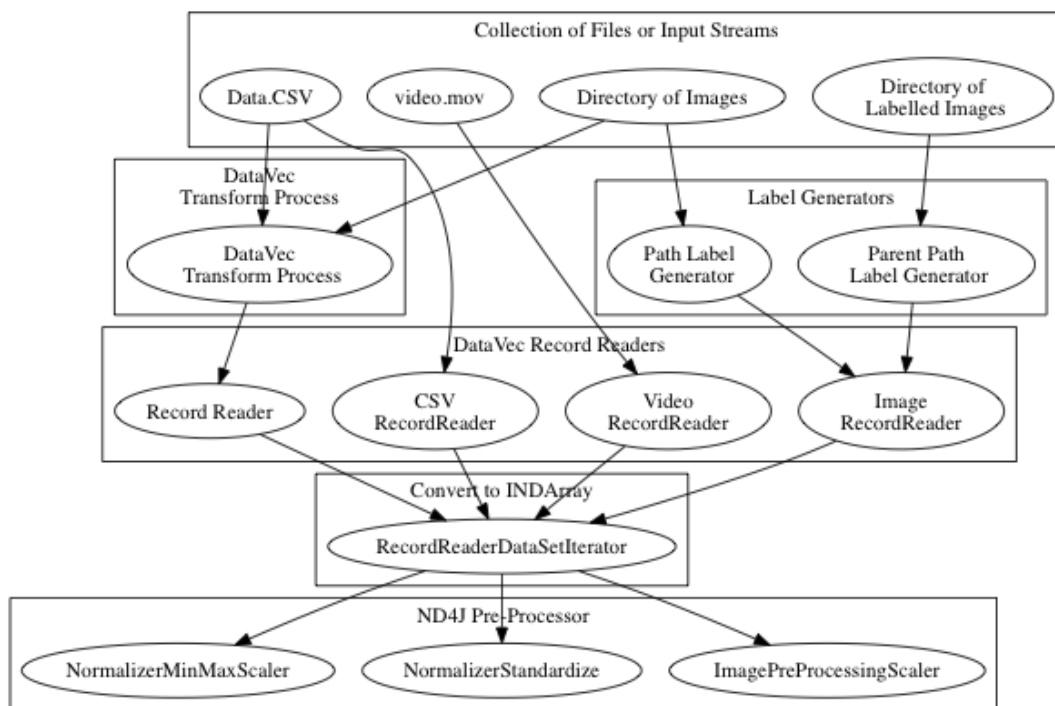


Commonly Used Features

- RecordReaders
 - Read files or input, convert to List of Writables
- Normalizers
 - Standardize, scale or normalize the data
- Transform Process
 - Join datasets, replace strings with numerics, extract labels

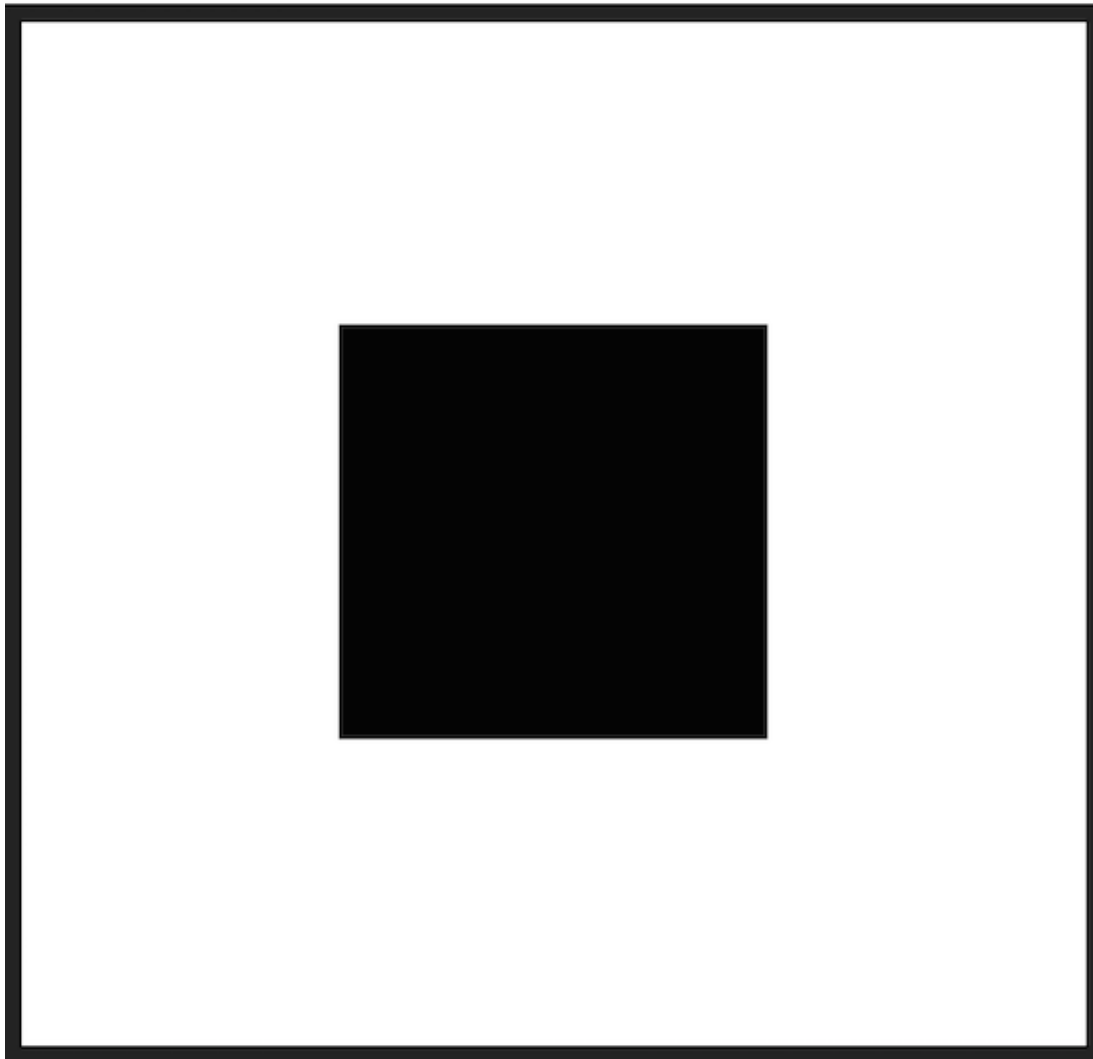


Diagram of available ETL paths



DataVec Image Basic Example

- Images are arrays of pixel values



Code Example:

- Load above image as INDArray

```
INDArray imagematrix = loader.asMatrix(image);  
System.out.println(imagematrix);
```

- Output

```
[[[255.00, 255.00, 255.00, 255.00],  
[255.00, 0.00, 0.00, 255.00],  
[255.00, 0.00, 0.00, 255.00],  
[255.00, 255.00, 255.00, 255.00]]]
```



Code Example:

- Scale values between 0 and 1

```
DataNormalization scaler = new ImagePreProcessingScaler(0,1);  
scaler.transform(imagematrix);
```

- Output

```
[[[[1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00],  
[1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00],  
[1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00],  
[1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00]]]]
```



Manipulating Images with DataVec

- Scale images to same height/width with RecordReader

- Used when processing data in bulk during training

```
ImageRecordReader recordReader = new ImageRecordReader(height,width,channels);
```

- Scale image to appropriate dimensions with NativeImageLoader

- Used when processing a single image for inference

```
NativeImageLoader loader = new NativeImageLoader(height, width, channels); \ load and  
scale INDArray image = loader.asMatrix(file); \ create INDArray INDArray output =  
model.output(image); \ get model prediction for image
```



Image Data Set Augmentation

- Create "larger" training set with OpenCV/dataVec tools
 - Transform
 - Crop
 - Skew



Applying Labels

- DataVec provides the following tools for generating Labels
 - ParentPathLabelGenerator
 - PathLabelGenerator



Available Record Readers

- Table of available record readers:
 - <https://deeplearning4j.org/etl-userguide>



Code Example: Image Transform

- Scale pixel values from 0-255 to 0-1

```
DataNormalization scaler = new ImagePreProcessingScaler(0,1);  
scaler.fit(dataIter);  
dataIter.setPreProcessor(scaler);
```



Available ND4J Pre-Processors

- ImagePreProcessingScaler
 - min max scaling default 0 + - 1
- NormalizerMinMaxScaler
 - Scale values observed min -> 0, observed max -> 1
- NormalizerStandardize
 - moving column wise variance and mean
 - no need to pre-process

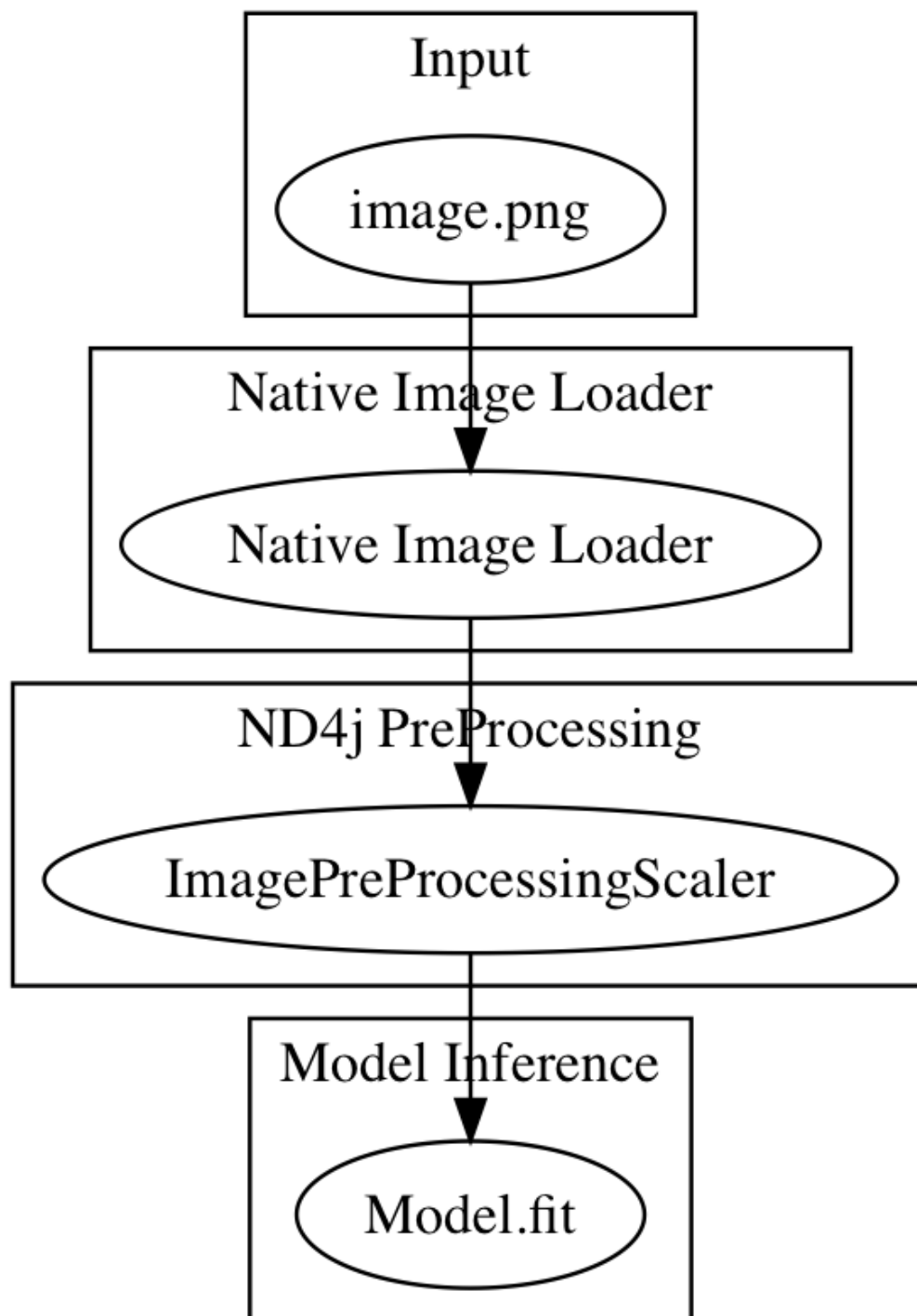


Image Transforms

- Included Libraries
 - JavaCV
 - OpenCV
 - ffmpeg



Image pipeline Single Image to Pre-Trained Model



Code Example: CSV Data to INDArray

```
public class CSVExample {
    private static Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(CSVExample.class);

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        //First: get the dataset using the record reader. CSVRecordReader handles loading
        int numLinesToSkip = 0;
        String delimiter = ",";
        RecordReader recordReader = new CSVRecordReader(numLinesToSkip,delimiter);
        recordReader.initialize(new FileSplit(new ClassPathResource("iris.txt").getFile()));

        //Second: the RecordReaderDataSetIterator handles conversion to DataSet objects
        int labelIndex = 4;        //5 values in each row of the iris.txt CSV: 4 input features, 1 label
        int numClasses = 3;        //3 classes (types of iris flowers) in the iris data set
        int batchSize = 150;       //Iris data set: 150 examples total. We are loading all

        DataSetIterator iterator = new RecordReaderDataSetIterator(recordReader,batchSize,labelIndex);
        DataSet allData = iterator.next();
    }
}
```



DataVec Code Explained

- `RecordReader recordReader = new CSVRecordReader(numLinesToSkip,delimiter);`
 - A `RecordReader` prepares a list of `Writable`s
 - A `Writable` is an efficient `Serialization` format
- `DataSetIterator iterator = new RecordReaderDataSetIterator`
 - We are in `DL4J` know, with `DataSetIterator`
 - Builds an `Iterator` over the list of records
- `DataSet allData = iterator.next();`
 - Builds a `DataSet`
 - `INDArray` of Features, `INDArray` of Labels



Frequently Used DataVec classes

- CSVRecordReader
 - CSV text data
- ImageRecordReader
 - Convert image to numeric array representing pixel values
- JacksonRecordReader
 - Parses JSON records
- ParentPathLabelGenerator
 - Builds labels based on directory path
- Transform, Transform Process Builder, TransformProcess
 - Conversion tools



- Provides scientific computing libraries
- Main features
 - Versatile n-dimensional array object
 - Multiplatform functionality including GPUs
 - Linear algebra and signal processing functions



ND4J and DeepLearning

- Classes frequently Used
 - DataSet
 - Container for INDArrays of Features/Labels
 - DataSetIterator
 - Build DataSet from RecordReader



libND4J

- The C++ engine that powers ND4J
 - Speed
 - CPU and GPU support



A Simple Neural Network in DeepLearning4J

- Iris Data, 3 Species, 4 features

```
package ai.skymind.training.demos;

import org.datavec.api.records.reader.RecordReader;
import org.datavec.api.records.reader.impl.csv.CSVRecordReader;
import org.datavec.api.split.FileSplit;
import org.datavec.api.util.ClassPathResource;
import org.deeplearning4j.datasets.datavec.RecordReaderDataSetIterator;
import org.deeplearning4j.eval.Evaluation;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.conf.MultiLayerConfiguration;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.conf.NeuralNetConfiguration;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.conf.layers.DenseLayer;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.conf.layers.OutputLayer;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.multilayer.MultiLayerNetwork;
import org.deeplearning4j.nn.weights.WeightInit;
import org.deeplearning4j.optimize.listeners.ScoreIterationListener;
import org.nd4j.linalg.activations.Activation;
import org.nd4j.linalg.api.ndarray.INDArray;
import org.nd4j.linalg.dataset.DataSet;
```



A Simple Neural Network Continued.....

```
import org.nd4j.linalg.dataset.SplitTestAndTrain;
import org.nd4j.linalg.dataset.api.iterator.DataSetIterator;
import org.nd4j.linalg.dataset.api.preprocessor.DataNormalization;
import org.nd4j.linalg.dataset.api.preprocessor.NormalizerStandardize;
import org.nd4j.linalg.lossfunctions.LossFunctions;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
```



A Simple Neural Network Continued.....

```
public class IrisNoImport {

    private static Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(IrisNoImport.class);

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        //First: get the dataset using the record reader.
        //CSVRecordReader handles loading/parsing
        int numLinesToSkip = 0;
        String delimiter = ",";
        RecordReader recordReader = new CSVRecordReader(numLinesToSkip,delimiter);
        recordReader.initialize(new FileSplit(new ClassPathResource("iris.txt").getFile()))

        //Second: the RecordReaderDataSetIterator handles conversion to
        //DataSet objects, ready for use in neural network
        int labelIndex = 4;
        int numClasses = 3;
        int batchSize = 150;
```



A Simple Neural Network Continued.....

```
DataSetIterator iterator = new RecordReaderDataSetIterator(recordReader, batchSize, 1,
DataSet allData = iterator.next();
allData.shuffle();
SplitTestAndTrain testAndTrain = allData.splitTestAndTrain(0.65); //Use 65% of data

DataSet trainingData = testAndTrain.getTrain();
DataSet testData = testAndTrain.getTest();
DataNormalization normalizer = new NormalizerStandardize();
normalizer.fit(trainingData);
normalizer.transform(trainingData);
//Apply normalization to the training data
normalizer.transform(testData);
```



A Simple Neural Network Continued.....

```
final int numInputs = 4;
int outputNum = 3;
int iterations = 1000;
long seed = 6;

log.info("Build model....");
MultiLayerConfiguration conf = new NeuralNetConfiguration.Builder()
    .seed(seed)
    .iterations(iterations)
    .activation(Activation.TANH)
    .weightInit(WeightInit.XAVIER)
    .learningRate(0.1)
    .regularization(true).l2(1e-4)
    .list()
    .layer(0, new DenseLayer.Builder().nIn(numInputs).nOut(3)
        .build())
    .layer(1, new DenseLayer.Builder().nIn(3).nOut(3)
        .build())
    .layer(2, new OutputLayer.Builder(LossFunctions.LossFunction.NEGATIVELOGLIK
        .activation(Activation.SOFTMAX)
        .nIn(3).nOut(outputNum).build())
    .backprop(true).pretrain(false)
    .build();
```



A Simple Neural Network Continued.....

```
//run the model
MultiLayerNetwork model = new MultiLayerNetwork(conf);
model.init();
model.setListeners(new ScoreIterationListener(100));

model.fit(trainingData);

//evaluate the model on the test set
Evaluation eval = new Evaluation(3);
INDArray output = model.output(testData.getFeatureMatrix());
eval.eval(testData.getLabels(), output);
log.info(eval.stats());
}
}
```



DataVec: Spark Transform Process



DataVec overview

- Goal of DataVec
- Data => INDArrray



DataVec Spark Based Operations

- Joins
- Column Transformations
- Data Analysis



Spark Analyze

- Tool to gather statistics across a data set



Spark Analyze Example

- The Data: classic dataset of Iris flower characteristics

```
5.1,3.5,1.4,0.2,0  
4.9,3.0,1.4,0.2,0  
4.7,3.2,1.3,0.2,0  
4.6,3.1,1.5,0.2,0  
5.0,3.6,1.4,0.2,0  
5.4,3.9,1.7,0.4,0
```



Spark Analyze Example Continued...

- Define a Schema

```
Schema schema = new Schema.Builder()  
    .addColumnDouble("Sepal length", "Sepal width",  
        "Petal length", "Petal width")  
    .addColumnInteger("Species")  
    .build();
```



Spark Analyze Example Continued...

- Create Spark Conf

```
SparkConf conf = new SparkConf();  
conf.setMaster("local[*]");  
conf.setAppName("DataVec Example");  
JavaSparkContext sc = new JavaSparkContext(conf);
```



Spark Analyze Example Continued...

- Read Data

```
String directory = new ClassPathResource("IrisData/iris.txt")
    .getFile().getParent();
//Normally just define your directory
//like "file:/..." or "hdfs:/..."
JavaRDD<String> stringData = sc.textFile(directory);
```



Spark Analyze Example Continued...

- Parse Data

```
//We first need to parse this comma-delimited (CSV) format;  
//we can do this using CSVRecordReader:  
RecordReader rr = new CSVRecordReader();  
JavaRDD<List<Writable>> parsedInputData =  
stringData.map(new StringToWritablesFunction(rr));
```



Spark Analyze Example Continued...

- Analyze Data

```
int maxHistogramBuckets = 10;  
DataAnalysis dataAnalysis =  
    AnalyzeSpark.analyze(schema,  
        parsedInputData, maxHistogramBuckets);  
  
System.out.println(dataAnalysis);
```



Spark Analyze Output

- min,max,mean,StDev,Variance,num0,
- numNegative,numPositive,numMin,numMax,Total
- See example IrisAnalysis.java



Spark Analyze options

- Per Column Analysis

```
//We can get statistics on a per-column basis:  
DoubleAnalysis da = (DoubleAnalysis)dataAnalysis.getColumnAnalysis("Sepal"  
double minValue = da.getMin();  
double maxValue = da.getMax();  
double mean = da.getMean();
```



Spark Analyze HTML output

- To Generate HTML Output

```
HtmlAnalysis.createHtmlAnalysisFile(dataAnalysis,  
new File("DataVecIrisAnalysis.html"));
```



```
//To write to HDFS instead:  
//String htmlAnalysisFileContents =  
//HtmlAnalysis.createHtmlAnalysisString(dataAnalysis);  
//SparkUtils.writeStringToFile("hdfs://your/hdfs/path/here",  
//htmlAnalysisFileContents,sc);
```



DataVec Spark Transform Process

- Joining
- Transformation
- Schema alteration



Video

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MLEMw2NxjxE>



Code Examples

- <https://github.com/deeplearning4j/dl4j-examples/tree/master/datavec-examples>
- http://github.com/SkymindIO/screencasts/tree/master/datavec_spark_transform



Basic Example CSV Data

- Storm Reports Data

```
161006-1655,UNK,2 SE BARTLETT,LABETTE,KS,37.03,-95.19,  
TRAINED SPOTTER REPORTS TORNADO ON THE GROUND. (ICT),TOR
```

```
//Fields are
```

```
//datetime,severity,location,county,state,lat,lon,comment,type
```



Define Schema as read

```
Schema inputDataSchema = new Schema.Builder()  
    .addColumnString("datetime", "severity", "location", "county", "state")  
    .addColumnDouble("lat", "lon")  
    .addColumnString("comment")  
    .addColumnCategorical("type", "TOR", "WIND", "HAIL")  
    .build();
```



Define Transform process

```
TransformProcess tp = new TransformProcess.Builder(inputDataSchema)
    .removeColumns
    ("datetime","severity","location","county","state","comment")
    .categoricalToInteger("type")
    .build();
// keep lat/lon convert type to 0,1,2
```



Create Spark Conf

```
SparkConf sparkConf = new SparkConf();  
sparkConf.setMaster("local[*]");  
sparkConf.setAppName("Storm Reports Record Reader Transform");  
JavaSparkContext sc = new JavaSparkContext(sparkConf);
```



read the data file

```
JavaRDD<String> lines = sc.textFile(inputPath);
```



Convert to Writable

```
JavaRDD<List<Writable>> stormReports =  
lines.map(new StringToWritablesFunction(new CSVRecordReader()));
```



Run our transform process

```
JavaRDD<List<Writable>> processed =  
SparkTransformExecutor.execute(stormReports, tp);
```



Convert Writable Back to String for Export

```
JavaRDD<String> toSave=  
processed.map(new WritablesToStringFunction(", "));
```



Write to File

```
toSave.saveAsTextFile(outputPath);
```



Distributed Training in Spark

- Documentation
 - <https://deeplearning4j.org/spark>
- Examples
 - <https://github.com/deeplearning4j/dl4j-examples/tree/master/dl4j-spark-examples>



Non-Distributed Training overview

- Process minibatch
 - Calculate Loss Function
 - Calculate direction of less error
 - Update weights in that direction



Non-Distributed Training Challenges

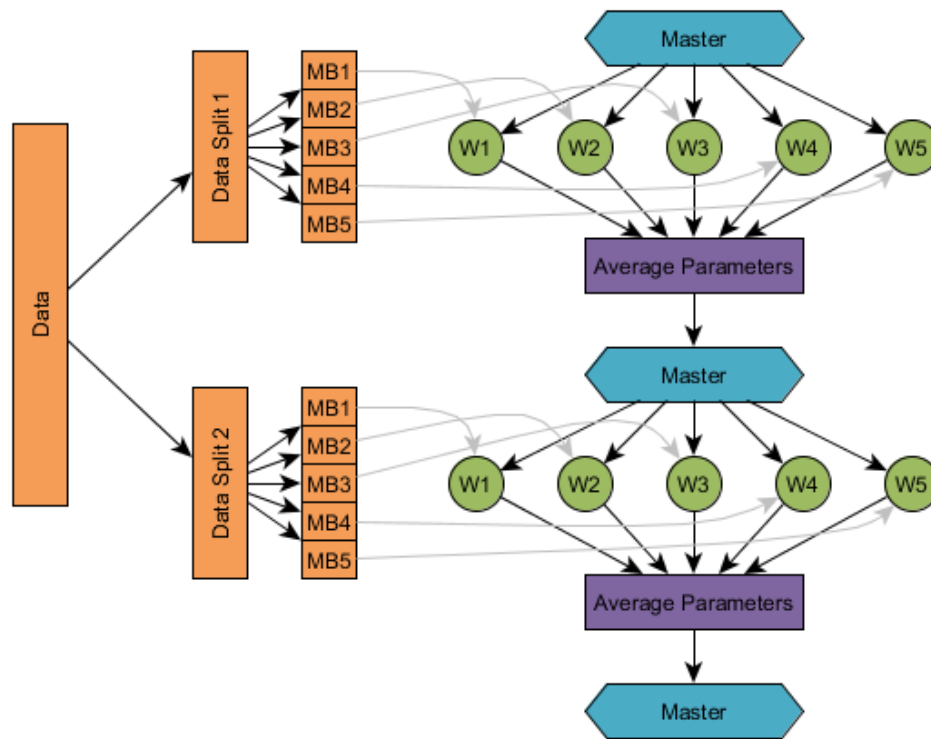
- Number of parameters may be large
- CPU or preferably GPU intensive
- Update large multi-dimensional matrix of numeric values



Distributed Training Implementation

- Workers process minibatch
- Calculate Loss Function
- Calculate Gradient update
- Submit to Parameter server
- Parameter Server averages weights from workers
- Ships averaged weights to workers





DL4J Spark Examples

- <https://github.com/deeplearning4j/dl4j-examples/tree/master/dl4j-spark-examples>



Minimal Example

```
JavaSparkContext sc = ...;
JavaRDD<DataSet> trainingData = ...;
MultiLayerConfiguration networkConfig = ...;

//Create the TrainingMaster instance
int examplesPerDataSetObject = 1;
TrainingMaster trainingMaster = new ParameterAveragingTrainingMaster.Builder(examplesPerDataSetObject)
    .(other configuration options)
    .build();

//Create the SparkDl4jMultiLayer instance
SparkDl4jMultiLayer sparkNetwork = new SparkDl4jMultiLayer(sc, networkConfig, trainingData);

//Fit the network using the training data:
sparkNetwork.fit(trainingData);
```



How to Participate and Contribute

- Chat with us on Gitter
 - <https://gitter.im/deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j>
- Contribute
 - <https://github.com/deeplearning4j/>



Interesting Challenges

- GPU aware Yarn
 - <https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/YARN-5517>
- Parallelism in DeepLearning
 - https://static.googleusercontent.com/media/research.google.com/en//archive/large_deep_netwc

