单选 (1分) Which of the following is defined as primary literature? A. Monographs B. Patents C. Review articles D. Dictionaries 2 单选 (1分) Which of the following is the first scientific literature that you read as a student? A. Text books B. Review articles C. American technical reports D. Patents 3 单选 (1分) The following information is read from product specifications except for A. Information about the products B. Information concerning the characteristics of the products C. Information about the inventor of the products D. Information about the composition and the functions of the products 4 单选 (1分) Which type of document below does not belong to the classification of product specification? A. Agricultural product specification B. Financial product specification C. Industrial product specification D. Publishing product specification

在下面的试题中,共有50个多项选择题,每题1分,共计50分。每个题有四个选项,有一个是正确答案。

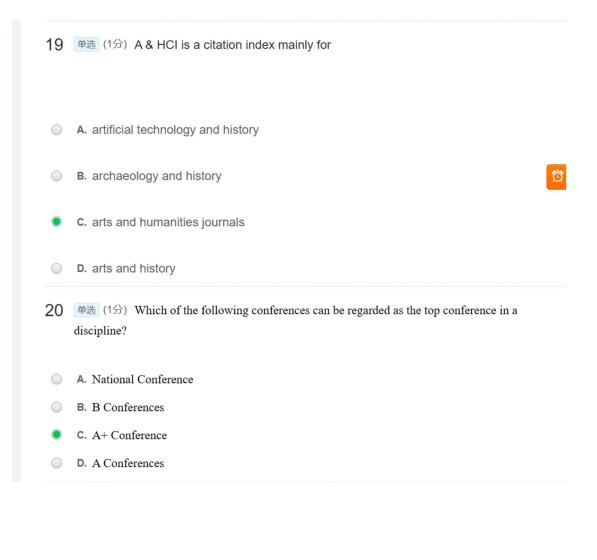
5	单选 (1分) Which of the following is not categorized as standard documents?
0	A. Specification
	B. English text books
	C. Conventions
0	D. Norms
6	单选 (1分) Which country has the largest amount of technical reports published annually?
	A. China
	B. Britain
	C. Russia
	D. America
7	单选 (1分) Which of the following government publications does not belong to the administrative type?
0	A. Investigations and statistics
	B. Judicial documents
	C. Popular science materials
0	D. Rules and regulations
8	单选 (1分) Which is correct about the types of government publications?
0	A. Investigations and statistics
•	B. Administrative documents and judicial documents
0	C. Administrative and technological
0	D. Research reports and technical documents

9	单选(1分)What is the other name given to government publications?
0	A. Grey literature
	B. Scientific literature
	C. Agency publications
	D. Official publications
10	单选(1分)Technical reports, in terms of progress, are classified into the following
	types except for
	A. Progress reports
	B. Primary reports
	c. Academic reports
	D. Interim reports
	D. Interim reports

11	单选 (1分) Which of the following is not the feature of technical reports?
	A. Sequential
	B. Confidential
	C. Open to the public
	D. Immediate
12	单选(1分)OECD is the short form of
•	A. Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
	B. Organization of East Co-operation Department
0	c. Open Economic Central Department
	D. Organization for East Central District

13	单选 (1分) By which of the followings can you know the rank of an academic journal
	except for?
	A. Eigenfactor
	B. Impact factor
	C. G-Index
	D. Cite score
14	单选 (1分) Which of the following academic journals are regarded as top journals in the
	world except for:
	A. Materials and Materials Science
0	B. Cell
	C. Nature
	D. Science

15	单选 (1分) Which of the following is not a feature of academic journals:
0	A. Continuity
•	B. Easily understood by laymen
0	C. Comprehensiveness
0	D. Promptness
16	单选 (1分) Which of the followings is a numeric commercial book identifier?
	A. IDS
	B. ISSN
•	c. ISBN
	D. DOI
17	单选 (1分) Which of the following citation indexes is not for journal articles across natural sciences?
	A. A & HCI
•	A. A & HCI B. ISR
•	
	B. ISR
18	B. ISR C. CPCI-S
0	B. ISR C. CPCI-S D. SCI
0	B. ISR C. CPCI-S D. SCI 単选(1分)SCI is the short form for
0	B. ISR C. CPCI-S D. SCI 単选(1分)SCI is the short form for A. Science Citation Index.



21	单选 (1分) CSSCI is the short form for
•	A. Chinese Social Science Citation Index
0	B. Central Social Science Citation Index
	c. China Social Science Citation Index
0	D. China's Social Science Citation Index
22	单选(1分)Which of the following is not the function of citation indexes?
0	A. Evaluating the academic performance of a given scholar
	B. Retrieving the development of a given academic area
	C. Retrieving the latest literature of a given research problem
	D. Evaluating the financial performance of a given institute
23	单选 (1分) How to achieve accuracy in scientific literature?
	A. All the other three
	B. The concept should be accurate
	C. The data should be accurate
	D. The words should be appropriate
24	单选 (1分) The reason why the logo for EverNote is an elephant comes from a legend that
	A. an elephant is very clever
	B. it symbolizes one party in the US
	C. this software was developed by a person named Elephant
	D. an elephant never forgets

25 单选(1分)Which of the followings is not listed as one of the functions of mindmapping?

A. making list

B. painting

C. summarizing events

D. notetaking

4. present tense

B. past tense

C. present perfect tense

D. all of the above

27	单选 (1分) What does 'conciseness' mean regarding the scientific literature?
0	A. complex
0	B. complicated
0	C. confusing
•	D. brief and clear
28	单选 (1分) How can a piece of writing achieve 'clarity'?
•	A. all the other three
0	B. having obvious arguments
0	c. avoiding ambiguity
0	D. using clear structure

29	单选(1分)How to achieve 'objectivity' in the writing of an academic writing?
	A. Presenting many personal feelings.
	The contract of the contract o
	B. Offering more comments and opinions.
	c. Being free from personal biases.
\circ	D. Using many "I believe".
30	单选 (1分) How can neat formation be achieved in scientific literature?
0	A. by close reasoning
	B. all of the other three
	C. by using complete sentences
	D. by using tight connection
	b. by using tight connection
31	单选 (1分) Which is not a term for classification of types of titles of journal articles:
0	A. declarative title
	B. single sentence title
	C. descriptive or neutral title
	D. interrogative title
32	单选 (1分) Which of the following parts is not listed as the moves in an abstract?
-	
0	A. background
	B. conclusion
	C. results
	D. author's names

33	单选 (1分) In the introduction section of a research article, we can read the following information except for:
	A. relevant researches in the area
	B. author's thanks to supporters
	C. rationale for undertaking the study
0	D. the research gap existing in the research area
34	单选 (1分) When the author of a research article conducts the literature review part, he or she would likely use the past tense to indicate what others researchers:
0	A. are going to do
	B. would like to do in the future
	C. are doing then
•	D. have already done
35	单选 (1分) The linguistic features of the research method section are one of the followings:
	A. being subjective
	B. use of past tense and passive voice
	C. use of first person
0	D. use of subjunctive mood
36	单选 (1分) Which of the following terms can not be used to describe the research method?
	A. observation
	B. questionnaire
	C. interview
	D. lecture

37	单选 (1分) If ethical issue is involved in your study, usually you need to get approval from which of the following organizations?
	A. the Medical club of your school
	B. your department
	C. the Students Union
	D. Ethics Committee or some kind of institutions
38	单选 (1分) When the research results are presented in the result section, following linguistic features can be found except for:
	A. past tense
	B. present tense
	C. subjunctive mood
	D. passive voice
39	单选 (1分) In the conclusion section of a research article, usually how do the authors indicate the main contents of the research?
•	A. by summarizing the major findings of the study
	B. by restating the purpose of the study
	C. by pointing out the future research directions
	D. by evaluating the study
40	单选 (1分) An in-text reference, also called the in-text citation, can be in the form of indirect citation which is one of the followings:
0	A. to explain others with no indication of citation
	B. to paraphrase or summarize texts from original writing
	C. to paraphrase other's words using quotation marks
	D. to quote word by word of what others said

41	单选(1分)A review article's contents focus on the following except for:
•	A. the methods and results of one particular research
	B. discussion of the development
	C. generalization of current situation
0	D. researches previously published by others
42	单选 (1分) Review articles cover many aspects of the researches, thus they are classified
i	nto the following categories except for:
	A. result review
	B. a research review
	C. contentious review
	D. developmental review
43	单选 (1分) The key feature of a critical review article lies in that it:
•	A. analyzes and finally discusses the research findings which hopefully result in a critical evaluation
	B. points out the gaps existing in the research area
	C. summarized the major findings in a research filed
0	D. presents the author's own research work
44	单选 (1分) The introduction section of a research article and that of a review article are similar in that they both contains the following moves except for:
	A. relevant studies in the given research area
	B. author introduction
	C. background information of the research area
	D. gaps in the given research area

45	单选(1分) The literature review also occurs in the research article, but it has to focus on:
0	A. what the author likes about the topic
	B. whatever the author knows about the given academic field
•	C. number of articles reviewed D. the related works with the present research
46	单选 (1分) Which of the following word will indicate the article might be a review article except for:
0	A. new directions B. development of
•	C. a study of
	D. properties of

47	单选(1分)Which of the following descriptions of the reviews is indicating the future developments:
	A. Retrospective review
•	B. Prospective review
0	c. Micro review
0	D. Macro review
48	单选 (1分) The purposes of reading review articles are the follows except for:
0	A. to get a comprehensive list of supporting references
0	A. to get a comprehensive list of supporting referencesB. to get renewed knowledge of a certain area
<!--</th--><th></th>	
<!--</th--><th>B. to get renewed knowledge of a certain area</th>	B. to get renewed knowledge of a certain area

49	单选 (1分) One of the most important moves in the conclusion section of a review article is to point out:					
	A. what the author's conclusion about what he has reviewed					
	B. what others have done in the given research area					
• C. the gaps and challenges in the present research area and future research work						
	D. the method of conducting this review					
50	单选 (1分) By the name of "book review", can you make a guess what this article is about?					
0	A. the writing process of the book					
•	B. a review of the author of a book					
	c. an introduction of and comment on a book					
0	D. an outline of a book					