# **Software Engineering for the Cloud**

### 1/ Start with a single local service

I use python for simplicity:

```
app.py 1 x

C: > Users > julie > OneDrive > Bureau > Software Engineering for the Cloud > app >  app.py > ...

from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

app.route('/')

def hello():
    return 'Hello, this is your mini application!'

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0')
```

Then I create the Dockerfile:

```
C: > Users > julie > OneDrive > Bureau > Software Engineering for the Cloud > app > ** Dockerfile

1  # Use an official Python runtime as a parent image

2  FROM python:3.11.5

3  # Set the working directory to /app

5  WORKDIR /app

6  ** Copy the current directory contents into the container at /app

8  COPY . /app

9  # Install any needed packages specified in requirements.txt

11  RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org flask

12

13  # Make port 80 available to the world outside this container

14  EXPOSE 80

15

16  # Define environment variable

17  ENV NAME World

18

19  # Run app.py when the container launches

20  CMD ["python", "app.py"]
```

I build and publish docker image:

#### I create the deployment file:

#### Then apply the deployment configuration:

```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>minikube start

* minikube v1.32.0 sur Microsoft Windows 11 Pro 10.0.22631.3007 Build 22631.3007

* Utilisation du pilote docker basé sur le profil existant

* Démarrage du noeud de plan de contrôle minikube dans le cluster minikube

* Extraction de l'image de base...

* Mise à jour du container docker en marche "minikube" ...

* Préparation de Kubernetes v1.28.3 sur Docker 24.0.7...

* Configuration de Bridge CMI (Container Networking Interface)...

* Vérification des composants Kubernetes...

- Utilisation de l'image gcr.io/k8s-minikube/storage-provisioner:v5

* Modules activés: storage-provisioner, default-storageclass

! C:\Program Files\Docker\Docker\resources\bin\kubectl.exe est la version 1.25.9, qui peut comporter des incompatibilités avec Kubernetes 1.28.3.

- Vous voulez kubectl v1.28.3 ? Essayez 'minikube kubectl -- get pods -A'

* Terminé ! kubectl est maintenant configuré pour utiliser "minikube" cluster et espace de noms "default" par défaut.

C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>kubectl apply -f deployment.yaml

deployment.apps/mini-app unchanged
```

#### I create the service file:

```
C: > Users > julie > OneDrive > Bureau > Software Engineering for the Cloud > app > ! service.yaml

1     apiVersion: v1
2     kind: Service
3     metadata:
4     name: mini-app
5     spec:
6     selector:
7     app: mini-app
8     ports:
9     - protocol: TCP
10     port: 5000
11     targetPort: 5000
12     type: LoadBalancer
13
14
```

#### Then apply the service configuration:

```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>kubectl apply -f service.yaml service/mini-app unchanged
```

#### Checking the status:

```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>kubectl get service mini-app
NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S) AGE
mini-app LoadBalancer 10.97.22.83 127.0.0.1 5000:31545/TCP 12d
```

### 2/ Add a local gateway

By using minikube tunnel, you create a local gateway that makes services accessible from your machine.

```
Microsoft Windows [version 10.0.22631.3007]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. Tous droits réservés.

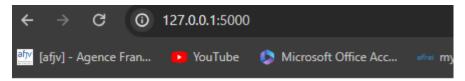
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud>minikube tunnel

* Tunnel démarré avec succès

* REMARQUE : veuillez ne pas fermer ce terminal car ce processus doit rester actif pour que le tunnel soit accessible...

* Tunnel de démarrage pour le service mini-app.
```

Now let's open a web browser and navigate to the external IP. I should be able to see my mini application.



Hello, this is your mini application!

Working!

### 3 and 4/ Add a second service and add a local database

I repeat all the previous step to create a second service but this time with a local database in it:

```
from flask import Flask, request
from flask sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
app = Flask(__name__)
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'] = 'sqlite:///app2.db'
db = SQLAlchemy(app)
class Message(db.Model):
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    content = db.Column(db.String(200), nullable=False)
@app.route('/')
def index():
    messages = Message.query.all()
    html_content = "<h1>Welcome to App2</h1>"
   for message in messages:
      html_content += f"{message.content}"
   html_content += ""
   return html content
@app.route('/add_message', methods=['POST'])
def add_message():
   content = request.form.get('content')
   new_message = Message(content=content)
   db.session.add(new_message)
   db.session.commit()
   return 'Message added successfully!'
if __name__ == '__main__':
   db.create_all()
    app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0')
```

```
# Use an official Python runtime as a parent image
FROM python:3.11.5

# Set the working directory to /app

WORKDIR /app2

# Copy the current directory contents into the container at /app

COPY . /app2

# Install any needed packages specified in requirements.txt

RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org flask flask_sqlalchemy

# Make port 80 available to the world outside this container

EXPOSE 80

# Define environment variable
ENV NAME World

# Run app2.py when the container launches
CMD ["python", "app2.py"]
```

```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>docker build -t sl33pycl0ud/mini-app2:latest .

[+] Building 1.3s (10/10) FINISHED

=> [internal] load .dockerignore
  => transferring context: 2B
=> [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
  => transferring dockerfile: 556B
=> [internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/python:3.11.5
  => [auth] library/python:pull token for registry-1.docker.io
=> [1/4] FROM docker.io/library/python:3.11.5@sha256:2e376990a11f1c1e03796d08db0e99c36eadb4bb6491372b227f1e53c3482914
  => [internal] load build context
  => => transferring context: 156B
  => CACHED [2/4] WORKDIR /app
=> CACHED [3/4] COPY . /app
=> CACHED [4/4] RUN pip install --trusted-host pypi.python.org flask
  => exporting to image
  => => exporting layers
  => => writing image sha256:694511d529450dc75901f486cf6766c482d0454ef5eeb60fe78b309f5ae97bad
  => => naming to docker.io/sl33pycl0ud/mini-app2:latest
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app>docker push sl33pycl0ud/mini-app2:latest
The push refers to repository [docker.io/sl33pycl0ud/mini-app2]
c58513d807dd: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
a47166e0694f: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
931c6e5dd0d7: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
db22e0d1d36b: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
0d3flaea6da4: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
78dd9ecf8a6d: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
78dd9ecf8a6d: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
 c26432533a6a: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
01d6cdeac539: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
a981dddd4c65: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
 f6589095d5b5: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
 7c85cfa30cb1: Mounted from sl33pycl0ud/mini-app
 latest: digest: sha256:e8ba4dc9adab73246aef36bc6c788ace1d3a4667e6263a5b564ba1e62514129c size: 2632
```

```
C: > Users > julie > OneDrive > Bureau > Software Engineering for the Cloud > app2 > ! deployment2.yaml

apiVersion: apps/v1

kind: Deployment

metadata:

name: mini-app2-deployment

spec:

replicas: 3

selector:

matchLabels:

app: mini-app2

template:

metadata:

labels:

app: mini-app2

spec:

containers:

name: mini-app2

image: sl33pycl@ud/mini-app2:latest

ports:

ports:

- containerPort: 5000
```

C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app2>kubectl apply -f deployment2.yaml deployment.apps/mini-app2-deployment created

```
C: > Users > julie > OneDrive > Bureau > Software Engineering for the Cloud > app2 > ! service2.yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: Service

metadata:

name: mini-app2-service

spec:

selector:

app: mini-app2

ports:

ports:

port: 5000

targetPort: 5000

type: LoadBalancer

13
```

C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app2>kubectl apply -f service2.yaml service/mini-app2-service created

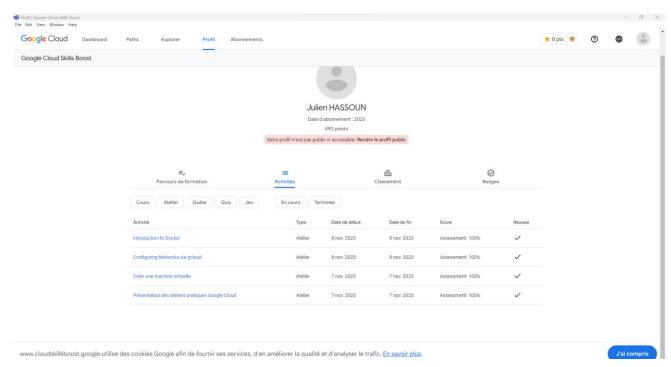
```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud\app2>kubectl get service mini-app2-service
NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S) AGE
mini-app2-service LoadBalancer 10.107.41.78 127.0.0.1 5000:30157/TCP 2m
```

Now I use again the minikube tunnel:

```
C:\Users\julie\OneDrive\Bureau\Software Engineering for the Cloud>minikube tunnel
* Tunnel démarré avec succès
* REMARQUE : veuillez ne pas fermer ce terminal car ce processus doit rester actif pour que le tunnel soit accessible...
* Tunnel de démarrage pour le service mini-app.
* Tunnel de démarrage pour le service mini-app2-service.
```

Unfortunately, I didn't get the time to do the Deployement in a cloud infrastructure.

## 5/ Google labs



I couldn't do all of them because I have no credit 😀 (Thanks Efrei!)

LINK FOR THE GITHUB: https://github.com/SI33pyCl0ud/Software-Engineering-for-the-Cloud.git