

6. Приближённое решение краевой задачи для обыкновенного дифференциального уравнения

Варианты заданий

Найти приближённое решение краевой задачи для обыкновенного дифференциального уравнения на отрезке $[0, 1]$ с шагом $h = 0.05$. Для вычисления решения использовать метод прогонки с краевыми условиями первого и второго порядка точности. Для сравнения приведено точное решение $u_0(x)$.

1.
$$u'' + \frac{1}{2(1+x)}u' - \frac{1+2x}{2(1+x)}u = \frac{3\cos x - (3+4x)\sin x}{2\sqrt{1+x}},$$
$$u(0) = 1, \quad u(1) - 2u'(1) = 0.1704,$$
$$u_0(x) = \sqrt{1+x}\sin x + e^{-x};$$

2.
$$u'' - (\operatorname{th} x)u' + (\operatorname{ch}^2 x)u = \frac{x\operatorname{ch}^2 x - \operatorname{th} x}{3},$$
$$u(0) + u'(0) = 1.3333, \quad u'(1) = 0.9280,$$
$$u_0(x) = \sin(\operatorname{sh} x) + \frac{x}{3};$$

3.
$$u'' + (\cos x)u' + (\sin x)u = 1 - \cos x - \sin x,$$
$$u(0) - u'(0) = 0, \quad u(1) = 1.3818,$$
$$u_0(x) = \sin x + \cos x;$$

4.
$$u'' + \frac{1}{1+x}u' + \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}u = \frac{2+6x+5x^2}{(1+x)^2},$$
$$2u(0) - u'(0) = -1, \quad 3u(1) + u'(1) = 7.3015,$$
$$u_0(x) = x^2 + \sin(\ln(1+x));$$

5.
$$u'' + (\operatorname{ch} x)u' + (\operatorname{sh} x)u = \operatorname{ch} x + x\operatorname{sh} x,$$
$$u'(0) = 0, \quad 6u(1) + u'(1) = 8.3761,$$
$$u_0(x) = \exp(-\operatorname{sh} x) + x;$$

6. $u'' + \frac{2x}{1+x^2}u' + \frac{2x \operatorname{tg} x}{1+x^2}u = \frac{2x \operatorname{tg} x}{1+x^2} \operatorname{arctg} x - \cos x,$
 $u(0) = 1, \quad u(1) + 2u'(1) = 0.6428,$
 $u_0(x) = \cos x + \operatorname{arctg} x;$
7. $u'' - \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{2}u' - \left(1 + \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{2}\right)u = -\frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{2}(3 + \operatorname{tg} x),$
 $4u(0) + u'(0) = 7, \quad u'(1) = -0.9403,$
 $u_0(x) = \sqrt{\cos x} + e^{-x};$
8. $u'' + \frac{1}{1+x}u' + \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{1+x}u = \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} x}{1+x} \ln(1+x) - \cos x,$
 $u(0) - u'(0) = -1, \quad u(1) = 1.9266,$
 $u_0(x) = \cos x + 2 \ln(1+x);$
9. $u'' + (\operatorname{tg} x)u' - \frac{2x}{\cos x}u = 2 - \frac{2x^3}{\cos x},$
 $2u(0) - u'(0) = -1, \quad 3u(1) + u'(1) = 8.0647,$
 $u_0(x) = \sin x + x^2;$
10. $u'' + \frac{2x}{1+x^2}u' - \frac{2}{1+x^2}u = \frac{2 + (1 - 2x - x^2)e^x}{1+x^2},$
 $u'(0) = -1, \quad 4u(1) + u'(1) = -9.1644,$
 $u_0(x) = x \operatorname{arctg} x - e^x;$
11. $u'' + \frac{1}{1+x}u' + \frac{2}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x}u = \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x} \left(\frac{1}{1+x} + 2 \ln(1+x) \right),$
 $u(0) = 0, \quad u(1) - u'(1) = 0.5348,$
 $u_0(x) = \ln(1+x) + \operatorname{th} x;$

$$\begin{aligned}
12. \quad & u'' + \left(\operatorname{th} \frac{x}{2}\right) u' - (\cos x) u = -\sin x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x, \\
& u(0) - u'(0) = -1.5, \quad u'(1) = 0.9335, \\
& u_0(x) = \sin x + \operatorname{th} \frac{x}{2};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
13. \quad & u'' + \frac{x}{1+x^2} u' - \frac{1}{1+x^2} u = \frac{3-2x+4x^2}{1+x^2} e^{-2x}, \\
& 2u(0) - u'(0) = 6, \quad u(1) = 1.5495, \\
& u_0(x) = \sqrt{1+x^2} + e^{-2x};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
14. \quad & u'' + (\cos x) u' + (\sin x) u = x \sin x, \\
& 3u(0) - u'(0) = 2, \quad 2u(1) + u'(1) = 3.2391, \\
& u_0(x) = x + \cos x;
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
15. \quad & u'' + \frac{1}{1+x} u' - \frac{x}{1+x} u = -\frac{x \ln(1+x)}{1+x}, \\
& u'(0) = -1, \quad 6u(1) + u'(1) = 8.3377, \\
& u_0(x) = \ln(1+x) + 2e^{-x};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
16. \quad & u'' - \frac{x}{4-x^2} u' - \frac{x \operatorname{tg} x}{4-x^2} u = -2 \cos x - \frac{x \operatorname{tg} x}{4-x^2} \arcsin \frac{x}{2}, \\
& u(0) = 2, \quad u(1) - 2u'(1) = 3.8154, \\
& u_0(x) = \arcsin \frac{x}{2} + 2 \cos x;
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
17. \quad & u'' - \frac{2x}{1+x^2} u' - \frac{2(1-x^2)}{(1+x^2)^2} u = -\frac{5(x^5+2x^3+3x)}{2(1+x^2)^2}, \\
& 2u(0) + u'(0) = 2, \quad u'(1) = 1.3916, \\
& u_0(x) = 2(1+x^2) \operatorname{arctg} x - \frac{5}{4} x^3;
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
18. \quad & u'' + (\operatorname{th} x)u' + \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x}u = -2 \operatorname{th} x - \frac{2x}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x}, \\
& u(0) - u'(0) = 3, \quad u(1) = -1.3519, \\
& u_0(x) = \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch} x} - 2x;
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
19. \quad & u'' + (\cos x)u' + (1 + \sin x)u = \frac{e^x}{2}(2 + \sin x + \cos x), \\
& 2u(0) - u'(0) = 2.5, \quad 2u(1) - u'(1) = 3.2812, \\
& u_0(x) = \cos x + \frac{e^x}{2};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
20. \quad & u'' + (\operatorname{tg} x)u' + \frac{\cos^2 x}{4(1 + \sin x)^2}u = 1 + x \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{x^2 \cos^2 x}{8(1 + \sin x)^2}, \\
& u'(0) = 0.5, \quad 6u(1) - u'(1) = 9.9430, \\
& u_0(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + \sqrt{1 + \sin x};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
21. \quad & u'' + (\operatorname{tg} x)u' + (\cos^2 x)u = \operatorname{tg} x + x \cos^2 x, \\
& u(0) = 1, \quad u(1) - u'(1) = 1.0692, \\
& u_0(x) = \cos(\sin x) + x;
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
22. \quad & u'' - \frac{x}{4 - x^2}u' + \frac{1}{4 - x^2}u = -\frac{2x}{4 - x^2}, \\
& u(0) + u'(0) = 2, \quad u'(1) = 1.6977, \\
& u_0(x) = x + 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{4}} \arcsin \frac{x}{2};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
23. \quad & u'' - 2(\operatorname{tg} x)u' + \frac{1}{\cos^4 x}u = \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\cos^4 x}, \\
& u(0) - u'(0) = 0, \quad u(1) = 1.5708, \\
& u_0(x) = \operatorname{tg} x + \cos(\operatorname{tg} x);
\end{aligned}$$

24. $u'' + 2(\operatorname{th} x)u' + 2(\sin x)u = \sin 2x - \cos x$,
 $3u(0) - u'(0) = 2$, $2u(1) - u'(1) = 3.0253$,
 $u_0(x) = \cos x + \operatorname{th} x$;
25. $u'' + 3(\operatorname{th} 2x)u' + (1 - \operatorname{th} 2x)u = \frac{1}{2}(3 \cos x - \sin x) \operatorname{th} 2x$,
 $u'(0) = 1.5$, $3u(1) - u'(1) = 5.1460$,
 $u_0(x) = \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{th} 2x} + \frac{1}{2} \sin x$;
26. $u'' + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}u' + 2\frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\cos^2 x}u = 2 + 2x\frac{1 + x \operatorname{tg} x}{\cos^2 x}$,
 $u(0) = 1$, $u(1) - u'(1) = -0.0676$,
 $u_0(x) = x^2 + \exp(-\operatorname{tg} x)$;
27. $u'' + 2(\operatorname{th} x)u' + \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch}^4 x}u = -4 \operatorname{th} x - \frac{2x}{\operatorname{ch}^4 x}$,
 $u(0) + u'(0) = -1$, $u'(1) = -1.6960$,
 $u_0(x) = \sin(\operatorname{th} x) - 2x$;
28. $u'' + (\operatorname{tg} x)u' + xu = (1 + x) \cos x + x^2 \sin x$,
 $u(0) - u'(0) = 1$, $u(1) = 1.3818$,
 $u_0(x) = x \sin x + \cos x$;
29. $u'' + (2 \operatorname{th} x)u' + (1 - \operatorname{th} x)u = (1 - \operatorname{th} x) \arcsin(\operatorname{th} x)$,
 $3u(0) - u'(0) = 2$, $2u(1) + u'(1) = 3.1821$,
 $u_0(x) = \arcsin(\operatorname{th} x) + \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch} x}$;
30. $u'' - \frac{1}{1+x}u' + \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}u = -1 - \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}$,
 $u'(0) = 2$, $u(1) - u'(1) = 0.3863$,
 $u_0(x) = 2(1+x) \ln(1+x) - x^2$;