

## Bios 6301: Assignment 6

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Due Tuesday, 26 October, 1:00 PM

 $5^{n=day}$  points taken off for each day late.

40 points total.

Submit a single knitr file (named homework6.rmd), along with a valid PDF output file. Inside the file, clearly indicate which parts of your responses go with which problems (you may use the original homework document as a template). Add your name as author to the file's metadata section. Raw R code/output or word processor files are not acceptable.

Failure to name file homework6.rmd or include author name may result in 5 points taken off.

#### Question 1

#### 16 points

Obtain a copy of the football-values lecture. Save the five 2021 CSV files in your working directory.

Modify the code to create a function. This function will create dollar values given information (as arguments) about a league setup. It will return a data frame and write this data frame to a CSV file. The final data frame should contain the columns 'Player Name', 'pos', 'points', 'value' and be orderd by value descendingly. Do not round dollar values.

Note that the returned data.frame should have sum(posReq)\*nTeams rows.

Define the function as such ( $10^{\circ}$  points):

```
# path: directory path to input files
# file: name of the output file; it should be written to path
# nTeams: number of teams in league
# cap: money available to each team
# posReq: number of starters for each position
# points: point allocation for each category
ffvalues <- function(path, file='outfile.csv', nTeams=12, cap=200,
                      posReq=c(qb=1, rb=2, wr=3, te=1, k=1),
                      points=c(fg=4, xpt=1, pass yds=1/25, pass tds=4,
                                pass_ints=-2,rush_yds=1/10, rush_tds=6,
                                fumbles=-2, rec_yds=1/20, rec_tds=6)) {
  ## read in CSV files
  positions <- c('k','qb','rb','te','wr')</pre>
  csvfile <- paste('proj_', positions, '21', '.csv', sep='')</pre>
  files <- file.path(path, csvfile)</pre>
  names(files) <- positions</pre>
  k <- read.csv(files['k'], header=TRUE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
  qb <- read.csv(files['qb'], stringsAsFactors=FALSE)</pre>
  rb <- read.csv(files['rb'])</pre>
  te <- read.csv(files['te'])</pre>
```

```
wr <- read.csv(files['wr'])</pre>
cols <- unique(c(names(k), names(qb), names(rb), names(te), names(wr)))</pre>
k[,'pos'] <- 'k'
ab[,'pos'] <- 'ab'</pre>
rb[,'pos'] <- 'rb'
te[,'pos'] <- 'te'
wr[,'pos'] <- 'wr'
# append 'pos' to unique column list
cols <- c(cols, 'pos')</pre>
# create common columns in each data.frame
# initialize values to zero
k[,setdiff(cols, names(k))] <- 0
qb[,setdiff(cols, names(qb))] <- 0</pre>
rb[,setdiff(cols, names(rb))] <- 0</pre>
te[,setdiff(cols, names(te))] <- 0
wr[,setdiff(cols, names(wr))] <- 0</pre>
# combine data.frames by row, using consistent column order
x <- rbind(k[,cols], qb[,cols], rb[,cols], te[,cols], wr[,cols])
## calculate dollar values
x[,'p_fg'] <- x[,'fg']*points[['fg']]
x[,'p_xpt'] <- x[,'xpt']*points[['xpt']]
x[,'p_pass_yds'] <- x[,'pass_yds']*points[['pass_yds']]</pre>
x[,'p_pass_tds'] <- x[,'pass_tds']*points[['pass_tds']]</pre>
x[,'p_pass_ints'] <- x[,'pass_ints']*points[['pass_ints']]</pre>
x[,'p_rush_yds'] <- x[,'rush_yds']*points[['rush_yds']]</pre>
x[,'p_rush_tds'] <- x[,'rush_tds']*points[['rush_tds']]</pre>
x[,'p_fumbles'] <- x[,'fumbles']*points[['fumbles']]</pre>
x[,'p_rec_yds'] <- x[,'rec_yds']*points[['rec_yds']]</pre>
x[,'p_rec_tds'] <- x[,'rec_tds']*points[['rec_tds']]</pre>
# sum selected column values for every row
# this is total fantasy points for each player
x[,'points'] <- rowSums(x[,grep("^p_", names(x))])</pre>
x2 <- x[order(x[,'points'], decreasing=TRUE),]</pre>
k.ix <- which(x2[,'pos']=='k')
qb.ix \leftarrow which(x2[,'pos']=='qb')
rb.ix <- which(x2[,'pos']=='rb')
te.ix <- which(x2[,'pos']=='te')
wr.ix <- which(x2[,'pos']=='wr')</pre>
# calculate marginal points by subtracting "baseline" player's points
x2[,'marg'] = -1
if (posReq[['k']]!=0) x2[k.ix, 'marg'] <-</pre>
  x2[k.ix,'points'] - x2[k.ix[nTeams*posReq[['k']]],'points']
if (posReq[['qb']]!=0) x2[qb.ix, 'marg'] <-</pre>
  x2[qb.ix,'points'] - x2[qb.ix[nTeams*posReq[['qb']]],'points']
if (posReq[['rb']]!=0) x2[rb.ix, 'marg'] <-</pre>
  x2[rb.ix,'points'] - x2[rb.ix[nTeams*posReq[['rb']]],'points']
if (posReq[['te']]!=0) x2[te.ix, 'marg'] <-</pre>
  x2[te.ix,'points'] - x2[te.ix[nTeams*posReq[['te']]],'points']
if (posReq[['wr']]!=0) x2[wr.ix, 'marg'] <-</pre>
  x2[wr.ix,'points'] - x2[wr.ix[nTeams*posReq[['wr']]],'points']
```

```
# create a new data.frame subset by non-negative marginal points
 x3 \leftarrow x2[x2[,'marg'] >= 0,]
  # re-order by marginal points
  x3 <- x3[order(x3[,'marg'], decreasing=TRUE),]
  # reset the row names
  rownames(x3) <- NULL
  # calculation for player value
  x3[,'value'] <- (nTeams*cap-nrow(x3))*x3[,'marg']/sum(x3[,'marg']) + 1
  # create a data.frame with more interesting columns
  x4 <- x3[,c('PlayerName','pos','points','value')]</pre>
  ## save dollar values as CSV file
  write.csv(x4,file.path(path,file))
  ## return data.frame with dollar values
  return(x4)
  1. Call x1 <- ffvalues('.')
      1. How many players are worth more than $20? (1 point)
      2. Who is 15th most valuable running back (rb)? (1 point)
x1 <- ffvalues('.')</pre>
# number of players are worth more than $20
sum(x1$value>20)
## [1] 44
# Who is 15th most valuable running back (rb)
x1[x1$pos=='rb',][15,'PlayerName']
## [1] "Chris Carson"
  1. Call x2 <- ffvalues(getwd(), '16team.csv', nTeams=16, cap=150)
      1. How many players are worth more than $20? (1 point)
      2. How many wide receivers (wr) are in the top 40? (1 point)
x2 <- ffvalues(getwd(), '16team.csv', nTeams=16, cap=150)
# number of players are worth more than $20
sum(x2$value>20)
## [1] 44
# number of wide receivers (wr) in the top 40
table(x2$pos[1:40])["wr"]
## wr
## 8
  1. Call:
    x3 <- ffvalues('.', 'qbheavy.csv', posReq=c(qb=2, rb=2, wr=3, te=1, k=0),
             points=c(fg=0, xpt=0, pass_yds=1/25, pass_tds=6, pass_ints=-2,
                     rush yds=1/10, rush tds=6, fumbles=-2, rec yds=1/20, rec tds=6)
```

```
# number of players are worth more than $20
sum(x3$value>20)
## [1] 47
# number of quarterbacks (qb)in the top 30
table(x3$pos[1:30])["qb"]
## qb
## 14
  1. How many players are worth more than $20? (1 point)
  2. How many quarterbacks (qb) are in the top 30? (1 point)
```

60 270

17

292 207

104

# Question 2

### 24 points

##

Import the HAART dataset (haart.csv) from the GitHub repository into R, and perform the following manipulations: (4 points each)

```
haart/<-
  read.csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/couthcommander/Bios6301/main/datasets/haart.csv')
```

1. Convert date columns into a usable (for analysis) format. Use the table command to display the counts of the year from init.date.

```
q1 = function(haart){
  date_col = c("init.date","last.visit","date.death")
  haart[,date_col] = data.frame(lapply(haart[,date_col],as.Date,format="%m/%d/%y"))
  return(haart)
}
haart = q1(haart)
str(haart)
## 'data.frame':
                   1000 obs. of 12 variables:
                       1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 ...
                 : int
                       25 49 42 33 27 34 39 31 52 23 ...
##
   $ age
                 : num
                       0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 ...
##
   $ aids
                 : int
##
  $ cd4baseline: int
                       NA 143 102 107 52 157 65 NA NA 3 ...
##
  $ logvl
                 : num
                       NA NA NA NA 4 ...
                       NA 58.1 48.1 46 NA ...
##
   $ weight
                 : num
##
   $ hemoglobin : num NA 11 1 NA NA NA 11 NA NA NA ...
                : chr "3TC,AZT,EFV" "3TC,AZT,EFV" "3TC,AZT,EFV" "3TC,AZT,NVP" ...
## $ init.date : Date, format: "2003-07-01" "2004-11-23" ...
   $ last.visit : Date, format: "2007-02-26" "2008-02-22" ...
##
   $ death
                 : int 0011000001...
   $ date.death : Date, format: NA NA ...
table(lubridate::year(haart$init.date))
##
## 1998
       2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007
```

Create an indicator variable (one which takes the values 0 or 1 only) to represent death within 1 year of the initial visit. How many observations died in year 1?

44

```
q2 = function(haart){
  # for patients observed death, find the year difference between init.date and date.death
  deathIn1yr = rep(0,prow(haart))
  deathIn1yr[difftime(haart$date.death, haart$init.date, units="days") <= 365] = 1</pre>
  haart = cbind(haart,deathIn1yr)
haart = q2(haart)
# number of observations died in year 1:
sum(haart$deathIn1yr)
```

## [1]/92

3. Use the init.date, last.visit and death.date columns to calculate a followup time (in days), which is the difference between the first and either the last visit or a death event (whichever comes first). If these times are longer than 1 year, censor them (this means if the value is above 365, set followup to 365). Print the quantile for this new variable.

```
q3 = function(haart){
  deathdiff = difftime(haart$date.death, haart$init.date, units="days")
  deathdiff[is.na(deathdiff)] = Inf
  lastdiff = difftime(haart$last.visit, haart$init.date, units="days")
  lastdiff[is.na(lastdiff)] = Inf
  followup = apply(cbind(deathdiff,lastdiff),1,min)
  followup[followup>365] = 365
  haart = cbind(haart,followup)
}
haart = q3(haart)
# quantiles of followup
print(quantile(haart$followup,probs = .1*(1:10)))
                 30%
                       40%
```

Create another indicator variable representing loss to followup; this means the observation is not known to be dead but does not have any followup visits after the first year. How many records are lost-to-followup?

80%

90% 100%

70%

50%

41 0 208.6 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0

60%

```
# lost to followup
# 1. unknown date.death, death == 0
# 2. followup within first year.
q4 = function(haart){
  lost_to_followup = as.numeric(haart$death==0 & haart$followup<365)</pre>
  haart = cbind(haart,lost_to_followup)
}
haart = q4(haart)
# number of records are lost-to-followup.
sum(haart$lost_to_followup)
```

## [1] 173

##

5. Recall our work in class, which separated the init.reg field into a set of indicator variables, one for each unique drug. Create these fields and append them to the database as new columns. Which drug regimen are found over 100 times?

```
# codes from class:
q5 = function(haart){
  init.reg <- haart$init.reg</pre>
```

```
haart[['init.reg_list']] <- strsplit(init.reg, ",")</pre>
  all_drugs <- unique(unlist(haart$init.reg_list))</pre>
  reg_drugs <- matrix(FALSE, nrow=nrow(haart), ncol=length(all_drugs))</pre>
  for(i in seq_along(all_drugs)) {
    reg_drugs[,i] <- sapply(haart$init.reg_list, function(x) all_drugs[i] %in% x)
  reg_drugs <- data.frame(reg_drugs)</pre>
  names(reg drugs) <- all drugs</pre>
  return(reg_drugs )
reg_drugs = q5(haart)
haart = cbind(haart,reg_drugs)
haart[1:3,]
##
     male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                              init.reg init.date
## 1
        1
           25
                  0
                             NA
                                    NA
                                            NA
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, EFV 2003-07-01
## 2
        1
           49
                  0
                            143
                                    NA 58.0608
                                                        11 3TC, AZT, EFV 2004-11-23
## 3
        1
           42
                  1
                            102
                                    NA 48.0816
                                                         1 3TC, AZT, EFV 2003-04-30
##
     last.visit death date.death deathIn1yr followup lost_to_followup 3TC AZT
## 1 2007-02-26
                     0
                             <NA>
                                            0
                                                    365
                                                                        O TRUE TRUE
## 2 2008-02-22
                     0
                             <NA>
                                            0
                                                    365
                                                                        O TRUE TRUE
## 3 2005-11-21
                     1 2006-01-11
                                            0
                                                    365
                                                                        O TRUE TRUE
##
      FFV
            NVP
                   D4T
                         ABC
                               DDT
                                      IDV
                                            LPV
                                                  RTV
                                                         SQV
                                                               FTC
                                                                     TDF
                                                                            DDC
                                                                                  NFV
## 1 TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 2 TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 3 TRUE FALSE FALSE
##
       T20
             ATV
                    FPV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE
# Which drug regimen are found over 100 times?
drugcount = apply(reg_drugs,2,sum)
drugcount[drugcount > 100]
## 3TC AZT EFV NVP D4T
## 973 794 516 358 146
```

6. The dataset haart2.csv contains a few additional observations for the same study. Import these and append them to your master dataset (if you were smart about how you coded the previous steps, cleaning the additional observations should be easy!). Show the first five records and the last five records of the complete (and clean) data set.

```
library(magrittr)
haart2 <-
  read.csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/couthcommander/Bios6301/main/datasets/haart2.csv')
haart2 = haart2 %>% q1 %>% q2 %>% q3 %>% q4
haart2
                                         logvl weight hemoglobin
##
     male
               age aids cd4baseline
                                                                      init.reg
        0 27.00000
## 1
                       0
                                 232
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                                NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 2
        1 38.72142
                       0
                                 170
                                            NA 84.0000
                                                                NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
        1 23.00000
                                 154 3.995635 65.5000
## 3
                      NA
                                                                14 3TC, DDI, EFV
## 4
        0 31.00000
                       0
                                 236
                                            NA 45.8136
                                                                NA 3TC, D4T, NVP
      init.date last.visit death date.death deathIn1yr followup lost_to_followup
## 1 2003-12-01 2004-01-05
                                                                35
                                0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
```

```
## 2 2002-09-26 2004-03-29
                                      <NA>
                                                           365
## 3 2007-01-31 2007-04-16
                              0
                                      <NA>
                                                    0
                                                            75
## 4 2003-12-03 2007-10-11
                                      <NA>
                                                           365
reg_drugs2 = q5(haart2)
reg_drugs2_full = data.frame(matrix(FALSE,nrow=nrow(reg_drugs2),
                                   ncol=ncol(reg_drugs)))
colnames(reg_drugs2_full) = colnames(reg_drugs)
reg drugs2 full[,colnames(reg drugs2)] = reg drugs2
haart2 = cbind(haart2,reg_drugs2_full)
complete_dt = rbind(haart,haart2)
complete_dt[c(1:5,((nrow(complete_dt)-4):(nrow(complete_dt)))),]
                 age aids cd4baseline
##
       male
                                         logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                                     init.reg
## 1
          1 25.00000
                        0
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                               NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 2
          1 49.00000
                        0
                                  143
                                            NA 58.0608
                                                               11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
          1 42.00000
                                  102
                        1
                                            NA 48.0816
                                                                1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                                  107
## 4
          0 33.00000
                        0
                                            NA 46.0000
                                                               NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
          1 27.00000
                        0
                                   52 4.000000
                                                    NA
                                                               NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
## 1000
          0 40.00000
                        1
                                  131
                                            NA 46.2672
                                                                8 3TC, D4T, NVP
## 1001
          0 27.00000
                        0
                                  232
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                               NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 1002
          1 38.72142
                        0
                                  170
                                            NA 84.0000
                                                               NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 1003
          1 23.00000
                       NA
                                  154 3.995635 65.5000
                                                               14 3TC, DDI, EFV
## 1004
                                  236
          0 31.00000
                        0
                                            NA 45.8136
                                                               NA 3TC, D4T, NVP
##
        init.date last.visit death date.death deathIn1yr followup
## 1
       2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                               0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                              365
       2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                                 0
                                                       0
## 2
                                         <NA>
                                                              365
## 3
       2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                                 1 2006-01-11
                                                       0
                                                              365
                                 1 2006-05-07
## 4
       2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                                               41
                                                       1
       2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                              365
## 1000 2003-07-03 2008-02-29
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                              365
## 1001 2003-12-01 2004-01-05
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                               35
## 1002 2002-09-26 2004-03-29
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                              365
## 1003 2007-01-31 2007-04-16
                                 0
                                                               75
                                         <NA>
## 1004 2003-12-03 2007-10-11
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                       0
                                                              365
                                     EFV
##
       lost_to_followup 3TC
                               AZT
                                           NVP
                                                 D4T
                                                       ABC
                                                             DDI
                                                                   IDV
## 1
                      O TRUE TRUE
                                    TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2
                              TRUE
                      O TRUE
                                    TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3
                      O TRUE
                              TRUE
                                    TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4
                      O TRUE
                              TRUE FALSE
                                         TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5
                                   TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                      O TRUE FALSE
## 1000
                      O TRUE FALSE FALSE
                                          TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1001
                      1 TRUE
                              TRUE FALSE
                                          TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1002
                             TRUE FALSE
                                         TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                      O TRUE
## 1003
                      1 TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 1004
                      O TRUE FALSE FALSE
                                          TRUE
                                                TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##
               SQV
                     FTC
                           TDF
                                 DDC
                                       NFV
                                             T20
                                                   ATV
                                                         FPV
## 1
       FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2
       FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3
       FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
       FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4
       FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1000 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

0

1

0

- ## 1001 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
- ## 1002 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
- ## 1003 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
- ## 1004 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE