Final Assignment: Multi-Office Network Design

Scenario:

You are tasked with designing a network for a company that has three offices: **Headquarters (HQ)**, **Branch Office 1**, and **Branch Office 2**. The company requires efficient communication between offices, secure VLAN segmentation, and dynamic routing for optimal traffic flow.

Requirements:

1. Office Layout:

- o HQ: Located in City A.
- o Branch Office 1: Located in City B.
- o Branch Office 2: Located in City C.

2. Devices:

- o Each office has the following devices:
 - Layer 2 Switches: To connect PCs and provide VLAN segmentation.
 - Layer 3 switches: To connect PCs and provide VLAN segmentation.
 - Routers: To connect offices and enable inter-office communication.
 - PCs: End-user devices in each office.
 - Any Device that will help complete your task

3. VLANs:

- Create the following VLANs:
 - VLAN 10: Management (for switches and routers)
 - VLAN 20: Sales
 - VLAN 30: Marketing
 - VLAN 40: IT
 - VLAN 50: Guest (for visitors)

4. Trunking:

- Configure trunk links between switches and routers to carry multiple VLANs.
- Use 802.1Q encapsulation for trunking.

5. Routing:

- Implement both dynamic and static routing:
 - Static Routing:
 - Set up static routes for default gateways on each router.
 - Ensure proper routing between VLANs.

6. Inter-VLAN Communication:

- o Enable communication between VLANs within each office.
- Configure separated interface connect router with two interfaces to the same switch
- Configure router on a stick configure sub-interfaces from one router to a switch.

7. Security:

- Secure the network by:
 - Disabling unused ports on switches.
 - Implementing port security (limiting MAC addresses per port).
 - Using strong passwords for device access.

8. Documentation:

- Provide a detailed network diagram showing device placement, VLANs, and routing.
- Include configuration details for each device (interfaces, IP addresses, OSPF settings, etc.).

9. BE CREATIVE!

Deliverables:

1. Network Diagram:

 Visually represent the network layout, including devices, VLANs, and connections.

2. Configuration Files:

Provide the configuration files for each device (switches and routers).

3. Explanation Document:

 Explain your design choices, including reasons for VLAN segmentation, routing protocols, and security measures.

Grading Criteria:

- Correct implementation of VLANs, Trunking modes, and routing methods and connectivity.
- Successful inter-VLAN communication.
- Proper security measures.
- · Clear and concise documentation.
- Deadline punctuality

The deadline for this assignment is 10/07/2025.

Please remember to test your network design thoroughly and choose the appropriate IP address classes wisely to ensure proper functionality. Good luck with your assignment!

<u>לא חובה - עבודת רשות לבית - אין צורך להגיש</u>

Bonus: VoIP VLAN Implementation

Requirements:

1. VoIP VLAN:

- o Create a dedicated VLAN for VoIP traffic.
- Assign an appropriate VLAN ID (VLAN 60) for VoIP devices.
- VoIP phones and related equipment (such as VoIP gateways) will be part of this VLAN.

2. Quality of Service (QoS):

- o Implement QoS settings to prioritize VoIP traffic over other data traffic.
- Configure the following QoS parameters:
 - DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) values for VoIP packets.
 - Traffic policing to limit non-VoIP traffic during congestion.
 - Traffic shaping to smooth out bursts of VoIP traffic.

3. VLAN Configuration:

- On the layer 2 switches:
 - Create the VoIP VLAN interface (SVI) with an IP address.
 - Assign switch ports connected to VoIP phones to the VoIP VLAN.
 - Ensure that the VoIP VLAN is allowed on trunk links between switches and routers.

4. Router Configuration:

- Configure the router interfaces connected to the VoIP VLAN:
 - Assign IP addresses to the router interfaces.
 - Enable routing for the VoIP VLAN.
 - Advertise the VoIP VLAN subnet via OSPFv2.

5. VolP Phones:

- Connect VoIP phones to the appropriate switch ports (assigned to the VoIP VLAN).
- Configure VoIP phones with the correct VLAN settings (VLAN ID, voice VLAN, etc.).

6. Testing:

- Verify VoIP communication:
 - Place test calls between VoIP phones in different offices.
 - Monitor call quality and latency.
 - Ensure that QoS settings are effective.

VoIP Deliverables:

1. Updated Network Diagram:

o Include the VoIP VLAN and its connections to VoIP phones and gateways.

2. Configuration Files:

 Provide the configuration details for switches, routers, and VoIP phones related to the VoIP VLAN.

3. Explanation Document:

- o Explain the rationale behind your VoIP design choices.
- o Discuss how QoS ensures reliable VoIP communication.

Grading Criteria:

- Correct implementation of the VoIP VLAN.
- Effective QoS settings for VoIP traffic.
- Successful VoIP communication across offices.
- Clear documentation of VoIP-related configurations.

Remember to thoroughly test your VoIP setup to ensure seamless communication.