Project 3: BD Analytics Clustering Project

Data set

Use the DBLP-Citation-network V10: 3,079,007 papers and 25,166,994 citation relationships (2017-10-27) from this data source: https://www.aminer.org/citation, as it is the most detailed one in JSON format. You can also check the schema of the respective data set on the same page under the "Description" link.

Goal

Can clustering similar research articles together simplify the search for related publications? How can the content of the clusters be qualified? And over each cluster how can we recommend the most similar papers leveraging clustering?

You are required to cluster the papers in the dataset, you need to use at least the abstract and the title of the paper. Then, you should build a simple search engine on top that recommends similar papers based on search by title.

Steps:

- 1. Read the dataset using Spark, common from previous projects
- 2. Do exploratory data analysis to help you extract features,
- 3. Keep only the English documents,
- 4. Preprocessing: the goal is to clean and preprocess the text to prepare it to represent it in vectors. It is a mandatory step in NLP projects to preprocess the text. You can have a look in this article to explore some of well-known preprocessing steps and find how they can be done in Spark Mlib: https://towardsdatascience.com/nlp-text-preprocessing-a-practical-guide-and-template-d80874676e79, required pre-processing
 - a. Remove stop words,
 - b. Remove custom stop words: research papers will often frequently use words that don't actually contribute to the meaning and are not considered everyday stop words and should be removed to enhance the accuracy. Examples of custom stop words are ['doi', 'preprint', 'copyright', 'peer', 'reviewed', 'org', 'https', 'et', 'al', 'author', 'figure', 'rights', 'reserved', 'permission', 'used', 'using', 'biorxiv', 'medrxiv', 'license', 'fig', 'fig.', 'al.', 'Elsevier', 'PMC', 'CZI', 'www']
 - c. Remove Punctuation, use this Regex: '!()-[]{};:"\,<>./?@#\$%^&*_~' to remove it,
 - d. Convert text to lower case,
- 5. Vectorization: convert the data into format that can be handled by ML algorithms. You can have a look on https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/mllib-feature-extraction.html, some useful techniques are:
 - a. TF-IDF: this will convert string-formatted data into a measure of how important each word is to the instance out of the literature as a whole. See, https://www.youtube.com/watch?=hc3DCn8viWs for more details,
 - b. Word2vec, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3eoX waysy4
- 6. Clustering: You can try K-means clustering. To determine K, you can run the elbow method. You can use PCA to reduce the dimensions while still keeping 95% of the variance in the data for better performance and hopefully remove some noise/outliers

7. Search engine: you can implement this via a very basic recommender function that takes as input a paper title and N as the top-most N closest papers. You recommend the top-most N based on the most similar (Cosine similarity) papers to the input paper title in the cluster to which it belongs.

8. Grading Rubric

This project contributes 15% of the total grade. The breakdown of the grade is as follows:

1. Reading and Understanding the Dataset (2 marks)

- **Reading the dataset using Spark**: Demonstrating the ability to load and handle a large dataset efficiently.
- **Schema understanding**: Clearly understanding and articulating the dataset's structure and relevant fields.

2. Exploratory Data Analysis (2 marks)

- **Initial Data Analysis**: Identification of key statistics, distribution of data, and potential issues with data quality.
- **Feature Extraction**: Insightful extraction and justification of features to be used from the dataset based on the exploratory analysis.

3. Preprocessing (4 marks)

- Language Filtering: Correct implementation of filtering to keep only English documents.
- **Text Cleaning**: Comprehensive cleaning including:
 - Removal of stop words and custom stop words. (1 mark)
 - Removal of punctuation and case normalization. (1 mark)
- **Rigor in Preprocessing**: Thoroughness in the preprocessing steps, ensuring the text is adequately prepared for vectorization.

4. Vectorization (3 marks)

- Implementation of TF-IDF and/or Word2Vec: Correct implementation and rationale for choosing the vectorization techniques. (2 marks)
- **Effectiveness**: Demonstrating the effectiveness of the vectorization process in capturing the semantic importance of words.

5. Clustering (3 marks)

- **Clustering Technique Implementation**: Correct implementation of K-means clustering or another appropriate algorithm. (1 mark)
- **Optimization and Validation**: Use of methods like the elbow method to determine the optimal number of clusters and justification of this choice. Application of PCA or other dimensionality reduction techniques if applicable. (2 marks)

6. Search Engine (1 mark)

• **Function Implementation**: Development of a basic recommender function that effectively uses cosine similarity to recommend papers based on the search by title.