



MODEL LIFECYCLE

**MÉRITO**

DIEGO RODRIGUES DSC

INFNET

# MODEL LIFECYCLE : MÉRITO

## PARTE 1 : TEORIA

- EVALUATION
  - MÉTRICAS PARA CLASSIFICAÇÃO
  - MÉTRICAS PARA REGRESSÃO

Produzir Ação

# CICLO DE VIDA DO MODELO

Baseado em Dados

# AMBIENTE PYTHON



4. Variáveis Aleatórias



5. Visualização



6. Estimação e Inferência



7. Machine Learning



statsmodels



1. Editor de Código



2. Gestor de Ambiente

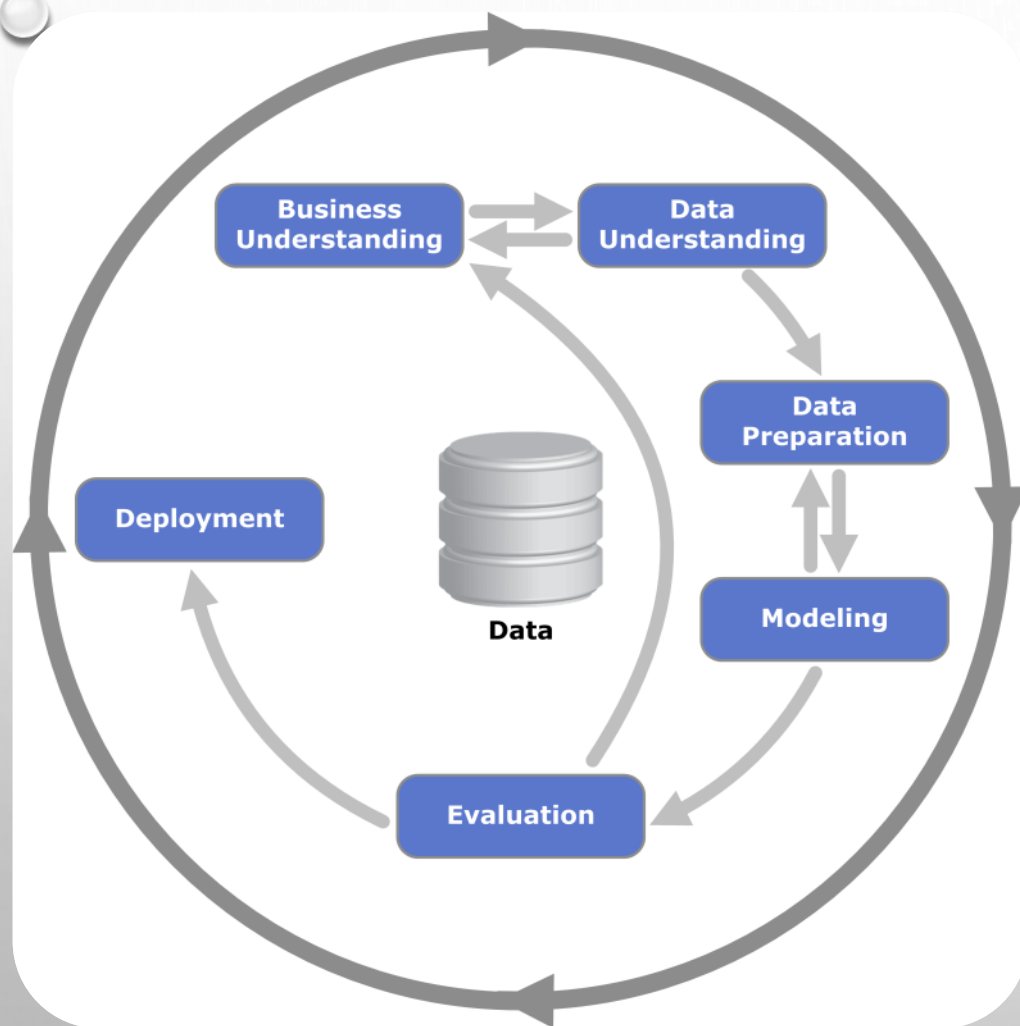


3. Ambiente Python do Projeto



3. Notebook Dinâmico

## Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining - IBM



### 1) **Requerimentos e Análise de Negócio**

Entendimento do problema decisório, dados relacionados & revisão bibliográfica.

### 2) **Preparação dos Dados**

Entendimento das fontes de dados, dos tipos e elaboração da representação.

### 3) **Modelagem**

Análise Exploratória, Seleção de atributos e treinamento.

### 4) **Avaliação**

Seleção do melhor modelo.

### 5) **Liberação**

Liberação do modelo no ambiente de produção.



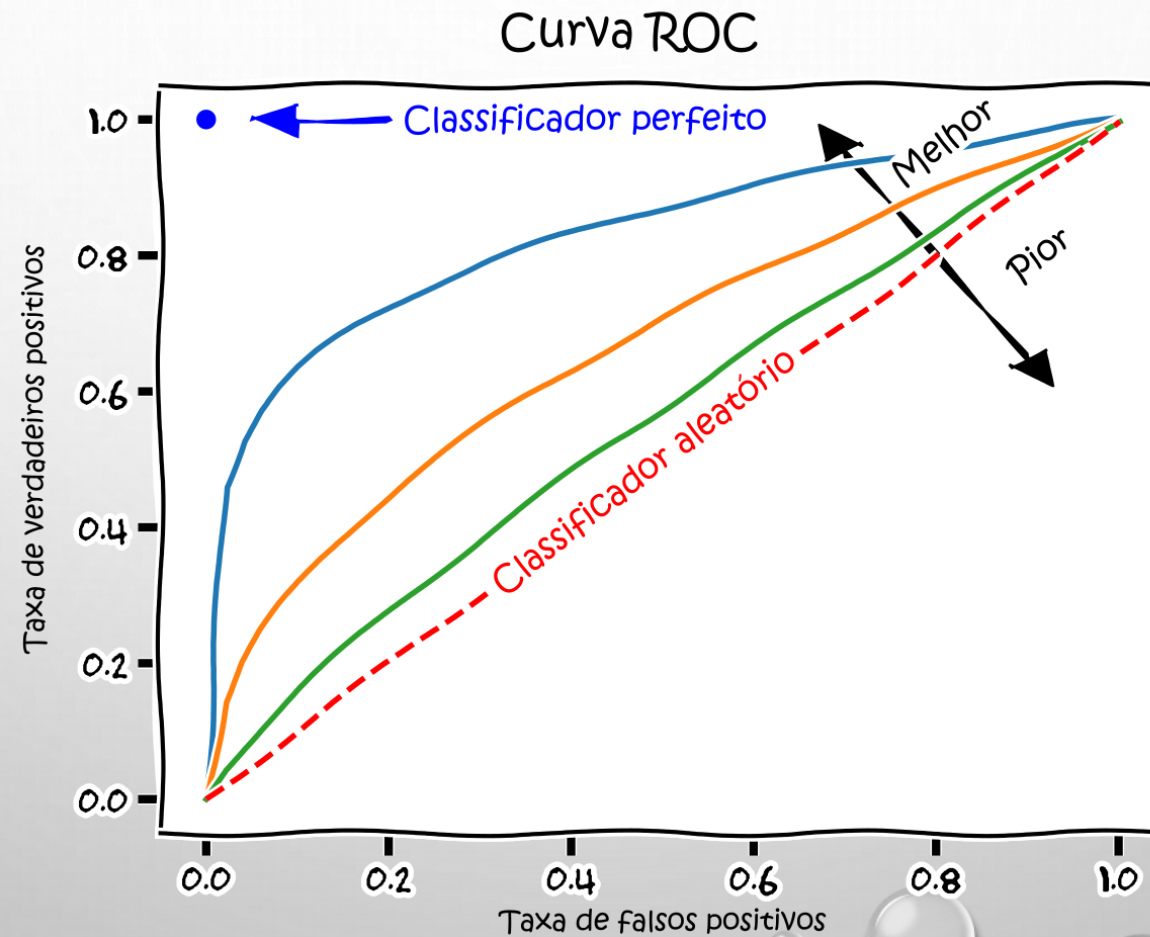
# EVALUATION

The background is a light gray gradient. In the top-left and bottom-right corners, there are several realistic water droplets of various sizes, some overlapping. In the center, there is a faint, circular watermark logo. The logo features a globe with a play button icon in the center, surrounded by the text 'UNIVERSITY OF THE PIAUI' and 'FACULDADE DE CIÊNCIAS EXATAS E TECNOLÓGICAS' at the bottom.

# CLASSIFICAÇÃO

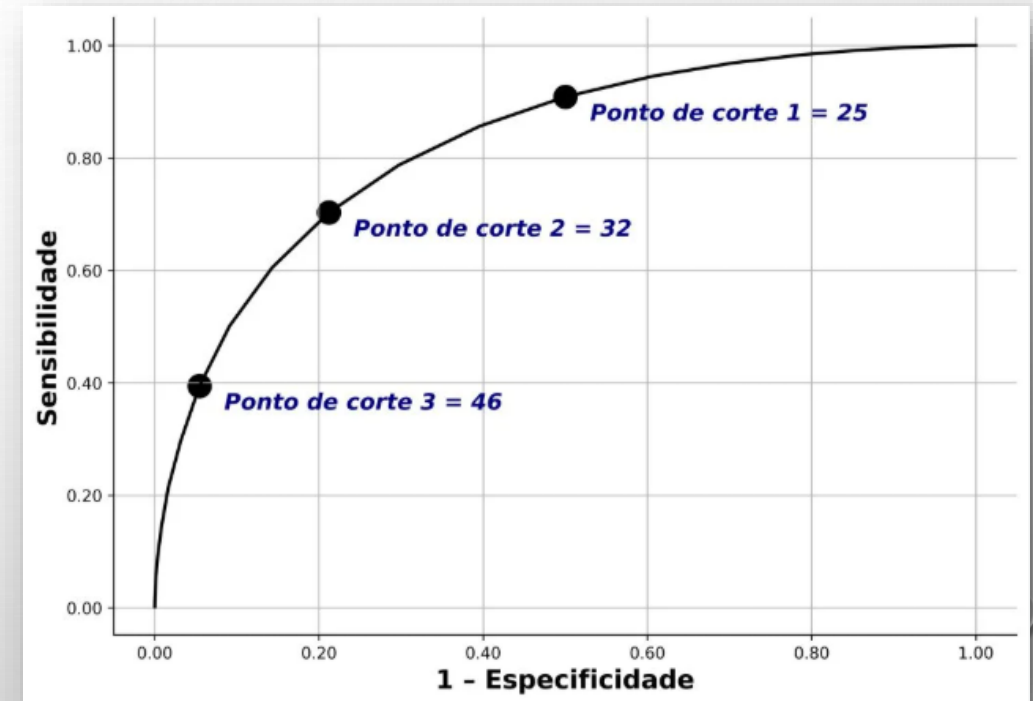
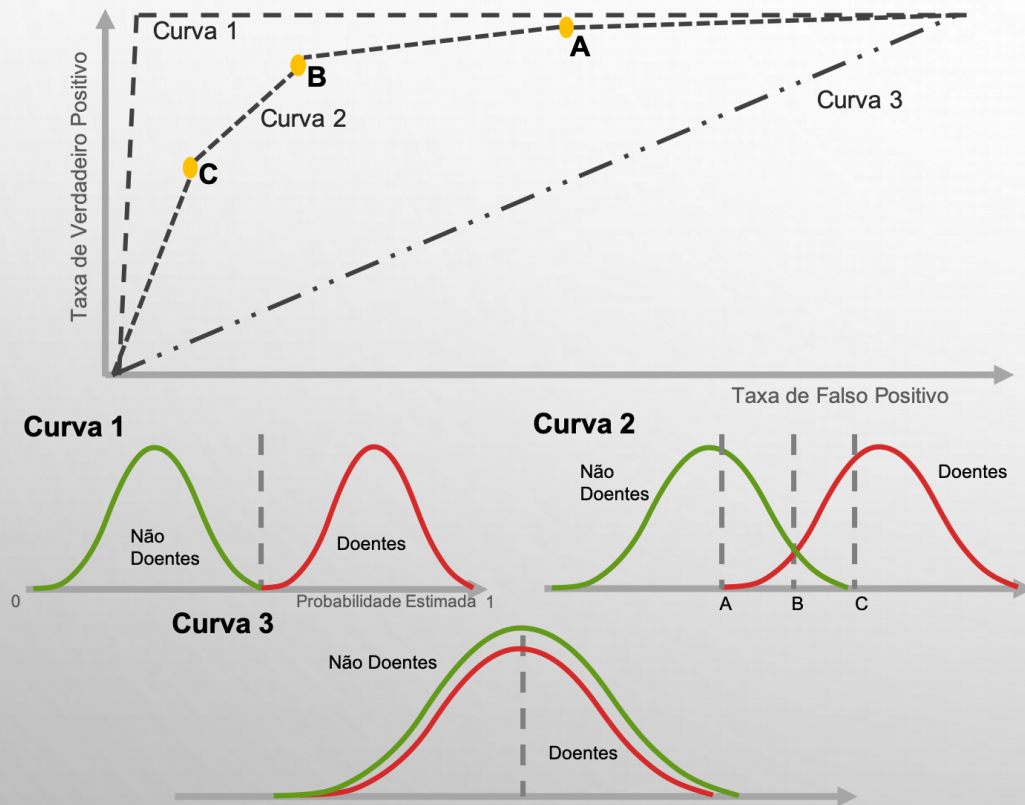


# CURVA ROC – RECEIVER OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

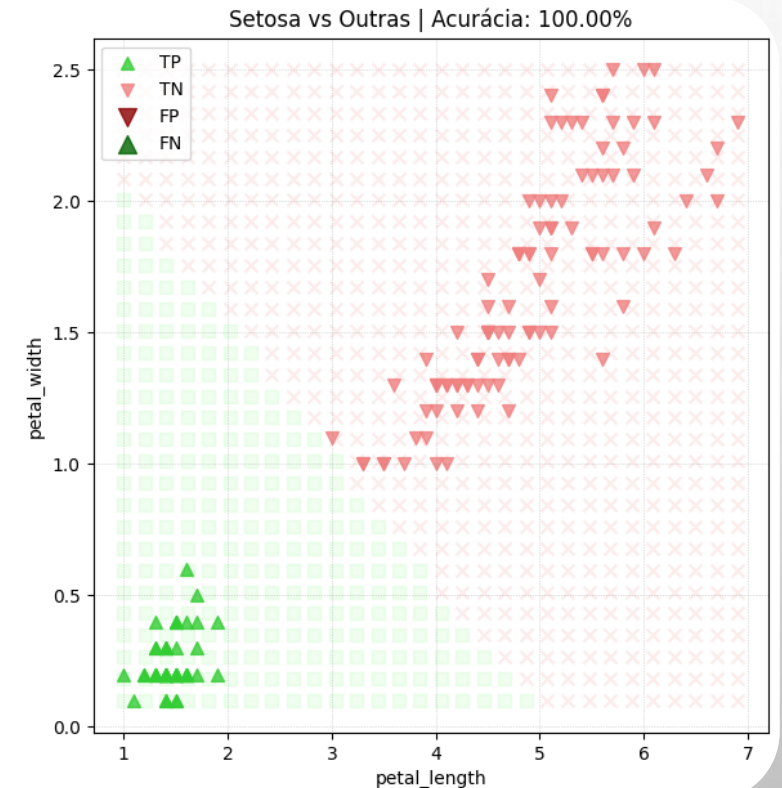
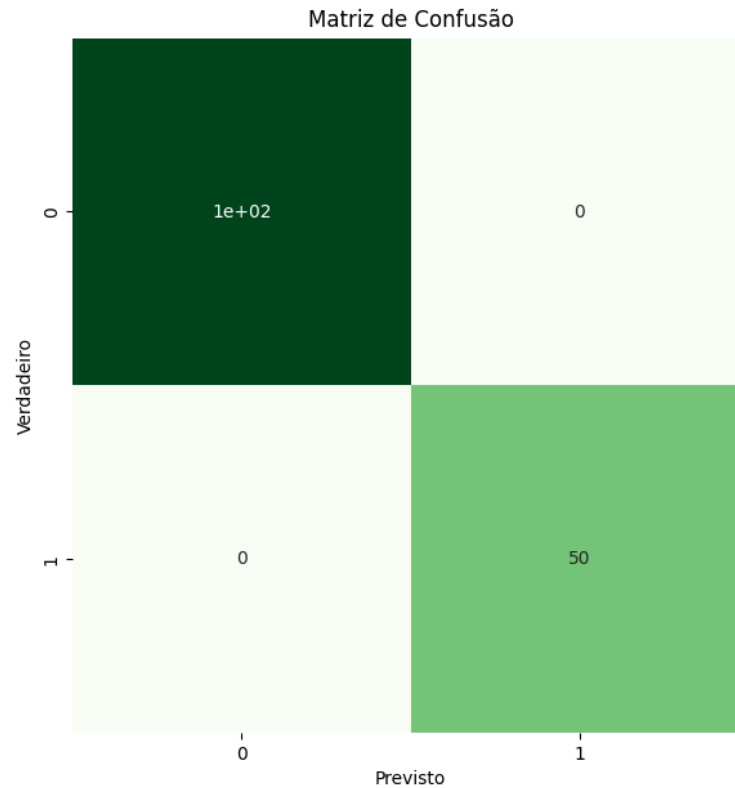
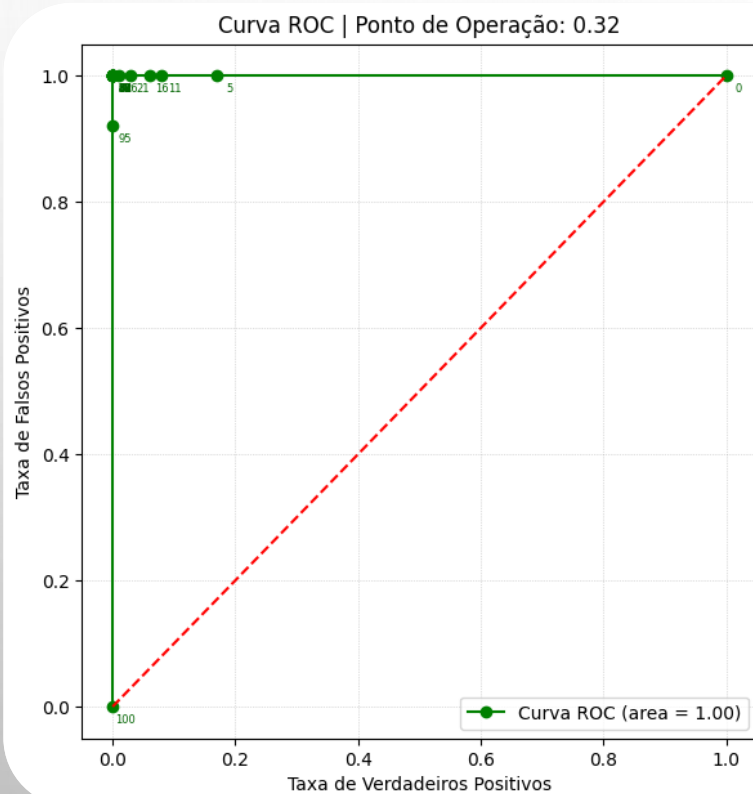




# CURVA ROC – RECEIVER OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

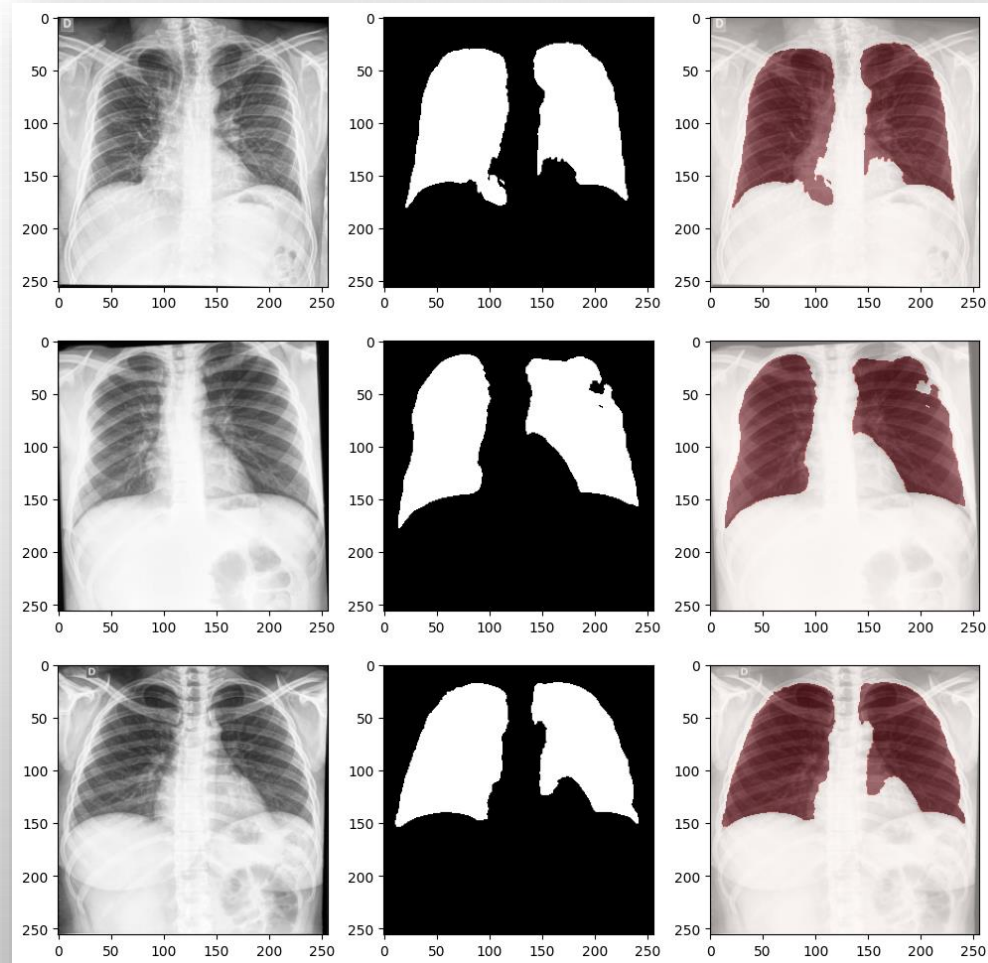
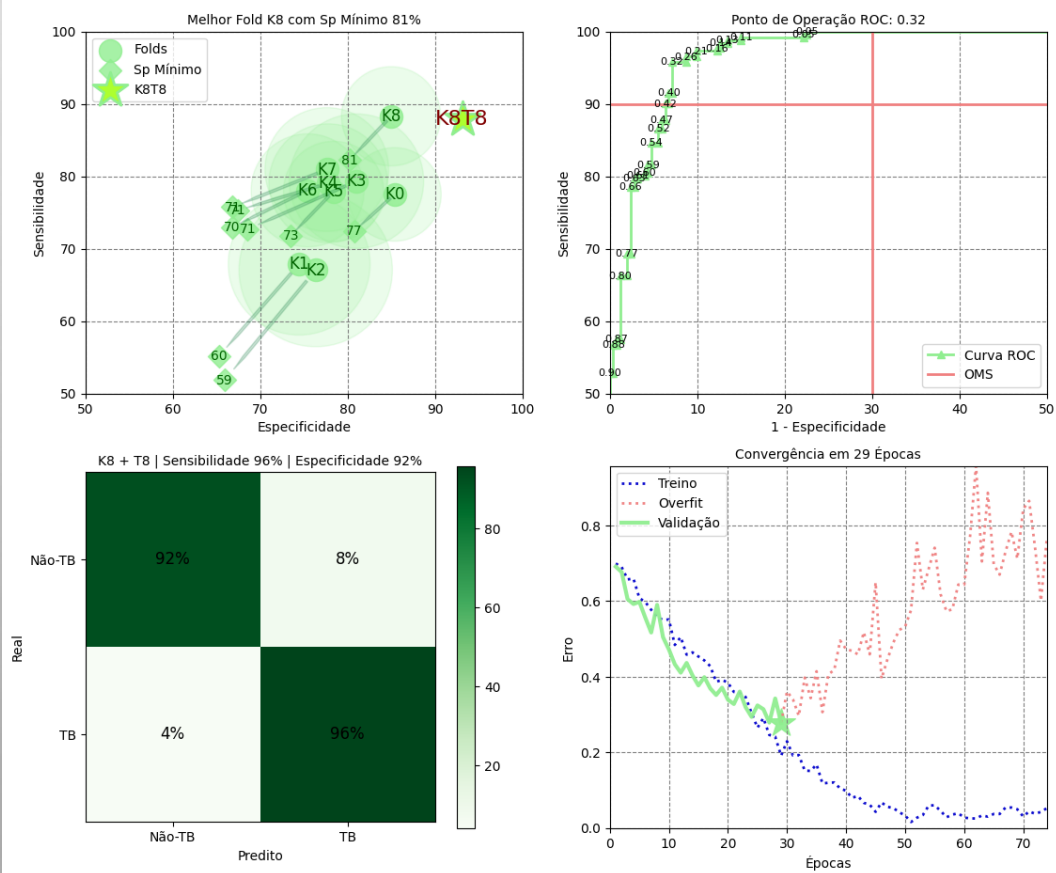


# PONTO DE OPERAÇÃO EXEMPLO 1

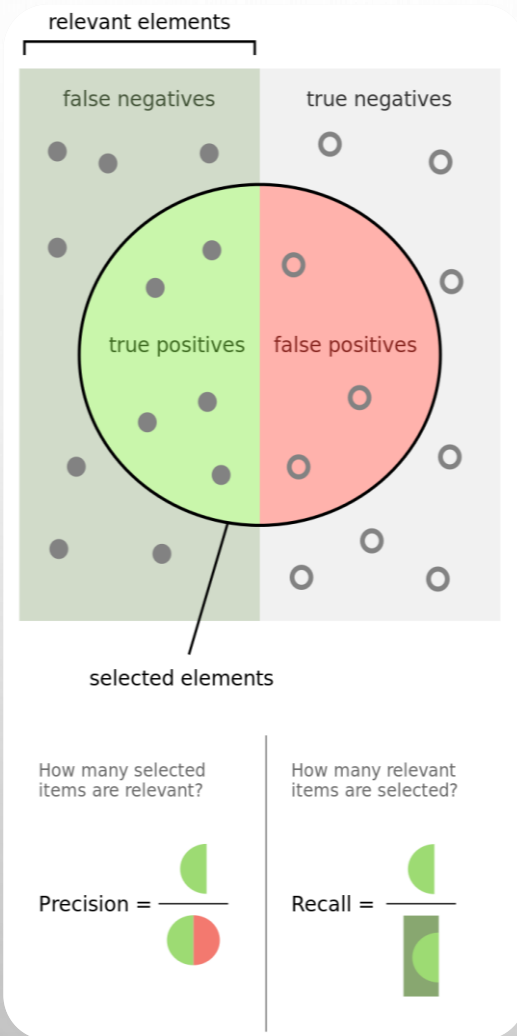


# PONTO DE OPERAÇÃO EXEMPLO 2

Melhor Rede K8T8 | Treino E=91% S=95% | Validação E=93% S=88%



# FIGURAS DE MÉRITO CLASSIFICAÇÃO



## Acurácia

- $(TP+TN)/(P+N)$

## Taxa de Erro

- $1 - \text{Acurácia}$

## Sensibilidade (Recall)

- $TP/(TP+FN)$

## F1 Score

- $2*TP/(2*TP+FP+FN)$

## Especificidade

- $TN/(TN+FP)$

## Precisão

- $TP/(TP+FP)$

## Produto Sp

- $\text{SQRT}[\text{SQRT}(R1*R2) * (R1 + R2)/2]$

# MÉTRICAS PARA CLASSIFICAÇÃO

<a href="#">accuracy_score</a>	Accuracy classification score.
<a href="#">auc</a>	Compute Area Under the Curve (AUC) using the trapezoidal rule.
<a href="#">average_precision_score</a>	Compute average precision (AP) from prediction scores.
<a href="#">balanced_accuracy_score</a>	Compute the balanced accuracy.
<a href="#">brier_score_loss</a>	Compute the Brier score loss.
<a href="#">class_likelihood_ratios</a>	Compute binary classification positive and negative likelihood ratios.
<a href="#">classification_report</a>	Build a text report showing the main classification metrics.
<a href="#">cohen_kappa_score</a>	Compute Cohen's kappa: a statistic that measures inter-annotator agreement.
<a href="#">confusion_matrix</a>	Compute confusion matrix to evaluate the accuracy of a classification.
<a href="#">d2_log_loss_score</a>	$D^2$ score function, fraction of log loss explained.
<a href="#">dcg_score</a>	Compute Discounted Cumulative Gain.
<a href="#">det_curve</a>	Compute error rates for different probability thresholds.
<a href="#">f1_score</a>	Compute the F1 score, also known as balanced F-score or F-measure.
<a href="#">fbeta_score</a>	Compute the F-beta score.
<a href="#">hamming_loss</a>	Compute the average Hamming loss.
<a href="#">hinge_loss</a>	Average hinge loss (non-regularized).
<a href="#">jaccard_score</a>	Jaccard similarity coefficient score.
<a href="#">log_loss</a>	Log loss, aka logistic loss or cross-entropy loss.
<a href="#">matthews_corrcoef</a>	Compute the Matthews correlation coefficient (MCC).
<a href="#">multilabel_confusion_matrix</a>	Compute a confusion matrix for each class or sample.
<a href="#">ndcg_score</a>	Compute Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain.
<a href="#">precision_recall_curve</a>	Compute precision-recall pairs for different probability thresholds.
<a href="#">precision_recall_fscore_support</a>	Compute precision, recall, F-measure and support for each class.
<a href="#">precision_score</a>	Compute the precision.
<a href="#">recall_score</a>	Compute the recall.
<a href="#">roc_auc_score</a>	Compute Area Under the Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve (ROC AUC) from prediction scores.
<a href="#">roc_curve</a>	Compute Receiver operating characteristic (ROC).
<a href="#">top_k_accuracy_score</a>	Top-k Accuracy classification score.
<a href="#">zero_one_loss</a>	Zero-one classification loss.



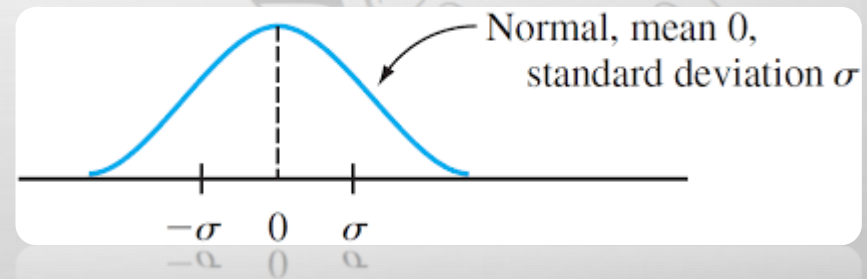
# REGRESSÃO

# FIGURAS DE MÉRITO - REGRESSÃO

- R QUADRADO

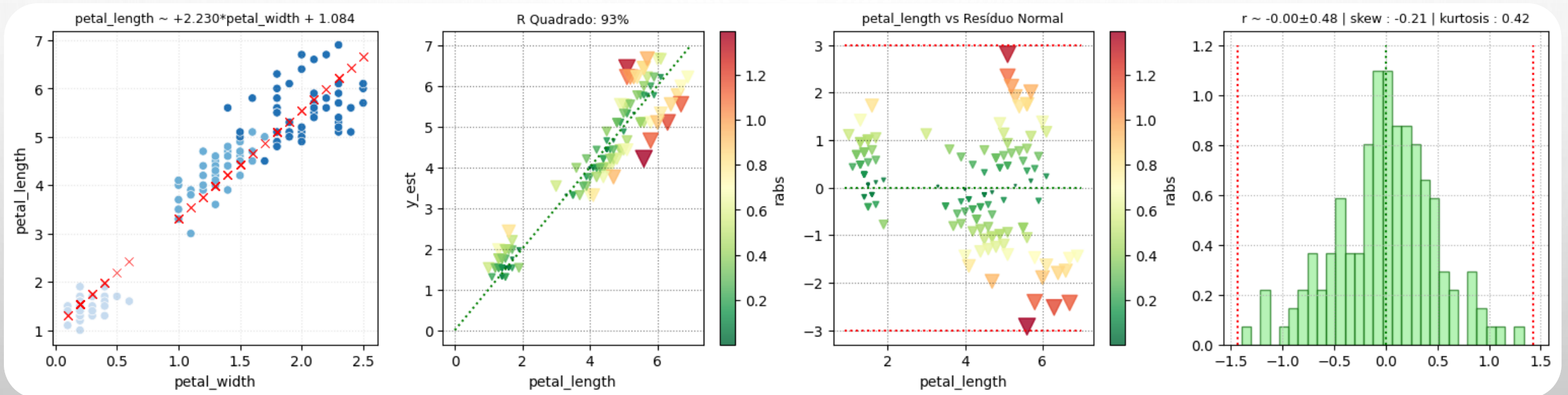
$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{SS_{RES}}{SS_{TOT}} = 1 - \frac{\sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_i (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

- RESÍDUO NORMAL DE MÉDIA  
ZERO E VARIÂNCIA CONSTANTE





# VALIDAÇÃO : GRÁFICOS DE APOIO



# MÉTRICAS PARA REGRESSÃO

<a href="#">d2_absolute_error_score</a>	$D^2$ regression score function, fraction of absolute error explained.
<a href="#">d2_pinball_score</a>	$D^2$ regression score function, fraction of pinball loss explained.
<a href="#">d2_tweedie_score</a>	$D^2$ regression score function, fraction of Tweedie deviance explained.
<a href="#">explained_variance_score</a>	Explained variance regression score function.
<a href="#">max_error</a>	The max_error metric calculates the maximum residual error.
<a href="#">mean_absolute_error</a>	Mean absolute error regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_absolute_percentage_error</a>	Mean absolute percentage error (MAPE) regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_gamma_deviance</a>	Mean Gamma deviance regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_pinball_loss</a>	Pinball loss for quantile regression.
<a href="#">mean_poisson_deviance</a>	Mean Poisson deviance regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_squared_error</a>	Mean squared error regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_squared_log_error</a>	Mean squared logarithmic error regression loss.
<a href="#">mean_tweedie_deviance</a>	Mean Tweedie deviance regression loss.
<a href="#">median_absolute_error</a>	Median absolute error regression loss.
<a href="#">r2_score</a>	$R^2$ (coefficient of determination) regression score function.
<a href="#">root_mean_squared_error</a>	Root mean squared error regression loss.
<a href="#">root_mean_squared_log_error</a>	Root mean squared logarithmic error regression loss.