- 4.1
- $(1) \frac{\alpha}{s(s+\alpha)}$
- $(2) \ \frac{1}{\left(s+2\right)^2}$
- $(3) \frac{1}{(s+\beta)} \frac{s+\beta}{(s+\beta)^2 + \alpha^2}$
- (4)  $2 \frac{3}{s+7}$
- $(5) \frac{\beta}{\left(s+\alpha\right)^2 \beta^2}$
- $(6) \ \frac{1}{(s+\alpha)(s+\beta)}$
- (7)  $\frac{(s+1)e^{-a}}{(s+1)^2 + \omega^2}$
- (8)  $\frac{(s+2)e^{-(s-1)}}{(s+1)^2}$
- (9)  $aF(as + a^2)$
- $(10) \ \frac{2s^3 24s}{\left(s^2 + 4\right)^3}$
- $(11) \ln\left(\frac{s}{s+a}\right)$
- (12)  $\ln\left(\frac{s+5}{s+3}\right)$
- $(13) \ 2e^{-\frac{3}{2}t}$
- $(14) \frac{4}{3} \left( 1 e^{-\frac{3}{2}t} \right)$
- $(15) \frac{1}{5} \left[ 1 \cos\left(\sqrt{5}t\right) \right]$
- (16)  $6e^{-4t} 3e^{-2t}$
- (17)  $\sin t + \delta(t)$
- $(18) \ 1 2e^{-\frac{t}{RC}}$
- (19)  $7e^{-3t} 3e^{-2t}$
- $(20) \frac{1}{6} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \sin\left(\sqrt{3}t\right) t\cos\sqrt{3}t \right]$
- $(21) \frac{-a}{(\alpha a)^2 + \beta^2} \left\{ e^{-at} \left[ \cos(\beta t) + \frac{\alpha^2 + \beta^2 a\alpha}{a\beta} \sin(\beta t) e^{-\alpha t} \right] \right\}$
- $(22) \ \frac{1}{t} \left( e^{-9t} 1 \right)$
- 4.2
- (1)  $\frac{1}{(s+1)}e^{-2(s+1)}$
- $(2) \; \frac{1}{s+1} e^{-2s}$
- $(3) \frac{e^2}{s+1}$

$$(4) \ \frac{2\cos 2 + s\sin 2}{s^2 + 4} e^{-s}$$

(5) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2} \Big[ 1 - (1+s)e^{-s} \Big] e^{-s}$$

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(1) 
$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}s}}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}s}}{2s}$$

(2) 
$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s} e^{-2s}$$

(3) 
$$F(s) = \frac{\pi(1 + e^{-s})}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

(4) 
$$F(s) = \frac{2-s}{\sqrt{2}(s^2+4)}$$

(5) 
$$F(s) = \frac{s^2}{(s+1)^2 + 1}$$

(6) 
$$F(s) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$$

(7) 
$$F(s) = \ln \frac{s+5}{s+3}$$

4.4

(1) 
$$f(0_+)=1$$
,  $f(\infty)=0$ 

(2) 
$$f(0+)=1$$
,  $f(\infty)=0$ 

(3) 
$$f(0+)=0$$
,  $f(\infty)=\frac{1}{2}$ 

(4) 
$$f(0_+) = 0$$
,  $f(\infty) = 0$ 

(5) 
$$f(0_{+}) = 2$$
,  $f(\infty)$  不存在

(6) 
$$f(0_+) = 0$$
,  $f(\infty)$  不存在

4 5

$$(1) \left[ t - \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - e^{-2t} \right) \right] u(t) - \left[ \left( t - 1 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - e^{-2(t-1)} \right) \right] u(t-1)$$

(2) 
$$(1+2t)u(t)$$

4.6 
$$(1-e^{-2t}+2e^{-3t})u(t)$$

4.7 
$$0.5(1+e^{-2t})u(t)$$

4.8

(1) 
$$\left[1 - e^{-2(t-2)}\right] u(t-2)$$

(2) 
$$2(e^{-t} - e^{-2t})u(t)$$

(3) 
$$\left[ t - \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - e^{-2t} \right) \right] u(t)$$

$$4.9 \quad \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t}\right) u(t)$$

(1) 设
$$\alpha = \frac{R + R_0}{2RR_0C}$$
,  $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$ ,  $\omega_d^2 = \omega_0^2 - \alpha^2$ , 且假设 $\alpha < \omega_0$ 

$$h(t) = \frac{1}{RC} e^{-\alpha t} \left[ \cos(\omega_{d}t) - \frac{\alpha}{\omega_{d}} \sin(\omega_{d}t) u(t) \right]$$

$$H(s) = \frac{R(s)}{E(s)} = \frac{1}{RC} \frac{s}{s^2 + \frac{R + R_0}{RCR} s + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

(2) 
$$\stackrel{\text{i.t.}}{\boxtimes} \alpha = \frac{1}{R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2}$$
,  $\beta = R_1 C_1 + R_1 C_2 + R_2 C_2$ ,  $p_1 = \frac{\alpha}{2} \left( -\beta + \sqrt{\beta^2 - \frac{4}{\alpha}} \right) p_2 = \frac{\alpha}{2} \left( -\beta - \sqrt{\beta^2 - \frac{4}{\alpha}} \right)$ 

$$H(s) = 1 + \frac{1}{p_2 - p_1} \left( \frac{p_1 \alpha \beta + \alpha}{s - p_1} - \frac{p_2 \alpha \beta + \alpha}{s - p_2} \right)$$

$$h(t) = \delta(t) + \frac{1}{p_2 - p_1} \left[ (p_1 \alpha \beta + \alpha) e^{p_1 t} - (p_2 \alpha \beta + \alpha) e^{p_2 t} \right] u(t)$$

4.12 
$$\stackrel{\text{i.t.}}{\boxtimes} \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$
,  $i(t) = \frac{E}{2L\omega_0} \sin(\omega_0 t) u(t)$ 

4.13 
$$\frac{E}{2}e^{-20t}u(t) - \frac{E}{40T} \{ (1 - e^{-20t})u(t) - [1 - e^{-20(t-T)}]u(t-T) \}$$

4.14

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{K}{s^2 + (3 - K)s + 1}$$

(2) 
$$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K = 2 \text{ Pr}, \quad h(t) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t)u(t)$$

4.15

$$(1) \frac{1}{s\left(1+e^{-\frac{sT}{2}}\right)}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2} \frac{1 + e^{-\frac{sT}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{sT}{2}}}$$

4.16

$$(1) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f(nT) e^{-nsT}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{1}{1 - e^{-(a+s)T}}$$

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(1) 
$$(1 + e^{-t} - e^{-2t})u(t)$$

$$(2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + t - e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \right) u(t)$$

4.18

(1) 
$$u(t) - u(t-2)$$

$$(2) \frac{1}{2} t^2 u(t) - \frac{1}{2} (t-2)^2 u(t-2)$$

$$(1) H(s) = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} \cdot \frac{S + \frac{1}{C_1 R}}{S + \frac{1}{(C_1 + C_2)R}}, \qquad v_2(t) = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} \left[ \delta(t) + \frac{C_2}{C_1(C_1 + C_2)R} e^{-\frac{t}{R(C_1 + C_2)}} u(t) \right]$$

(2) 
$$H(s) = \frac{L_2}{L_1 + L_2} \cdot \frac{S}{S + \frac{R}{(L_1 + L_2)}}, \qquad v_2(t) = \frac{L_2}{L_1 + L_2} \left[ \delta(t) - \frac{R}{L_1 + L_2} e^{-\frac{R}{(L_1 + L_2)}} u(t) \right]$$

(3) 
$$H(s) = \frac{s}{10s^2 + s + 10}$$
,  $v_2(t) = \frac{1}{10}e^{-\frac{t}{20}} \left[\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{399}}{20}t\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{399}}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{399}}{20}t\right)\right]u(t)$ 

(4) 
$$H(s) = \frac{0.1s}{s+1}$$
,  $v_2(t) = 0.1 \left[ \delta(t) - e^{-t}u(t) \right]$ 

4.20

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{5}{s^2 + s + 5}$$

(2) 极点 
$$p_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm j\sqrt{19}}{2}$$

(3) 
$$h(t) = \frac{10}{\sqrt{19}} e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{19}}{2}t\right) u(t)$$
,  $g(t) = 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \left[\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{19}}{2}t\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{19}}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{19}}{2}t\right)\right] u(t)$ 

$$4.21 \quad v_2(t) = \frac{5}{2} \left\{ -\frac{48}{37} \cos t + \frac{8}{37} \sin t + e^{-\frac{t}{16}} \left[ \frac{48}{37} \cos \left( \frac{\sqrt{63}}{16} t \right) - \frac{80}{37\sqrt{63}} \sin \left( \frac{\sqrt{63}}{16} t \right) \right] \right\} u(t)$$

其中前两项为强迫响应,后两项为自由响应

4.22

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{s^2 + \frac{1}{LC}}{s^2 + \frac{1}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

(2) 
$$LC = \frac{1}{4}$$

(3) 
$$(1-2t)e^{-2t}u(t)$$

4.23 
$$v_2(t) = \underbrace{2 {
m e}^{-t}}_{\text{fin}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} {
m e}^{-3t}}_{\text{Ren}}$$
,稳态响应为零,完全响应中只有即瞬态响应

4.24 
$$H(s) = \frac{5(s^3 + 4s^2 + 5s)}{s^3 + 5s^2 + 16s + 30}$$

4.25

$$(1) \frac{s}{s^2 + s + 1}$$

$$(2) \; \frac{s^2}{s^2 + s + 1}$$

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(1) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2 + \sqrt{2}s + 1}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{1}{(1-\omega_2)+\sqrt{2}\omega_j}$$
,为低通滤波器

(3) 当
$$\omega = 0$$
时, $\left| H(j\omega) \right|$  出现最大值 $\left| H(j0) \right| = 1$ , $\omega_c = 1$ rad/s

4.27

$$(1) \frac{s-2}{s+2}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{s-1}{(s+2)(s+1)}$$

4.28 略



(8) 带通-带阻

4.30

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{L_1 L_2 C s^3 + L_1 s}{L_1 L_2 C s^3 + R C (L_1 + L_2) s^2 + L_1 s + R}$$

(2) 
$$H(s) = \frac{L_1 L_2 C_1 s^2 + L_2}{L_1 L_2 (C_1 + C_2) s^2 + L_1 + L_2}$$

(3) 
$$H(s) = \frac{L_2C_1s^2}{L_1L_2C_1C_2s^4 + (L_1C_1 + L_2C_2 + L_2C_1)s^2 + 1}$$

4.31

(1) 
$$H_1(s) = \frac{s+3+K}{2(s+3-K)}$$

(2) 
$$K < 3$$

4.32

(1) 
$$H(s) = \frac{Ks}{s^2 + (4 - K)s + 4}$$

(2) 
$$K \leq 4$$

$$(3) h(t) = 4\cos(2t)u(t)$$

$$(1) \ \frac{s^2 + 4s + 3}{s^2 + 2s + 2 - K}$$

(2) 
$$K < 2$$