GNU Screen



What Is It?

What Is It?

GNU Screen, or just "screen", is a tool which gives you multiple virtual windows in a single terminal window.

Why Do I Want to Use It?

Why Do I Want to Use It?

- Reduce Window Switching
- Multiple Activities on a Remote System with a Single Connection
- Disconnect/Reconnect Session
- Multiple Connections to the Same Set of Terminal Windows
- Add Features to Existing Terminal Emulator
- Works on most flavors of Unix, Linux, BSD

Getting Started

Getting Started

screen	start a new session with a shell window
<control-a><control-c></control-c></control-a>	create a second shell window
<control-a><control-a></control-a></control-a>	switch back to last window
<control-a><control-n></control-n></control-a>	switch to next window
<control-a><control-p></control-p></control-a>	switch to previous window
screen {program} {arg1}	run "program" in a window

Getting Started (cont)

Getting Started (cont)

- "<Control-A><Question-Mark>" to get other key bindings
 - all prefixed with "<Control-A>"
- "<Control-A><Colon>" to enter text commands
 - e.g., "<Control-A><Colon>screen bash"
- Default commands in ~/.screenrc file

Managing Windows

Managing Windows

<control-a><w></w></control-a>	list windows in status bar
<control-a><[0-9]></control-a>	switch to a window with a single-digit number
<control-a><double-quote></double-quote></control-a>	get a window selection page
<pre><control-a><single-quote> {windownum windowid}<enter></enter></single-quote></control-a></pre>	switch to a window with a longer number, or with part of a window title
<control-a><shift-a></shift-a></control-a>	retitle a window

Managing Windows (cont)

Managing Windows (cont)

• e.g., "screen -t filename.txt vi filename.txt"

The Window Environment

The Window Environment

- Emulated VT100 Terminal
 - Even if you have a weird terminal, screen fixes it for you
 - \$TERM="screen" by default, which can confuse some operating systems
 - Use "screen -T vt100 ..." or "term vt100" in ~/.screenrc to work around the problem
- Terminal scrollbar doesn't work right with screen use Copy Mode

Copy Mode

Copy Mode

- "<Control-A><Escape>" or "<Control-A><Left-Bracket>" to start
- vi-like key movements around any screen, including screen history ¹
- "<Slash>{text}<Enter>" to search forwards 2
- "<Question-Mark>{text}<Enter>" to search backwards 2
- "<Escape>" or other undefined key to leave copy mode

Copy Mode (cont)

Copy Mode (cont)

- "<Enter>" or "<Space>" in Copy Mode to mark start of copy
- Use vi-like movement keys, then "<Enter>" or "<Space>" to mark end of area to copy
- · Leaves copy mode after marking end
- "<Control-A><Right-Bracket>" to paste copy buffer to any window as if typed

Detach / Attach

Detach / Attach

- "<Control-A><Control-D>" to detach a session 3
- "screen -ls" to list existing screen sessions
- "screen -r sessionid" to attach to the existing session
- "screen -x sessionid" to attach to a non-detached screen 4

Custom Keys

Custom Keys

- "<Control-A><Colon>bind {char} {command} {arg1} ..." to set a binding for the current session
- \bullet Add "bind {char} {command} {arg1} ..." to ~/.screenro to get the bindings after a restart
- char can be a single character or a caret (^) followed by another character for control keys
- command can be anything that works with <Control-A><Colon>

Monitoring Activity

Monitoring Activity

- Bell notification in status window
- Monitor for activity with "<Control-A><Shift-M>", again to stop
- Monitor for silence with "<Control-A><Underscore>", again to stop
- Log screen activity to a file with "<Control-A><Shift-H>", again to stop
- Dump current screen to a file with "<Control-A><H>"

Shell Support - tcsh

Shell Support - bash

```
# add to .bash_profile, .bashrc, etc.
VIM_NO_X=-X
svi () { screen -t "$*" vi '${VIM_NO_X}' $*; }
sview () { screen -t "$*" less $*; }
sman () { screen -t "man $*" man $*; }
sssh () { screen -t "$*" ssh $*; }
```

Scripting Screen Startup

Run after starting screen:

```
#!/usr/local/bin/tcsh
alias sdir '(cd \!\!:1 ; screen -t \!\!:2)'
alias srenum 'screen -p \!\!:1 -X number \!\!:2'
alias sdirnum 'sdir \!\!:1 \!\!:2 ; srenum \!\!:2 \!\!:3'
sdirnum $repodir source 20
sdirnum Stestdir test 21
svi NOTES; srenum NOTES 30
screen -X screen 30 python
screen -X select .
```

My .screenrc

```
bind W windowlist -b
bind s screen -t su sudo su -
bind S screen saidar -d 4 -c
bind ^h screen htop
deflogin off
defscrollback 2000
defutf8 on
vbell on
```

Split Screen

Split Screen

- "<Control-A><Colon>split" for horizontal split
- "<Control-A><Colon>split -v" for vertical split
- "<Control-A><Tab>" to switch split region
- "<Control-A><Shift-X>" to remove current split region
- "<Control-A><Shift-Q>" to make the current split region the only split region

Zombie Mode

Zombie Mode

- "<Control-A><Colon>zombie QR"
- Windows no longer close on exit
- "Q" to quit, "R" to restart
- Useful for daemon screens
- Applies to all windows in a screen session

Weird Stuff

Weird Stuff

screen /dev/ttyS0	Open a window connected to a serial port
<pre>screen //telnet {hostname} [{port}]</pre>	Open a window running a built-in telnet (optional)
<control-a><colon>zmodem catch</colon></control-a>	Support zmodem transfers with connected screen (experimental)

Pitfalls

Pitfalls

- Environment is from session creation
 - DISPLAY, DBUS_SESSION_BUS_ADDRESS, et al., may not be correct
 - "<Control-A><Colon>setenv {var} {val}" works for new windows, but not existing ones

Moving Forward

Moving Forward

- "man screen" has all the details you need
- GNU Screen Web Site

Questions?

Questions?

That's All Folks

That's All Folks

End Matter

End Matter

```
"defscrollback {lines}" in ~/.screenrc sets how much
history to keep
2(1, 2) Plain-text search, not regex
Or close the terminal, log out of X, lose the remote login connection,
...
Same windows from multiple locations!
```

Gary Duzan - FIS, GT.M Group