

Transform to Euclidean:

- [illegible]

Photon Self-energy (General Properties)

[illegible]

Photon Self-energy (1-Loop Calc.)

Notation: $p_{\pm} = p \pm \frac{\hbar}{2}$; $E_{\pm} = E \pm \frac{\hbar}{2}$; $\beta_{\pm} = (E_{\pm}, \beta \pm \frac{\hbar}{2})$; $\bar{\beta}_{\pm} = (-E_{\pm}, \beta \pm \frac{\hbar}{2})$; $\vec{p}_{\pm}^2 = M^2 - p_{\pm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi^{\mu\nu}(\vec{k} = 2\pi n\vec{u}/L, \vec{k}) &= -(-g)^2 \int_{L^{d-1}} \frac{d^4 p}{(2\pi)^4} \text{tr} \{ \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu S(p) \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu S(p) \} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tanh \frac{p^0 + \frac{k^0}{2}}{2T}}{p^0} \\ &= -g^2 \int_{L^{d-1}} \frac{d^4 p}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{\text{tr} \{ \gamma^\mu ((p_\perp)_\perp^\mu + M \gamma^\mu) ((p_\perp)_\perp^\nu + M \gamma^\nu) \}}{((p_\perp)^2 - M^2)(p_\perp^2 - M^2)} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tanh \frac{p^0 + \frac{k^0}{2}}{2T}}{p^0} \\ &= -g^2 \int_{L^{d-1}} \frac{d^4 p}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{\text{tr} \{ \gamma^\mu ((p_\perp)_\perp^\mu + M \gamma^\mu) \gamma^\nu ((p_\perp)_\perp^\nu + M \gamma^\nu) \}}{((p_\perp)^2 - M^2)(p_\perp^2 - M^2)} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tanh \frac{p^0 + \frac{k^0}{2}}{2T}}{p^0} \\ &= -4g^2 \int_{L^{d-1}} \frac{d^4 p}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{p_\perp^\mu p_\perp^\nu + p_\perp^\mu p_\perp^\nu - g^{\mu\nu} p_\perp^2 - g^{\mu\nu} M^2}{\left(p_\perp^2 - \frac{k_\perp^2}{4}\right) \left(p_\perp^2 - \frac{k_\perp^2}{4}\right) - E^2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tanh \frac{p^0 + \frac{k^0}{2}}{2T}}{p^0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Median Modifier: } \mathcal{M} &= \text{Median}(\mathcal{D} \cup \mathcal{S}) \\ \mathcal{D} &= \{2^{\frac{p}{2}}(T - E) + \mathcal{D}\} \\ \mathcal{S} &= \{2^{\frac{p}{2}}(T - E) + \mathcal{S}\} \\ \mathcal{E} &= \{2^{\frac{p}{2}}(T - E) + \mathcal{E}\} \end{aligned}$$

Photon Self-energy to 1-Loop (Transverse)

$$\begin{aligned}
& m_1 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{E}{k^2} \Gamma_0 \Pi_0(\mathbf{k}) \\
& - 2g^2 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{(\mathbf{p}^2 - (\mathbf{g} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} + \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\tanh \frac{E_p}{T} - 1 \right) \\
& + 2g^2 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{(\mathbf{p}^2 - (\mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\tanh \frac{E_p}{T} - 1 \right) \\
& + 2g^2 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{(\mathbf{p}^2 - (\mathbf{g} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} + \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} - E_p}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\tanh \frac{E_p}{T} - 1 \right) \\
& + 2g^2 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{(\mathbf{p}^2 - (\mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} + \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p} - E_p}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\tanh \frac{E_p}{T} - 1 \right) \\
& - 4g^4 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot (\mathbf{g} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2 \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\frac{E_p}{T} \right) \\
& - 4g^4 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot (\mathbf{g} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2 \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\frac{E_p}{T} \right) \\
& - 4g^4 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot (\mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2 \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\frac{E_p}{T} \right) \\
& - 4g^4 \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot (\mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}})^2 \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{k} + E}{2E(k^2 + E - E_p)(k^2 + E + E_p)} \left(\frac{E_p}{T} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Substitution:} \\ \varepsilon &= \frac{1}{2}(E_+ + E_-); \quad \omega = E_+ - E_-; \quad E_{\pm} = \pm \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon \frac{\omega}{\omega_0}; \quad \varepsilon \omega = \frac{1}{2}(E_+^2 - E_-^2) = \beta^2 \cdot \tilde{\kappa}^2; \quad \varepsilon^2 + \frac{1}{4} \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2}(E_+^2 + E_-^2) = \beta^2 + \frac{\tilde{\kappa}^2}{4} + M^2; \\ \int d\beta &= 2\pi \int dp p^2 \int_{-1}^1 dx = 2\pi \int d\omega d\omega^2 \left[\frac{\partial(x, \varepsilon)}{\partial(\omega, \beta)} \right]^{-1} = \frac{2\pi}{|\tilde{\kappa}|} \int d\omega d\varepsilon \int_{\omega_0}^{\infty} d\omega^2 \left(\varepsilon^2 - \frac{1}{4} \omega^2 \right) \\ \varepsilon_0 &= \sqrt{|\tilde{\kappa}|^2 + \frac{M^2}{4}}; \quad \omega_0 = |\tilde{\kappa}| \sqrt{1 - \frac{4M^2}{4\varepsilon^2 - |\tilde{\kappa}|^2}} \end{aligned}$$

[illegible]

Photon Self-energy to 1-Loop (Longitudinal)

[illegible]

Chiral and High-T limit

- $$\begin{aligned}
& |M| = 0, \Rightarrow u_k = u_{k-1} = |\bar{u}| \\
& T > 0 \Rightarrow u_k = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x} \, \mathcal{F}(u_k) \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{T}{\tau}\right) = u_k \left[\mathcal{F}(u_k) \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{T}{\tau}\right) + \mathcal{F}(u_k) \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{T}{\tau} + \frac{T}{\tau} + \frac{T}{\tau} \right) \right] \\
& \text{Transformative Self-energy:} \\
& \Delta u_k = -\frac{g^2}{2\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x} \, \frac{(u_k - |\mathbf{x}|^2)}{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}^2)^2} \left[\frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{\tau + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)^2 \right)} \right] \frac{g^2}{\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x}' \frac{(u_k - |\mathbf{x}'|^2)}{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}'^2)^2} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{\tau + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)}{\left(\frac{\tau + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{\tau - \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)}{\left(\frac{\tau - \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}|^2}{\tau} \right)} \right] \\
& \frac{g^2}{\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x}' \frac{\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\tau(1 - \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}'|^2)}{\tau}\right) - \mathcal{F}(1)}{(2\tau^2 + \mathbf{x}'^2) + \frac{\tau^2}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\tau^2} + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \mathbf{x}'^2} \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\tau(1 - \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{x}'|^2)}{\tau}\right) \\
& \frac{g^2}{\pi^2} \frac{\tau^2}{2} \frac{g^2}{4\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x} \left[\frac{1}{\tau^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right] + \frac{g^2}{4\pi^2} \frac{\tau^2}{2} \\
& \text{Longitudinal Self-energy:} \\
& \Delta u_k = -\frac{g^2}{2\pi^2 k^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x} \, \frac{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}^2)}{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}^2)^2} \left(2u_k^2 (\mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{x}^2) + k^2 \mathbf{x}^2 \right) \left[\frac{(k^2 - 2u_k^2) \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau}\right) + \left(\frac{\tau}{\tau} + \frac{2u_k^2}{\tau} \right) \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau} + \frac{\tau}{\tau} + \frac{\tau}{\tau} \right)}{\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau} \right)} \right] \\
& \frac{g^2 k^2}{\pi^2 k^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d\mathbf{x} \, \frac{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}^2)}{(u_k^2 - \mathbf{x}^2)^2} \left(k^2 (\mathbf{x}^2 - \mathbf{x}^2) + \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x}^2 - \mathbf{x}^2) \right) \left[\frac{\left(\frac{\tau(1 - \mathbf{x}^2)}{\tau} \right)}{\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau} \right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{\tau(1 - \mathbf{x}^2)}{\tau} \right)}{\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau} \right)} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

[illegible]

Linear Response Theory (see lecture notes on plasma