

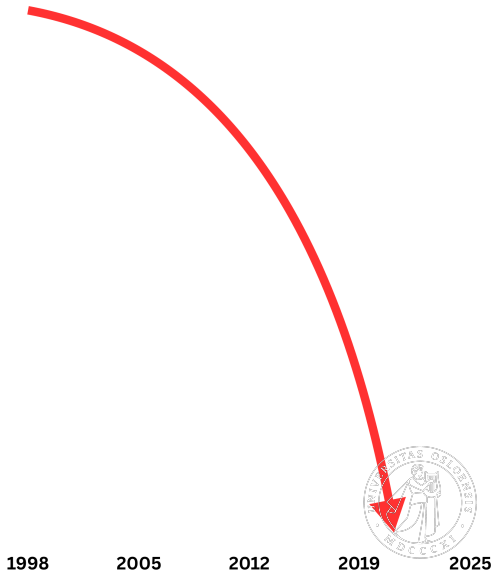
# UNIVERSITETET I OSLO

## Protocol Racing Is it really an advancement?

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Available IPv4 blocks



# Agenda

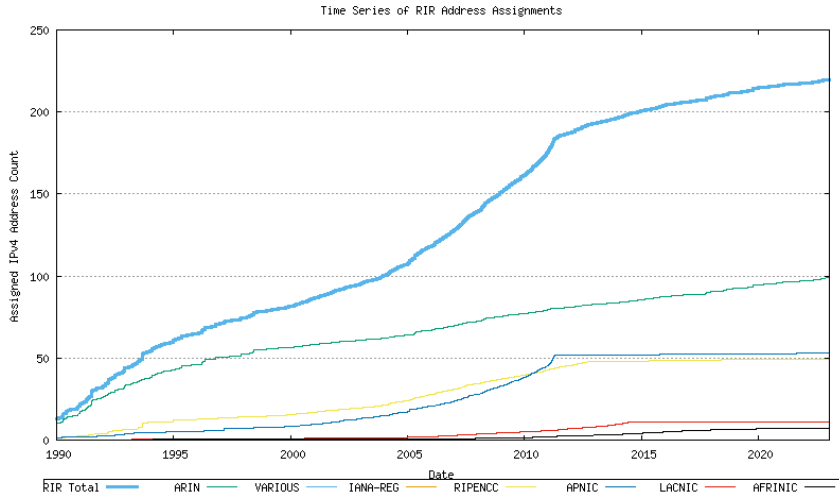
- ① A bit of history
- ② The issue with Dual-Stacking
- ③ The solution
- ④ Issues with Happy Eyeballs
- ⑤ Happy Eyeballs version 2
- ⑥ Wrap-up

# IPv4

- **RFC 791** – *Internet Protocol*
- Written for DARPA in 1981 (before the IETF existed)
- Designed to interconnect different packet-switched networks (ARPANET, SATNET, university nets)
- Created under the assumption that every device would have its own globally unique, routable address
- 32-bit address space —  $2^{32} = 4\,294\,967\,296$  possible addresses
- Sounds like a lot... until you remember that there are 8 billion people alive

Source: (*Internet Protocol* 1981)

# The problem with IPv4



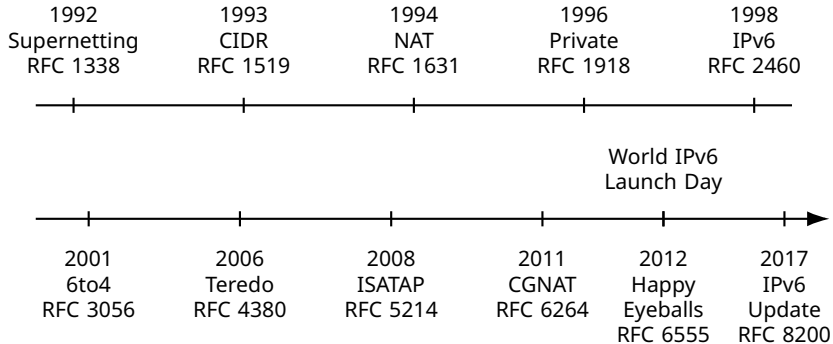
## *RFC 1338 — Supernetting: an Address Assignment and Aggregation Strategy*

*It does not attempt to solve the third problem, which is of a more long-term nature, but instead endeavors to ease enough of the short to mid-term difficulties to allow the Internet to continue to function efficiently while progress is made on a longer- term solution.*

(The third problem being IPv4 exhaustion)

Source: (Fuller **and others** 1992)

# Timeline of stopgap measures



*Timeline of measures from Supernetting to IPv6 'v2'*

# IPv6

- **RFC 2460** – *Internet Protocol, Version 6*
- Finished in 1998 later updated in 2017
- Designed to fix the issues of IPv4
- Increases the address space from 32-bit to 128-bit
- 340 282 366 920 938 463 463 374 607 431 768 211 456 addresses
- Allows for some cool things like NAT64

Source: (Hinden **and** Deering 1998), (Deering **and** Hinden 2017)

# Dual-stack

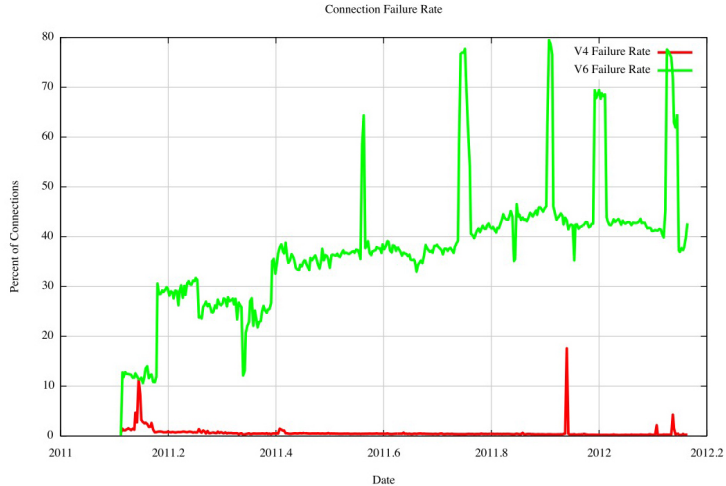
## *RFC 1933 — Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers*

*The most straightforward way for IPv6 nodes to remain compatible with IPv4-only nodes is by providing a complete IPv4 implementation. IPv6 nodes that provide a complete IPv4 implementation in addition to their IPv6 implementation are called "IPv6/IPv4 nodes." IPv6/IPv4 nodes have the ability to send and receive both IPv4 and IPv6 packets. They can directly interoperate with IPv4 nodes using IPv4 packets, and also directly interoperate with IPv6 nodes using IPv6 packets.*

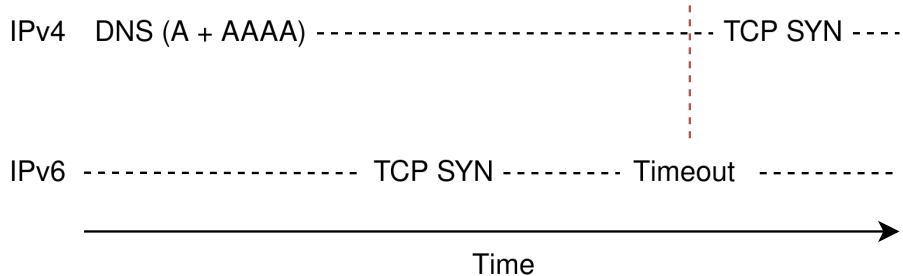
Source: (Nordmark **and** Gilligan 1996)



# IPv6 and IPv4 failure rate



# Dual-Stacking with IPv6 failure

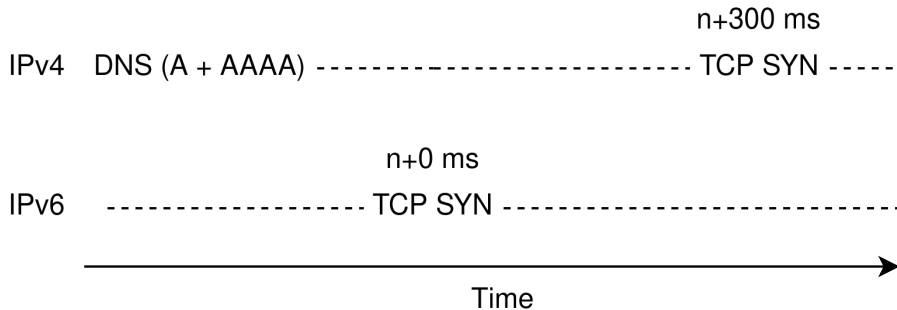


# Happy Eyeballs

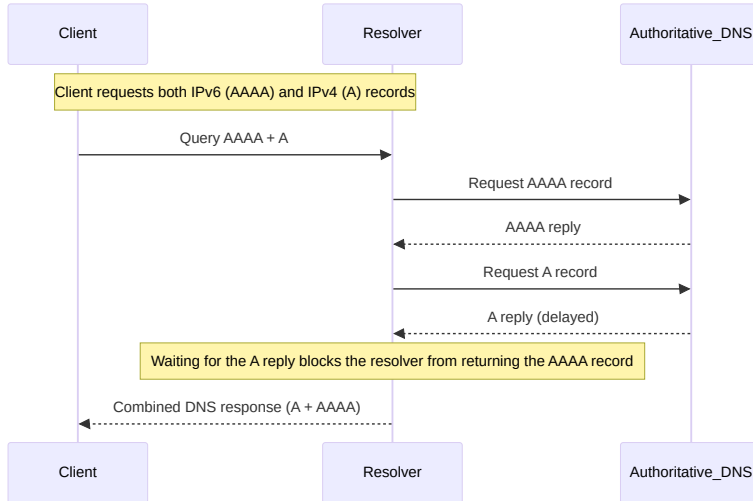
- **RFC 6555** – *Happy Eyeballs: Success with Dual-Stack Hosts*
- "Races" IPv4 and IPv6 in order to solve blocking behavior
- Applicable to connection oriented transport protocols
- Tries to define a set of standard practices around AAAA DNS records
- No multi-record AAAA responses within the same namespace
- No AAAA specific namespaces e.g. *ipv6.example.com*
- Specifies a head start of 150-250 ms but, all browsers use 300 ms

Source: (Wing **and** Yourtchenko 2012)

# Dual-stacking with Happy Eyeballs



# DNS slow family blocking



# Slower Connections

## *Measuring the Effects of Happy Eyeballs*

*In 90% of these cases, HE tends to prefer slower IPv6 connection. This shows that the timer value (300 ms) used by the HE algorithm has past its time and is not suitable in today's landscape.*

Source: (Bajpai **and** Schönwälder 2016)

# Happy Eyeballs version 2



- **RFC 8305** – *Happy Eyeballs Version 2: Better Connectivity Using Concurrency*
- Races DNS families to avoid blocking
- Races multiple records in multi record DNS responses
- Implements a set of 10 rules for sorting the records (Functionally replacing old IPv6 address selection policy defined in **RFC 3484**)
- Prefers DNS over IPv6 but, won't race them if both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are available
- Implements a 'resolution delay' to give AAAA records a head start

Source: (Schinazi **and** Pauly 2017)





Questions?



## References I

-  Bajpai, Vaibhav **and** Jürgen Schönwälder (**july** 2016). "Measuring the Effects of Happy Eyeballs". in *Proceedings of the 2016 Applied Networking Research Workshop*: Berlin Germany: ACM, **pages** 38–44. ISBN: 978-1-4503-4443-2. DOI: 10.1145/2959424.2959429. (**urlseen** 18/10/2025).
-  Deering, Steve E. **and** Bob Hinden (**july** 2017). *Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification*. Request for Comments RFC 8200. Internet Engineering Task Force. DOI: 10.17487/RFC8200. (**urlseen** 18/10/2025).
-  Fuller, V., T. Li, J. Yu **and** K. Varadhan (**june** 1992). *Supernetting: An Address Assignment and Aggregation Strategy*. techreport RFC1338. RFC Editor, RFC1338. DOI: 10.17487/rfc1338. (**urlseen** 16/10/2025).
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-  *IPv4 Address Report* (2025). <https://ipv4.potaroo.net/>. (**urlseen** 16/10/2025).
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-  Schinazi, David **and** Tommy Pauly (**december** 2017). *Happy Eyeballs Version 2: Better Connectivity Using Concurrency*. Request for Comments RFC 8305. Internet Engineering Task Force. DOI: 10.17487/RFC8305. (**urlseen** 18/10/2025).
-  Wing, Dan **and** Anew Yourtchenko (**april** 2012). *Happy Eyeballs: Success with Dual-Stack Hosts*. Request for Comments RFC 6555. Internet Engineering Task Force. DOI: 10.17487/RFC6555. (**urlseen** 18/10/2025).

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## **Protocol Racing**

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