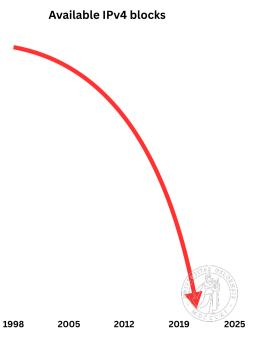
# UNIVERSITETET I OSLO

Protocol Racing
Is it really an advancement?

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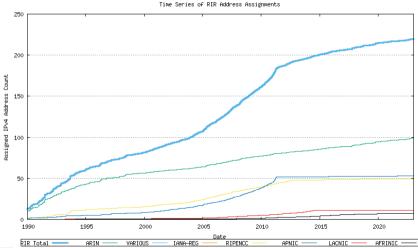
### Agenda

- 1 A bit of history
- 2 Main
- **3** Wrap-up

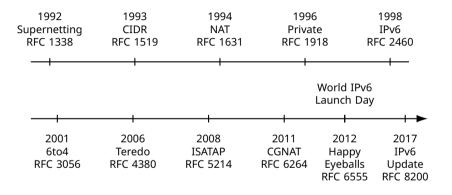
#### IPv4

- **RFC 791** Internet Protocol
- Written for DARPA in 1981 (before the IETF existed)
- Designed to interconnect different packet-switched networks (ARPANET, SATNET, university nets)
- Created under the assumption that every device would have its own globally unique, routable address
- 32-bit address space  $2^{32} = 4,294,967,296$  possible addresses
- Sounds like a lot... until you remember that there are 8 billion people alive

### The problem with IPv4



### Timeline of stopgap measures



Timeline of stopgap measures from Supernetting (aggregation strategy) to IPv6 'v2'

It does not attempt to solve the third problem, which is of a more long-term nature, but instead endeavors to ease enough of the short to mid-term difficulties to allow the Internet to continue to function efficiently while progress is made on a longer- term solution.

(The third problem being IPv4 exhaustion)

Source: (Fuller **andothers** 1992)

### Key Idea

Takeaway

Keep each slide focused on one idea.

## Questions?

### References I

Fuller, V., T. Li, J. Yu **and** K. Varadhan (**june** 1992). *Supernetting: An Address Assignment and Aggregation Strategy*. techreport RFC1338. RFC Editor, RFC1338. DOI: 10.17487/rfc1338. (**urlseen** 16/10/2025).

IPv4 Address Report (2025). https://ipv4.potaroo.net/. (urlseen 16/10/2025).



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### **Protocol Racing**

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