



BoneReconstructionPlanner



A 3D Slicer extension for virtual surgical planning of mandibular reconstruction with vascularized fibula free flap and generation of patient-specific surgical guides.

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Maintenance and Improvements: Mauro I. Dominguez

Corresponding paper: [ScienceDirect](#)

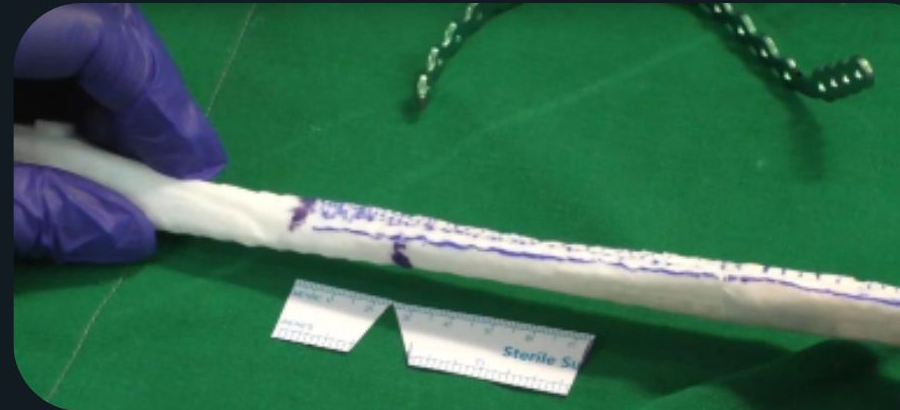
EYEBALLING, THE TRADITIONAL PAPER-RULER METHOD



- 1 Bend reconstruction plate according to resected mandible
- 2 Cut the rectangular paper ruler to pieces that match the reconstruction plate

- 3 Align the paper pieces along the grafted fibula and mark the closing-wedge osteotomies

Source: [Video tutorial of surgery](#)

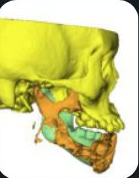


VIRTUAL SURGICAL PLANNING, THE DIGITAL WAY



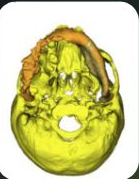
A

Segmentation of mandible and cranium



B

Lateral view of the segmentations



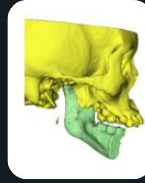
C

Bottom view of segmentations



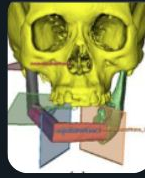
D

Tumour resection is done virtually.



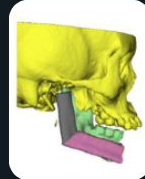
E

Lateral view post-resection



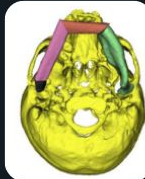
F

Placement of mandibular cutting planes and reconstruction.



G

Lateral view post-reconstruction



H

Bottom view post-reconstruction

FIBULA CUTTING GUIDE GENERATION

1

Fibula bone segmentation with automatic placement of fibula planes

3

Fibula cutting guide in STL format.

5

3D printed reconstructed mandible.

2

Generation of fibula cutting guide.

4

3D printed fibula cutting guide using PLA materials.

6

3D printer



INTRA OPERATIVE PHOTOS

1

Preparing pedicle and fibula graft to place the cutting guide.



2

Fitting of fibula cutting guide at the antero-lateral aspect of the fibula.



3

Osteotomy cuts made. The fibula bone is cut into 3 segments.



4

Miniplates were fixed onto the fibula segments. Pedicles are still attached at this moment.



5

The main tumour was resected



6

Fibula segments were fixed onto the native mandible to form the neo-mandible



CLINICAL PHOTOS



A Pre-operative facial appearance



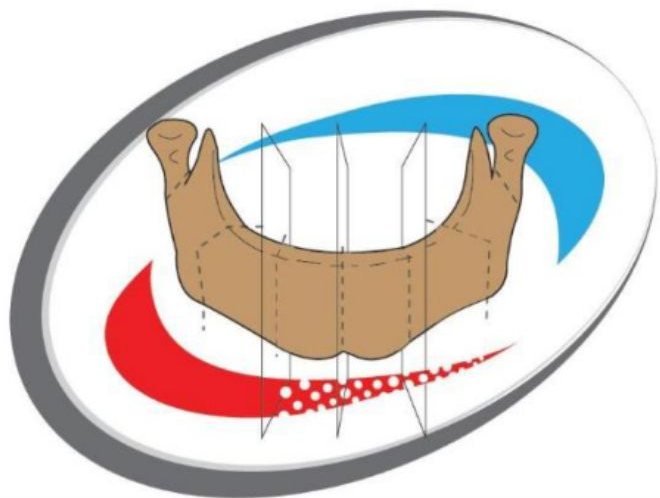
C Pre-operative orthopantomogram



B 1-month post-operative facial appearance.



D 1-month post-operative orthopantomogram



VIDEO DEMO

VIRTUAL SURGICAL PLANNING, THE VIRTUAL WAY

Benefits

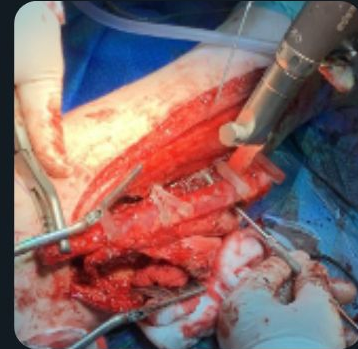
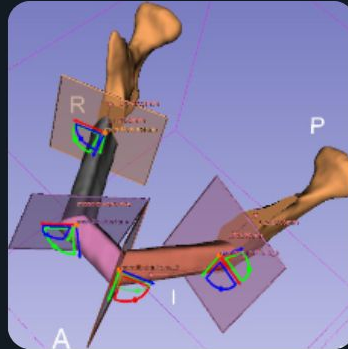
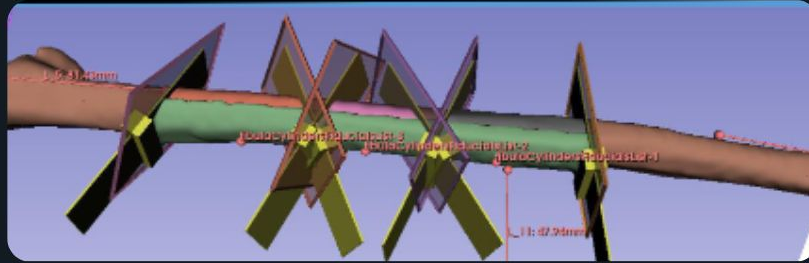
- **less operation time**
- **less ischemic time**
- **less hospital stay after surgery**
- **better osteotomies accuracy**
- **better neomandible contour, more aesthetic**

VIRTUAL SURGICAL PLANNING, THE DIGITAL WAY

Cons

- **Software: ~\$15K/year for commercial licenses (Free with BoneReconstructionPlanner)**
- **3D Printing: Requires printer, biocompatible material, and sterilization (in-house or outsourced).**
- **Regulatory: Needs IRB or FDA approval.**
- **Planning Time: ~30 min pre-op planning; still saves net OR time.**
- **Training: Learning curve; may need biomedical engineer or trained technician.**

AROUND 100 SURGERIES INFORMALLY DOCUMENTED



[Review more examples \(link\)](#)

BONERECONSTRUCTIONPLANNER SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

Used features currently available on Slicer:

- **Markups (lines, curves, planes, points)**
- **Segmentations (created from the segment editor)**
- **3D models**
- **3D operations (algorithms, filters)**
- **Registrations (transforms)**

In top of that:

- **Virtual osteotomies and virtual reconstruction**
- **Generation of personalized surgical guides**



CONTACT



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GitHub: <https://github.com/mauigna06>

Project: <https://github.com/SlicerIGT/SlicerBoneReconstructionPlanner/>