Hands-on CasADi course on optimal control, Yacoda

Exercise: CasADi basics

For these exercises, assume the following objects are defined:

1 What's the type?

For each code snippet, encircle the character corresponding to the most appropriate data-type. When in doubt, enter the code snippet in Matlab and use class(.).

Nr	Code	MX (constant)	MX (other)	DM	Function	non-CasADi type	
1	5	V	r	g	У	е	
2	5+x	r	l	g	×	р	
3	X-X	е	У	d	m	g	
4	x==x	С	z	h	У	V	
5	x==y	k	t	е	j	a	
6	A*x	b	r	d	е	у	
7	A*0	0	k	n	У	d	
8	<pre>gradient(sin(x),x)</pre>	f	е	h	r	g	
9	<pre>gradient(x,x)</pre>	n	k	е	g	r	
10	p(2)	q	С	a	g	i	
11	A(:,1)	S	е	I	k	d	
12	f(1,2)	0	С	р	m	X	
13	f(1,y)	0	h	g	У	m	
14	g(9)	n	р	a	V	f	
15	g(x)	X	I	р	f	V	
16	h(x)	t	0	g	r	W	
17	f.expand()	р	w	a	g	V	
18	F	u	d	h	q	r	
19	F(x,y)	S	а		V	b	
20	F(1,2)	р	q	Х	у	m	

Solution: electro-encephalogram

2 Correct the error

```
Goal 1: Compose a Function x \mapsto \sin(x)
Tried: Function('m',[x],[sin(x)])
No matching function for overload function 'new_Function'.
Possible prototypes are:
   FUNCTION(char, {MX}, {MX})
 You have: char, MX, MX
Correction: .....
Goal 2: Get first element of p vector
Tried: p[1]
Invalid expression. When calling a function or indexing a variable,
use parentheses. Otherwise, check for mismatched delimiters.
Correction:
Goal 3: Get last element of p vector
Tried: p(3)
Out of bounds error. Got elements in range [3,3],
which is outside the range [-1,3).
Correction:
Goal 4: Concatenate two symbolic expressions
Tried: M=zeros(2,1); M(1)=x; M(2)=y;
Conversion to double from casadi.MX
Correction:
Goal 5: Call Function f numerically for x=1,y=2
Tried: f\{1,2\}
Brace indexing is not supported for variables of this type.
Correction:
Goal 6: Call Function f numerically with elements of p
Tried: f(p)
Incorrect number of inputs: Expected 2, got 1
Correction:
Goal 7: Create a Function that returns the square of f's output
Tried: f^2
```

```
Undefined operator '^' for input arguments of type 'casadi.Function'.
Correction:
Goal 8: Evaluate h for x=5
Tried: h(5)
Cannot evaluate "f:(i0)->(o0) MXFunction" since variables [y] are free
Correction: .....
Goal 9: Compose a Function x \mapsto 5
Tried: Function('m',\{5\},\{x\})
Xfunction input arguments must be purely symbolic.
Argument 0(i0) is not symbolic.
Correction:
Goal 10: Compose a Function x \mapsto q(x)
Tried: Function('m',\{x\},\{g\})
No matching function for overload function 'new_Function'.
Possible prototypes are:
   FUNCTION(char, {MX}, {MX})
 You have: char, {MX}, {Function}
Correction:
Goal 11: Compose a Function with two input arguments where the second one is ignored
Tried: Function('m',\{x,x\},\{x\})
The input expressions are not independent:
0: x
1: x.
Correction: .....
Goal 12: Compose a Function x \mapsto \sin(x)
Tried: Function('m', {sin(x)}, {x})
Xfunction input arguments must be purely symbolic.
Argument O(iO) is not symbolic
Correction: .....
```

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Solutions:

```
    Function('m', {x}, {sin(x)})
    p(1)
    p(2)
    M=MX(zeros(2,1));M(1)=x;M(2)=y; or M=MX.zeros(2,1);M(1)=x;M(2)=y; or M=[x;y]; (preferred)
    f(1,2)
    f(p(1),p(2))
    Function('m', {x,y}, {f(x,y)^2})
    h(MX(5))
    Function('m', {x}, {5})
    Function('m', {x}, {g(x)})
    Function('m', {x,MX()}, {x})
    Function('m', {x}, {sin(x)})
```

3 What's the type (part 2)?

CasADi Functions can also be called with keyword-value arguments...

```
f2 = Function('f2',{x,y},{sin(x)+y},{'x','y'},{'z'});
g2 = Function('g2',{x},{sqrt(x),x^2},{'x'},{'p0','p1'});
```

1 f	f2(3)				Func.	non-CasADi	Error
	12(0)	а	S	r	е	m	С
2 f	f2(3,4)	b	q	а	r	W	u
3 f	f2('y',4,'x',3)	a	у	р	b	r	g
	getfield(f2('y',4,'x',3),'z')	X	r	d	j	g	W
5 g	getfield(f2('x',x,'y',4),'z')	I	i	k	С	V	У
6 f	f('x',3)	f	a	р	g	у	0
7 f	f(3)	X	a	С	k	I	V
8 f	f2('x',3)	V	р	S	f	a	У
9 f	f2()	i	b	у	j	S	Z
10 д	getfield(f2(),'z')	j	у	С	n	b	W
11 д	g2(x)	р	u	i	b	С	h
12 д	g2('x',3)	g	m	b	0	I	р
13 д	g(3)	у	0	а	g	n	u
14 g	g2([])	m	I	r	у	n	d

Solution: cardiovascular

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