

# 学科网原创,让学司更容易! 学科网精品频道全力推荐

## 专题 04 语法填空 (第 02 期) -2023 届浙江高考英语模拟试题分项汇编

【2023 届浙江省金华十校高三上学期 11 月模拟】阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Lake Powell, the second largest numan-made reservoir (水)牛) in the US, has lost nearly /% of its potential
storage capacity since it <u>36</u> (build) in 1963.
In addition to water37 (lose) due to years of drought, the US Geological Survey found, Lake Powell
38 (face) an average annual loss in storage capacity of about 33,270 acre-feet per year between 1963 and
2018. That's enough water 39 (fill) the Reflecting Pool on the National Mall about 1,600 times.
The capacity of the reservoir is becoming smaller because of sediments (沉淀物)40 (flow) in from the
Colorado and San Juan rivers. Those sediments settle at the bottom of the reservoir41 decrease the total
amount of water that the reservoir can hold. It's bad news for a region42 has already faced water shortages
and extreme wildfires due to the drought.
Lake Powell is43 important reservoir in the Colorado River Basin. Both Lake Powell and nearby Lake
Mead, the nation's largest reservoir, are drying up44 an alarming rate. In August, the government declared a
water shortage on the Colorado River for the first time after Lake Mead's water level decreased to a record low,
leading to cuts in water consumption for the45 (state) in the Southwest that began in January.
【答案】
36. was built 37. loss 38. faced 39. to
fill 40. flowing 41. and 42. which##that 43. an 44. at 45. states
【导语】本文是一篇说明文。主要讲述了由于干旱,鲍威尔湖的水位不仅直线下降,它的总容量也在减少。
36. 考查谓语动词。句意:鲍威尔湖是美国第二大人工水库,自 1963 年建成以来,其潜在蓄水能力已经损
失了近 7%。设空处在句中做谓语,根据时间状语 in 1963,可知句子的时态为一般过去时,设空处和句子的
主语 it 之间是被动关系,可知,设空处应用一般过去时的被动语态。故填 was built。
37. 考查名词。 句意: 美国地质调查局发现,除了多年干旱导致的水资源损失外,鲍威尔湖在 1963 年至 2018
年期间平均每年面临约 33270 英亩英尺的蓄水量损失。设空处在句中作宾语,应用名词的形式,表示抽象
概念为不可数名词。故填 loss。
38. 考查谓语动词的时态。句意见上题解析。设空处在句中作谓语,根据时间状语 between 1963 and 2018,
可知句子的时态为一般过去时。故填 faced。
30 老杏非谓语动词。句音,这此水见够遴选国家广场上的倒影池约 1600 次。设容处在句由作非谓语。表

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将来,应用动词不定式的形式作定语。故填 to fill。

- 40. 考查非谓语动词。句意:由于从科罗拉多河和圣胡安河流入的沉积物的流动,水库的容量越来越小。 设空处在句中作非谓语,和句子的逻辑主语 sediments (沉淀物)之间是逻辑的主动关系,应用现在分词的形式作定语。故填 flowing。
- 41. 考查连词。句意:这些沉积物沉积在水库底部,减少了水库可以容纳的总水量。设空处并列句子的谓语,应用 and。故填 and。
- 42. 考查定语从句的引导词。句意:这对一个由于干旱已经面临缺水和极端野火的地区来说是个坏消息。 设空处引导定语从句且在句中做指物的主语,先行词为 region。故填 which 或 that。
- 43. 考查冠词。句意: 鲍威尔湖是科罗拉多河流域一个重要的水库。设空处后为名词单数的形式,表示泛指,应用不定冠词,因空后的 important 为元音音素开头。故填 an。
- 44. 考查介词。句意: 鲍威尔湖和附近的米德湖(美国最大的水库)正以惊人的速度干涸。at a rate of 以……的速度。故填 at。
- 45. 考查名词。句意: 今年8月,在米德湖水位降至历史最低点后,政府首次宣布科罗拉多河缺水,导致美国西南部各州从1月开始削减用水量。设空处在句中作宾语,应用名词的形式,根据后面的"in the Southwest (美国西南部)"可知,设空处应用名词的复数的形式。故填 states。

【2023 届浙江省宁波市高三上学期高考与选考模拟】阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The traditional Chinese craft of turning thick bamboo into delicate slices achieves fame on overseas short
video platform TikTok, receiving more than 10 million36 (view) and hundreds of thousands of likes. The
skilled bamboo craftsmen are recording the daily detailed production process of their handicrafts on social media,
are regarded as a "38 (mystery) Chinese power" in the eyes of foreign netizens.
Anne, 39 TikTok talent from Omaha, USA, filmed a reaction video to the artistry and posted 40
online. While witnessing the process of bamboo gradually turning into bamboo silk and pot brushes, she couldn't
contain her41 (surprise) expression. "A real craftsman," she said in the video.
fancy tools, these bamboo craftsmen make amazing works of art43 (simple) using their own
bare hands. Pan Yunfeng, 51, from Lin'an, Zhejiang, started learning bamboo weaving at an early age and by now
with over 5 million followers on Douyin, he44 (become) a genuine influencer for netizens home and
abroad.

Bamboo weaving art, \_\_\_45\_\_\_ (originate) from the Warring States Period 2,000 years ago, has become an





essential part of Chinese traditional culture. Now, the popularity of bamboo art on TikTok has opened a window for foreign netizens to better understand Chinese culture.

## 【答案】

- 36. views 37. which 38. mysterious 39. a 40. it 41. surprised 42. Without 43. simply 44. has become 45. originating
- 【导语】本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍了将粗竹片切成细碎的中国传统工艺在海外短视频平台 TikTok 上广 受欢迎。
- 36. 考查名词。句意: 将粗壮的竹子切成细碎的中国传统工艺在海外短视频平台抖音上走红,获得了超过 1000 万的观看量和数十万的点赞。设空处在句中作宾语,和 and 后的 likes(点赞)并列,应用名词复数的形 式。故填 views。
- 37. 考查定语从句的引导词。句意: 技艺精湛的竹制工匠每天都在社交媒体上记录手工艺的详细制作过程, 在外国网友眼中,这是一种神秘的中国力量。设空处非限制性的定语从句且在句中作指物的主语,先行词 为 their handicrafts,应用 which。故填 which。
- 38. 考查形容词。句意见上题解析。设空处后为名词,设空处应用形容词的形式修饰名词。故填 mysterious。
- 39. 考查冠词。句意: 安妮是来自美国奥马哈的 TikTok 达人,她拍摄了一段对这种艺术的反应视频,并发 布到网上。设空处后为名词单数,表示泛指,应用不定冠词,且空后的形容词为辅音音素开头,应用不定 冠词 a。故填 a。
- 40. 考查代词。句意见上题解析。设空处指代上文的"a reaction video (一段反应视频)"应用 it。故填 it。
- 41. 考查形容词。句意:看着竹子逐渐变成竹丝和锅刷的过程,她无法抑制自己惊讶的表情。"一个真正的 工匠,"她在视频中说。设空处应用形容词的形式修饰空后的名词,表示"感到惊讶的"应用动词的过去分词 的形式作定语。故填 surprised。
- 42. 考查介词。句意:没有花哨的工具,这些竹制工匠仅仅用自己的双手就能做出令人惊叹的艺术品。表 示"无、没有"应用 without。故填 Without。
- 43. 考查副词。句意见上题解析。设空处应用副词的修饰动词,故填 simply。
- 44. 考查动词的时态。句意: 他从小就开始学习竹编,现在在抖音上有超过 500 万粉丝,成为了一个真正 的影响国内外网民的网红。根据时间状语 by now,可知句子的时态为现在完成时。主语为 he,结合主谓一 致。故答案为 has become。
- 45. 考查非谓语动词。句意: 竹编艺术起源于 2000 多年前的战国时期,已成为中国传统文化的重要组成部 分。设空处在句中作非谓语,和其逻辑主语 Bamboo weaving art 之间是逻辑的主动关系,应用现在分词的形



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式作定语。故填 originating。

【2023届浙江省温州市普通高中高三第一次适应性考试】读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括 号内单词的正确形式。

In the face of a changing climate and an ever-growing population, strengthening the world's future food security has never been more important. That's where seed banks come in, and their goal is \_\_\_\_36\_\_ (preserve) as many plant species as possible. The Svalbard Global Seed Vault in Norway is the so-called "mothership" of seed banks and stores back-ups of more than one million plant \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_ (sample). Scientists have cross-bred (杂交) certain seeds to produce beans and potatoes that are \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_(rich) in vitamins, zinc and iron than standard varieties. These \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_ (improve) varieties have been sent to Africa and elsewhere in Latin America, \_\_\_40\_\_\_ benefits for public health. But seed bankers still need to work fast. According to \_\_\_41\_\_\_ UN Food and Agriculture Organization, 75% of global crop species \_\_\_42\_\_\_ (lose) over the past century. At the same time, about 40% of the world's plant species are at risk of extinction, \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_ most of the world's food comes from just a handful of plant and animal species. Though there are more than 7,000 world's population. That is \_\_\_\_\_45\_\_\_ seed banks are so important. 【答案】 36. to preserve 37. samples 38. richer 39. improved 40. with 41. the 42. has been lost 43. and 44. are 45. why 【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要说明了面对不断变化的气候和不断增长的人口,加强世界未来的粮食 安全从未像现在这样重要。这就是种子银行的作用,它们的目标是保存尽可能多的植物物种。 36. 考查非谓语动词。句意: 这就是种子银行的作用,它们的目标是保存尽可能多的植物物种。说明主语 的内容,用不定式作表语。故填 to preserve。 37. 考查名词的数。句意: 该种子库坐落于寒冷的斯瓦尔巴群岛的一处山脚下,储存着超过 100 万份植物 样本。sample 为可数名词,由 more than one million 修饰应用复数形式。故填 samples。 38. 考查比较级。句意: 科学家对部分特定的种子进行了杂交和增压,以产出比普通品种富含更多锌、铁 和维生素的优质豆类和木薯类品种。根据"than"可知,此处表示"更富含"应用比较级。故填 richer。 39. 考查形容词。句意: 这些改良品种已被送往非洲和拉丁美洲其他地区投产,将造福当地的公众健康。 修饰后文名词 varieties 应用形容词 improved,作定语。故填 improved。

40. 考查介词。句意: 这些改良品种已被送往非洲和拉丁美洲其他地区投产,将造福当地的公众健康。后



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跟名词作宾语,表示"带有"应用介词 with。故填 with。

- 41. 考查冠词。句意: 根据联合国粮农组织的数据,在过去的一个世纪中,随着农户转向种植单一基因的 高产作物,导致全球作物多样性损失了75%。为专有名词,前面需用定冠词。故填the。
- 42. 考查时态。句意: 根据联合国粮农组织的数据,在过去的一个世纪中,随着农户转向种植单一基因的 高产作物,导致全球作物多样性损失了 75%。此处作表语,应用 be lost,再根据后文 over the past century 可知为现在完成时,主语为 75% of global crop species,助动词用 has。故填 has been lost。
- 43. 考查连词。句意: 与此同时,全球大约 40%的作物有灭绝的风险,目前人类的食物仅来自寥寥数种植 物和动物品种。此处前后文为并列关系,应用连词 and。故填 and。
- 44. 考查主谓一致。句意: 尽管地球上有7000多种可食用植物,但区区三种——玉米、水稻和小麦,就提 供了全球一半以上人口的主食。陈述客观事实用一般现在时,主语为 just three,谓语用复数。故填 are。
- 45. 考查固定句型。句意: 这就是为什么种子银行如此重要。表示"这就是为什么……"句型为 That is why...。 故填 why。

【浙江省湖州、丽水、衢州三地市 2022-2023 学年高三上学期 11 月教学质量测试】阅读下面材料,在空白 处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

What makes something a sport? Traditional definitions usually included some physical activity56
shows athletic ability or strength. But some sports can take the form of mental competitions. For instance, chess
(recognize)as a sport by the International Olympic Committee in 1999. Now, some people wonder
eSports should also be considered sports.
The word eSports is short for electronic sports. It is59 form of competition in which professional
players or gamers play video games either in teams or individually. 60 (typical), the winners receive prize
money at the end of the competition.
The first eSports event was the one61 (hold)by Stanford University in the 1970s, for the game
Spacewar! Over the next 30 years, video games exploded in62 (popular). More and more countries, such as
South Korea, China and the United States, started to develop eSports into an industry. In the 2000s, television
broadcasts of the competitions, 63 (feature) games like Street Fighter III, StarCraft, and Counter-strike,
became popular. In the 2010s, thanks64 online streaming services, eSports grew rapidly with more
worldwide tournaments, more viewers, and larger65 (prize). In 2020, the industry made more than US\$1
billion for the first time ever.

## 【答案】



56. which##that 57. was

recognized 58. if##whether 59. a 60. Typically 61. held 62. popularity 63. featuring 64. to 65. prizes 【导语】这是一篇说明文,文章介绍了新兴的电子竞技比赛。

- 56. 考查定语从句关系词。句意: 传统的定义通常包括某种显示运动能力或力量的体育活动。句子结构分 析可知" 1 shows athletic ability or strength"为限制性定语从句。设空处指代先行词 some physical activity, 在从句中作主语,所以用关系代词 which 或 that。故填 which/that。
- 57. 考查时态和语态。句意:例如,国际象棋在1999年被国际奥委会认可为一项运动。句子分析可知设空 处在句中作谓语动词,由时间状语"in 1999"可知此句为一般过去时,主语"chess"与 recognize 之间为被动关 系,所以此句用一般过去时的被动语态,chess 作主语,谓语动词用单数,故填 was recognized。
- 58. 考查名词性从句连接词。句意: 现在一些人想知道电子竞技是否也应该被视为体育运动。句子结构分 析可知设空处引导名词性从句作动词 wonder 的宾语,设空处在从句中不充当语法成分,表示"是否",所以 用 whether 或 if。 故填 whether/if。
- 59. 考查冠词。句意: 这是一种比赛形式,职业玩家或游戏玩家以团队或个人的形式玩视频游戏。在句中 form 指的"类型、形式"是可数名词,在句中表泛指,空后的 form 发音以辅音音素开头,所以用不定冠词 a, 短语 a form of 意为"一种……的形式"。故填 a。
- 60. 考查副词。句意: 通常, 获胜者在比赛结束时获得奖金。句子分析可知, 设空处作状语, 修饰后文整 个句子,副词 typically 意为"通常,一般"符合句意,设空处置于句首,首字母大写,故填 Typically。
- 61. 考查非谓语动词。句意:第一次电子竞技赛事是在 20 世纪 70 年代由斯坦福大学举办的,当时的游戏 是 Spacewar! 句子分析可知设空处作后置定语修饰 the one , the one 与 hold 之间是被动关系, 用过去分词, 故填 held。
- 62. 考查名词。句意: 在接下来的 30 年里,电子游戏大受欢迎。设空处在句中作介词 in 的宾语,所给词 popular 的名词 popularity 意为"受欢迎,流行"符合题意,故填 popularity。
- 63. 考查非谓语动词。句意:在 2000 年代,以 Street Fighter III, StarCraft, and Counter-strike 等游戏为特色 的比赛电视转播开始流行。句子结构分析可知,设空处为非谓语动词,the competitions 与 feature 之间是逻 辑上的主谓关系,所以用现在分词,故填 featuring。
- 64. 考查介词。句意: 在 2010 年代,由于在线流媒体服务,电子竞技发展迅速,拥有更多的全球锦标赛、 更多的观众和更大的奖金。固定短语 thanks to 意为"因为,由于"符合句意,故填 to。
- 65. 考查名词复数。句意:在 2010 年代,由于在线流媒体服务,电子竞技发展迅速,拥有更多的全球锦 标赛、更多的观众和更大的奖金。句子结构分析可知,设空处在句中作宾语,名词 prize 意为"奖,奖金"符



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合句意,此处为复数概念,故填 prizes。

【浙江省杭州市 2022-2023 学年高三上学期教学质量检测(一模)】阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当 的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Three million years may seem like a long time. But when you consider that planet Earth is more than 4.5 billion years old, it is a pretty short period of time.

The blue whale,36 (weigh) more than even the biggest dinosaurs, is the largest animal that has ever
lived. They can grow37 30 meters long and be as heavy as 130,000 kilograms38 for millions
of years, they were not nearly that large, scientists say. "All of a sudden — 'boom'— we see them get very big,"
scientist Nick Pyenson said. He and other39 (researcher) recently published an article on whale size. "It's
like going from whales size of minivans (面包车) to longer than two school buses, "Pyenson added.
The scientists believe that a change in the Earth's climate caused whales (get) so large only about
3 million years ago. This change led to food becoming more42 (easy) available. An oncoming ice age
made the ocean water cold and brought more nutrients, resulting in more food for large whales. Whales
were able to quickly eat a lot of food survived, and got44 (large). Over the next three or
four million years, the blue whales grew 10 times bigger than they (be), the scientists say.
【答案】
36. weighing 37. to 38. But##Yet 39. researchers 40. the 41. to
get 42. easily 43. that##which 44. larger 45. had been
【导语】这是一篇说明文。旨在介绍鲸鱼体积逐渐变大的原因。
36. 考查现在分词。句意: 蓝鲸, 体重甚至超过了最大的恐龙, 是有史以来最大的动物。根据句意可知,
动词 weigh"重量为"与主语 whales"鲸鱼"为主动关系,且此处为后置定语,故使用现在分词形式。故填
weighing.
37. 考查介词。句意:它们可以长到 30 米长,重达 13 万公斤。根据句意可知,此处填介词 to 构成 grow to,
表示"长到多大多重"。故填 to。
38. 考查连词。句意: 但科学家们表示, 数百万年来, 它们都没有那么大。根据前文"They can grow to 30 meters
long and be as heavy as 130,000 kilograms. (它们可以长到 30 米长,重达 13 万公斤。)"可知,前后两句指出
鲸鱼重量不一样,形成了转折,故使用连词 but 或者 yet。故填 But/Yet。
39. 考查名词复数。句意: 他和其他的研究人员最近就鲸鱼体型大小发表了一篇文章。根据句意可知,名
词 researcher"研究人员"前未出现表示单数形式的量词和冠词,故需要使用复数形式且有 other 修饰。故填





### researchers.

- 40. 考查冠词。句意:"鲸鱼好像从小型货车般大小变成比两辆校车还要长,Pyenson 补充道。根据句意可 知,空格处需要填写冠词 the,构成 the size of "...的大小"特指鲸鱼相当于后文提出的面包车的大小。故填 the。
- 41. 考查不定式。句意:科学家们认为,地球气候的变化导致鲸鱼在大约300万年前变得如此庞大。根据 句意可知,动词 get"变成"要使用不定式形式,因为 cause sb to do sth 意为"导致某人做某事"符合语境。故填 to get.
- 42. 考查副词。句意: 这一变化导致食物变得更容易获得。根据句意可知,形容词 easy"容易的"要使用副词 形式 easily, 修饰后面的形容词 available"可获得的"。故填 easily。
- 43. 考查关系词。句意: 能够快速吃掉大量食物的鲸鱼幸存下来,体型也变大了。根据句意可知,此处需 要填写连词引导定语从句修饰先行词 whales"鲨鱼"因为先行词为物,且在从句中作主语,故使用 which 和 that 皆可。故填 that/which。
- 44. 考查形容词。句意: 能够快速吃掉大量食物的鲸鱼幸存下来,体型也变大了。根据句意可知,吃得多 的鲸鱼存活下来,而且前文一直探讨的是体积的变大,故此处形容词 large"大的"应该使用比较级形式。故 填 larger。
- 45. 考查时态。句意: 科学家们表示,在接下来的三四百万年里,蓝鲸的体型比原来大了10倍。根据句意 可知,此处 be"是"使用过去完成时,表示蓝鲸体积变大之前的体型,因为句中已经有一般过去时的谓语动 词 grew 表示过去已经长了十倍;而主语 they 为复数,故使用 had been。故填 had been。

【浙江省嘉兴市 2022-2023 学年高三上学期 9 月基础测试】阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或 括号内单词的正确形式。

China has seen great benefits since the launch of its carbon trading market a year ago. The program has played \_\_\_\_\_36\_\_\_ important role in raising low-carbon awareness. Although it only gets the power generation industry involved now, the initiative of pricing carbon emissions (排放) has boosted the 37 (develop) of carbon-related services in industries beyond. Right now more than 9,800 companies are providing such services, of which over 1,800 \_\_\_\_\_38 \_\_\_\_ (establish) last year. Carbon trading is the process of buying and selling permits to send out greenhouse gases. Opened \_\_\_\_\_39\_\_ July 16, 2021, the market now includes \_\_\_\_\_40\_\_\_ (national) 2,162 power-generating companies, covering about 4.5 billion tons of carbon emissions. That has made China the world's \_\_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ (large) market for carbon trading. The program puts carbon emission limits on every unit of electricity a power plant generates. After each cycle of trading, companies 42 have leftover carbon allowances (额度) can sell them to others. If





\_\_\_\_ (fall) short, they'll have to buy allowances.

The program has proven its value in motivating companies \_\_\_\_\_44\_\_\_ (reduce) emissions at a lower cost. However, officials say China needs to make further efforts to improve the support systems, get the market to run smoothly \_\_\_ enhance the quality of carbon emission data.

## 【答案】

36. an 37. development 38. were

established 39. on 40. nationally 41. largest 42. that##which 43. falling 44. to reduce 45. and 【导语】本文是一篇新闻报道。文章介绍了中国的碳交易项目,自一年前推出碳交易市场以来,中国已受 益匪浅。

- 36. 考查冠词。句意: 该项目在提高低碳意识方面发挥了重要作用。固定搭配 play a role in"在……中起作 用", important 是以元音音素开头的词,应用 an。故填 an。
- 37. 考查名词。句意: 虽然现在只涉及发电行业,但碳排放定价的举措已经推动了其他行业碳相关服务的 发展。此处是 of 所有格,应用名词 development。故填 development。
- 38. 考查动词语态。句意:目前有9800多家公司提供这种服务,其中去年新成立的有1800多家。1.800指 代上文中的 9800 多家公司中的 1,800 家公司,作主语,与 establish 是逻辑动宾关系,应用被动语态,由 last year 可知,应用一般过去时。故填 were established。
- 39. 考查介词。句意:该市场于2021年7月16日开放,目前包括全国2162家发电企业,覆盖约45亿吨 碳排放。表示具体的哪一天,应用介词 on。故填 on。
- 40. 考查副词。句意:该市场于2021年7月16日开放,目前包括全国2162家发电企业,覆盖约45亿吨 碳排放。此处修饰动词 include,应用副词,作状语。故填 nationally。
- 41. 考查形容词最高级。句意:这使得中国成为世界上最大的碳交易市场。根据空前 world's 可知,此处指 世界最大的市场,应用形容词最高级。故填 largest。
- 42. 考查定语从句。句意: 在每个交易周期之后,拥有剩余碳排放额度的公司可以将其出售给其他公司。 此处限定性定语从句,先行词是 companies,关系词在从句中作主语,应用关系代词 that 或 which 引导。故 填 that 或 which。
- 43. 考查状语从句的省略。句意:如果达不到要求,他们将不得不购买津贴。当条件状语从句的主语与主 句主语一致,且有 be 动词时,可以省略从句的主语和 be 动词,完整句子为 If they are falling short, they'll have to buy allowances.故选 falling。
- 44. 考查非谓语动词。句意:该项目已经证明了它在激励企业以较低成本减排方面的价值。固定搭配 motivate





sb. to do sth."激励某人做某事"。故填 to reduce。

45. 考查连词。句意: 然而,官员们表示,中国需要进一步努力,以完善支持体系,让市场平稳运行,并 提高碳排放数据的质量。此处与 to make further efforts to improve the support systems 和 get the market to run smoothly 并列作 need 的宾语,应用 and 连接。故填 and。

【浙江省十校联盟 2022-2023 学年高三上学期 10 月联考】阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或 括号内单词的正确形式。

In recent months, the China Grand Canal Museum in Yangzhou, which exhibits the history and culture of the
Grand Canal,36 (attract) a great number of visitors. Each day, the museum provides 15, 000 tickets
landmark in East China.
It takes only 20 minutes (get) to the museum by taxi from the Yangzhoudong Railway Station. "My
passion40 (arouse) by those passengers, so I took my children to the museum too. I never knew why it had
such great charm 41 I got there."
The museum, <u>42</u> appearance resembles a giant ship, covers 80,000 square meters and houses 14
exhibition halls. While telling its story, the museum puts an43 (emphasize) on improving visitors'
experience. Young people can take part in a live-action role-play game designed by the museum, transporting them
back to the Ming Dynasty, and44 (immerse) them in an amazing world. "It is45 (true) a very
meaningful experience," said a visitor surnamed Chen.
【炊安】

36. has attracted 37. for 38. a 39. to get 40. was

aroused 41. until 42. whose 43. emphasis 44. immersing 45. truly

【导语】本文是说明文。文章介绍了扬州的中国大运河博物馆。

36. 考查动词时态和主谓一致。句意: 近几个月来, 位于扬州的中国大运河博物馆, 展示了大运河的历史 和文化,吸引了大量的游客。分析句子可知,attract 作谓语,主语是"the China Grand Canal Museum",是第 三人称单数,谓语动词用单数,由时间状语 in recent months 可知,用现在完成时,故填 has attracted。

- 37. 考查介词。句意: 该博物馆每天为游客提供 15,000 张门票, 供游客提前预订。provide sth. for sb."提供 某物给某人"是固定短语,根据句意,故填for。
- 38. 考查冠词。句意:他们通常在周末卖光,使博物馆成为中国东部的热门地标。landmark"地标,里程碑" 是可数名词,此处泛指"一个受欢迎的地标",故填 a。





# 学科网原创,让学习更容易!

39. 考查不定式。句意: 从扬州东火车站乘出租车到博物馆只需 20 分钟。此处考查 It takes some time to de
sth."做某事需要多长时间",是固定句型,it 是形式主语,不定式短语作真正的主语,故填 to get。
40. 考查动词时态语态和主谓一致。句意: 那些乘客激起了我的热情, 所以我也带着我的孩子们去了博物
馆。分析句子可知,arouse 是谓语动词,与主语 my passion 是被动关系,根据下文的 took 可知,此处描述
过去发生的事情,用一般过去时,主语 my passion 是第三人称单数,谓语动词用单数,故填 was aroused。
41. 考查连词。句意: 直到我到达那里,我才不知道为什么它有如此大的魅力。分析句子可知,两个句子
之间需要连词连接,根据句意,notuntil"直到才"符合句意,用 until 引导时间状语从句,故境
until。
42. 考查定语从句。句意:这个博物馆,它的外观像一艘巨轮,占地8万平方米,有14个展厅。分析句子
可知," appearance resembles a giant ship"是定语从句,与 The museum 构成所属关系,从句中作
定语,引导非限制性定语从句用关系代词 whose,故填 whose。
43. 考查名词。句意: 在讲述故事的同时,博物馆强调改善游客的体验。不定冠词修饰单数可数名词,作
动词 put 的宾语,故填 emphasis。
44. 考查非谓语动词。句意: 年轻人可以参加由博物馆设计的真人角色扮演游戏,将他们送回明朝,并沉
浸在一个神奇的世界中。分析句子可知,and 连接"transporting them back to the Ming Dynasty"和"(immerse)
them in an amazing world"作状语,根据句意,此处表示意料之中的结果,用现在分词作结果状语,故填
immersing.
45. 考查副词。句意:这确实是一次非常有意义的经历。修饰动词 is 用副词作状语,故填 truly。
用单词的适当形式完成短文【浙江省镇海中学 2022-2023 学年高三上学期英语模拟】
Wealth 36 (start) with a goal and saving a dollar at a time. Call it the piggy bank strategy. There are
lessons in that time-honored coin-savings container. When(reduce) to baby steps, any huge task
at last seems easier. If you want to take a really nice trip in 10 years for a special occasion, to collect the \$15,000
cost, \$3. 93 a day has to <u>38</u> (save)a day.
When I was a child, my parents gave me a piggy bank to teach me that, if I wanted something, I should save
money to buy We associate piggy banks with children,in many countries,
the little containers are also popular with adults. 41 (Europe)see a piggy bank as a sign of good fortune and
wealth.
_42_(original) you had to break the bank to get to the money, bringing in a sense of seriousness into savings.

While piggy banks teach children the wisdom of saving, large quantities of information about saving



## 学科网原创,让学习更容易! \*科网精品频道全力推荐

43	_(be) also to be updated for	or adults. Think abo	out such things in life	44	require large
amounts of money	- college education, wedd	lings, and cars. So	when you have money,	take off th	e top 10%, put
it45, save and	invest wisely.				

## 【答案】

36. starts 37. reduced 38. be saved 39. it 40. but/

while 41. Europeans 42. Originally 43. are 44. as 45. aside

【分析】这是一篇说明文。介绍了储蓄罐策略。作者告诉人们要学会储蓄,积少成多,最终才能拥有财富。 36. 考查动词时态。句意: 财富始于一个目标,一次节省一美元。分析句子,本句为一般现在时, start 是 句子的谓语,主语是抽象名词 wealth,所以谓语用单数。故填 starts。

- 37. 考查非谓语动词。句意: 当被简化到一步一步的时候,任何巨大的任务最终似乎都会变得更容易。when 引导状语从句时,如果从句主语和主句主语一致,则可以省略从句主语,而且当从句主语与谓语是被动关 系的时候,省略主语和 be 动词,保留谓语的过去分词形式。本题中从句谓语 reduce 与句子 any huge task 是被 动关系。故填 reduced。
- 38. 考查不定式的被动。句意:如果你想在十年后为一个特殊的场合进行一次真正美好的旅行,那就攒够 15000 美元的费用,也就是一天必须节省 3.93 美元。根据句意,不定式 to save 与其逻辑主语\$3.93 a day 是 被动关系,所以用不定式的被动。故填 be saved。
- 39. 考查代词。句意: 当我还是个孩子的时候, 我父母给了我一个存钱罐, 教我如果我想要什么东西, 我 应该存钱去买。buy 是及物动词,后面需要接宾语,根据句意,空格内容指代 something, 故填 it。
- 40. 考查连词。句意: 我们把存钱罐和孩子联系起来,但是在许多国家,这个小容器也很受成年人的欢迎。 根据句意,前后句子是转折关系,也可以理解成前后情况对比比较。均符合题意。故填 but/ while。
- 41. 考查名词。句意: 欧洲人把存钱罐看作是好运和财富的象征。根据句意,这里指欧洲人,放在句首, 且根据谓语动词可知用复数形式。故填 Europeans。
- 42. 考查副词。句意: 最初, 你必须打破储蓄罐才能拿到钱, 这给储蓄带来了一种严肃感。根据句意, 空 格作状语,所以用副词且放在句首。故填 Originally。
- 43. 考查主谓一致。句意: 虽然存钱罐教会孩子们储蓄的智慧,但大量有关储蓄的信息也要为成年人更新。 分析句子, 当 large quantities of...这样的形式作主语时, 其谓语动词一律用复数(与其中名词的数无关), 且 句子是一般现在时,故填 are。
- 44. 考查定语从句。句意: 想想生活中需要大量金钱的事情——大学教育、婚礼和汽车。在限制性定语从 句中, 先行词被 so,as,such,the same 修饰时, 关系代词只能用 as, as 在从句中充当主语、宾语或表语。分析





句子, 先行词 things 有 such 修饰, 故填 as。

45. 考查固定搭配。句意: 所以, 当你有钱的时候, 把前 10%去掉, 放在一边, 存钱, 明智地投资。根据 句意, put aside"把...放在一边; 把......留待以后使用"符合题意。故填 aside。

【浙江省名校联盟 2022-2023 学年高三上学期 9 月新高考研究卷 (一)】阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当 的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

A travel insider has warned Brits planning holidays that flight ticket prices are due36 (soar) over the
coming months. With inflation (通货膨胀) soaring 37 more than 10% and many households struggling to
keep up with rocketing gas bills, the latest news will be a (particular) unwelcome one for British
people desperate to get away this year.
Willie Walsh, director general of the International Air Transport Association, has said that rising oil prices in
part39 (cause) by the war in Ukraine would lead ticket costs to jump up. "Oil is the single40
(big) element of an airlines' cost base and ultimately the high oil prices41 (pass) through to consumers."
Mr. Walsh also warned that flight cancellations would push up demand for42 (seat) on other planes,
inflating prices British Airways has grounded tens of thousands of services until the end of October, meaning
(it) typical summer schedule has been reduced by 18% in total. At the same time difficulty filling
vacancies in hotels, bars and restaurants in the UK, along with sharply rising prices,44 (mean)
staycations are more expensive than ever.
The warning of rising plane ticket prices will make the prospect of going away difficult one
for families weighing up whether to stay in the UK or go abroad this summer

## 【答案】

36. to soar 37. up 38. particularly 39. caused 40. biggest 41. will be passed 42. seats 43. its 44. means 45. more

【导语】这是一篇新闻报道。一位旅游业内人士警告计划度假的英国人,机票价格在未来几个月将会飙升。 通货膨胀率飙升了10%以上,许多家庭都在为高昂的煤气费苦苦挣扎,对于今年急于逃离的英国人来说, 最新的消息将是一个特别不受欢迎的消息。文章分析了背后的原因。

36. 考查固定短语。句意:一位旅游业内人士警告计划度假的英国人,机票价格在未来几个月将会飙升。 此处为短语 be due to do sth.表示"预计要做某事"。故填 to soar。

37. 考查介词。句意:通货膨胀率飙升了10%以上,许多家庭都在为高昂的煤气费苦苦挣扎,对于今年急







particularly, 故填 particularly。

于逃离的英国人来说,最新的消息将是一个特别不受欢迎的消息。短语 soar up 表示"飙升"。故填 up。 38. 考查副词。句意:通货膨胀率飙升了 10%以上,许多家庭都在为高昂的煤气费苦苦挣扎,对于今年急于逃离的英国人来说,最新的消息将是一个特别不受欢迎的消息。修饰形容词 unwelcome 应用副词

- 39. 考查非谓语动词。句意: 国际航空运输协会总干事威利•沃尔什表示,部分由乌克兰战争引起的油价上涨,将导致机票成本飙升。分析句子结构可知 cause 与逻辑主语 rising oil prices 构成被动关系,故用过去分词作定语。故填 caused。
- 40. 考查形容词最高级。句意: "石油是航空公司成本基础中最大的单一元素,高油价最终会转嫁到消费者身上。"结合句意表示"最大的"可知应用形容词最高级。故填 biggest。
- 41. 考查时态语态。句意:石油是航空公司成本基础中最大的单一元素,高油价最终会转嫁到消费者身上。 主语与谓语构成被动关系,且描述将来发生的动作故用一般将来时的被动语态。故填 will be passed。
- 42. 考查名词的数。句意:沃尔什还警告说,航班取消将推高对其他飞机座位的需求,推高价格,英国航空已停飞数万个航班,直到 10 月底,这意味着其典型的夏季航班总数已减少 18%。seat 为可数名词,前文没有冠词故用复数形式表示泛指。故填 seats。
- 43. 考查代词。句意:沃尔什还警告说,航班取消将推高对其他飞机座位的需求,推高价格,英国航空已停飞数万个航班,直到 10 月底,这意味着其典型的夏季航班总数已减少 18%。修饰后文名词 schedule 应用形容词性物主代词 its。故填 its。
- 44. 考查时态。句意:与此同时,英国酒店、酒吧和餐厅的空缺职位难以填补,加上价格急剧上涨,这意味着居家度假比以往任何时候都要昂贵。句子陈述客观事实用一般现在时,along with 连接主语时,谓语动词的数与前面的那个主语保持一致,此处与 difficulty 保持一致,谓语用第三人称单数形式。故填 means。
- 45. 考查比较级。句意: 机票价格上涨的警告,将使英国家庭在考虑今年夏天是留在英国还是出国时,面临更加艰难的出国前景。根据语境表示"更加艰难"应用比较级,在 difficult 前加 more。故填 more。

【浙江省浙里卷天下 2022-2023 学年高三上学期 10 月测试】阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

### Written in bone

You may never write words on an oracle bone(甲骨) <u>56</u> a tortoise(龟) shell, but you might see them in a museum. The earliest confirmed evidence shows that more than 3,000 years ago, people in <u>57</u> Shang Dynasty started to write characters on pieces of bones and turtle shells. They are <u>58</u> we call "the oracle bone scripts".



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The scripts are pictograms(象形文字), with59 (record) of divinations(占卜) and prayers to the gods
from people in that era. They come from pictures of the objects they refer to and simplify over time, retaining(保
留)the shapes but are easier <u>60</u> (write). "The oracle bone scripts, as an earliest <u>61</u> (know) and mature
form of Chinese characters, present the beauty and uniqueness of a language that has been passed down62
(consistent)," said Chen Nan, a professor of Tsinghua University's Academy of Art and Design.
The society that produced the oracle bone scripts shared many of the characteristics that63 (recognize)
today as typically Chinese. These valuable inscriptions from China demonstrate that the memory recorded in the
documentary heritage 64 (be) an irreplaceable way of transmitting tradition, culture and historical awareness
The scripts are the65 (evident) of ancient Chinese culture but also have an "important influence" on
modern Chinese values.
【答案】
56. or 57. the 58. what 59. records 60. to write 61. known 62. consistently 63. are
recognized 64. is 65. evidence
【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章对甲骨文作了相关介绍。
56. 考查连词。句意: 你可能永远不会在甲骨文或龟甲上写字, 但你可能会在博物馆里看到它们。分析句
子可知空处表示"或者",用 or 符合题意;故填 or。
57. 考查固定搭配。句意:最早得到证实的证据表明,3000多年前,商朝人开始在骨头和龟甲碎片上写字。
本处是 in+the+名词的固定搭配,译为"在(中)";故填 the。
58. 考查表语从句。句意:这就是我们所说的"甲骨文"。分析可知本句是表语从句,空处是引导词,表示"
的东西",用 what。
59. 考查名词。句意:这些文字是象形文字,记录了那个时代的人们对神的占卜和祈祷。with 是介词,后
接名词,根据英文提示,应填 record,由 of divinations(占卜) and prayers to the gods 可知空处用名词复数形
式; 故填 records。
60. 考查不定式。句意:它们来自它们所指的对象的图片,并随着时间的推移而简化,保留了形状,但更
容易书写。分析句子可知,空处是不定式主动表被动的用法,即"更容易被书写";故填 to write。
61. 考查形容词。句意:"甲骨文作为最早的已知的和成熟的汉字形式,展现了一种一直流传下来的语言的
美丽和独特性,"清华大学艺术与设计学院教授陈楠表示。分析句子可知,空处缺形容词作定语修饰名词

form; 根据英文提示, 故填 known。

62. 考查副词。句意: "甲骨文作为最早的已知的和成熟的汉字形式,展现了一种一直流传下来的语言的美





丽和独特性,"清华大学艺术与设计学院教授陈楠表示。分析句子可知,空处缺副词作状语修饰动词短语 passed down; 根据英文提示, 故填 consistently。

- 63. 考查动词时态和语态。句意:产生甲骨文的那个社会具有许多今天被认为是典型的中国特征。分析句 子可知,空处是宾语从句的谓语,先行词 the characteristics 与 recognize 之间是被动关系,应用被动语态; 由先行词 the characteristics 可知谓语用复数形式;由本句中 today 可知本句用一般现在时;故填 are recognized。 64. 考查主谓一致。句意: 这些来自中国的珍贵铭文证明,在文献遗产中记录的记忆是传承传统、文化和 历史意识的一种不可替代的方式。由主语 the memory 可知空处的谓语动词用单数形式;故填 is。
- 65. 考查名词。句意: 这些文字是中国古代文化的证据,但对现代中国价值观也有"重要影响"。分析可知空 处缺名词作表语,根据英文提示,应填 evidence, 为不可数名词; 故填 evidence。



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