

Math 440 - P & A

Suppose a function and its derivative are piecewise smooth. Prove that the Fourier Series of the function can be differentiated term-by-term if the Fourier series of the function is continuous.

Let $f(x)$ be a function on $[-L, L]$ and assume $f(x)$ & $f'(x)$ are piecewise smooth. Then the Fourier Series of $f(x)$ is given by:

$$f(x) \sim a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$$

With the coefficients:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

Let c_n & d_n be the Fourier series coefficients of $f'(x)$:

$$c_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f'(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$d_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f'(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

Now, integrate c_n & d_n by parts:

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{L} \left[f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right]_{-L}^L + \frac{n\pi}{L^2} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \\ &= \frac{(-1)^n}{L} (f(L) - f(-L)) + \frac{n\pi}{L} b_n \end{aligned}$$

Since $\cos\left(\frac{n\pi L}{L}\right) = \cos(n\pi) = (-1)^n$ & $\int f(x) \sin(x) dx = L b_n$

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$$d_n = \frac{1}{L} \left[f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right] \Big|_{-L}^L - \frac{n\pi}{L^2} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$
$$= -\frac{n\pi}{L} a_n$$

Since $\sin(\pm n\pi) = 0$. Then the resulting coefficients are:

$$c_n = \frac{n\pi}{L} b_n$$

$$d_n = -\frac{n\pi}{L} a_n$$

Which means that the Fourier series of $f'(x)$ is given by:

$$f'(x) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(c_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + d_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right)$$
$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{n\pi}{L} a_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + \frac{n\pi}{L} b_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right)$$

Which is equal to the term-by-term derivative of the Fourier Series of $f(x)$:

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left(a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right) \right)$$

Additionally, since $f'(x)$ is piecewise smooth, its Fourier series converges to $\frac{1}{2}(f'(x^+) + f'(x^-))$ and to $f'(x)$ at points where $f'(x)$ is continuous. Therefore, the Fourier series of $f(x)$ can be differentiated term-by-term, and the derivative series represents $f'(x)$.