

考试科目: 高等数学(下) A 开课单位: <u>数 学 系</u>

考试时长: 120 分钟 命题教师:

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
分值	15 分	15 分	10 分						

本试卷共 9 大题, 满分 100 分. (考试结束后请将试卷、答题本、草稿纸一起交给监考老师)

注意:本试卷里的中文为直译(即完全按英文字面意思直接翻译),所有数学词汇的定义请参照教材(Thomas' Calculus,13th Edition)中的定义。如果其中有些数学词汇的定义不同于中文书籍(比方说同济大学的高等数学教材)里的定义,以教材(Thomas' Calculus,13th Edition)中的定义为准。

- 1. (15 pts) **Multiple Choice Questions:** (only one correct answer for each of the following questions.)
 - (1) The interval of convergence for the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n3^n}$ is
 - (A) [-1/3, 1/3].

(B) [-1/3, 1/3).

(C) [-3,3].

- (D) [-3, 3).
- (2) Let $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} y^2 \sin \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$. Which of the following statements is

wrong?

- (A) f(x, y) is continuous at (0, 0).
- (B) $f_x(0,0)$ exists.
- (C) $f_y(0,0)$ exists.
- (D) $f_x(x,y)$ is continuous at (0,0).
- (3) If f(x,y) has partial derivatives at (x_0,y_0) , then
 - (A) f(x, y) is bounded around (x_0, y_0) .
 - (B) f(x,y) is continuous around (x_0,y_0) .
 - (C) $f(x, y_0)$ is continuous at x_0 , $f(x_0, y)$ is continuous at y_0 .
 - (D) f(x, y) is continuous at (x_0, y_0) .
- (4) Let a be a constant. Then the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin(an)}{n^2} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1} \right)$
 - (A) converges absolutely.
 - (B) converges conditionally.

- (C) diverges.
- (D) the convergence depends on the value of a.
- (5) $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 \frac{\cos x}{x} \, dx dy =$
 - $(A) \cos 1.$

(B) $\sin 1$.

(C) $1 - \cos 1$.

- (D) $1 \sin 1$.
- 2. (15 pts) Please fill in the blank for the questions below.
 - (1) If the function z=z(x,y) is determined by $x^2-2y^2+z^2-4x+2z-5=0$, then $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\Big|_{(5,2,2)}=$ _____.
 - (2) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{\sin(xy^2)}{x^2+y^2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}.$
 - (3) If the region $D = \{(x,y)| x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$, then $\iint_D e^{-x^2 y^2} dx dy = \underline{\qquad}$.
 - (4) Let $\mathbf{F} = (z + e^{\sin y})\mathbf{i} + (\cos z y)\mathbf{j} + (2z + \ln(1 + y^2))\mathbf{k}$. D is the upper semi-sphere $0 \le z \le \sqrt{a^2 x^2 y^2}$ $(a \ge 0)$, and S is the boundary of the region D. Then the outward flux of \mathbf{F} across S; i.e., $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma = \underline{\qquad}$.
 - flux of **F** across S; i.e., $\iint_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma = \underline{\qquad}$ (5) $\int_{C} yze^{xz} dx + e^{xz} dy + xye^{xz} dz = \underline{\qquad}$, where C is a path from (2, 1, 0) to (0, 4, 5).
- 3. (10 pts) Find the equation for the plane through the origin parallel to the following lines:

$$l_1 = \begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = -1 + t \\ z = 2 + t \end{cases}, \quad l_2 = \begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = -2 + 2t \\ z = 1 + t \end{cases}$$

- 4. (10 pts) Use Taylor series to evaluate $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(n^3 \sin \frac{2}{n} 2n^2\right)$.
- 5. (10 pts) In what directions is the directional derivative of $f(x,y) = xy + y^2$ at P(3,2) equal to zero?
- 6. (10 pts) Compute $\iint_D xy \, dx \, dy$, here D is the disk enclosed by the curve $x^2 + y^2 = 2x + 2y$. (Hint: use substitution.)
- 7. (10 pts) Find the centroid of the region $D = \{(x, y, z) | \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \le z \le \sqrt{1 x^2 y^2} \}$.
- 8. (10 pts) Calculate the line integral $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where $\mathbf{F} = (y^2 + e^{e^x}) \mathbf{i} + (xy + \cos y) \mathbf{j} + xz \mathbf{k}$, and C is the curve of intersection of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4y$ and the plane y = z, counterclockwise when viewed from above.
- 9. (10 pts) Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x,y) = 3x^2 + 4xy$ on the region R: $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$.

一、(15分)单项选择题:

(1) 幂级数
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n3^n}$$
 的收敛域是

(A)
$$[-1/3, 1/3]$$
.

(B)
$$[-1/3, 1/3)$$
.

(C)
$$[-3,3]$$
.

(D)
$$[-3,3)$$
.

(2) 设
$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} y^2 \sin \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$
. 下列叙述中错误的是?

- (A) f(x,y) 在点 (0,0) 处连续。
- (B) $f_x(0,0)$ 存在.
- (C) $f_y(0,0)$ 存在.
- (D) $f_x(x,y)$ 在点 (0,0) 处连续.
- (3) 若函数 f(x,y) 在点 (x_0,y_0) 处的偏导数都存在. 则
 - (A) f(x, y) 在 (x_0, y_0) 附近有界.
 - (B) f(x,y) 在 (x_0,y_0) 附近连续.
 - (C) $f(x, y_0)$ 在 x_0 处连续, $f(x_0, y)$ 在 y_0 处连续.
 - (D) f(x,y) 在 (x_0,y_0) 处连续。

(4) 设
$$a$$
 是一个常数,则级数 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin(an)}{n^2} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1} \right)$

- (A) 绝对收敛.
- (B) 条件收敛.
- (C) 发散.
- (D) 收敛性依赖于 a 的值.

$$(5) \int_0^1 \int_y^1 \frac{\cos x}{x} \, dx dy =$$

 $(A) \cos 1.$

(B) $\sin 1$.

(C)
$$1 - \cos 1$$
.

(D) $1 - \sin 1$.

二、(15分)填空题:

(1) 设函数 z=z(x,y) 由方程 $x^2-2y^2+z^2-4x+2z-5=0$ 所确定,则 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\Big|_{(5,2,2)}=$

(2)
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{\sin(xy^2)}{x^2+y^2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(3) 设区域
$$D = \{(x,y)|x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$$
,则 $\iint_D e^{-x^2 - y^2} dx dy =$ _______

(4) 设向量场
$$\mathbf{F} = (z + e^{\sin y})\mathbf{i} + (\cos z - y)\mathbf{j} + (2z + \ln(1 + y^2))\mathbf{k}$$
. 区域 D 为上半球 $0 \le z \le \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2}$ $(a \ge 0)$,闭合曲面 S 是 D 的边界. 则向量场 \mathbf{F} 通过曲面 S 从内向外的通量 $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma =$ _______.

三、(10分)求经过原点且平行于下面两条直线的平面方程

$$l_{1} = \begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = -1 + t \\ z = 2 + t \end{cases}, \quad l_{2} = \begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = -2 + 2t \\ z = 1 + t \end{cases}$$

- 四、 (10分)使用泰勒级数来计算 $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(n^3\sin\frac{2}{n}-2n^2\right)$.
- 五、 (10分) 函数 $f(x,y) = xy + y^2$ 在 P(3,2) 沿着哪些方向的方向导数为 0?
- 六、(10分)计算 $\iint_D xy \, dx dy$,这里 D 是由闭合曲线 $x^2 + y^2 = 2x + 2y$ 围成的区域. (提示: 用换元法)
- 七、 (10分)求图形 D 的形心,这里 D 是闭区域 $\Big\{(x,y,z)|\sqrt{x^2+y^2}\leq z\leq \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}\Big\}.$
- 八、 (10分)计算曲线积分 $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$,这里 $\mathbf{F} = (y^2 + e^{e^x})\mathbf{i} + (xy + \cos y)\mathbf{j} + xz\mathbf{k}$,曲线C 为圆柱 面 $x^2 + y^2 = 4y$ 与平面 y = z 的交线,从上往下看, C 是逆时针方向.
- 九、 (10分)求函数 $f(x,y) = 3x^2 + 4xy$ 在闭区域 $R: x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ 的最大值和最小值(即全局极大和全局极小值).