

Shenzhen Concox Information Technology Co.,Ltd

GPS Tracker **Communication Protocol** (TR06)

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CONTENT

I.	COMMU	COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL5						
II.	TERMS,	TERMS, DEFINITIONS						
III.	BASIC RI	BASIC RULES6						
IV.	DATA PA	DATA PACKET FORMAT8						
4	.1.START B	IT	8					
4	4.2.Packet Length							
4	.3.Ркотос	OL NUMBER	8					
4	.4.Inform	ATION CONTENTS	8					
4	.5.Inform	ATION SERIAL NUMBER	8					
4	.6.Error (Снеск	8					
4	. 7.S TOP BI	т	9					
V.	DETAILS	ABOUT DATA PACKET SENT BY SERVER TO TERMINAL	9					
5	5.1.Login N	Λessage Packet	9					
	5.1.1.Tern	ninal Sending Data Packet to Server	9					
	5.1.1.1.	Start Bit	9					
	5.1.1.2.	Packet Length	9					
	5.1.1.3.	Protocol Number	9					
	5.1.1.4.	Terminal ID	9					
	5.1.1.5.	Information Serial Number	10					
	5.1.1.6.	Error Check	10					
	5.1.1.7.	Stop Bit	10					
	5.1.2.Serv	ver Responds the Data Packet	10					
	5.1.2.1.	Start Bit	10					
	5.1.2.2.	Packet Length	10					
	5.1.2.3.	Protocol Number	10					
	5.1.2.4.	Information Serial Number	10					
	5.1.2.5.	Error Check	10					
	5.1.2.6.	Stop Bit	10					
	5.1.3.	Examples	10					
5	.2. LOCAT	TION DATA PACKET (COMBINED INFORMATION PACKAGE OF GPS AND LBS)	12					
	5.2.1.Tern	ninal Sending Location Data Packet to Server	.12					
	5.2.1.1.	Start Bit	12					
	5.2.1.2.	Packet Length	12					
	5.2.1.3.	Protocol Number	12					
	5.2.1.4.	Date Time	12					
	E 2 1 E	Longth of GDS information, quantity of positioning satellites	12					



5.2.1.6.	Latitude	. 13
5.2.1.7.	Longitude	. 13
5.2.1.8.	Speed	. 13
5.2.1.9.	Course Status	. 13
5.2.1.10.	MCC	. 14
5.2.1.11.	MNC	. 15
5.2.1.12.	LAC	. 15
5.2.1.13.	Cell ID	. 15
5.2.1.14.	Information Serial Number	. 15
5.2.1.15.	Error Check	. 15
5.2.1.16.	Stop Bit	. 15
5.2.2. Exa	amples of Packet Sent from Terminal to Server	.15
5.3.ALARM	PACKET (COMBINED INFORMATION PACKET OF GPS, LBS AND STATUS)	. 16
5.3.1.Ser	ver Sending Alarm Data Packet to Server	.16
5.3.1.1.	Start Bit	. 16
5.3.1.2.	Packet Length	. 16
5.3.1.3.	Protocol Number	. 16
5.3.1.4.	Date Time	. 16
5.3.1.5.	Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites	. 16
5.3.1.6.	Latitude	. 16
5.3.1.7.	Longitude	. 16
5.3.1.8.	Speed	. 17
5.3.1.9.	Status and Course	. 17
5.3.1.10.	MCC	. 17
5.3.1.11.	MNC	. 17
5.3.1.12.	LAC	. 17
5.3.1.13.	Cell ID	. 17
5.3.1.14.	Terminal Information	. 17
5.3.1.15.	Voltage Level	. 17
5.3.1.16.	GSM Signal Strength Levels	. 18
5.3.1.17.	Alarm/Language	. 18
5.3.1.18.	Information Serial Number	. 18
5.3.1.19.	Error Check	. 18
5.3.1.20.	Stop Bit	. 18
5.3.1.21.	Examples	. 19
5.3.2.Ser	ver responding alarm data packet to terminal	. 19
5.3.2.1.	Start Bit	. 19
5.3.2.2.	Packet Length	. 19
5.3.2.3.	Protocol Number	. 19
5.3.2.4.	Serial Number	. 19
5.3.2.5.	Error Check	. 19
5.3.2.6.	Stop Bit	. 20



5.3.2.7.	Examples	. 20
5.3.3.Ser	ver responding alarm data address packet to Terminal	. 20
5.3.3.1.	Response package in Chinese	. 20
5.3.3.2.	Response package in English	. 21
5.4.HEARTE	BEAT PACKET (STATUS INFORMATION PACKET)	. 23
5.4.1.Ter	minal Sending Heartbeat Packet to Server	23
5.4.1.1.	Start Bit	. 23
5.4.1.2.	Packet Length	. 23
5.4.1.3.	Protocol Number	. 23
5.4.1.4.	Terminal Information	. 23
5.4.1.5.	Voltage Level	. 24
5.4.1.6.	GSM Signal Strength Levels	. 24
5.4.1.7.	Alarm/Language	. 24
5.4.1.8.	Information Serial Number	. 24
5.4.1.9.	Error Check	. 25
5.4.1.10.	Stop Bit	. 25
5.4.2.Ser	ver Responds the Data Packet	. 25
5.4.2.1.	Start Bit	. 25
5.4.2.2.	Packet Length	. 25
5.4.2.3.	Protocol Number	. 25
5.4.2.4.	Information Serial Number	. 25
5.4.2.5.	Error Check	. 25
5.4.2.6.	Stop Bit	. 25
5.4.3.Exa	mples	. 25
VI. DATA F	PACKET SENT FROM SERVER TO TERMINAL	27
VI. DAIA I	ACKET SENT FROM SERVER TO TERMINAL	
6.1.PACKET	SENT BY SERVER	
6.1.1.	Start Bit	
6.1.2.	Packet Length	. 27
6.1.3.	Protocol Number	
6.1.4.	Length of Command	
6.1.5.	Server Flag Bit	
6.1.6.	Command Content	
6.1.7.	Language错误!未定义书签	ξ. Σ. ο
6.1.8.	Information Serial Number	
6.1.9.	Error Check	. 27
6.1.10.	Stop Bit	. 27
6.2. P ACKET	REPLIED BY TERMINAL	. 28
6.2.1.	Start Bit	. 28
6.2.2.	Packet Length	. 28
6.2.3.	Protocol Number	. 28
6.2.4.	Length of Command	. 28



	6.2.5.	Server Flag Bit
	6.2.6.	Command Content
	6.2.7.	Language
	6.2.8.	Information Serial Number
	6.2.9.	Error Check
	6.2.10.	Stop Bit
	6.3.	Looking Up Location Information29
	6.4.	Cutting Oil and Electricity29
	6.5.	Connecting Oil and Electricity29
	6.6.	Address Querying Information Sent by the Server30
	6.7. GP	S, Phone Number Querying Address Information Package (0X1A)31
	6.7.1.	Information from Terminal to Server31
	6.7.1.1.	Start Bit
	6.7.1.2.	Packet Length31
	6.7.1.3.	Protocol Number31
	6.7.1.4.	Date Time31
	6.7.1.5.	Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites31
	6.7.1.6.	Latitude31
	6.7.1.7.	Longitude32
	6.7.1.8.	Speed32
	6.7.1.9.	Course32
	6.7.1.10.	Phone Number
	6.7.1.11.	Language32
	6.7.1.12.	Information Serial Number32
	6.7.1.13.	Error Check
	6.7.1.14.	Stop Bit
	6.7.2.	Response of Server32
	6.7.2.1.	Response package in Chinese
	6.7.2.2.	Response package in English
		/ A CODE TO COMPANY OF THE CODE THE CODE OF THE CODE O
		K A: CODE FRAGMENT OF THE CRC-ITU LOOKUP TABLE ALGORITHM IMPLEMENTED BASED ON C
L	ANGUAGE	36
٧	III. APPEND	IX B: A FRAGMENT OF EXAMPLE OF DATA PACKET OF COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL 37
D	. APPEND	IX C: COMPLETE FORMAT OF THE INFORMATION PACKAGE40



i. Communication Protocol

Introduction

This document defines instructions about interface protocol on application layer of vehicles GPS tracker and location-based service platform. Related interface protocol only applies in the interaction between the platform and the position terminal.

ii. Terms, Definitions

Terms, Abbreviation	Definition in English	Definition in Chinese
CMPP	China Mobile Peer to Peer	中国移动点对点协议
GPS	Global Positioning System	全球卫星定位系统
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communication	全球移动通信系统
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	通用无线分组业务
TCP	Transport Control Protocol	传输控制协议
LBS	Location Based Services	辅助定位服务
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity	国际移动设备识别码
MCC	Mobile Country Code	移动用户所属国家代码
MNC	Mobile Network Code	移动网号码
LAC	Location Area Code	位置区码
Cell ID	Cell Tower ID	移动基站
UDP	User Datagram Protocol	用户数据报协议
SOS	Save Our Ship/Save Our Souls	遇难求救信号
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check	循环冗余校验
NITZ	Network Identity and Time Zone,	时区
GIS	Geographic Information System	地理信息系统



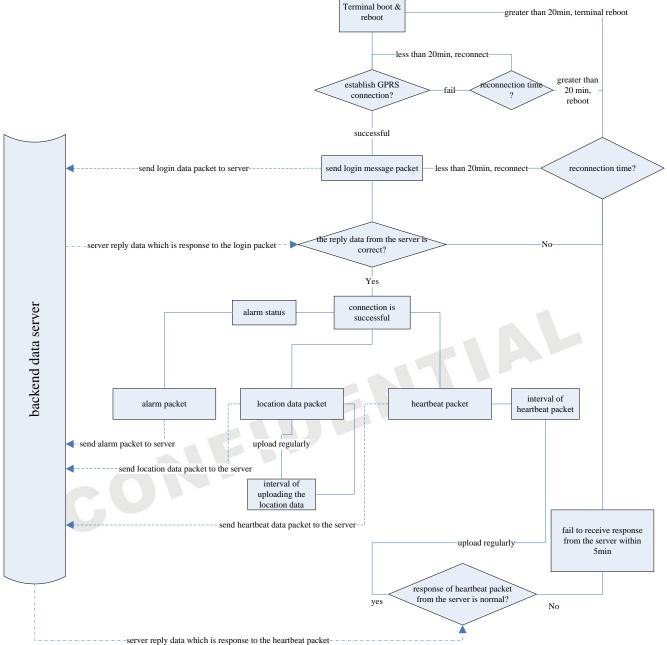
iii. Basic Rules

- 1. If a GPRS connection is established successfully, the terminal will send a first login message packet to the server and, within five seconds, if the terminal receives a data packet responded by the server, the connection is considered to be a normal connection. The terminal will begin to send location information (i.e., GPS, LBS information package). A status information package will be sent by the terminal after three minutes to regularly confirm the connection.
- 2. If the GPRS connection is established unsuccessfully, the terminal will not be able to send the login message packet. The terminal will start schedule reboot in twenty minutes if the GPRS connection is failed three times. Within twenty minutes, if the terminal successfully connects to the server and receives the data packet from the server as the server's response to the login message packet sent by the terminal, the schedule reboot will be off and the terminal will not be rebooted; otherwise, the terminal will be rebooted automatically in twenty minutes.
- 3. After receiving the login message packet, the server will return a response data packet. If the terminal doesn't receive packet from the server within five seconds after sending the login message packet or the status information package, the current connection is regarded as an abnormal connection. The terminal will start a retransmission function for GPS tracking data, which will cause the terminal to disconnect the current GPRS connection, rebuild a new GPRS connection and send a login message packet again.
- 4. If the connection is regarded to be abnormal, and the data packet as a response from the server is failed to be received three times after a connection is established and a login message packet or status information package is sent, the terminal will start schedule reboot and the scheduled time is ten minutes. Within ten minutes, if the terminal successfully connects to the server and receives the data packet responded by the server, the schedule reboot will be off and the terminal will not be rebooted; otherwise, the terminal will be rebooted automatically in ten minutes.
- 5. In case of the normal connection, the terminal will send a combined information package of GPS and LBS to the server after the GPS information is changed; and the server may set a default protocol for transmission by using commands.
- 6. To ensure the effectiveness of the connection, the terminal will send status information to the server at regular intervals, and the server will return response data packets to confirm the connection.
- 7. For the terminal which doesn't register an IMEI number, the server will reply the terminal with a login request response and heartbeat packet response, rather than directly disconnect the connection. (If the connection is directly disconnected or the server doesn't reply to the terminal, it will lead to a continuous reconnected by the terminal and the GPRS traffic will be



consumed heavily.

Data Flow Diagram





iv. Data Packet Format

The communication is transferred asynchronously in bytes.

The total length of packets is (10+N) Bytes.

Format	Length(Byte)	
Start Bit	2	
Packet Length	1	
Protocol Number	1	
Information Content	N	
Information Serial	2	
Number	2	
Error Check	2	
Stop Bit	2	

4.1. Start Bit

Fixed value in HEX 0x78 0x78.

4.2. Packet Length

Length = Protocol Number + Information Content + Information Serial Number + Error Check, totally (5+N)Bytes, because the Information Content is a variable length field.

4.3. Protocol Number

Туре	Value	
Login Message	0x01	
Location Data	0x12	
Status information	0x13	
String information	0x15	
Alarm data	0x16	
GPS, query address information by	0x1A	
phone number	UXIA	
Command information sent by the	0x80	
server to the terminal	0.00	

4.4. Information Contents

The specific contents are determined by the protocol numbers corresponding to different applications.

4.5. Information Serial Number

The serial number of the first GPRS data (including status packet and data packet such as GPS, LBS) sent after booting is '1', and the serial number of data sent later at each time will be automatically added '1'.

4.6. Error Check

A check code may be used by the terminal or the server to distinguish whether the received information is error or not. To prevent errors occur during data transmission, error check is added to against data misoperation, so as to increase the security and efficiency of the system. The check code



is generated by the CRC-ITU checking method.

The check codes of data in the structure of the protocol, from the Packet Length to the Information Serial Number (including "Packet Length" and "Information Serial Number"), are values of CRC-ITU.

CRC error occur when the received information is calculated, the receiver will ignore and discard the data packet.

4.7. Stop Bit

Fixed value in HEX 0x0D 0x0A.

V.Details about Data Packet sent by Server to Terminal

The commonly used information packages sent by the terminal and those sent by the server will be interpreted separately.

5.1. Login Message Packet

5.1.1. Terminal Sending Data Packet to Server

The login message packet is used to be sent to the server with the terminal ID so as to confirm the established connection is normal or not.

	Description	Bits	Example	
	Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>	
	Packet	1	00D	
	Length	1	<u>0x0D</u>	
	Protocol	1	0-01	
Login Message	Number	1	<u>0x01</u>	
Packet(18 Terminal ID 8 0x01 0x2 Byte) Information		8	<u>0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45</u>	
	Serial	2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	
	Number			
	Error Check	2	0x8C 0xDD	
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0x0D 0x0</u>	

5.1.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.1.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.1.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.1.1.4. Terminal ID

The terminal ID applies IMEI number of 15 bits.

Example: if the IMEI is 123456789012345,



the terminal ID is 0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45.

5.1.1.5. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.1.1.6. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.1.1.7. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.1.2. Server Responds the Data Packet

	Description	Bits	Example	
Login	Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>	
Message	Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>	
Packet (18 Byte)	Protocol Number	1	<u>0x01</u>	
Information Serial 2 Number Error Check 2		2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	
		2	0xD9 0xDC	
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>	

The response packet from the server to the terminal: the protocol number in the response packet is identical to the protocol number in the data packet sent by the terminal.

5.1.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.1.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.1.2.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.1.2.4. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.1.2.5. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.1.2.6. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.1.3. Examples

Examples of the login message packet sent by the terminal to the server and the response packet sent by the server to the terminal are as follows: (in the examples the terminal ID is 123456789012345.

	Example of data packet sent by the terminal 78 78 0D 01 01 23 45 67 89 01 23 45 00 01 8C DD 0D 0A									
ı	Explain									
ı	<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x0D</u>	<u>0x01</u>	<u>0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0x01 0x23 0x45</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0x8C</u> <u>0xDD</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>			
ı	Start Bit	Length	Protocol	Terminal ID	Serial No.	Error	Stop Bit			





		No.			Check	
Example of	Example of response packet returned by the server					
78 78 05 01 0	78 78 05 01 00 01 D9 DC 0D 0A					
Explain						
<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x05</u>	<u>0x01</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0xD9 0xDC</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>	
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Serial No.	Error Check	Stop Bit	



5.2. Location Data Packet (combined information package of GPS and LBS)

5.2.1. Terminal Sending Location Data Packet to Server

Format			Length(Byte)	Example
	Start Bit		2	0x78 0x78
	Packet Length		1	0x1F
	Protocol	Number	1	0x12
		Date Time	6	0x0B 0x08 0x1D 0x11 0x2E 0x10
	GPS Information	Quantity of GPS information satellites	1	0xCF
		Latitude	4	0x02 0x7A 0xC7 0xEB
Information		Longitude	4	0x0C 0x46 0x58 0x49
Content		Speed	1	0x00
		Course, Status	2	0x14 0x8F
		MCC	2	0x01 0xCC
	LBS	MNC	1	0x00
	Information	LAC	2	0x28 0x7D
		Cell ID	3	0x00 0x1F 0xB8
	Serial Number		2	0x00 0x03
	Error	Check	2	0x80 0x81
	Stop Bit		2	0x0D 0x0A

5.2.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.2.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.2.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.2.1.4. Date Time

Format	Length(Byte)	Example
Year	1	0x0A
Month	1	0x03
Day	1	0x17
Hour	1	0x0F
Minute	1	0x32
Second	1	0x17

Example: 2010-03-23 15:30:23

Calculated as follows: 10(Decimal)=0A(Hexadecimal)



3 (Decimal)=03(Hexadecimal)
23(Decimal)=17(Hexadecimal)
15(Decimal)=0F(Hexadecimal)
50(Decimal)=32(Hexadecimal)
23(Decimal)=17(Hexadecimal)

Then the value is: 0x0A 0x03 0x17 0x0F 0x32 0x17

5.2.1.5. Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites

The field is 1 Byte displayed by two hex digits, wherein the first one is for the length of GPS information and the second one for the number of the satellites join in positioning.

Example: if the value is 0xCB, it means the length of GPS information is 12 and the number of the positioning satellites is 11.

(C = 12Bit Lenght, B = 11 satellites)

5.2.1.6. Latitude

Four bytes are consumed, defining the latitude value of location data. The range of the value is 0-162000000, indicating a range of $0^{\circ}-90^{\circ}$. The conversion method thereof is as follow:

Converting the value of latitude and longitude output by GPS module into a decimal based on minute; multiplying the converted decimal by 30000; and converting the multiplied result into hexadecimal

Example: 22°32.7658'=(22X60+32.7658)X30000=40582974, then converted into a hexadecimal number

40582974(Decimal)= 26B3F3E(Hexadecimal)

at last the value is 0x02 0x6B 0x3F 0x3E.

5.2.1.7. Longitude

Four bytes are consumed, defining the longitude value of location data. The range of the value is 0-324000000, indicating a range of 0 $^{\circ}$ 180 $^{\circ}$.

The conversion method herein is same to the method mentioned in Latitude (see section 5.2.1.6).

5.2.1.8. Speed

One byte is consumed, defining the running Speed of GPS. The value ranges from 0x00 to 0xFF indicating a range from 0 to 225km/h.

e.g. 0x00 represents 0 km/h.

0x10 represents 16km/h.

0xFF represents 255 km/h.

5.2.1.9. Course & Status

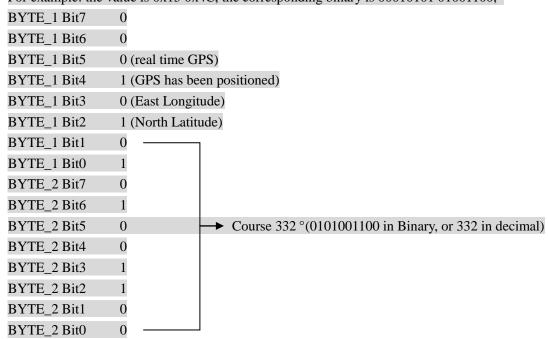
Two bytes are consumed, defining the running direction of GPS. The value ranges from 0° to 360° measured clockwise from north of 0° .



	Bit7	0
	Bit6	0
	Bit5	GPS real-time/differential positioning
DVTE 1	Bit4	GPS having been positioning or not
BYTE_1	Bit3	East Longitude, West Longitude
	Bit2	South Latitude, North Latitude
	Bit1	
	Bit0	
	Bit7	
	Bit6	
	Bit5	Comme
DVTE 2	Bit4	Course
BYTE_2	Bit3	
	Bit2	
	Bit1	
	Bit0	

Note: The status information in the data packet is the status corresponding to the time bit recorded in the data packet.

For example: the value is 0x15 0x4C, the corresponding binary is 00010101 01001100,



which means GPS tracking is on, real time GPS, location at north latitude, east longitude and the course is 332 °.

5.2.1.10. MCC

The country code to which a mobile user belongs, i.e., Mobile Country Code(MCC).



Example: Chinese MCC is 460 in decimal, or 0x01 0xCC in Hex (that is, a decimal value of 460 converting into a hexadecimal value, and 0 is added at the left side because the converted hexadecimal value is less than four digits).

Herein the range is $0x0000 \sim 0x03E7$.

5.2.1.11. MNC

Mobile Network Code(MNC) Example: Chinese MNC is 0x00.

5.2.1.12. LAC

Location Area Code (LAC) included in LAI consists of two bytes and is encoded in hexadecimal. The available range is 0x0001-0xFFFE, and the code group 0x0000 and 0xFFFF cannot be used. (See GSM specification 03.03, 04.08 and 11.11).

5.2.1.13. Cell ID

Cell Tower ID (Cell ID), which value ranges from 0x000000 to 0xFFFFFF.

5.2.1.14. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.2.1.15. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.2.1.16. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.2.2. Examples of Packet Sent from Terminal to Server

Example of sending by the terminal								
78 78 1F 12 0	78 78 1F 12 0B 08 1D 11 2E 10 CC 02 7A C7 EB 0C 46 58 49 00 14 8F 01 CC 00 28 7D 00 1F B8 00 03 80 81 0D 0A							
Explain								
<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x1F</u>	<u>0x12</u>	<u>0x0B 0x</u>	08 0x1D 0x11 0x2	2E 0x10	<u>0xCC</u>	0x02 0x7A	OxC7 OxEB
	Packet	Protocol				Quantity of GP	S	
Start Bit		No.		Date Time		information	Latit	ude
	Length	No.				satellites		
0x0C 0x46 0x	x58 0x49	<u>0x00</u>	<u>0x14 0x8F</u>	<u>0x01 0xCC</u>	<u>0x00</u>	0x28 0x7D	0x00 0x1F 0xB8	<u>0x00 0x03</u>
Longitu	ıda	Speed	Course	MCC	MNC	LAC	Cell ID	Serial No.
Longitt	ide	Speed	Status	WICC	MINC	LAC	Cell ID	Seriai No.
0x80 0x81	0x0D 0x0) <u>A</u>						
Error Check	Stop Bit	t						



5.3. Alarm Packet (Combined information packet of GPS, LBS and Status)

5.3.1. Server Sending Alarm Data Packet to Server

	Length (Byte)		
		Start Bit	2
		Packet Length	1
		Protocol Number	1
		Date Time	6
		Quantity of GPS information satellites	1
	GPS	Latitude	4
	Information	Longitude	4
	information	Speed	1
		Course, Status	2
Information		LBS Length	1
Content	LBS Information	MCC	2
Content		MNC	1
		LAC	2
		Cell ID	3
		Terminal Information Content	1
	status	Voltage Level	1
	Information	GSM Signal Strength	1
		Alarm/Language	2
		Serial Number	2
		Error Check	2
		2	

Alarm packet is consisted by adding status information to location packet, so does the encoding format of the protocol.

5.3.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.3.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.3.1.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.3.1.4. Date Time

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.4.

5.3.1.5. Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.5.

5.3.1.6. Latitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.6.

5.3.1.7. Longitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.7.



5.3.1.8. Speed

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.8.

5.3.1.9. Status and Course

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.9.

5.3.1.10. MCC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.10.

5.3.1.11. MNC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.11.

5.3.1.12. LAC

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.12.

5.3.1.13. Cell ID

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.13.

5.3.1.14. Terminal Information

One byte is consumed, defining various status information of the mobile phone.

В	it	Code Meaning
	Bit7	1: oil and electricity disconnected
	DIL/	0: gas oil and electricity connected
	Bit6	1: GPS tracking is on
	DIO	0: GPS tracking is off
		100: SOS
	D:42	011: Low Battery Alarm
	Bit3~ Bit5	010: Power Cut Alarm
BYTE		001: Shock Alarm
		000: Normal
		1: Charge On
		0: Charge Off
		1: ACC high
		0: ACC Low
	Bit0	1: Defense Activated
	DIU	0: Defense Deactivated

Example: 0x44, corresponding binary value is 01000100,

indicates that the status of the terminal is: oil and electricity connected, GPS tracking is on, normal without any alarm, charge on, ACC is low, and defense deactivated.

5.3.1.15. Voltage Level

The range is 0~6 defining the voltage is from low to high.

- 0: No Power (shutdown)
- 1: Extremely Low Battery (not enough for calling or sending text messages, etc.)
- 2: Very Low Battery (Low Battery Alarm)
- 3: Low Battery (can be used normally)
- 4: Medium
- 5: High



6: Very High

Example: 0x02 indicates very low battery and a Low Battery Alarm is sending.

5.3.1.16. GSM Signal Strength Levels

0x00: no signal;

0x01: extremely weak signal;

0x02: very weak signal;

0x03: good signal; 0x04: strong signal.

Example: 0x03 indicates the GSM signal is good.

5.3.1.17. Alarm/Language

0x00 (former bit) 0x01 (latter bit)

former bit: terminal alarm status (suitable for alarm packet and electronic fence project)

latter bit: the current language used in the terminal

	0x00: normal
	0x01: SOS
C 1.4	0x02: Power Cut Alarm
former bit	0x03: Shock Alarm
	0x04: Fence In Alarm
	0x05: Fence Out Alarm
latter bit	0x01: Chinese
	0x02: English

Examples:

No Alarm and Language is Chinese: 0x00 0x01 No Alarm and Language is English: 0x00 0x02

To increase the reliability of alarm information, labeling the alarm information repeatedly; in most cases, the alarm information keeps consistent with information of former terminal, while the inconsistencies are as follows:

- A. Low Battery Alarm occurred in the information of the terminal
- B. Fence in and out Alarm in the Alarm/Language information

5.3.1.18. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.3.1.19. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.3.1.20. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.



5.3.1.21. Examples

Examples of terr	minal tra	nsmission							
78 78 25 16 0B	0B 0F 0	DE 24 1D C	F 02 7A C8 87	0C 46 57 E6	00 14 02	2 09 01 CC	00 28 71	O 00 1F 72 65	06 04 01 01 00 36
56 A4 0D 0A									
Explain									
<u>0x78 0x78</u>	<u>0x25</u>	<u>0x16</u>	0x0B 0x0B 0x	x0F 0x0E 0x24	x01D	0xCI	-	<u>0x02 0x</u>	x7A 0xC8 0x87
		Protocol				Quantity o	f GPS		
Start Bit	Length	No.	D	ate Time		informa	tion]	Latitude
		No.		satellites					
0x0C 0x46 0x57	0xE6	<u>0x00</u>	0x14 0x02	<u>0x09</u>	0x01	0xCC_	<u>0x00</u>	0x28 0x7D	0x00 0x1F 0x72
Lanaituda		Cmood	Course	LBS	М	TC.	MNC	LAC	Cell ID
Longitude		Speed	Status	Length	MC		MINC	LAC	Cell ID
<u>0x65</u>	0)x06_	<u>0x04</u>	<u>0x01 0</u>	x01_	0x00 0x36	0x56	5 0xA4_	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Terminal			CCM Signal						
Information	Volta	ge Level	GSM Signal	Alarm/Lai	nguage	Serial No.	Error	Check	Stop Bit
Content			Strength						

Note: The status information in the data packet is the status corresponding to the time bit recorded in the data packet.

5.3.2. Server responding alarm data packet to terminal (terminal do not check enforcedly)

	Length(Byte)	
	Start Bit	2
	Packet Length	1
Information	Protocol Number	1
Content	Serial Number	2
	Error Check	2
	Stop Bit	2

Alarm packet is consisted by adding status information to location packet, so does the encoding format of the protocol.

5.3.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1

5.3.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2

5.3.2.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3

5.3.2.4. Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5

5.3.2.5. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6



5.3.2.6. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7

5.3.2.7. Examples

Example of data packet responded by the server

78 78 05 16 00 36 95 70 0D 0A

5.3.3. Server responding alarm data address packet to Terminal

5.3.3.1. Response package in Chinese

The response data packet in Chinese is as follow:

1					-
		Start Bit			
	Length of data bit			1	
		Protocol Numl	ber	1	7
		Length of	of Command	1	
		Serve	r Flag Bit	4	
Command			ALARMSMS	8	
packet sent			&&	2	
from the	Information		Address		
server to the	Content	Content Command Content	Content	M	
terminal			&&	2	
(15+M+N			Phone	21	
Byte)		Number	21		
		##	2		
	Infor	Information Serial Number			
		Check Bit			
		Stop Bit		2	

The Protocol Number of request Chinese address response is 0X17.

Command Content: ADDRESS&&Address Content&&Phone Number(All is 0)## (ADDRESS, &&, ## are fixed strings)

Chinese address content is sent in UNICODE.

Example of Chinese address response information:

7878	// Start Bit
85	// Data Length
17	// Response Protocol Number
7E	// Length of Command, i.e., length of the information of the transmitted
content	
00000001	// Server Flag Bit
414C41524D534D53	// ALARMSMS



2626	//&&	Separator
624059044F4D7F6E0028	// Chi	inese address is sent in UNICODE
004C004200530029003A		
5E7F4E1C77015E7F5DDE		
5E0282B190FD533AFF17		
FF15FF144E6190530028		
004E00320033002E0033		
00390035002C00450031		
00310032002E00390038		
0038002996448FD1		
2626	//&& \$	Separator
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000	000000000000 // Phone Numbe
2323	//##	terminator of content
0106	// Seria	al No.
3825	// Ched	ck Bit
0D0A	// Stop	Bit

5.3.3.2. Response package in English

Considering the address or other foreign address in English is generally longer than that in Chinese, one data bit is not enough, so the data bit is occupied in 2 bytes.

Note: only the length of data bit corresponding to the protocol number of response address information is changed into two bytes.

		Start Bit		2			
	Length of data bit			2			
		Protocol Numl	ber	1			
		Length o	of Command	2			
Command		Serve	r Flag Bit	4			
packet sent			ALARMSMS	8			
from the	rminal Content 6+M+N			&&	2		
server to the		nformation	Address				
terminal		Content	Com	Content Comm	Command	Content	M
(15+M+N				Content	&&	2	
Byte)			Phone	21			
				Number	21		
				##	2		
	Information Serial Number			2			
	Check Bit			2			



Stop Bit 2

The Protocol Number of request English address response is 0X97.

Command Content: ADDRESS&&Address Content&&Phone Number(All is 0)##(ADDRESS, &&, ## are fixed strings)

Example of English address response information:

7878 // Start Bit 00D2 // Data Length

97 // Response Protocol Number

00CA // Length of Command, i.e., length of the information of the transmitted content

00000001 // Server Flag Bit

414C41524D534D53 // ALARMSMS

2626 //&& Separator

0053004F00530028004C // English address is sent in UNICODE

0029003A005300680069

006D0069006E00200046

0061006900720079006C

0061006E006400200057

00650073007400200052

0064002C004800750069

006300680065006E0067

002C004800750069007A

0068006F0075002C0047

00750061006E00670064

006F006E00670028004E 00320033002E00310031

0031002C004500310031

0034002E003400310031

0029004E006500610072

00620079

2626 //&& Separator

2323 //## terminator of content



5.4. Heartbeat Packet (status information packet)

Heartbeat packet is a data packet to maintain the connection between the terminal and the server.

Terminal Sending Heartbeat Packet to Server

	Format		Length (Byte)
		Start Bit	2
	Pa	cket Length	1
	Prot	tocol Number	1
		Terminal Information Content	1
Information Content	Information Status Voltage Level Voltage Level		1
Content	information	GSM Signal Strength	1
		Alarm/Language	2
Serial Number			2
	Error Check		
		Stop Bit	2
	art Bit ee Data Pack	et Format section 4.	.1.
5.4.1.2. Pa	cket Length	ı	
For details so	ee Data Pack	et Format section 4.	.2.
5.4.1.3. Pr	otocol Numb	ber	
For details so	ee Data Pack	et Format section 4.	.3.
5 1 1 1 m	• 1 T . C.		

5.4.1.1. Start Bit

5.4.1.2. Packet Length

5.4.1.3. Protocol Number

5.4.1.4. Terminal Information

One byte is consumed defining for various status information of the mobile phone.

Bit		Code Meaning		
	Bit7	1: oil and electricity disconnected		
	DIL/	0: gas oil and electricity		
	Bit6	1: GPS tracking is on		
	DIIO	0: GPS tracking is off		
		100: SOS		
	D:/2	011: Low Battery Alarm		
	Bit3~ Bit5	010: Power Cut Alarm		
BYTE		001: Shock Alarm		
		000: Normal		
	D:40	1: Charge On		
	Bit2	0: Charge Off		
	Bit1	1: ACC high		
	BIU	0: ACC Low		
	Bit0	1: Defense Activated		
	Ditt	0: Defense Deactivated		



Example: 0x44, corresponding binary value is 01000100, indicates that the status of the terminal is: oil and electricity connected, GPS tracking is on, normal without any alarm, charge on, ACC is low, and defense deactivated.

5.4.1.5. Voltage Level

The range is 0~6 defining the voltage is from low to high.

- 0: No Power (shutdown)
- 1: Extremely Low Battery (not enough for calling or sending text messages, etc.)
- 2: Very Low Battery (Low Battery Alarm)
- 3: Low Battery (can be used normally)
- 4: Medium
- 5: High
- 6: Very High

Example: 0x02 indicates very low battery and a Low Battery Alarm is sending.

5.4.1.6. GSM Signal Strength Levels

0x00: no signal;

0x01: extremely weak signal;

0x02: very weak signal;

0x03: good signal;

0x04: strong signal.

Example: 0x03 indicates the GSM signal is good.

5.4.1.7. Alarm/Language

0x00 (former bit) 0x01 (latter bit)

former bit: terminal alarm status (suitable for alarm packet and electronic fence project)

latter bit: the current language of the terminal

former bit	
Tormer on	
latter bit	0x01: Chinese
iauei bit	0x02: English

Examples:

No Alarm and Language is Chinese: 0x00 0x01 No Alarm and Language is English: 0x00 0x02

5.4.1.8. Information Serial Number



For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.4.1.9. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.4.1.10. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.4.2. Server Responds the Data Packet

	Description	Bits	Example
	Start Bit	2	<u>0x78 0x78</u>
Login	Packet Length	1	<u>0x05</u>
Message	Protocol Number	1	<u>0x01</u>
Packet (18	Information Serial Number	2	<u>0x00 0x01</u>
Byte)	Error Check	2	0xD9 0xDC
	Stop Bit	2	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>

The response packet from the server to the terminal: the protocol number in the response packet is identical to the protocol number in the data packet sent by the terminal.

5.4.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

5.4.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

5.4.2.3. Protocol Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.3.

5.4.2.4. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

5.4.2.5. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

5.4.2.6. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

5.4.3. Examples

Example of	Example of data packet sent by the terminal						
78 78 08 13	4B 04 03 00 0	01 00 11 06 1F	F 0D 0A				
Explain							
0x78 0x78	<u>0x08</u>	<u>0x13</u>	<u>0x4B 0x04 0x03</u>	<u>0x00 0x01</u>	<u>0x00 0x11</u>	<u>0x06 0x1F</u>	<u>0x0D 0x0A</u>
Start Bit	Length	Protocol No.	Information Content	Reserved bit (Language)	Serial No.	Error Check	Stop Bit
Example of	response pack	et returned by	the server				
78 78 05 13	00 11 F9 70 0	D 0A					
Explain							
0x78 0x7	<u>0x0</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>0x13</u>	<u>0x00 0x11</u>	0xF9 0x70	0x0D	0x0A

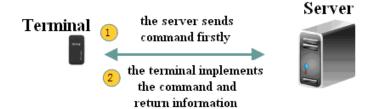




Start Bit Length Protocol No. Serial No. Error Check Stop Bit



VI. Data Packet Sent From Server to Terminal



6.1. Packet Sent by Server

Length (Byte)
Start Bit 2
Packet length 1 Protocol Number 1 Information Content Server Flag Bit 4
Protocol Number 1 Length of Command 1 Server Flag Bit 4
Information Content Length of Command 1 Server Flag Bit 4
Information Content Server Flag Bit 4
Content Server Flag Bit 4
Command Content M
Information Serial Number 2
Error Check 2
Stop Bit 2

6.1.1. **Start Bit**

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

6.1.2. **Packet Length**

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

6.1.3. **Protocol Number**

The Protocol Number of terminal transmission is 0x80.

6.1.4. **Length of Command**

Server Flag Bit + Length of Command Content

Example: measured in bytes, 0x0A means the content of command occupied ten bytes.

6.1.5. **Server Flag Bit**

It is reserved to the identification of the server. The binary data received by the terminal is returned without change.

6.1.6. **Command Content**

It is represented in ASC II of string, and the command content is compatible with text message command.

6.1.7. **Information Serial Number**

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

6.1.8. **Error Check**

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

6.1.9. Stop Bit



For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

6.2. Packet Replied by Terminal

	Length		
	(Byte)		
	2		
Pa	1		
Prot	1		
	1		
Information	Information Server Flag Bit		
Content	Command Content	M	
	2		
Informat	2		
E	2		
	Stop Bit	2	

6.2.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

6.2.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

6.2.3. Protocol Number

The terminal responds to the command sent by the server. The format of data packet is consistent with "the command sent by the server to the terminal", but the Protocol Number herein is different and is 0x15.

6.2.4. Length of Command

Server Flag Bit + Length of Command Content

Example: measured in bytes, 0x0A means the content of command occupied ten bytes.

6.2.5. Server Flag Bit

It is reserved to the identification of the server. The binary data received by the terminal is returned without change.

6.2.6. Command Content

It is represented in ASC II of string, and the command content is compatible with text message command.

6.2.7. Language

A bit indicates the current language used in the terminal.

Chinese: 0x00 0x01 English: 0x00 0x02

6.2.8. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

6.2.9. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

6.2.10. Stop Bit



For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

6.3. Looking Up Location Information

Function Description: the command to obtain the positioning information. A mobile phone user or a short message server may obtain the positioning information by this command.

In an example, the transmitting and returning strings are converted into ASCII to generate command contents.

Sending by the server

DWXX#

Returned by the terminal

if successful, return

DWXX=Lat:<North/South Latitude>,Lon:<East/West Longitude>,Course:<angle>,Speed:<speed>,DateTime:<time>

if failed, return

DWXX=Command Error!

if tracking unsuccessful, return

DWXX=Lat:,Lon:, Course:,Speed:,DateTime:-:

Example:

DWXX=Lat:N23d5.1708m,Lon: E114d23.6212m,Course:120,Speed:53.02;DateTime:08-09-12 14:52:36

Explain: which means: N23d5.1708m, E114d23.6212m, Course: 120, Speed: 53.02km/h, Date Time: 08-09-12 14:52:36.

6.4. Cutting Oil and Electricity

Function Description: cutting off the vehicle oil-electric control circuit

In an example, the transmitting and returning strings are converted into ASCII to generate command contents.

Sending by the server

DYD#

Returned by the terminal

if successful, return

DYD=Success!

if failed, return

DYD=Unvalued Fix or DYD=Speed Limit, Speed 40km/h

Explain: the oil and electricity are not allowed to be disconnect when the GPS tracking is off or the running speed is higher than 20KM/H

6.5. Connecting Oil and Electricity

Function Description: connecting the vehicle oil-electric control circuit

In an example, the transmitting and returning strings are converted into ASCII to generate command contents.

Sending by the server

HFYD#

Returned by the terminal

if successful, return

HFYD=Success!



if failed, return

HFYD=Fail!

6.6. Address Querying Information Sent by the Server

In an example, the transmitting and returning strings are converted into ASCII to generate command contents.

Sending by the server

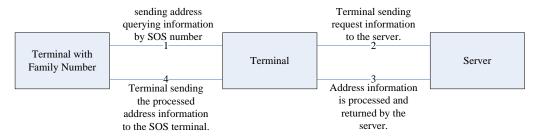
ADDRESS, Address Content, Phone Number

Note: The address content in Chinese is sent in UNICODE.





6.7. GPS, Phone Number Querying Address Information Package (0X1A)



6.7.1. Information from Terminal to Server

The information is received by the terminal.

The format is basically same to the format mentioned as GPS information content, and the difference is that phone number for querying address is added here.

	Length (Byte)		
		Start Bit	2
	Pa	cket Length	1
	1		
		Date Time	6
		Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites	1
T.C.	GPS	4	
Information	Information Longitude		4
Content		Speed	1
		Course, Status	2
		Phone Number	21
	2		
	2		
Error Check			2
	2		

6.7.1.1. Start Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.1.

6.7.1.2. Packet Length

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.2.

Example: measured in bytes, 0x2E means the content of command occupied 46 bytes.

6.7.1.3. Protocol Number

0x1A is utilized.

6.7.1.4. Date Time

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.4.

6.7.1.5. Length of GPS information, quantity of positioning satellites

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.5.

6.7.1.6. Latitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.6.



6.7.1.7. Longitude

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.7.

6.7.1.8. Speed

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.8.

6.7.1.9. Course

For details see Location Data Packet Format section 5.2.1.9.

6.7.1.10. Phone Number

The SOS phone number used for requesting address query, which is converted by ASCII and 0 is added at the right side if less than 21 bits.

6.7.1.11. Language

A bit indicates the current language used in the terminal.

Chinese: 0x00 0x01 English: 0x00 0x02

6.7.1.12. Information Serial Number

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.5.

6.7.1.13. Error Check

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.6.

6.7.1.14. Stop Bit

For details see Data Packet Format section 4.7.

6.7.2. Response of Server

The server replies Chinese address or English address based on the extended command, and the response data packet is inconsistent

6.7.2.1. Response package in Chinese

The response data packet in Chinese is as follow:

		Start Bit		2		
	Length of data bit			1		
	:	Protocol Numb	oer	1		
		Length o	of Command	1		
Command		Serve	r Flag Bit	4		
packet sent			ADDRESS	7		
from the	Information Content	Information Content		&&	2	
server to the				Address		
terminal			Content	nt Command	Content	M
(15+M+N			Content	&&	2	
Byte)				Phone		
					Number	21
				##	2	
	Infor	mation Serial I	Number	2		



Check Bit	2
Stop Bit	2

The Protocol Number of request Chinese address response is 0X17.

Command Content: ADDRESS&&Address Content&&Phone Number## (ADDRESS, &&, ## are fixed strings)

Chinese address content is sent in UNICODE.

Example of Chinese address response information:

Example of Chinese address	is response mormation.
7878	//Start Bit
84	//Data Length
17	//Response Protocol Number
7E	//Length of Command, i.e., length of the information of the transmitted
content	
00000001	//Server Flag Bit
41444452455353	//ADDRESS
2626	//&& Separator
624059044F4D7F6E0028	//Chinese address is sent in UNICODE
004C004200530029003A	
5E7F4E1C77015E7F5DDE	
5E0282B190FD533AFF17	
FF15FF144E6190530028	
004E00320033002E0033	
00390035002C00450031	
00310032002E00390038	
0038002996448FD1	
2626	//&&Separator
31333731303831393133350	000000000000000000 //Phone Number
2323	//## terminator of content
0106	//Serial No.
3825	//Check Bit
0D0A	//Stop Bit

6.7.2.2. Response package in English

Considering the address or other foreign address in English is generally longer than that in Chinese, one data bit is not enough, so the data bit is occupied in 2 bytes.

Note: only the length of data bit corresponding to the protocol number of response address information is changed into two bytes.

Command	Start Bit	2
packet sent	Length of data bit	2



from the		Protocol Numb	per	1
server to the		Length o	f Command	2
terminal		Serve	r Flag Bit	4
(15+M+N			ADDRESS	7
Byte)			&&	2
	Information		Address	M
	Content	Command	Content	М
		Content	&&	2
			Phone	21
			Number	21
			##	2
	Infor	mation Serial I	Number	2
		Check Bit		2
		Stop Bit		2

The Protocol Number of request English address response is 0X97.

Command Content: ADDRESS&&Address Content&&Phone Number##(ADDRESS, &&, ## are NTIAL fixed strings)

Example of English address response information:

7878 //Start Bit 00D1 //Data Length 97 //Response Protocol Number 00CA //Length of Command, i.e., length of the information of the transmitted content 00000001 //Server Flag Bit 41444452455353 //ADDRESS 2626 //&& Separator 0053004F00530028004C //English address is sent in UNICODE 0029003A005300680069 006D0069006E00200046 0061006900720079006C 0061006E006400200057 00650073007400200052 0064002C004800750069 006300680065006E0067 002C004800750069007A 0068006F0075002C0047 00750061006E00670064 006F006E00670028004E 00320033002E00310031 0031002C004500310031 0034002E003400310031

0029004E006500610072



0002007		
2626	//&& Separator	
313235323031333	739303737343035310000000000	//Phone Number
2323	//## terminator of content	
0007	// Serial No.	
72b5	//Check Bit	
0D0A	//Stop Bit	





VII. Appendix A: code fragment of the CRC-ITU lookup table algorithm implemented based on C language

Code fragment of the CRC-ITU lookup table algorithm implemented based on C language is as follow:

```
static const U16 crctab16[] =
    0X0000, 0X1189, 0X2312, 0X329B, 0X4624, 0X57AD, 0X6536, 0X74BF,
    0X8C48, 0X9DC1, 0XAF5A, 0XBED3, 0XCA6C, 0XDBE5, 0XE97E, 0XF8F7,
   0X1081, 0X0108, 0X3393, 0X221A, 0X56A5, 0X472C, 0X75B7, 0X643E,
   0X9CC9, 0X8D40, 0XBFDB, 0XAE52, 0XDAED, 0XCB64, 0XF9FF, 0XE876,
    0X2102, 0X308B, 0X0210, 0X1399, 0X6726, 0X76AF, 0X4434, 0X55BD,
    0XAD4A, 0XBCC3, 0X8E58, 0X9FD1, 0XEB6E, 0XFAE7, 0XC87C, 0XD9F5,
    0X3183, 0X200A, 0X1291, 0X0318, 0X77A7, 0X662E, 0X54B5, 0X453C,
    0XBDCB, 0XAC42, 0X9ED9, 0X8F50, 0XFBEF, 0XEA66, 0XD8FD, 0XC974,
    0X4204, 0X538D, 0X6116, 0X709F, 0X0420, 0X15A9, 0X2732, 0X36BB,
   0XCE4C, 0XDFC5, 0XED5E, 0XFCD7, 0X8868, 0X99E1, 0XAB7A, 0XBAF3,
    0X5285, 0X430C, 0X7197, 0X601E, 0X14A1, 0X0528, 0X37B3, 0X263A,
    0XDECD, 0XCF44, 0XFDDF, 0XEC56, 0X98E9, 0X8960, 0XBBFB, 0XAA72,
    0X6306, 0X728F, 0X4014, 0X519D, 0X2522, 0X34AB, 0X0630, 0X17B9,
    0XEF4E, 0XFEC7, 0XCC5C, 0XDDD5, 0XA96A, 0XB8E3, 0X8A78, 0X9BF1,
    0X7387, 0X620E, 0X5095, 0X411C, 0X35A3, 0X242A, 0X16B1, 0X0738,
    0XFFCF, 0XEE46, 0XDCDD, 0XCD54, 0XB9EB, 0XA862, 0X9AF9, 0X8B70,
   0X8408, 0X9581, 0XA71A, 0XB693, 0XC22C, 0XD3A5, 0XE13E, 0XF0B7,
    0X0840, 0X19C9, 0X2B52, 0X3ADB, 0X4E64, 0X5FED, 0X6D76, 0X7CFF,
    0X9489, 0X8500, 0XB79B, 0XA612, 0XD2AD, 0XC324, 0XF1BF, 0XE036,
    0X18C1, 0X0948, 0X3BD3, 0X2A5A, 0X5EE5, 0X4F6C, 0X7DF7, 0X6C7E,
    0XA50A, 0XB483, 0X8618, 0X9791, 0XE32E, 0XF2A7, 0XC03C, 0XD1B5,
    0X2942, 0X38CB, 0X0A50, 0X1BD9, 0X6F66, 0X7EEF, 0X4C74, 0X5DFD,
   0XB58B, 0XA402, 0X9699, 0X8710, 0XF3AF, 0XE226, 0XD0BD, 0XC134,
   0X39C3, 0X284A, 0X1AD1, 0X0B58, 0X7FE7, 0X6E6E, 0X5CF5, 0X4D7C,
    0XC60C, 0XD785, 0XE51E, 0XF497, 0X8028, 0X91A1, 0XA33A, 0XB2B3,
    0X4A44, 0X5BCD, 0X6956, 0X78DF, 0X0C60, 0X1DE9, 0X2F72, 0X3EFB,
    0XD68D, 0XC704, 0XF59F, 0XE416, 0X90A9, 0X8120, 0XB3BB, 0XA232,
    0X5AC5, 0X4B4C, 0X79D7, 0X685E, 0X1CE1, 0X0D68, 0X3FF3, 0X2E7A,
    0XE70E, 0XF687, 0XC41C, 0XD595, 0XA12A, 0XB0A3, 0X8238, 0X93B1,
   0X6B46, 0X7ACF, 0X4854, 0X59DD, 0X2D62, 0X3CEB, 0X0E70, 0X1FF9,
   0XF78F, 0XE606, 0XD49D, 0XC514, 0XB1AB, 0XA022, 0X92B9, 0X8330.
   0X7BC7, 0X6A4E, 0X58D5, 0X495C, 0X3DE3, 0X2C6A, 0X1EF1, 0X0F78,
};
  calculate the 16-bit CRC of data with predetermined length.
U16 GetCrc16(const U8* pData, int nLength)
    U16 fcs = 0xffff;
                               // initialization
    while(nLength>0){
        fcs = (fcs >> 8) \land crctab16[(fcs \land *pData) & 0xff];
        nLength--:
        pData++;
                       // negated
    return ~fcs;
}
```



II. Appendix B: a fragment of example of data packet of communication protocol

The following data displayed in hexadecimal are intercepted from the communication between a terminal and a server, wherein transmission means sending by the terminal and reception means returned from the server:

Login packet:

transmission: 78 78 0D 01 03 53 41 35 32 15 03 62 00 02 2D 06 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 05 01 00 02 EB 47 0D 0A

GPS data packet (06 adopts combined information package of GPS and LBS):

transmission: 78 78 1F 12 0B 08 1D 11 2E 10 CF 02 7A C7 EB 0C 46 58 49 00 14 8F 01 CC 00 28

7D 00 1F B8 00 03 80 81 0D 0A

Status packet:

transmission: 78 78 0A 13 44 01 04 00 01 00 05 08 45 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 05 13 00 05 AF D5 0D 0A

disconnect oil and electricity online:

reception: 78 78 15 80 0F 00 01 A9 58 44 59 44 2C 30 30 30 30 30 30 23 00 A0 DC F1 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 18 15 10 00 01 A9 58 44 59 44 3D 53 75 63 63 65 73 73 21 00 02 00 18 91 77 0D 0A

the server sending DYD,000000#

reply: DYD=Success!

Command sent during disconnection of oil and electricity:

reception: 78 78 15 80 0F 00 01 A9 61 44 59 44 2C 30 30 30 30 30 30 23 00 A0 3E 10 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 53 15 4B 00 01 A9 61 41 6C 72 65 61 64 79 20 69 6E 20 74 68 65 20 73 74 61 74 65 20 6F 66 20 66 75 65 6C 20 73 75 70 70 6C 79 20 63 75 74 20 6F 66 62 C 74 68 65 20 63 6F 6D 6D 61

6E 64 20 69 73 20 6E 6F 74 20 72 75 6E 6E 69 6E 67 21 00 02 00 1C F3 0D 0D 0A

the server sending DYD,000000#

reply: Already in the state of fuel supply cut off, the command is not running!

Connect oil and electricity online:

reception: 78 78 16 80 10 00 01 A9 63 48 46 59 44 2C 30 30 30 30 30 30 23 00 A0 7B DC 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 19 15 11 00 01 A9 63 48 46 59 44 3D 53 75 63 63 65 73 73 21 00 02 00 1E F8 93 0D

0A

the server sending: HFYD,000000#

reply: HFYD=Success!

Command sent during connection of oil and electricity:

reception: 78 78 16 80 10 00 01 A9 64 48 46 59 44 2C 30 30 30 30 30 30 23 00 A0 8B 1B 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 55 15 4D 00 01 A9 64 41 6C 72 65 61 64 79 20 69 6E 20 74 68 65 20 73 74 61 74 65 20 6F 66 20 66 75 65 6C 20 73 75 70 70 6C 79 20 74 6F 20 72 65 73 75 6D 65 2C 74 68 65 20 63 6F 6D

6D 61 6E 64 20 69 73 20 6E 6F 74 20 72 75 6E 6E 69 6E 67 21 00 02 00 1F DB BF 0D 0A

the server sending: HFYD,000000#

reply: Already in the state of fuel supply to resume, the command is not running!

Querying address information online:

reception: 78 78 16 80 10 00 01 A9 67 44 57 58 58 2C 30 30 30 30 30 30 23 00 A0 06 2D 0D 0A

transmission: 78 78 64 15 5C 00 01 A9 67 44 57 58 58 3D 4C 61 74 3A 4E 32 33 2E 31 31 31 36 38 32 2C 4C 6F 6E 3A 45 31 31 34 2E 34 30 39 32 31 37 2C 43 6F 75 72 73 65 3A 30 2E 30 30 2C 53 70 65 65



64 3A 30 2E 33 35 31 38 2C 44 61 74 65 54 69 6D 65 3A 31 31 2D 31 31 2D 31 35 20 20 31 31 3A 35 33 3A 34 33 00 02 00 23 07 AE 0D 0A

Content sent by the terminal:

DWXX=Lat:N23.111682,Lon:E114.409217,Course:0.00,Speed:0.3518,DateTime:11-11-15 11:53:43

The terminal obtains address information from the server:

Chinese:

reception: 78 78 94 17 8E 00 00 00 01 41 44 44 52 45 53 53 26 26 4F 4D 7F 6E 00 3A 5E 7F 4E 1C 77 01 60 E0 5D DE 5E 02 4E 91 5C 71 89 7F 8D EF 00 2E 65 87 53 4E 4E 00 8D EF 00 2E 79 BB 60 E0 5D DE 5B 89 4F 17 4F 1A 8B A1 5E 08 4E 8B 52 A1 62 40 7E A6 00 33 00 32 7C 73 00 2E 79 BB 60 E0 5D DE 5E 02 59 16 55 46 62 95 8D 44 67 0D 52 A1 4E 2D 5F C3 7E A6 00 33 00 32 7C 73 00 2E 26 26 36 36 33 36 36 00 03 00 04 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 23 23 00 01 E4 2A 0D 0A

The content sent by the server is: Locating: Wenhua Rd. 1, Huizhou, Guangdong, about 32 meters from Huizhou Anzhong Accounting Firm, about 32 meters from Huizhou Foreign Investment Service Center.

Mobile Phone Number is 66366.

English:

The content sent by the server is: Precisely Locating: No.10 Yunshan West Rd, Huicheng, Huizhou, Guangdong, 516003(N23.11177,E114.40922)

Mobile Phone Number is 66366.

Process of Alarm packet:

Short message in Chinese:

transmission: 78 78 25 16 0B 0B 0F 0E 24 1D CF 02 7A C8 87 0C 46 57 E6 00 14 02 09 01 CC 00 28 7D 00 1F 72 65 06 04 01 01 00 36 56 A4 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 05 16 00 36 95 70 0D 0A

reception: 78 78 BE 17 B8 00 00 00 01 41 4C 41 52 4D 53 4D 53 26 26 7D 27 60 25 54 7C 53 EB 00 3A 5E 7F 4E 1C 77 01 60 E0 5D DE 5E 02 4E 91 5C 71 89 7F 8D EF 00 2E 65 87 53 4E 4E 00 8D EF 00 2E 79 BB 4E 2D 88 4C 00 41 00 54 00 4D 7E A6 00 33 00 31 7C 73 00 2E 79 BB 4E 2D 88 4C 6C 5F 53 17 65 2F 88 4C 7E A6 00 33 00 31 7C 73 00 2E 00 2C 00 31 00 31 00 2D 00 31 00 3D 00 3



Content of Short message is: Emergency Call: Wenhua Rd. 1, Huizhou, Guangdong, about 31 meters away from ATM machine of Bank of China, about 31 meters away from Jiangbei branch of Bank of China, 11-11-15 14:36:29.

The specific meanings of the above commands can be looked up in the protocol document.





IX. Appendix C: Complete Format of the Information Package

A. data packet sent by the terminal to the server

	Login Message Packet (18 Byte)													
Start Bit	Start Bit Packet length Protocol Number Terminal ID Information Serial Number Check Bit Stop Bit													
2	2 1 1 8 2 2 2													

				GPS Informat	ion Pac	kage (2	6+N By	rte)				
		r		GPS								
		О										
S		t										
t		О										
a	Pack	С				_			Reserv	Inform		
r	et	0		Length of GPS	Lat	Lo	~	_	ed	ation	chec	stop
t	lengt	l N	Date Time	information, quantity	itu	ngi	Spe	Course,	extende	serial	k bit	bit
B	h	N		of positioning satellites	de	tud	ed	Status	d bit	number		
t		u		satemites		e						
'		m b										
		e										
		r										
2	1	1	6	1	4	4	1	2	N	2	2	2

				LB		kage (23+N Byte)								
				Information Content										
S t a r t B i t	Pa ck et le ng th	Pr ot oc ol N u m be r	Dat e Tim e	MCC	LBS Info		Cell ID	R es er ve d ex te nd ed bit	In fo r m at io n se ri al n u m b	ch ec k bit	st op bi t			
									er					
2	1	1	6	2	1	2	3	N	2	2	2			

	LBS complete information package (42+N Byte)																							
Sta	Pac	Pro		Information Content											Inf	che	sto							
rt	ket	toc	Dat	LBS Information Res									Res	or	ck	p								
Bit	len	ol	e	M	M	L	M	M	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	erv	mat	bit	bit
	gth	Nu	Ti	C	N	Α	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	ed	ion		
		mb	me	C	C	C	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ext	seri		
		er						S	1	S	2	S	3	S	4	S	5	S	6	S	end	al		
								S		S		S		S		S		S		S	ed	nu		
										1		2		3		4		5		6	bit	mb		
																						er		
2	1	1	6	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	N	2	2	2

	GPS、LBS information package (34+M+N Byte)																
							Infor	mation (Content								
					(GPS Infort	nation			Ll	BS Info	rmatio	n				
St art Bi t	Pac ket len gth	Prot ocol Num ber	Da te Ti me	Length of GPS inform ation, quantit y of positio ning satellit es	Latit ude	Longi tude	Sp eed	Cou rse, Stat us	Rese rved exten ded bit	M CC	M N C	L A C	C ell I D	Rese rved and exten ded	Inform ation serial numbe r	che ck bit	st op bi t
2	1	1	6	1	4	4	1	2	M	2	1	2	3	M	2	2	2

Status Packet(13+N Byte)

S				Information	Content		Informatio		
t a r t B i t	Packet Length	Proto col Num ber	Terminal Information Content	Voltage Level	GSM Signal Strength Level	Reserved and Extended Bit (language)	n Serial Number	Check Bit	Stop Bit
2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

	SNR information of satellite (11+M+N Byte)													
			Info	rmation Content										
Start Bit	Packet Length	Protocol Number	Quantity of positioning satellites	SNR of Satellite	Reserved and Extended Bit	Information Serial Number	Check Bit	Stop Bit						
2	1	1	1	M	N	2	2	2						

	terminal responds to the command sent by server (15+M+N Byte)														
				S											
Start Bit	Packet Length	Protocol Number	Length of Command	Server Flag Bit	Command Content	Reserved and Extended Bit (language)	Information Serial Number	Chec k Bit	Stop Bit						
2	1	1	1	4	M	2	2	2	2						

				GPS, LBS, Status Information Package (40+M+N+L Byte) Information Content Re										Res	1	\.						
Start Bit	Pac ket Len	et Nu		GPS Information				LBS Information				Status Information			erve d	rve d Info						
			ocol Da Nu e mbe Tii	e Tim e	Length of GPS informatio n, quantity of positionin g satellites	itu de	Lo ngi tud e	Spe ed	Cou rse, Stat us	Reser ved and Exten ded Bit	LB S Len gth	MCC	MNC	LAC	Cell ID		min al Info	Volt age Lev el	GSM Signa 1 Stren gth Level	and Exte	rmat ion Seri al Nu mbe r	Che ck Bit
2	1	1	6	1	4	4	1	2	M	1	2	1	2	3	N	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

B. Data Packet Sent by Server to Terminal

	Response of Server after receiving Status Packet from Terminal (10 Bytes)											
Γ	Start Bit	Packet Length	Protocol Number	Information Serial Number	Check Bit	Stop Bit						
	2	1	1	2	2	2						

Command Packet Sent by Server to Terminal (15+M+N Byte)														
Start Bit	Packet	Protocol		Informat	Information	Check	Stop							
	Length	Number	Length of	Server	Command	Reserved	Serial Number	Bit	Bit					
		Number	Command	Flag Bit	Content	extended bit			Dit					
2	1	1	1	4	M	N	2	2	2					

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