A: Datasheet

Algorithm: rendip_000

Developer: Rendip

Submission Date: 2021_05_21

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 875 msec

Template time (median): 891 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 982 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 38 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0015 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Mugshot webcam ranking 88 (out of 291) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0147 vs. lowest 0.0057 from sensetime_006

Mugshot profile ranking 83 (out of 260) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.4235 vs. lowest 0.0550 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-border ranking 86 (out of 218) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0061 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 42 (out of 215) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0839 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

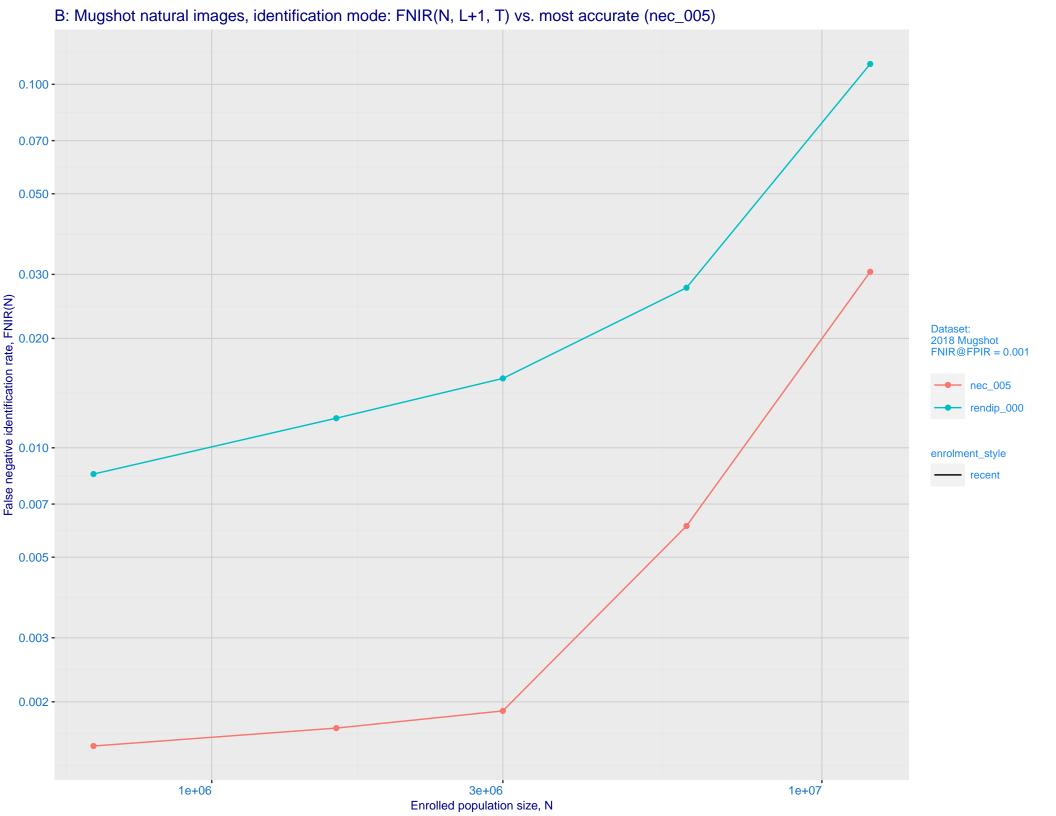
Frontal mugshot ranking 46 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0121, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0017 from nec_005

Mugshot webcam ranking 68 (out of 289) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0586, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0120 from nec_005

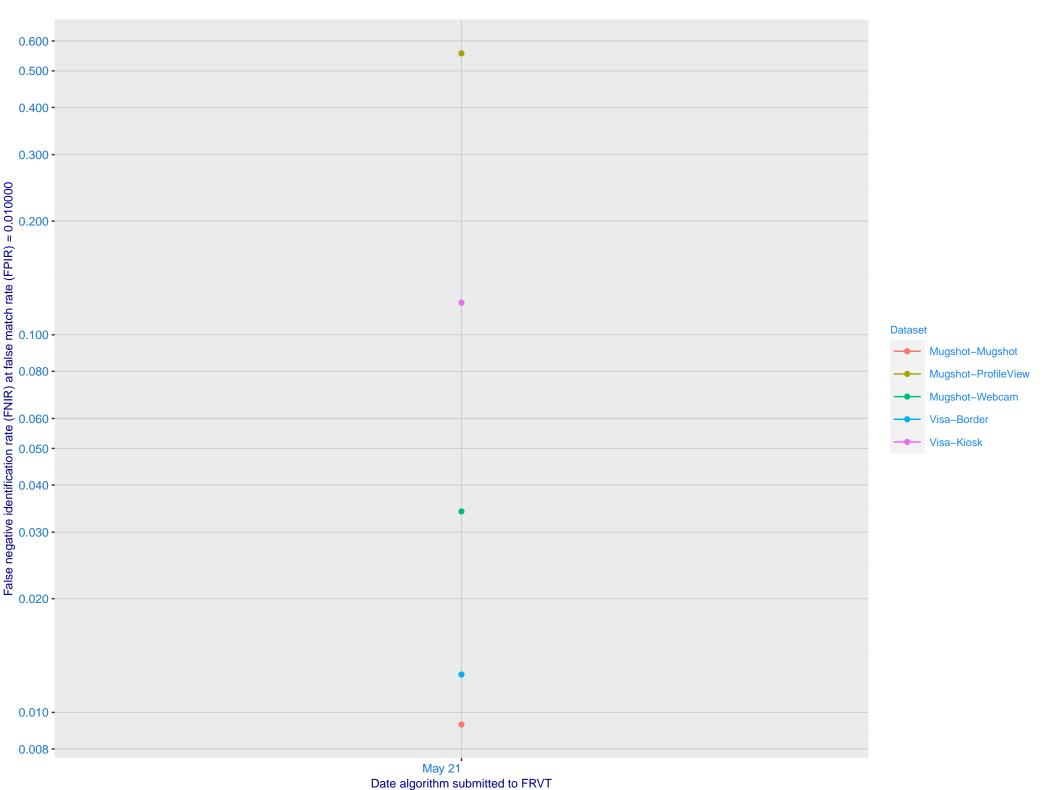
Mugshot profile ranking 53 (out of 259) — FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.8937, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 50 (out of 217) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0220, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0032 from paravision_009

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 36 (out of 212) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1689, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0728 from paravision_009

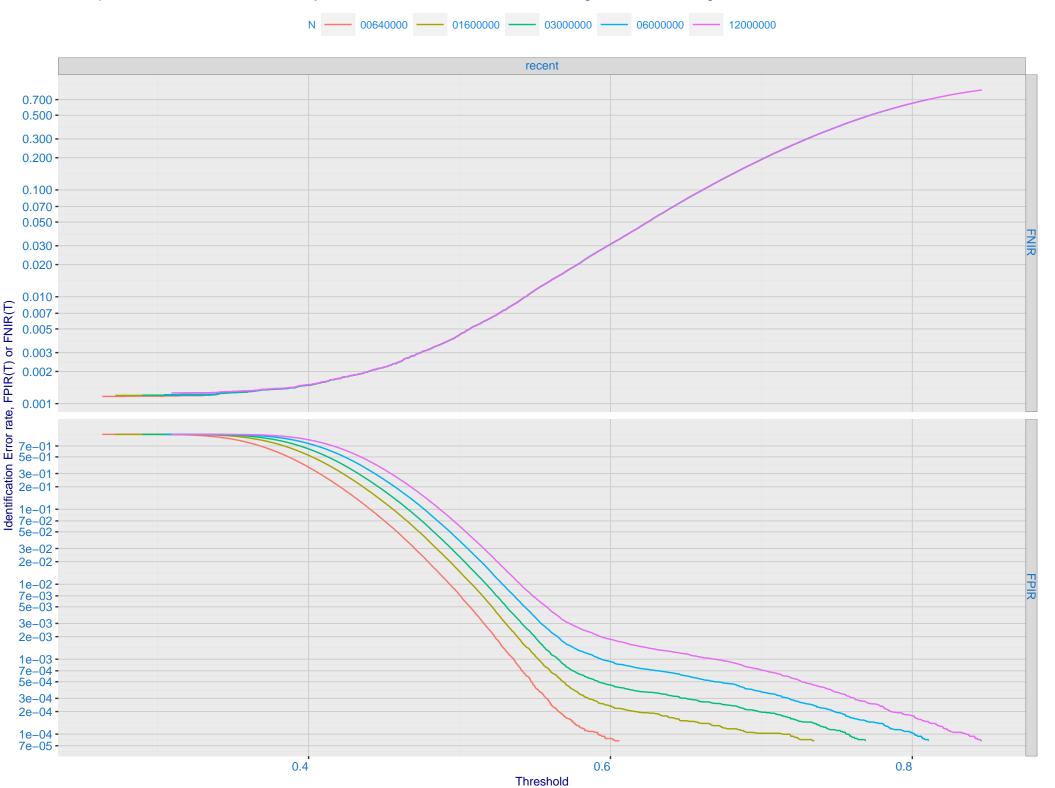


C: Evolution of accuracy for RENDIP algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

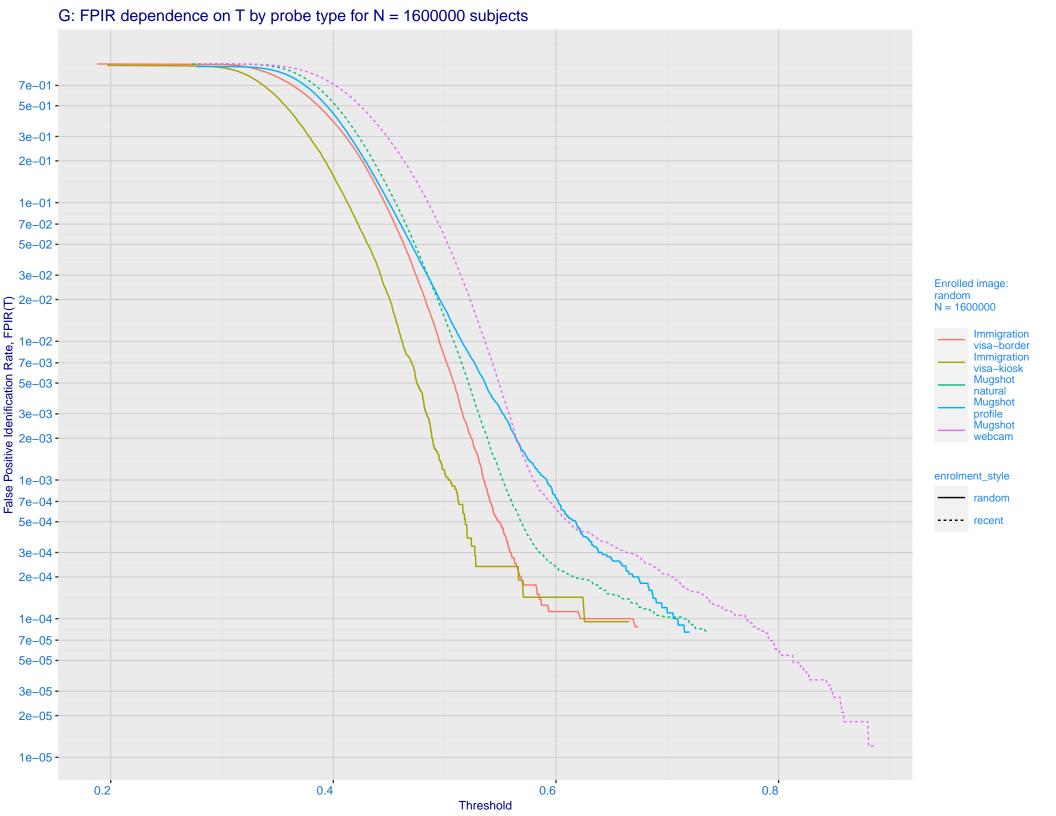


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 - 0.005 - 0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.100 enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.070 -0.050 rendip 000 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

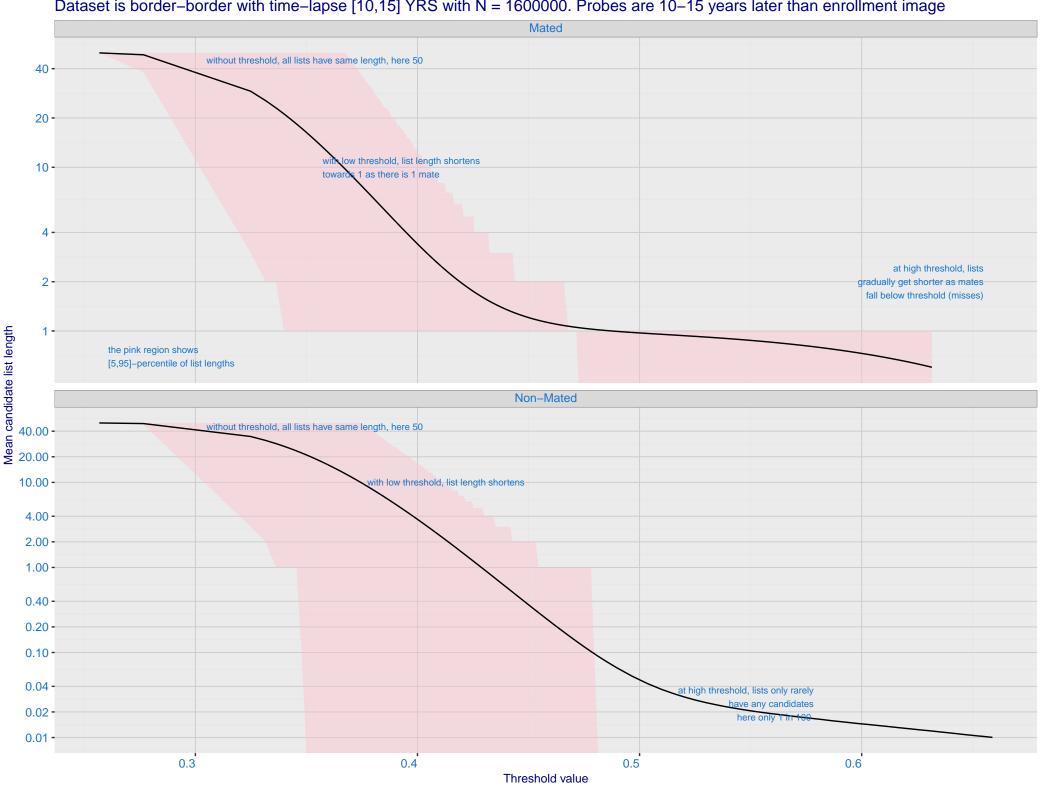
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



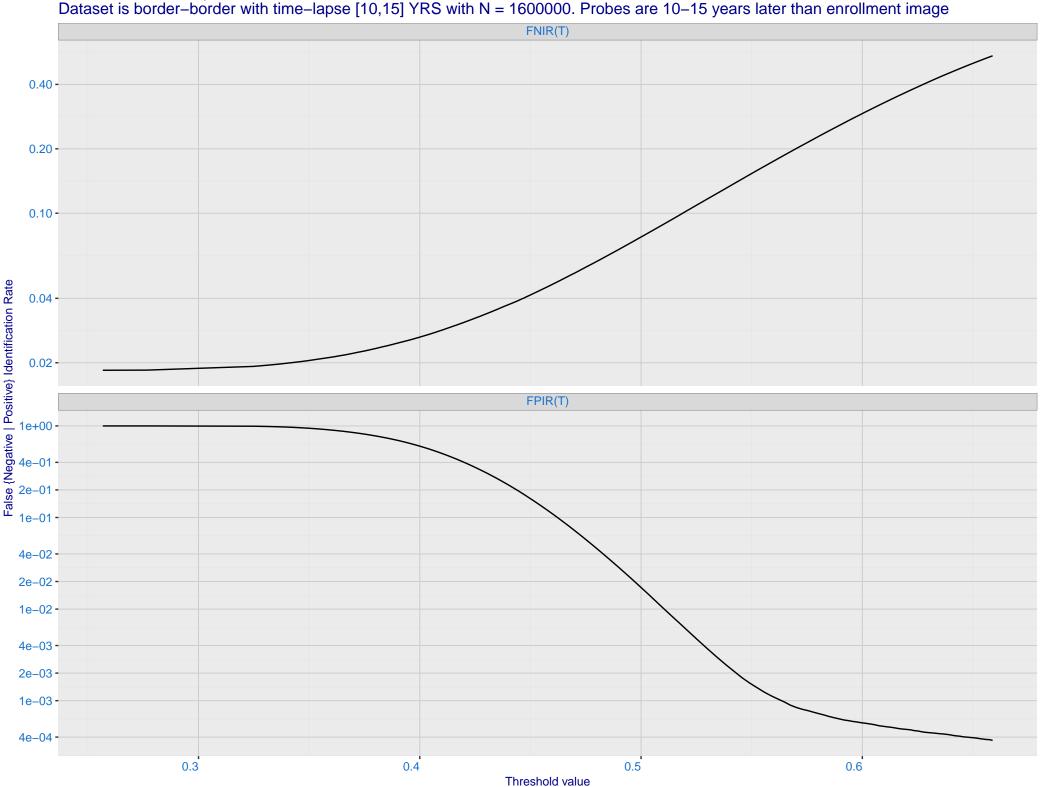
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

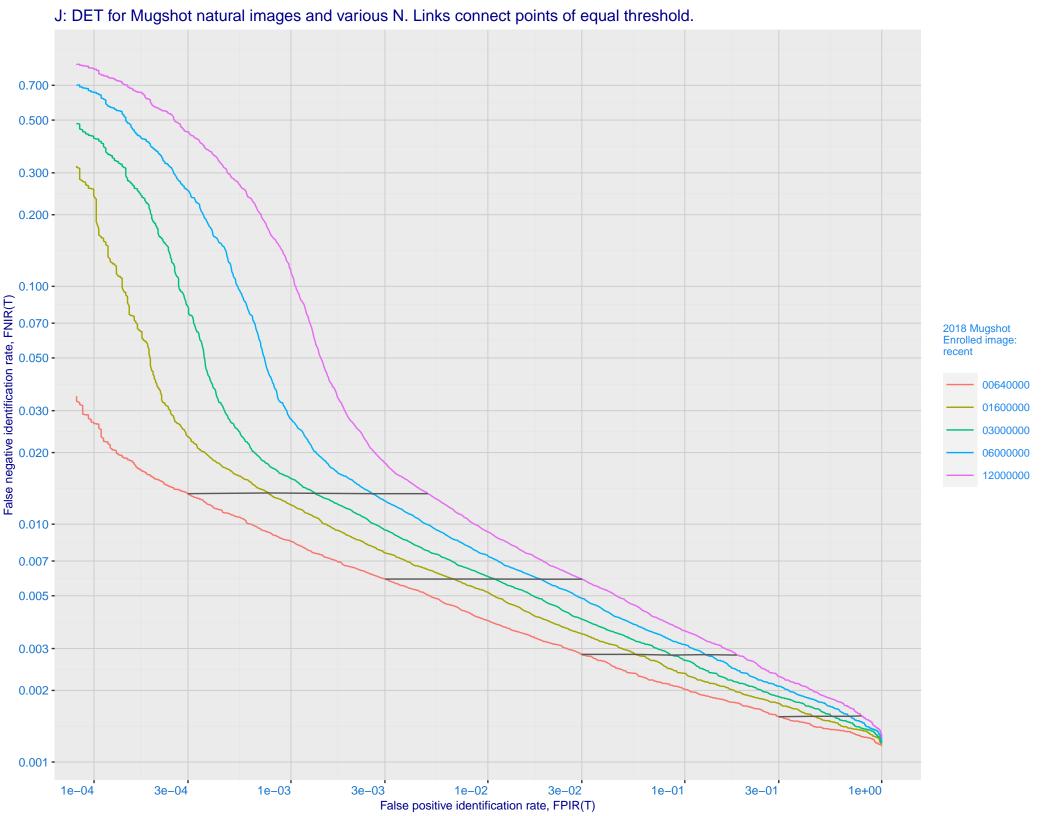


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

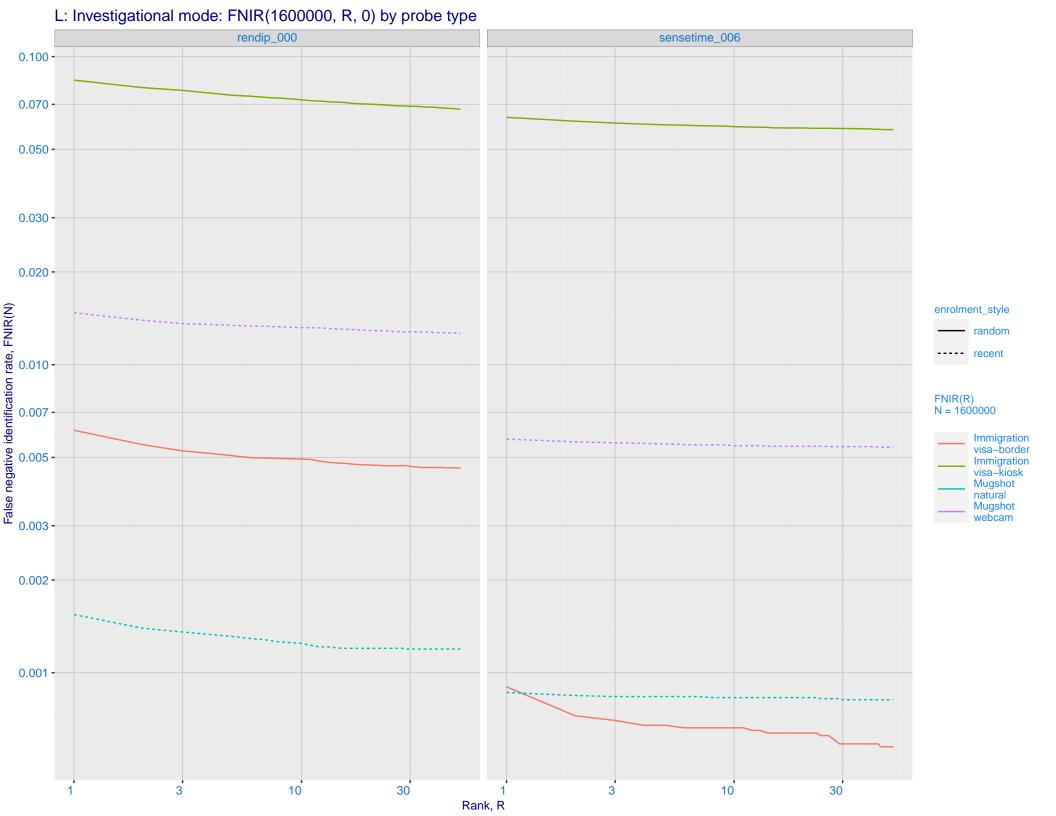


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

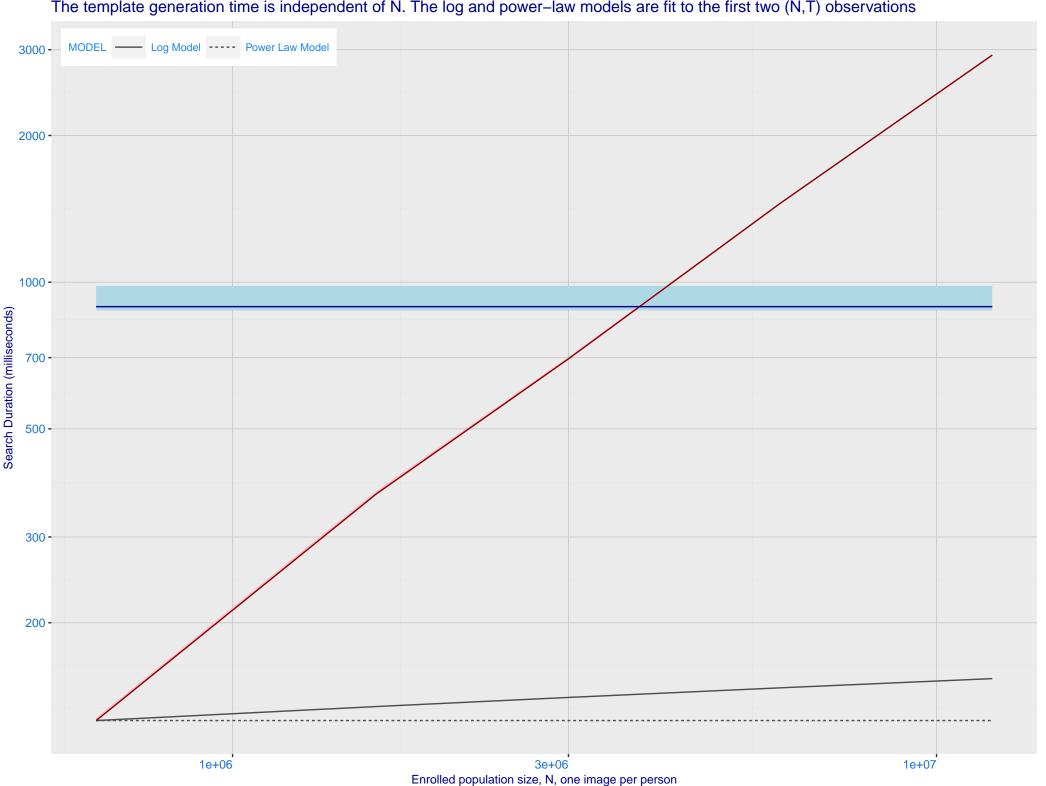




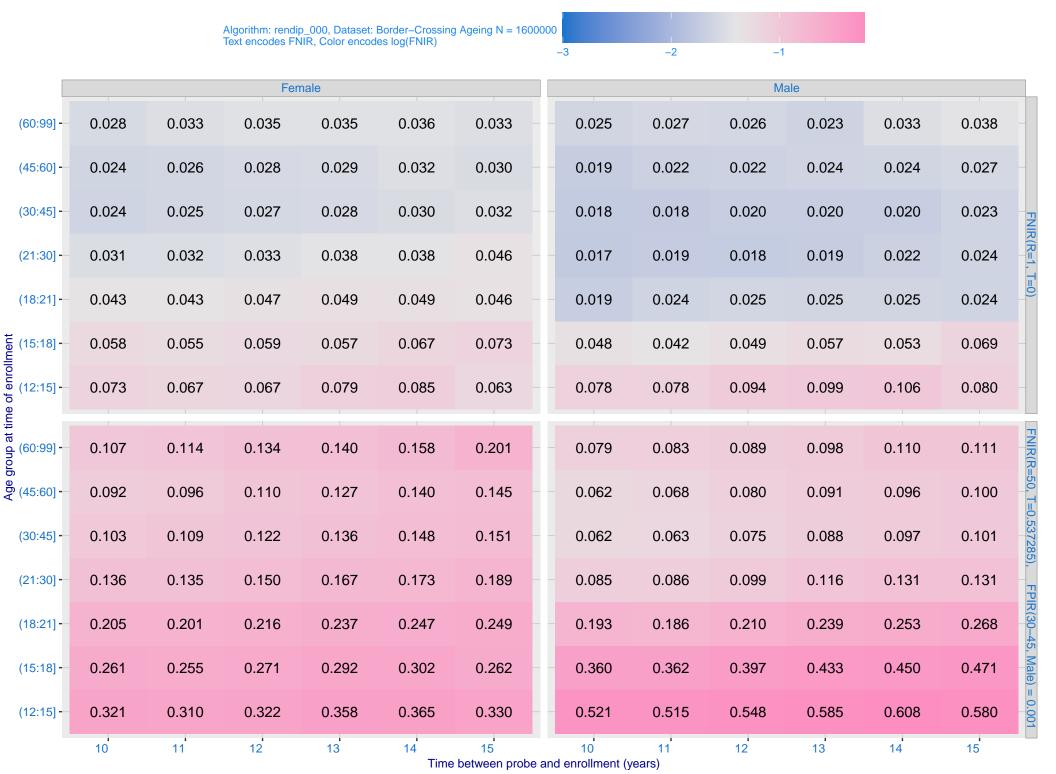
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_006) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.050 - 0.050 - 0.030 - 0. enrolment_style - random ---- recent Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural FNIR@Rank = 1 rendip_000 sensetime_006 0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



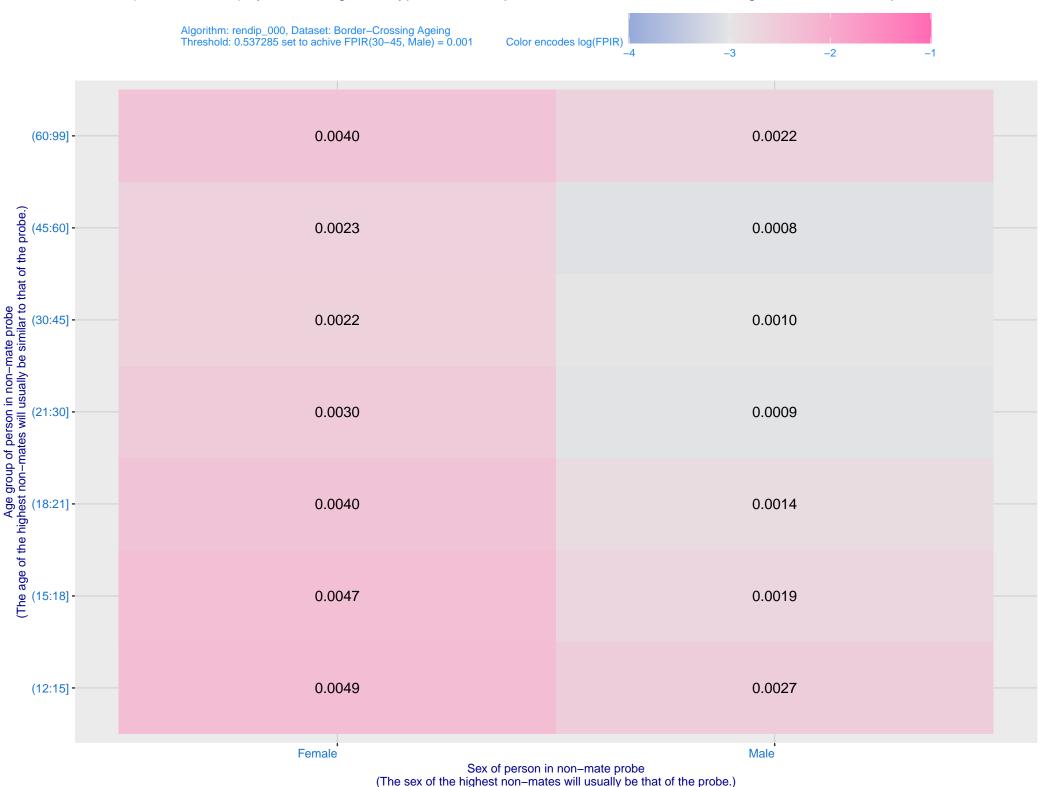
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



