A: Datasheet

Algorithm: griaule_000

Developer: Griaule

Submission Date: 2021_11_01

Template size: 2052 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 406 msec

Template time (median): 418 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 440 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 87 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0025 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Mugshot webcam ranking 72 (out of 291) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0135 vs. lowest 0.0057 from sensetime_006

Mugshot profile ranking 68 (out of 260) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.3266 vs. lowest 0.0550 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-border ranking 115 (out of 218) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0113 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 95 (out of 215) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1257 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

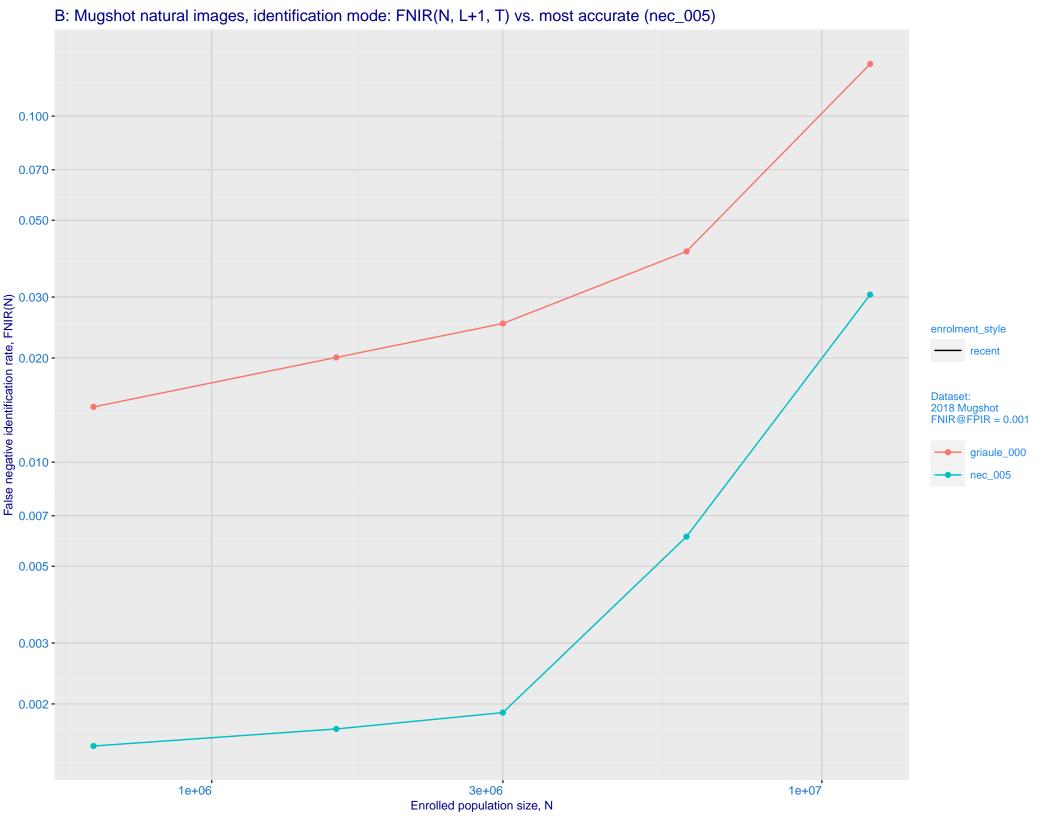
Frontal mugshot ranking 73 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0201, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0017 from nec_005

Mugshot webcam ranking 73 (out of 289) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0626, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0120 from nec_005

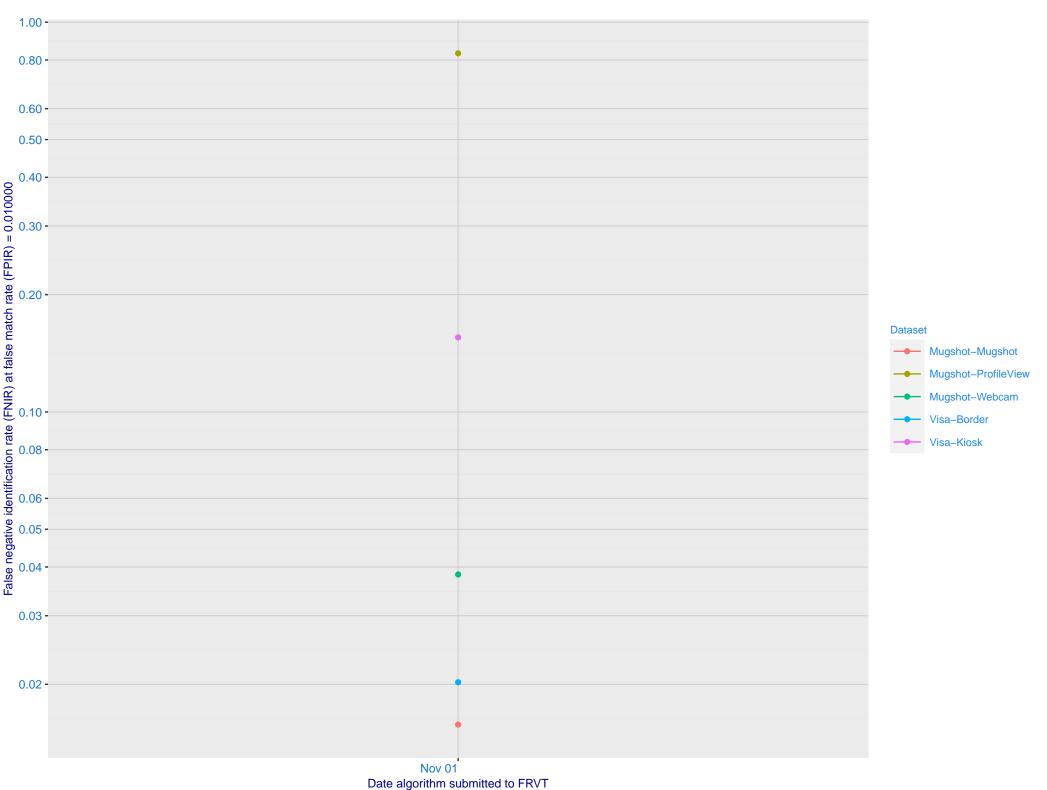
Mugshot profile ranking 136 (out of 259) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9949, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 72 (out of 217) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0326, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0032 from paravision_009

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 47 (out of 212) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1988, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0728 from paravision_009

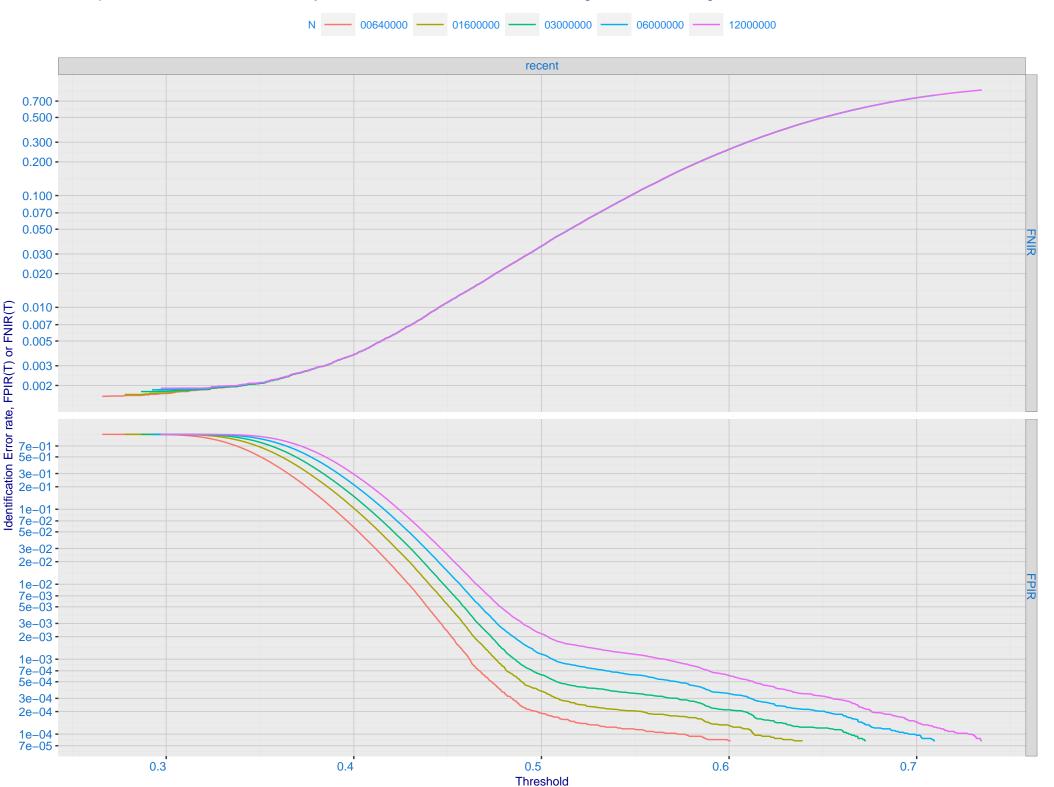


C: Evolution of accuracy for GRIAULE algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

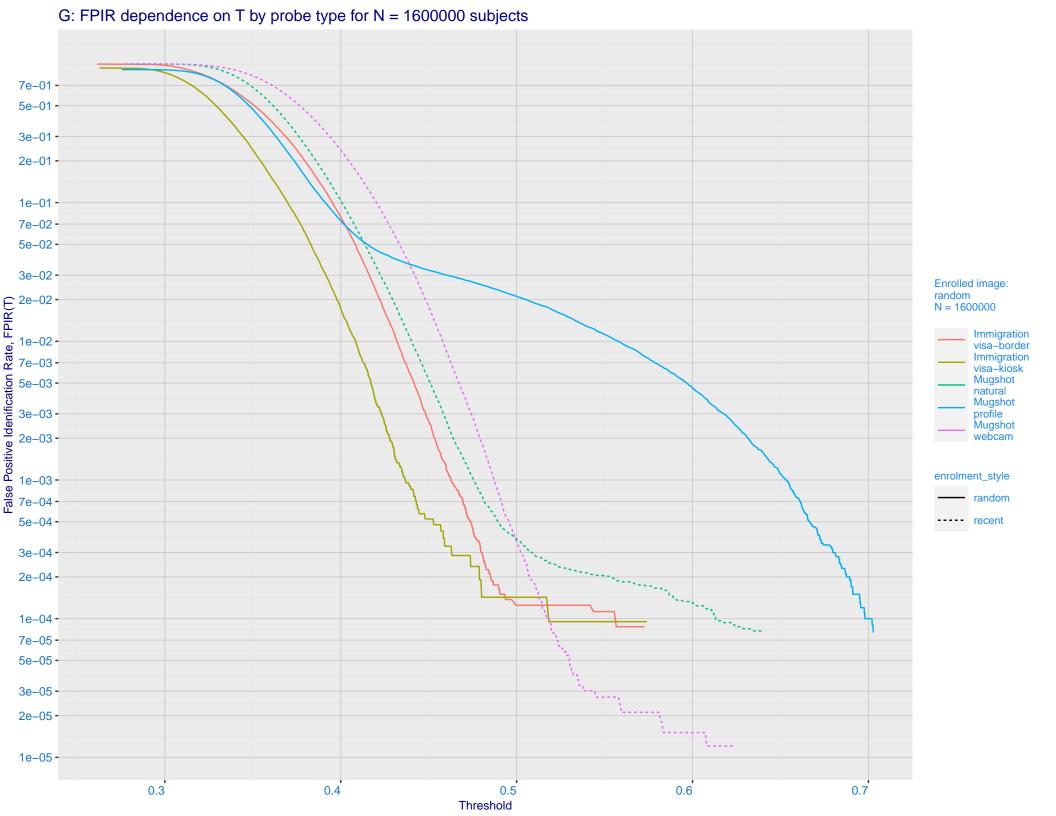


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 griaule 000 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 - 0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.500 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.200 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.500 enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

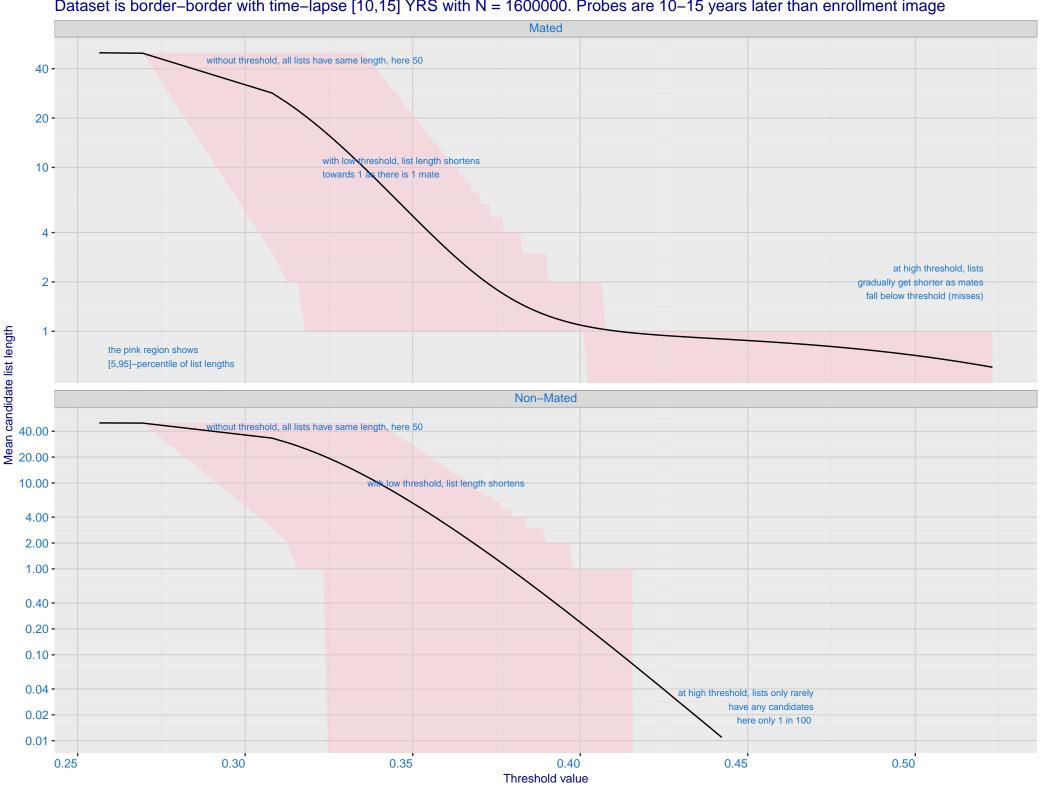
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



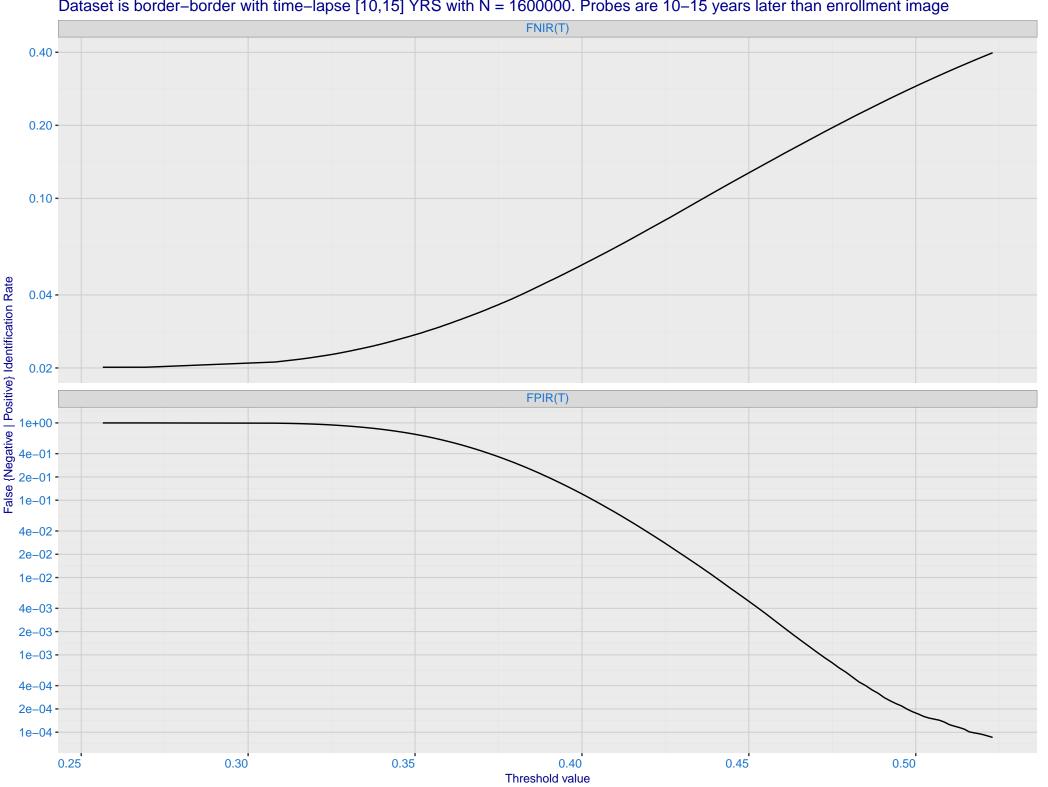
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 · 2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

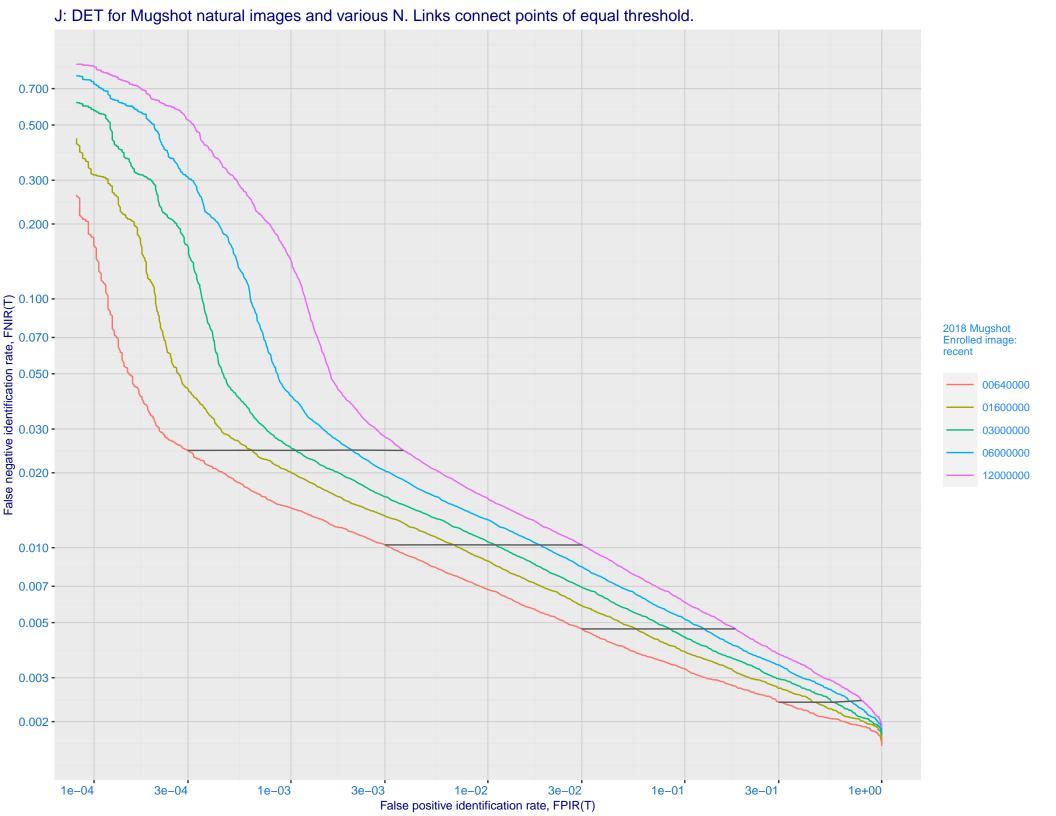


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

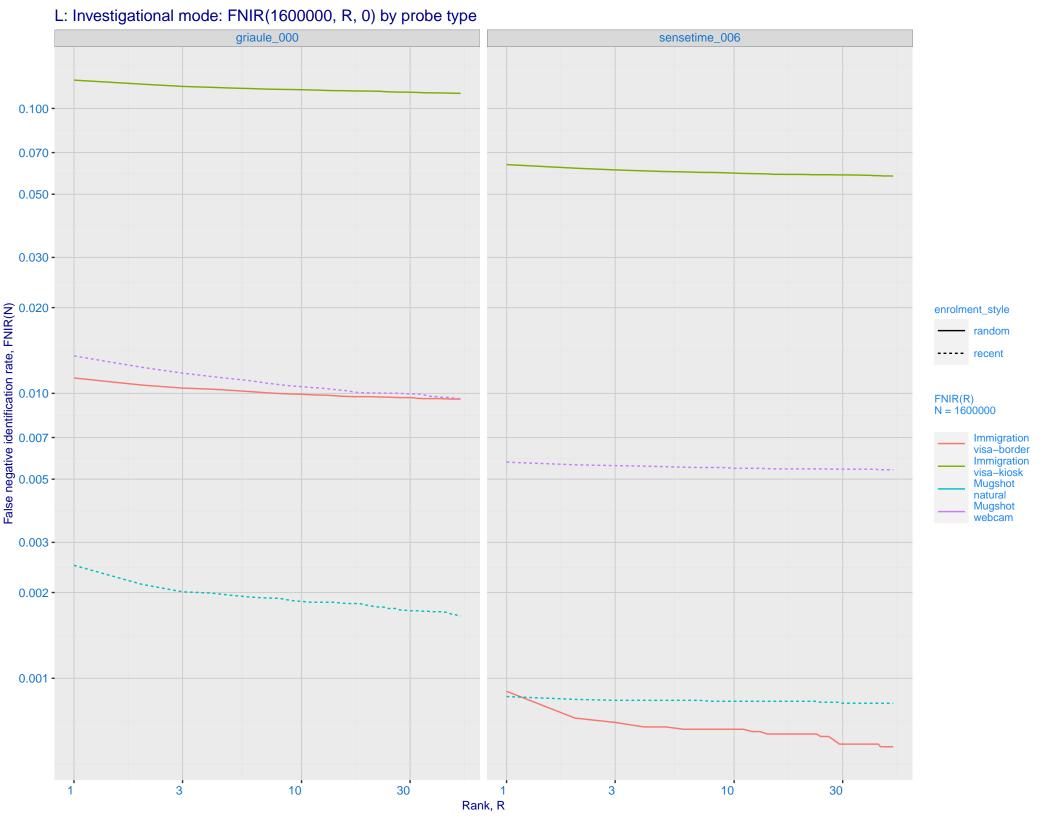


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

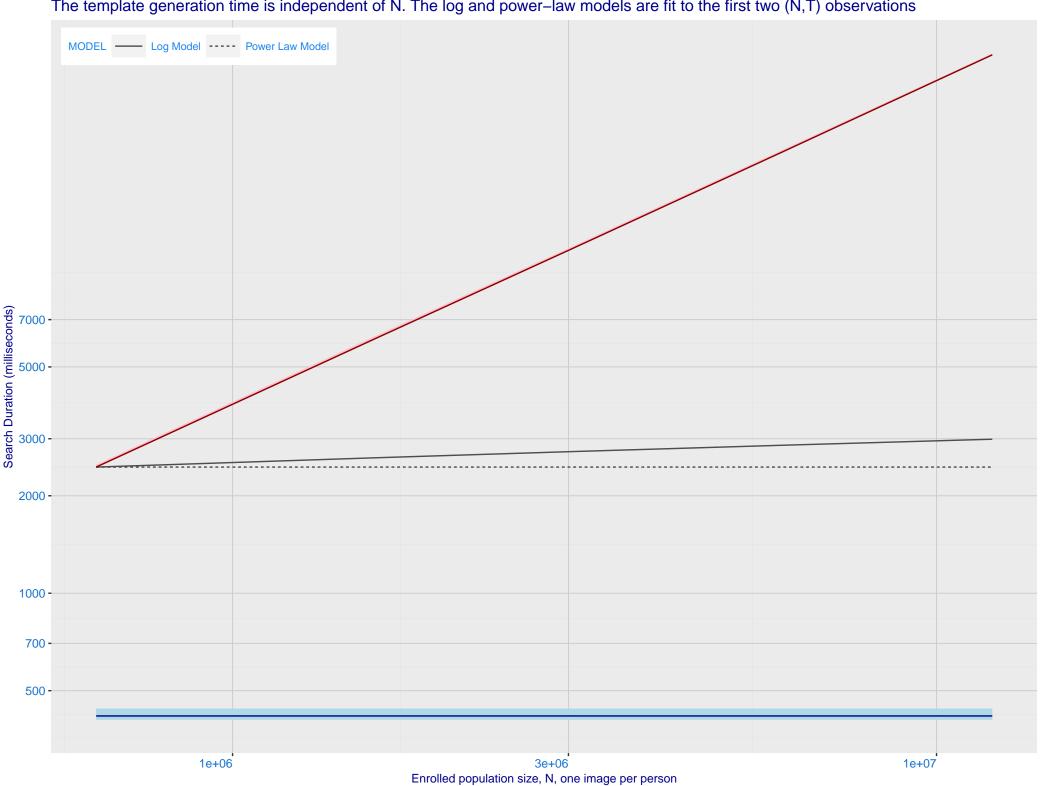




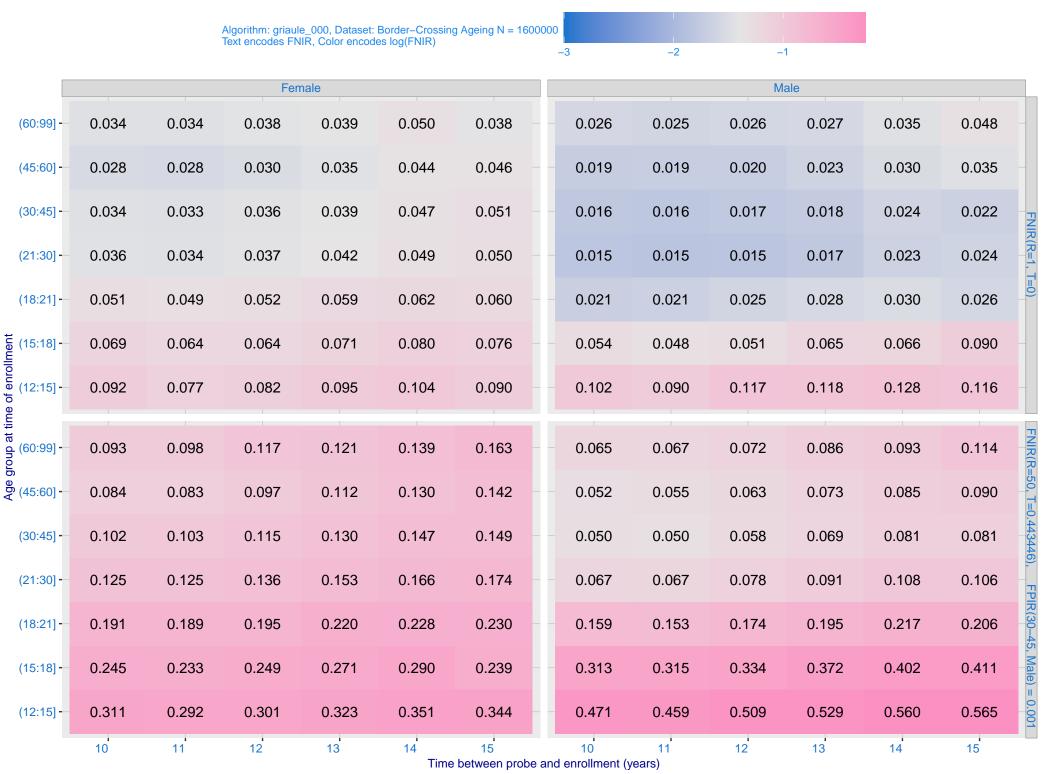
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_006) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.000 - 0.050 FNIR@Rank = 1 griaule_000 sensetime_006 Mugshot Mugshot webcam natural enrolment_style random ---- recent 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



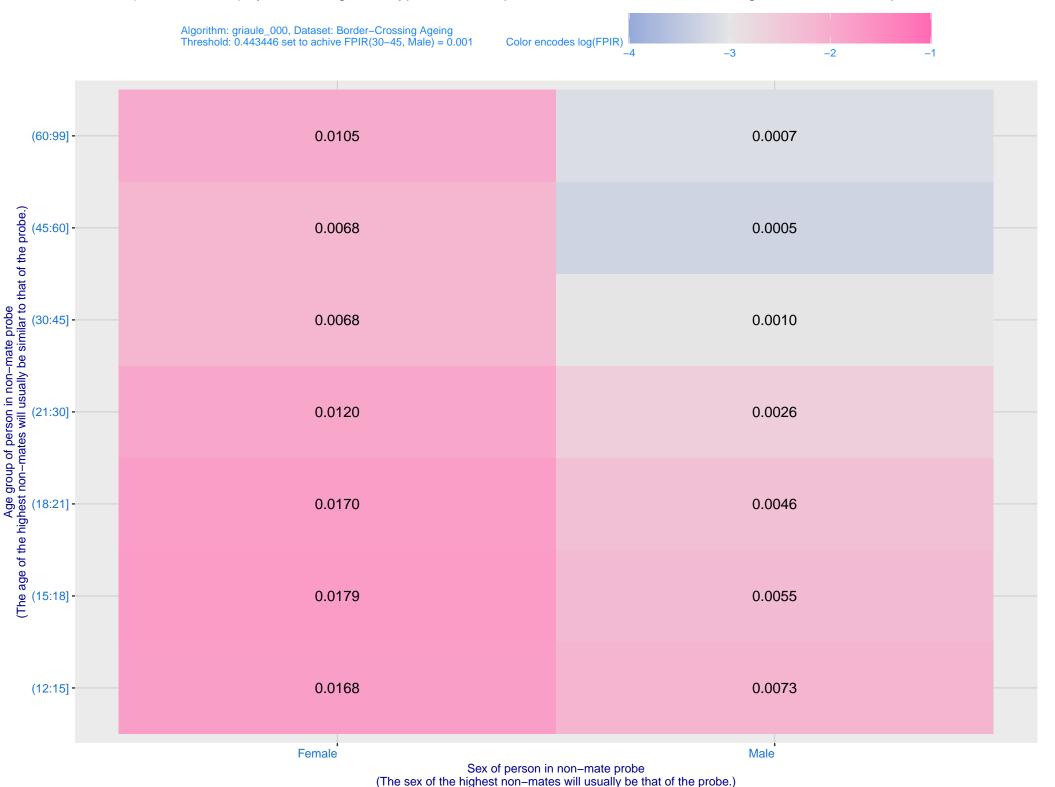
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



