PROJECT REPORT
ON
SMART AGRICULTURE SYSTEM

Made by

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Submitted to

The SmartBridge

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INTRODUCTION

Overview

The Agricultural field looks forward to technology to extend a helping hand in increasing its productivity. Smart Agriculture System based on IoT can monitor soil moisture and climatic conditions to grow and yield a good crop will help it to achieve its aim. With this the farmers could also get the real time weather forecasting data by using external platforms like Open Weather API. Farmer will be provided a mobile app using which he can monitor the temperature, humidity, wind speed, pressure and soil moisture parameters along with weather forecasting details. Based on all the parameters he can water his crop by controlling the motors using the mobile application. Even if the farmer is not present near his crop he can water his crop by controlling the motors using the mobile application from anywhere. Here we are using the Online IoT simulator for getting the Temperature, Humidity and Soil Moisture, Wind Speed, Pressure values.

Purpose

The global population is reaching new heights thus posing a big problem for the agriculture industry. Despite combating challenges like extreme weather conditions, rising climate change, and farming's environmental impact, the demand for more food has to be met. To meet these increasing needs, agriculture has to turn to new technology. New smart farming applications based on IOT technologies will enable the agriculture industry to reduce waste and enhance productivity from optimizing fertilizer use to increasing the efficiency of farm vehicles' routes.

In IOT-based smart farming, a system is built for monitoring the crop field with the help of sensors (light, humidity, temperature, soil moisture, etc.) and automating the irrigation system.IOT-based smart farming is highly efficient when compared with the conventional approach. The applications of IOT-based smart farming not only target conventional, large farming operations, but could also be new levers to uplift other growing or common trends in agricultural like organic farming, family farming (complex or small spaces, particular cattle and/or cultures, preservation of particular or high-quality varieties, etc.), and enhance highly transparent farming.

LITERATURE SURVEY

Existing Solutions:

Application Name	Description
Crop Water Management	In order to perform agriculture activities in efficient manner, adequate water is essential. Agriculture IoT is integrated with Web Map Service (WMS) and Sensor Observation Service (SOS) to ensure proper water management for irrigation and in turn reduces water wastage.
Precision Agriculture	High accuracy is required in terms of weather information which reduces the chances of crop damage. Agriculture IoT ensures timely delivery of real time data in terms of weather forecasting, quality of soil, cost of labor and much more to farmers.
Integrated Pest Management or Control (IPM/C)	Agriculture IoT systems assures farmers with accurate environmental data via proper live data monitoring of temperature, moisture, plant growth and level of pests so that proper care can be taken during production.
Food Production & Safety	Agriculture IoT system accurately monitors various parameters like warehouse temperature, shipping transportation management system and also integrates cloud based recording systems.
Other Projects Implemented Till Date	1. The Phenonet Project by Open IoT 2. CLAAS Equipment 3. Precisionhawk's UAV Sensor Platform 4. Cleangrow's Carbon Nanotube Probe 5. Temputech's Wireless Sensor Monitoring.

Proposed Solution:

-Install node red locally

-Create IBM account and explore IBM platform

-Connect IOT Simulator to IBM Watson IOT Platform

-Configure node-red to get data from IBM IOT platform and Open Weather API

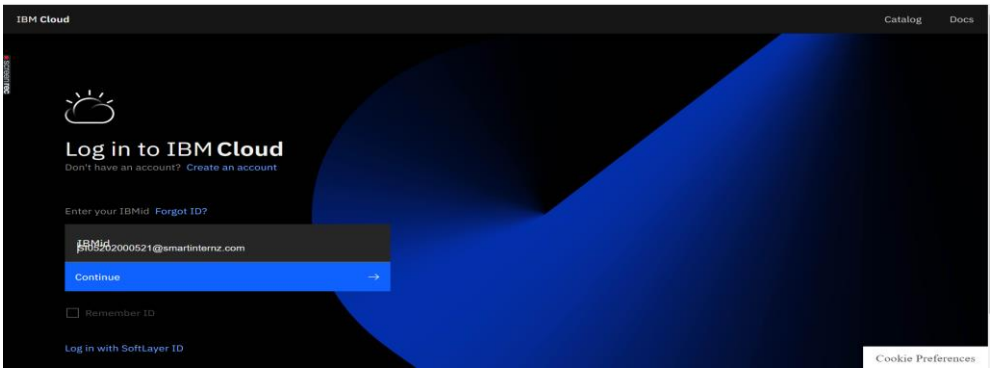
-Configure nodes to display weather parameter

-Configure nodes for creating buttons

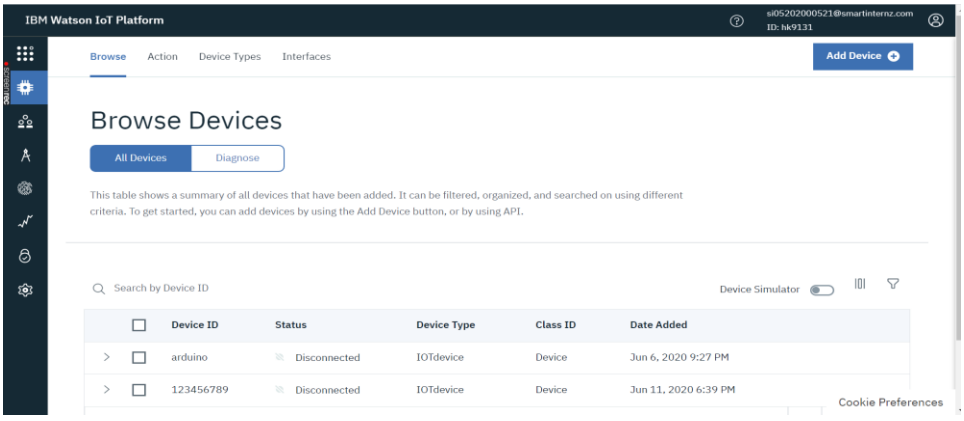
-Python code to subscribe IBM IOT platform

Pre-requisites: (Steps to work)

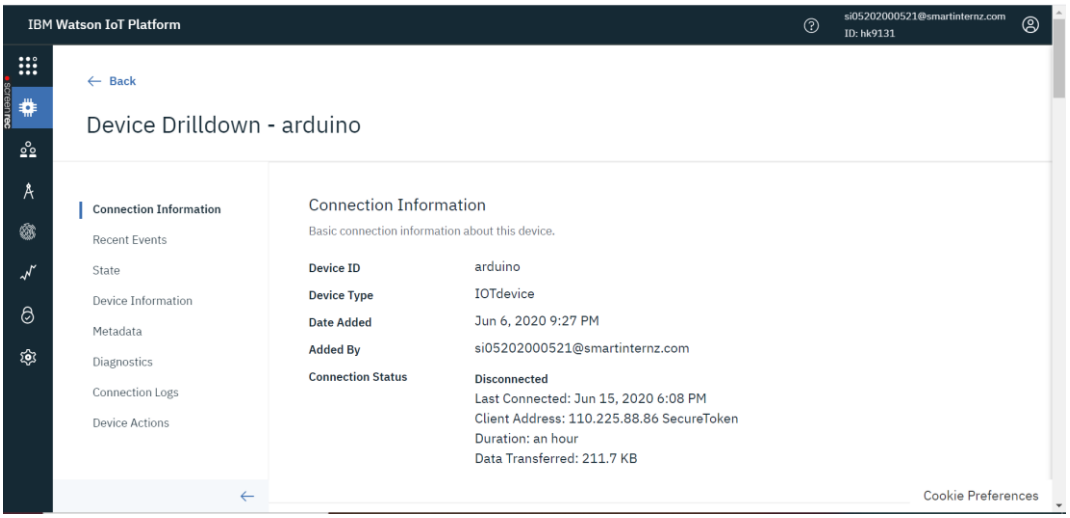
1- Create IBM cloud



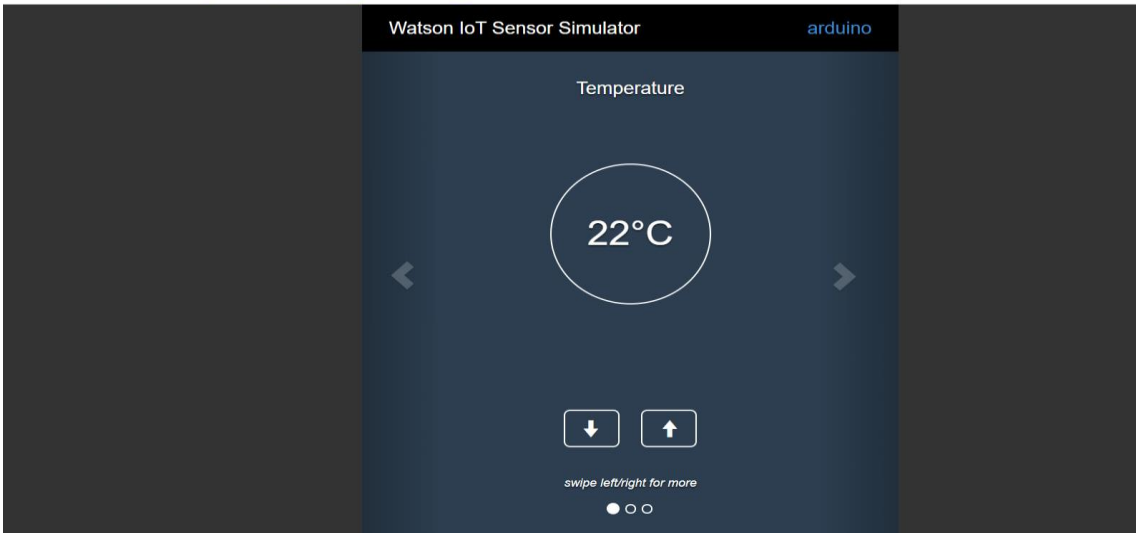
2- Create IBM Watson platform

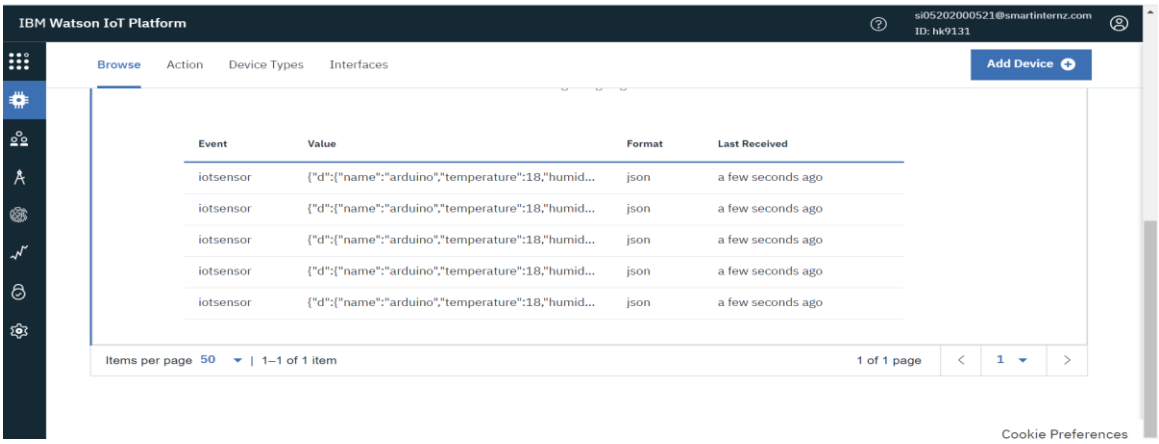


3- Create Device in IBM Watson platform (Device Drilldown)

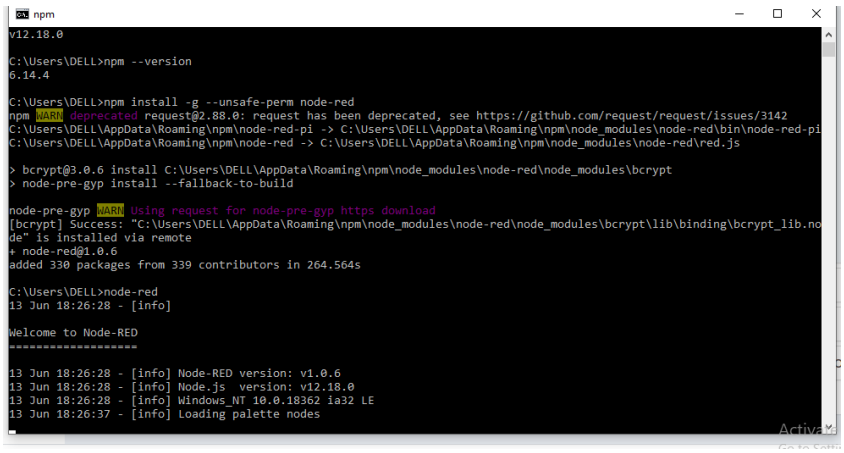


4- Connect IOT sensor simulator





5- Install Node.js

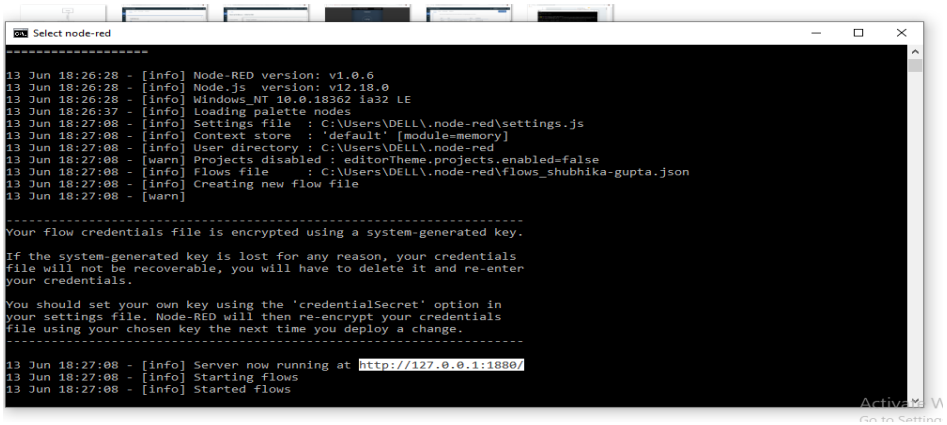


6- Install python 3.8.3 IDE

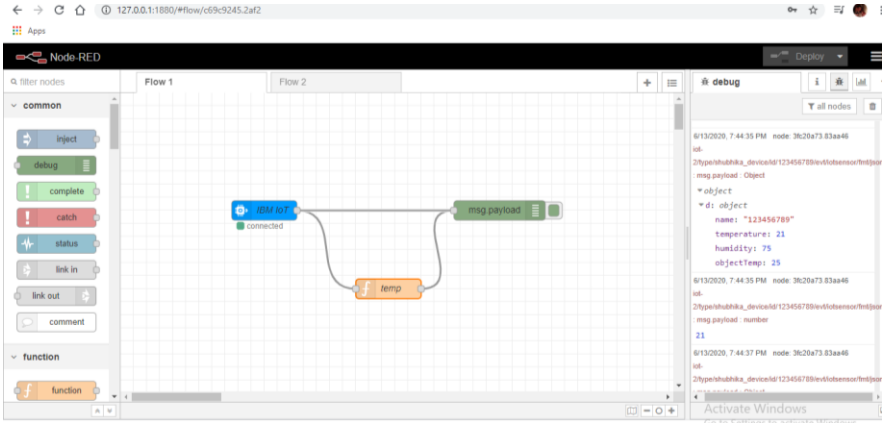
7- Install node-red from command prompt (apparently)

8- run node-red from cmd prompt

9- you can copy the server http://127.0.0.1:1880/



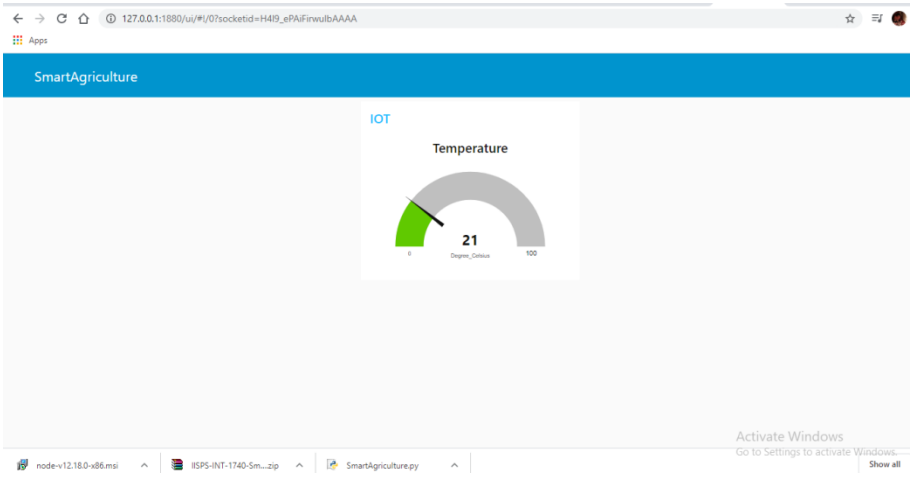
10- We can see nodes in node red platform



11- Install necessary modules from Manage Palette and connect the node-red platform with the iot simulator and ibm watsom platform

12- Create the node-red flow diagram using that nodes available

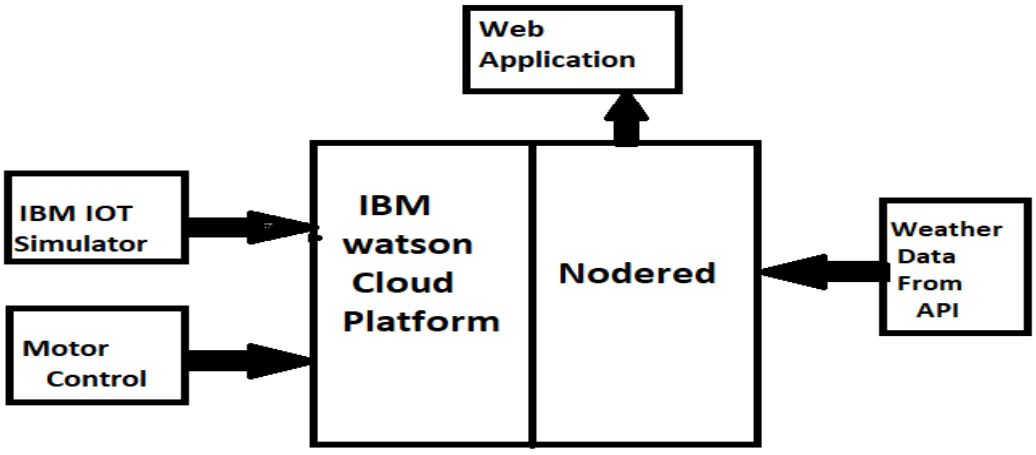
13- You can see the gauge by clicking http://127.0.0.1:1880/ui/

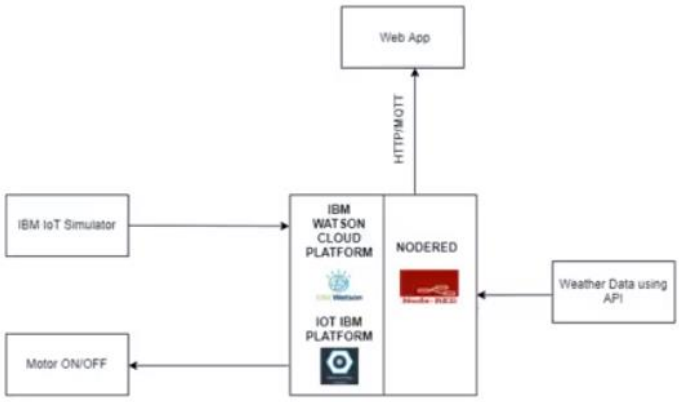


THEORETICAL ANALYSIS

- **IBM Cloud** is a set of cloud computing services for business offered by the information technology company IBM. Here , IBM platform acts as an interface to control the electronic devices in real time through Watson IoT platform.
- **The Watson IOT platform** is used when the projects contain hardware such as sensors , electronic devices . It acts as an interface between devices and IBM Cloud by retrieving data from the devices and sending it to cloud and vice-versa.
- The simulated data is sent from **IBM IOT simulator** to IBM Watson cloud platform and then presented in **web interface using http/mqtt web protocols**.
- To know the real time data of any agricultural farm, we use **Open weather API** (Application Program Interface), which has some predefined APIs.
- Once the data is received , it is sent to the cloud via **Node-red platform** .
- The data is monitored continuously (here temperature , humidity and soil temperature) from a web interface .
- In case of watering crops **motor** can be turned on or off through the web interface controlled through internet.

Block Diagram:





Software Designing:

3. 1 IBM Cloud platform

The IBM cloud platform combines platform as a service (PaaS) with infrastructure as a service (IaaS) to provide an integrated experience. The platform scales and supports both small development teams and organizations, and large enterprise businesses. Globally deployed across data centres around the world, the solution you build on IBM Cloud™ spins up fast and performs reliably in a tested and supported environment you can trust.

The platform is built to support your needs whether it is working only in the public cloud or taking advantage of a multi cloud deployment model.

3.1.a. Node-RED

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming developed originally by IBM for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things.

Node-RED provides a web browser-based flow editor, which can be used to create JavaScript functions. Elements of applications can be saved or shared for re-use. The runtime is built on Node.js. The flows created in Node-RED are stored using JSON. Since version 0.14, MQTT nodes can make properly configured TLS connections.

3.1.b. IBM Watson IoT Platform

Watson is the open, multi cloud platform that lets you automate the AI lifecycle. Build powerful models from scratch, or speed time-to-value with pre-built enterprise apps.

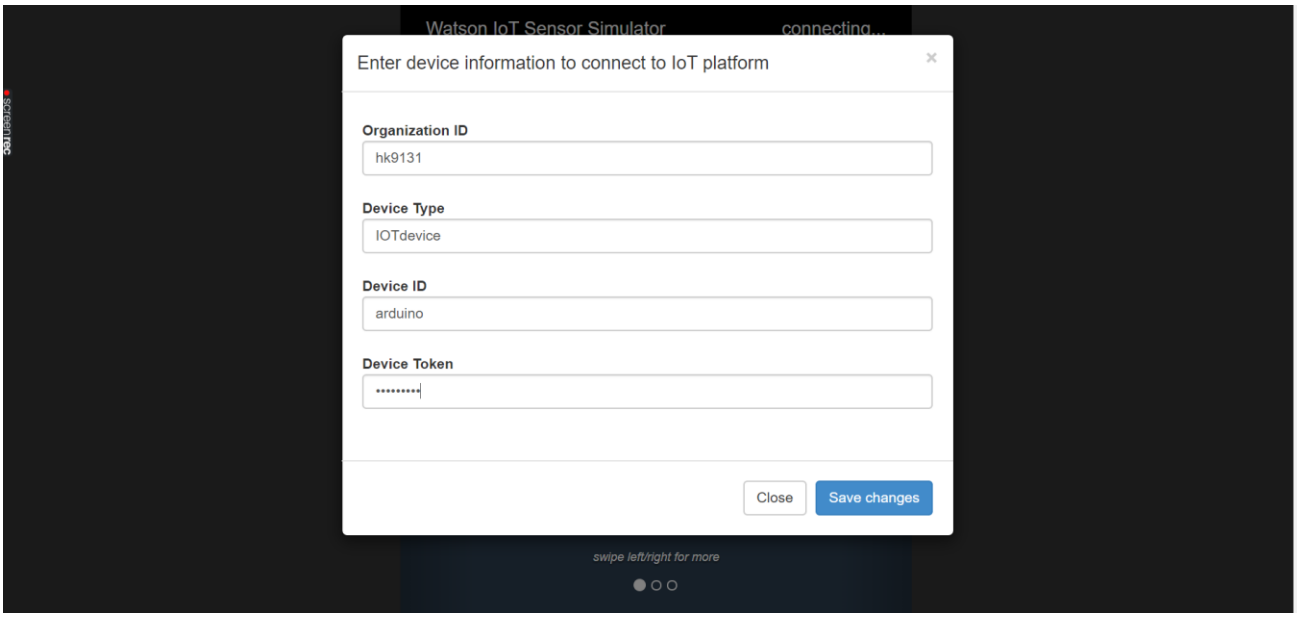
It allows secure, analyse and manage IoT data.

3.2 Python IDE

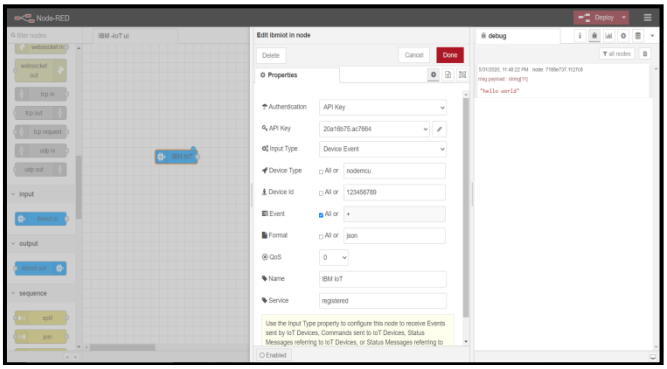
IDLE (short for Integrated DeveLopment Environment or Integrated Development and Learning Environment) is an integrated development environment for Python, which has been bundled with the default implementation of the language since 1.5.2b1. It is packaged as an optional part of the Python packaging with many Linux distributions. It is completely written in Python and the Tkinter GUI toolkit (wrapper functions for Tcl/Tk).

EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION

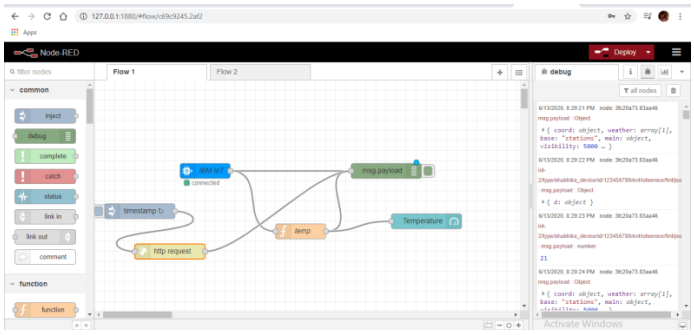
1. To retrieve data i.e temperature, humidity etc. , add a device in IBM Watson IoT platform
2. For connecting IBM cloud and node -RED we use API key which is generated in IBM Watson
3. Connect the device to the simulator using the credentials such as device type, organization ID, authentication token etc.



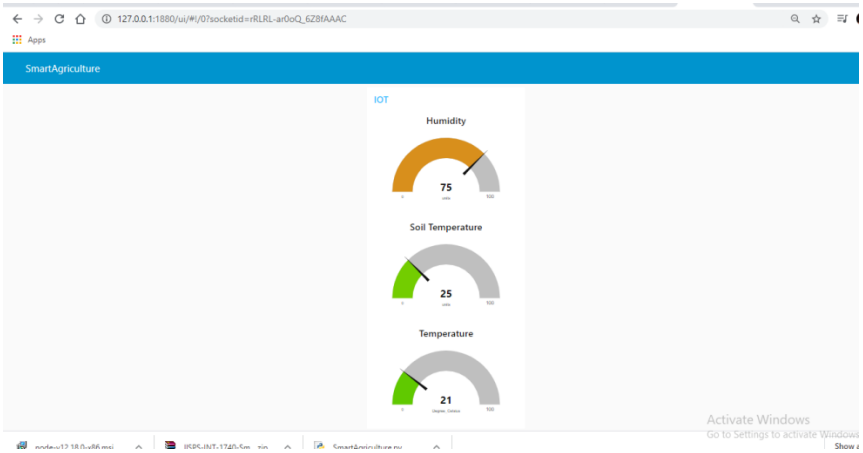
4. Add the API key in IBM IoT input node in nod -RED



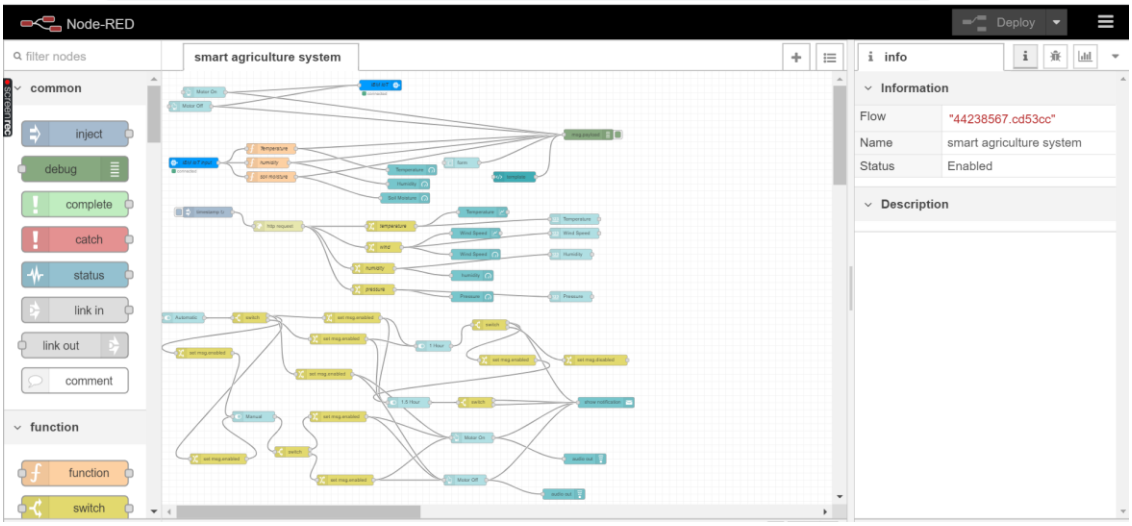
5. Use open weather API to get details of climatic conditions of any city . (Here Delhi) and the deploy the whole flow.



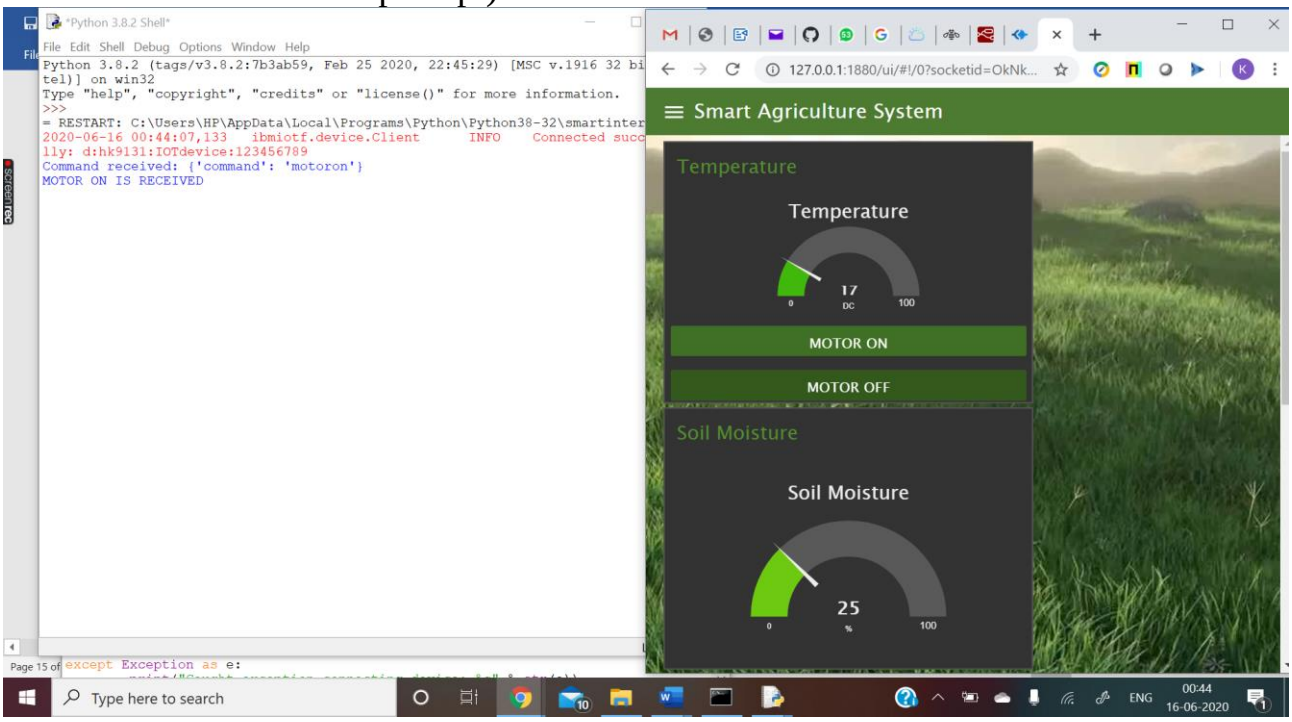
6. Add http request and a gauge to view the temperature using open weather API in a web interface



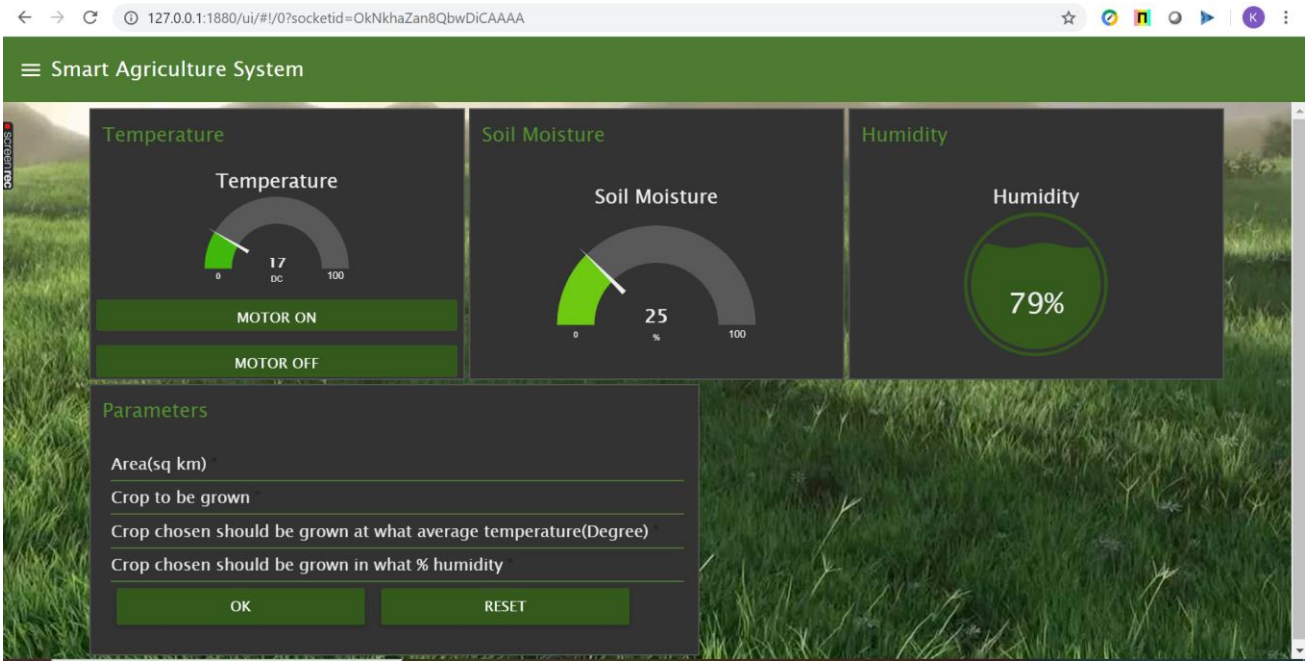
7. Add motor on and motor off button to the flow including IBM output node configured with the same API key

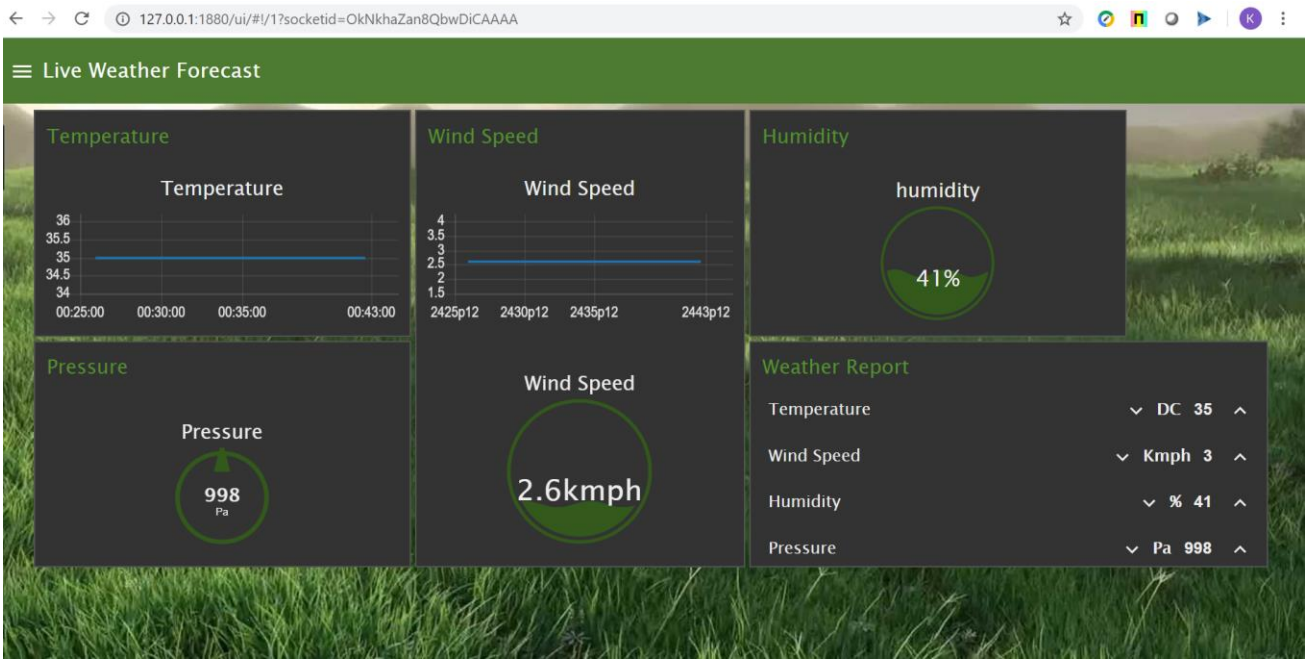


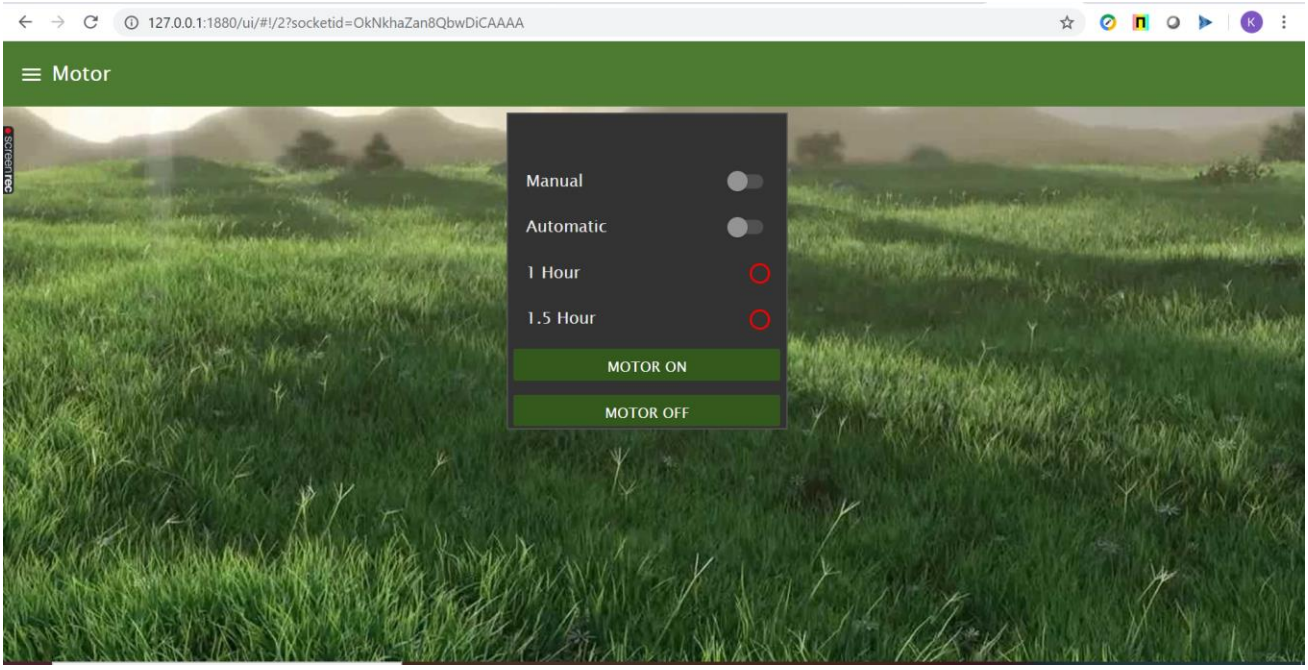
8. Write python code, import ibmiotf to python by installing it in system (pip install ibmiotf command in command prompt) and run the code.



RESULT


127.0.0.1:1880/ui/#!/0?socketid=OkNkhaZan8QbwDiCAAAA
Smart Agriculture System
Temperature
Temperature
17
DC
0
100
MOTOR ON
MOTOR OFF
Soil Moisture
Soil Moisture
25
%
0
100
Humidity
Humidity
79%
Parameters
Area(sq km)
Crop to be grown
Crop chosen should be grown at what average temperature(Degree)
Crop chosen should be grown in what % humidity
OK
RESET


127.0.0.1:1880/ui/#!/1?socketid=OkNkhaZan8QbwDiCAAAA
Live Weather Forecast
Temperature
Temperature
36
35.5
35
34.5
34
00:25:00
00:30:00
00:35:00
00:43:00
Wind Speed
Wind Speed
4
3.5
3
2.5
2
1.5
2425p12
2430p12
2435p12
2443p12
Humidity
humidity
41%
Pressure
Pressure
998
Pa
Wind Speed
Wind Speed
2.6kmph
Weather Report
Temperature
DC 35
Wind Speed
Kmph 3
Humidity
% 41
Pressure
Pa 998


127.0.0.1:1880/ui/#!/2?socketid=OkNkhaZan8QbwDiCAAAA
Motor
Manual
Automatic
1 Hour
1.5 Hour
MOTOR ON
MOTOR OFF

ADVANTAGES

- Increased Production
- Optimized crop treatment such as accurate planting, watering, pesticide application and harvesting directly affects production rates.

- Water Conservation
- Weather predictions and soil moisture sensors allow for water use only when and where needed.

- Real-Time Data and Production Insight
- Farmers can visualize production levels, soil moisture, sunlight intensity and more in real time and remotely to accelerate decision making process.

- Lowered Operation Costs
- Automating processes in planting, treatment and harvesting can reduce resource consumption, human error and overall cost.

- Increased Quality of Production
- Analyzing production quality and results in correlation to treatment can teach farmers to adjust processes to increase quality of the product.

- Accurate Farm and Field Evaluation
- Accurately tracking production rates by field over time allows for detailed predicting of future crop yield and value of a farm.

- Improved Livestock Farming
- Sensors and machines can be used to detect reproduction and health events earlier in animals. Geofencing location tracking can also improve livestock monitoring and management.

- Reduced Environmental Footprint
- All conservation efforts such as water usage and increased production per land unit directly affect the environmental footprint positively.

- Remote Monitoring
- Local and commercial farmers can monitor multiple fields in multiple locations around the globe from an internet connection. Decisions can be made in real-time and from anywhere.

- Equipment Monitoring
- Farming equipment can be monitored and maintained according to production rates, labor effectiveness and failure prediction.

DISADVANTAGES

➡The smart agriculture needs availability of internet continuously. Rural part of most of the developing countries do not fulfil this requirement. Moreover internet connection is slower.

➡The smart farming based equipments require farmers to understand and learn the use of technology. This is major challange in adopting smart agriculture farming at large scale across the countries.

APPLICATIONS

- Climate Conditions

- Climate plays a very critical role for farming. And having improper knowledge about climate heavily deteriorates the quantity and quality of the crop production. But IoT solutions enable you to know the real-time weather conditions. Sensors are placed inside and outside of the agriculture fields. They collect data from the environment which is used to choose the right crops which can grow and sustain in the particular climatic conditions. The whole IoT ecosystem is made up of sensors that can detect real-time weather conditions like humidity, rainfall, temperature and more very accurately. There are numerous no. of sensors available to detect all these parameters and configure accordingly to suit your smart farming requirements. These sensors monitor the condition of the crops and the weather surrounding them. If any disturbing weather conditions are found, then an alert is send. What gets eliminated is the need of the physical presence during disturbing climatic conditions which eventually increases the productivity and help farmers to reap more agriculture benefits.

- Precision Farming

- Precision Agriculture/Precision Farming is one of the most famous applications of IoT in Agriculture. It makes the farming practice more precise and controlled by realizing smart farming applications such as livestock monitoring, vehicle tracking, field observation, and inventory monitoring. The goal of precision farming is to analyze the data, generated via sensors, to react accordingly. Precision Farming helps farmers to generate data with the help of sensors and analyze that information to take intelligent and quick decisions. There are numerous precision farming techniques like irrigation management, livestock management, vehicle tracking and many more which play a vital role in increasing the efficiency and effectiveness. With the help of Precision farming, you can analyze soil conditions and other related parameters to increase the operational efficiency. Not only this you can also detect the real-time working conditions of the connected devices to detect water and nutrient level.

- Smart Greenhouse

- To make our greenhouses smart, IoT has enabled weather stations to automatically adjust the climate conditions according to a particular set of instructions. Adoption of IoT in Greenhouses has eliminated the human intervention, thus making entire process cost-effective and increasing accuracy at

the same time. For example, using solar-powered IoT sensors builds modern and inexpensive greenhouses. These sensors collect and transmit the real-time data which helps in monitoring the greenhouse state very precisely in real-time. With the help of the sensors, the water consumption and greenhouse state can be monitored via emails or SMS alerts. Automatic and smart irrigation is carried out with the help of IoT. These sensors help to provide information on the pressure, humidity, temperature and light levels.

- Data Analytics
- The conventional database system does not have enough storage for the data collected from the IoT sensors. Cloud based data storage and an end-to-end IoT Platform plays an important role in the smart agriculture system. These systems are estimated to play an important role such that better activities can be performed. In the IoT world, sensors are the primary source of collecting data on a large scale. The data is analyzed and transformed to meaningful information using analytics tools. The data analytics helps in the analysis of weather conditions, livestock conditions, and crop conditions. The data collected leverages the technological innovations and thus making better decisions. With the help of the IoT devices, you can know the real-time status of the crops by capturing the data from sensors. Using predictive analytics, you can get an insight to make better decisions related to harvesting. The trend analysis helps the farmers to know upcoming weather conditions and harvesting of crops. IoT in the Agriculture Industry has helped the farmers to maintain the quality of crops and fertility of the land, thus enhancing the product volume and quality.

- Agricultural Drones
- Technological advancements has almost revolutionized the agricultural operations and the introduction of agricultural drones is the trending disruption. The Ground and Aerial drones are used for assessment of crop health, crop monitoring, planting, crop spraying, and field analysis. With proper strategy and planning based on real-time data, drone technology has given a high rise and makeover to the agriculture industry. Drones with thermal or multispectral sensors identify the areas that require changes in irrigation. Once the crops start growing, sensors indicate their health and calculate their vegetation index. Eventually smart drones have reduced the environmental impact. The results have been such that there has been a massive reduction and much lower chemical reaching the groundwater

CONCLUSION

IoT enabled agriculture has helped implement modern technological solutions to time tested knowledge. This has helped bridge the gap between production and quality and quantity yield. Data Ingested by obtaining and importing information from the multiple sensors for real time use or storage in a database ensures swift action and less damage to the crops. With seamless end to end intelligent operations and improved business process execution, produce gets processed faster and reaches supermarkets in fastest time possible.

FUTURE SCOPE:

IOT device can be helpful in many ways and future implementation can be interesting and insightful.

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