Monday, 3/30, Lecture 1 Olass neb page: HW, exams, etc - HW latex file / PDF on the neb. - Midterm + Final exams: more details later OHW#1, due noon, Monday, 416 This quarter: Ch7. Radon Measures ch8. Elements of Fourier Analysis ch9. Elements of Distribution Theory.

Ch7. Radon Measures	2
Generalization of Lebesgue measure on R to LCH spaces	1
to CCH spaces	/ > /
· Approach: measures () Thear (the	ticnal
f(f)= I Jam	
Recall. $F \in [L^p(u)]^* \Longrightarrow \nu(E) = f(X_E)$ defines	-
cioned measure VCCU = gd	u.
() Topics: O Doction Libear functionals on C	`, (X)
(defining Radon maunes)	
(e.g., Regularity, approximation	21
(e.g., Regularity, approximations	2~)
(a) The dual of Co(X)	
O Product Radon Measures	

Review / Preparation

O X: LCH = Locally compact Hausdorff. VXEX Franct n.b.h. Nx of x /x = y. Olrysohns Lemma U, V: XEU, YEV X: LCH. K (compact) = (l (open) = X. Then, If E ((X, [0,1]) s.t. f=1 on K, supplf) EU. Notation: K < f < U. $f < U \iff f \in C_c(X,[0,1])$ and $Supp(f) \in U$ Kecall supp(q) = the closure of {x \in X: \phi(x) \dos Borel measures on a LCH space X.

Bx=the Barel o-algebra of X. It's the o-alg.

generated by all the open subsets of X.

generated by all the open subsets of X.

(X, Bx): measurable space. A Borel measure an X is a measure on Bx or (X, Bx). (nonnegatile) Let ube a Borel measure on X. Ours inner regular at EEBx, if $u(E) = sup\{u(K): K = E, K: campact g$ Ou is outer regular at REBx, if u(E)=inf {u(U): U2E, U: open } () regular = inner + votter regular on is (inner, outer) regular if it is at each EEBx.

\$7.1 Positive Linear Functionals on C(X) [5] X: LCH. C(X)={all compactly supported continuous functions f: X-> C $\text{Kecall}: \overline{C_c(X)} = C_o(X) \subseteq \mathcal{B}(X) \subseteq \mathcal{B}(X)$ norm || - || - || - || - || - || - || Cent. Bounded Bounded TED SIFES Def I: C(X) -> C is positive if $\forall f \in C(X), f \geq 0 \implies I(f) \geq 0.$ Question: Do you have some examples of positive (mear functionals)

Same nice property of such franctionals [6] Prop. X: LCH. I: Co(X) - Positive + linear Then: \f \k : compact, \k \le \lambda = \C_k \ge s. \s. \f\.

f \in C_c(\times), \supplif \ge \k \rightarrow \f(f) \righ Note I is not necessary bounded 1 (This is Prob. #2 of HW#1) Def. X:LCH. A Burel measure on X is a Radon measure it it is Of finite on compact sets;

Outer regular; and

inner regular at any open set.

(Mare general (ar weaker) than regular)

Kemarks 1 2f X is also o - compact. then Radon = finite an Compact Sets + regular On R. Radon = finite an compact sets. (cf. Prob. #8. HW#1). The Riest Representation Theorem X: LCH. If

I: Cc(X) -> C is positive + (mean, then I! Radon

measure uan X such that I(f) = & f clu /4cc(x)

Moreover

YU(open) = X: u(U) = Sup{I(f): fc(x), f < U}

YU(open) = X: u(U) = Sup{I(f): fc(x), f < U} Y K(compact) \(\text{X}, \(\text{K} \) = inf \(\text{I(t)}, \) f \(\text{C}(\text{K}) \) f \(\text{X} \) A different way of constructing measures!
(But we still need help from Caratheodong!)