

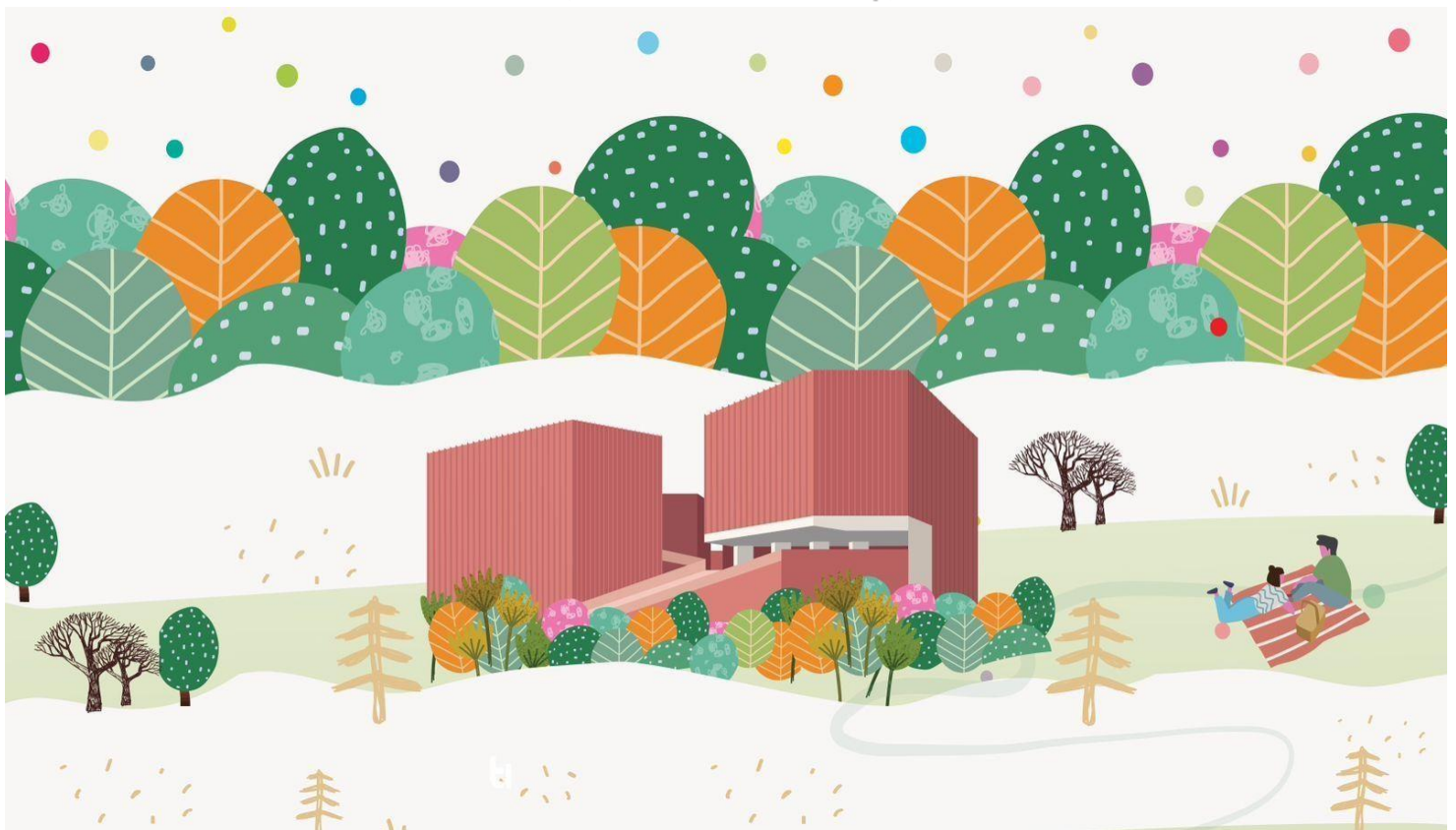
*Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala*  
*Department of Computer Science and Engineering*

UCS310: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

A PROJECT REPORT on

**Thapar Treats**

A Smart Food Delivery System for Campus Convenience



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**B.E.CSE: 2Q2A**

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## ABSTRACT

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*“At Thapar, every meal is more than just food—it’s a promise delivered. With a click, flavors travel across campus, connecting hearts, fueling minds, and turning hunger into happiness, one order at a time.”*

In the age of digital transformation, convenience and efficiency have become vital to the quality of daily life—especially within academic campuses. *Thapar Treats* is a student-developed PL/SQL-driven design to streamline the food delivery experience at Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology (TIET), replacing manual processes with automated workflows.

The system employs **stored procedures** for core functionalities like real-time order tracking (`track_order_status`), dynamic item availability checks (`place_order_if_available`), and customer-vendor rating analytics (`CheckCustomerDiscountEligibility`, `CheckSpecificRestaurantRisk`). Data integrity is ensured through atomic transactions, such as updating COD permissions based on customer ratings (`update_cod_based_on_rating`) and validating payment statuses during order placement.

**Role-based access control** and **encrypted credentials** secure interactions across student, vendor, and admin roles. Procedures like `GetBestRestaurant` aggregate seller ratings for performance insights, while `GetDeliveryPartnerInfoByOrderID` fetches delivery details using joins between `Catalogue` and `DeliveryPartner` tables. Exception handling in PL/SQL blocks mitigates errors like invalid order IDs or out-of-stock items, ensuring robust fault tolerance<sup>1</sup>.

By centralizing food logistics within an Oracle Database, *Thapar Treats* demonstrates how PL/SQL’s procedural logic enhances operational efficiency, data accuracy, and user experience in academic ecosystems.

The project aims to overcome the inefficiencies associated with traditional mess systems, crowded eateries, and manual order-taking by offering real-time order processing, dynamic menu management, and role-based access control. Built using structured database concepts, *Thapar Treats* ensures data integrity, user authentication, and privacy through encrypted login credentials and secure transaction management. With both delivery and pick-up options, this system not only enhances user experience but also empowers local food vendors by providing them with digital exposure and order management tools. By leveraging PL/SQL’s procedural rigor for CRUD operations and stakeholder-specific workflows, the project exemplifies how academic environments can optimize logistical challenges through focused database design.

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### Keywords

Online Food Delivery · Database Management System (DBMS) · Campus Automation · Secure Transactions · Menu Management · Order Tracking · Student Project · Relational Database · User Authentication

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The successful completion of our DBMS project, “Thapar Treats: A PL/SQL-Driven Campus Food Ordering System,” has been a rewarding journey marked by learning, collaboration, and growth. We are deeply grateful to the Lord Almighty for providing us with the strength, clarity, and perseverance to see this project through every stage.

Our motivation stemmed from a desire to address practical challenges faced by students, faculty, and vendors in campus food management. Through extensive discussions, we identified the need for an efficient, technology-driven solution to streamline food ordering, delivery, and vendor management at Thapar Institute. This vision inspired us to design and implement a robust relational database and a suite of PL/SQL procedures that automate and secure the entire process.

Throughout the development, we encountered technical hurdles-from designing normalized tables for customers, sellers, delivery partners, and orders, to writing and debugging complex PL/SQL procedures for real-time order tracking, inventory checks, risk assessment, and user eligibility for discounts. Each challenge became an opportunity to deepen our understanding of database concepts, transactional integrity, and procedural logic. The support and guidance from our mentors and faculty members were invaluable, providing direction and constructive feedback that shaped the quality and scope of our work. We also appreciate the encouragement and insights from our peers, which helped us refine our approach and overcome obstacles as a team.

We owe special thanks to our families for their unwavering support, patience, and motivation throughout this demanding process. Their belief in us fueled our determination during times of uncertainty and long hours of coding and documentation.

This project has not only enhanced our technical skills in PL/SQL and database management but has also taught us important lessons in teamwork, problem-solving, and effective communication. We are sincerely thankful to everyone who contributed-directly or indirectly-to the realization of Thapar Treats. Their support has enabled us to deliver a solution that aspires to make a meaningful impact on campus life, and we hope it serves as a foundation for future innovation in academic environments.

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*"Food is our common ground, a universal experience."*

– James Beard

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## Problem Statement

With the ever-increasing academic and professional pressure on students and faculty members at institutions like TIET, the challenge of accessing timely, hygienic, and affordable meals has become more pronounced than ever. Traditional food systems-such as on-campus mess services and local eateries-often fall short in meeting expectations for variety, efficiency, and personalization. The absence of digital infrastructure in campus food services leads to persistent issues: long queues, frequent miscommunication in orders, limited transparency, and an overall unsatisfactory user experience. In urban environments, where both men and women are actively engaged in demanding professional and academic pursuits, home-cooked meals are becoming less common, further driving the need for quick, reliable food solutions.

This project directly addresses these gaps by proposing a digitally accessible, secure, and user-friendly food delivery system tailored for the campus ecosystem. Thapar Treats enables users to seamlessly browse diverse menus, place orders, make secure payments, and track deliveries in real-time-all from a single, unified platform. By integrating robust backend support using structured PL/SQL procedures and relational database design, the system ensures data integrity, user authentication, and privacy at every step. Features such as role-based access, automated order management, and personalized recommendations not only streamline operations but also empower local food vendors with digital exposure and efficient order handling.

The goal is to minimize reliance on outdated, manual food management practices and offer a modernized solution that aligns with the lifestyle of today's tech-savvy campus community. Thapar Treats stands as a transformative approach to campus food services, fostering seamless communication between customers and vendors, optimizing operational efficiency, and ultimately enhancing the quality of daily life for all stakeholders within academic institutions.

## INTRODUCTION AND PROJECT OVERVIEW

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The purpose of this project is to provide an online food delivery system.

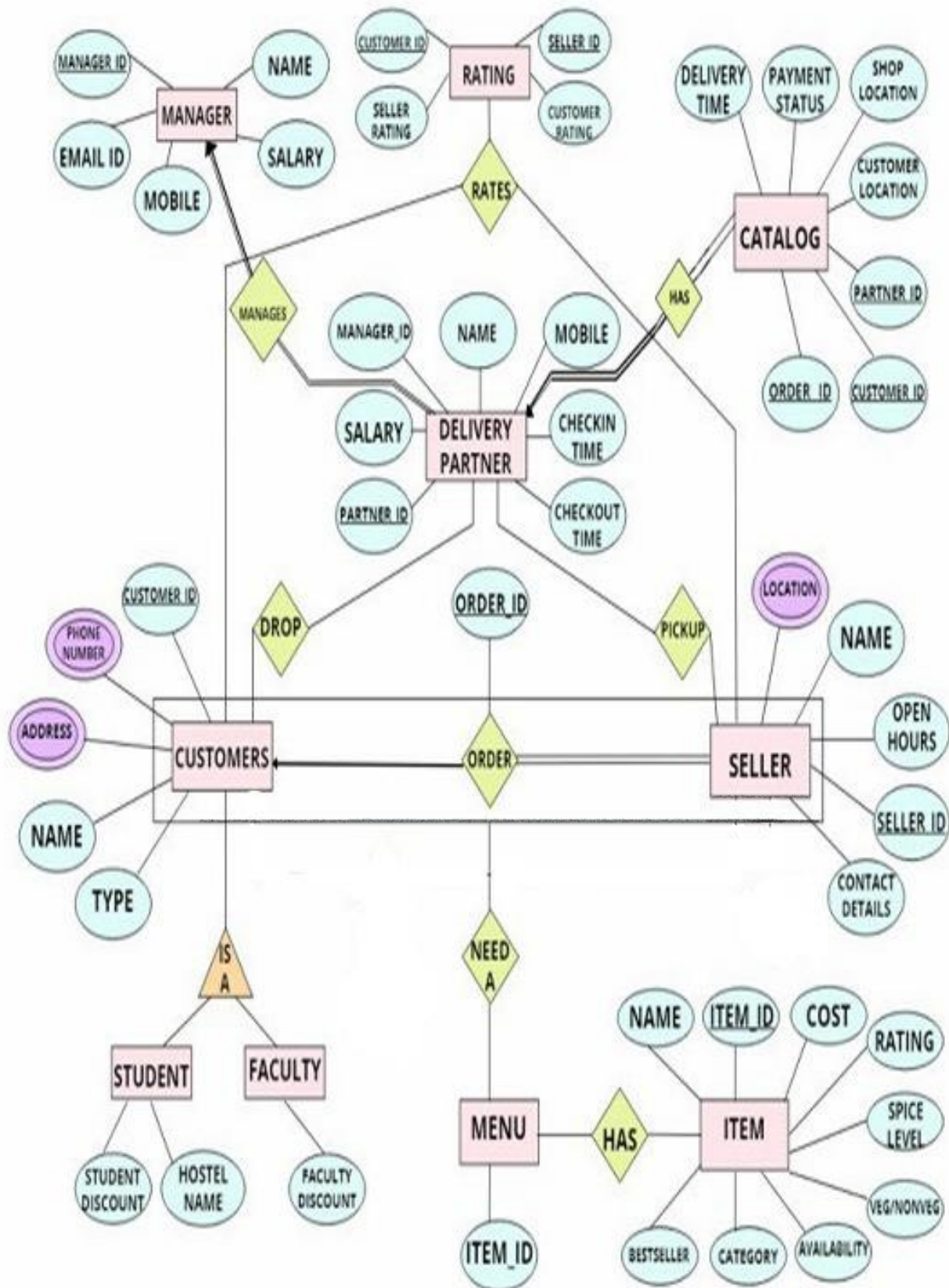
Online Food ordering system is a process in which one can order various foods and beverages from some local restaurant and hotels through the use of internet, just by sitting at home or any place. And the order is delivered to the told location. Nowadays everyone is having busy schedule whether it is urban area or rural. But talking specifically about the urban areas and deeply about the big cities, people out there are so busy in their life that they don't get enough of time to have their meals properly. As these days women are no less than men, in any field. So in big cities even wives are working women, therefore mostly the small families manage to have their food ordered from somewhere, as they lack time. Not only this is the case, if we talk about the children in the modern era they like only fast food or something from the outside. But they ignore eating homemade meals.

So food ordering system these days has one of the fastest growing market, though being a new idea. In this project we have developed something like the same to earn from and serve the nation in a much better way possible. Nowadays, people are more regular to dine-in at restaurant for their meals. The online food ordering system provides convenience for the customers that are nothing special but the general busy people of the society. It overcomes the demerits of the manual hotel or mess system and the old fashioned queuing system. This system enhances the readymade of foods than people.

Therefore, this system enhances the speed of getting food in person's plate and quality and manner of taking the order from the customer. It provides a better communication platform. The user's details are stored using the electronic media. The online food ordering system provides the menu online and the customers can easily place the order by just clicking the mouse or by touching a button on their smart phones. Also with the food ordering system online, people can easily track their orders, and admin can maintain customer's database and advance the food delivery system.

This food ordering system allows the user to select the desired food items from a list of available menu items provided by the local hotel or restaurant. The user can place orders for the food items of their like from the list. The payment can be made online or pay-on-delivery system. The user's details are maintained confidential because it maintains a separate account for each user. An id and password is provided for each user. And several encryption techniques have also been used on the server side to protect the card details. Therefore it provides a more secured and safe ordering system.

## ER-DIAGRAM



## ER-MODEL TO RELATIONAL MODEL

### *Customer*

- customer\_id (PK)
- type
- firstname
- middlename
- lastname

### *CustPhone*

- customer\_id (PK,FK)
- phone\_no (PK)

### *CustAddress*

- customer\_id (PK,FK)
- address (PK)

### *Manager*

- manager\_id (PK)
- name
- salary
- mobile
- emailid

### *DeliveryPartner*

- partner\_id (PK)
- manager\_id (FK)
- name
- salary
- mobile
- working\_hours

### *Seller*

- seller\_id (PK)
- name
- opening\_time
- closing\_time
- mobile
- location



### *Orders*

- order\_id (PK)
- customer\_id (FK)
- seller\_id (FK)
- item\_id (FK)

### *Feedback*

- customer\_id (FK)
- seller\_id (FK)
- reviews

### *Item*

- item\_id (PK)
- name
- cost
- availability
- veg\_nonveg
- bestseller
- category
- spice\_level
- rating

### *Catalogue*

- order\_id (FK)
- customer\_id (FK)
- partner\_id (FK)
- customer\_location
- shop\_location
- delivery\_time
- payment\_status

### *Rating*

- customer\_id (FK)
- seller\_id (FK)
- customer\_rating
- seller\_rating

### 1. *Customer:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. type, firstname, middlename, and lastname are all fully dependent on the primary key customer\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (customer\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 2. *CustPhone:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. phone\_no is fully dependent on the foreign key customer\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (customer\_id, phone\_no) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 3. *CustAddress:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. Address is fully dependent on the foreign key customer\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (customer\_id, address) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 4. *Manager:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the primary key manager\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (manager\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 5. *DeliveryPartner:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the primary key partner\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (partner\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 6. *Seller:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the primary key seller\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (seller\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

### 7. *Orders:*

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the primary key order\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (order\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

**8. Feedback:**

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** No. reviews is not dependent on the primary key (seller\_id, customer\_id).
- **3NF:** Not applicable due to violation of 2NF.
- **BCNF:** Not applicable due to violation of 2NF.

**9. Item:**

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the primary key item\_id.
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The primary key (item\_id) uniquely identifies all attributes.

**10. Catalogue:**

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** Yes. All attributes are fully dependent on the composite primary key (order\_id, customer\_id, partner\_id).
- **3NF:** Yes. There are no transitive dependencies.
- **BCNF:** Yes. The composite primary key uniquely identifies all attributes.

**11. Rating:**

- **1NF:** Yes. No repeating groups or multivalued attributes.
- **2NF:** No. customer\_rating and seller\_rating are not dependent on the primary key (seller\_id, customer\_id).
- **3NF:** Not applicable due to violation of 2NF.
- **BCNF:** Not applicable due to violation of 2NF.

*Notes:*

- Feedback and Rating tables violate 2NF because some attributes are not fully dependent on the primary key. You might consider separating reviews into another table or redesigning the primary key.

# SQL & PL/SQL Queries & Snapshots with output

## I. RELATION SCHEMAS: TABLE CREATION STATEMENTS

```
create table Customer(  
    customer_id number primary key,  
    type varchar2(10),  
    firstname varchar2(10),  
    middlename varchar2(10),  
    lastname varchar2(10)  
)
```

```
create table CustPhone(  
    customer_id number,  
    phone_no number,  
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id),  
    primary key (customer_id,phone_no)  
)
```

```
create table CustAddress(  
    customer_id number,  
    address varchar2(30),  
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id),  
    primary key (customer_id,address)  
)
```

```
create table Manager(  
    manager_id number primary key,  
    name varchar2(20),  
    salary number,  
    mobile number,  
    emailid varchar(30)  
)
```

```
create table DeliveryPartner(  
    partner_id varchar2(15) primary key,  
    manager_id number,  
    name varchar2(20),  
    salary number,  
    mobile number,  
    checkin_time timestamp,  
    checkout_time timestamp,  
    foreign key (manager_id) references Manager (manager_id)  
)
```

```

create table Seller(
    seller_id number primary key,
    name varchar2(20),
    opening_time timestamp,
    closing_time timestamp,
    mobile number,
    location varchar2(15),
    check (closing_time>opening_time)
)

```

```

create table Orders(
    order_id number primary key,
    customer_id number,
    seller_id number,
    item_id varchar2(15),
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id),
    foreign key (seller_id) references Seller (seller_id),
    foreign key (item_id) references Item (item_id)
)

```

```

create table Feedback(
    customer_id number,
    seller_id number,
    reviews varchar2(100),
    foreign key (seller_id) references Seller (seller_id),
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id),
    primary key (seller_id,customer_id)
)

```

```

create table Item(
    item_id varchar2(15) primary key,
    name varchar2(20),
    cost number,
    availability number(1),
    veg_nonveg number(1),
    bestseller number(1),
    category varchar2(20),
    spice_level varchar2(10),
    rating number,
    constraint check_rating check (rating>=0 and rating<=5)
)

```

```

create table Catalogue(
    order_id number,
    customer_id number,
    partner_id varchar2(15),
    customer_location varchar2(20),
    shop_location varchar2(20),
    delivery_time timestamp,
    payment_status number(1),
    primary key (order_id, customer_id, partner_id),
    foreign key (order_id) references Orders (order_id),
    foreign key (partner_id) references DeliveryPartner (partner_id),
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id)
)

```

```

create table Rating(
    customer_id number,
    seller_id number,
    customer_rating number default (2.5),
    seller_rating number default (2.5),
    foreign key (seller_id) references Seller (seller_id),
    foreign key (customer_id) references Customer (customer_id),
    primary key (seller_id, customer_id),
    constraint check_cust_rating check(customer_rating >= 0 and customer_rating <= 5),
    constraint check_sell_rating check(seller_rating >= 0 and seller_rating <= 5)
)

```

## II. INSERT QUERIES ON TABLES

```
insert into Customer values (1,'student','rehan','kumar','bansal'),
(3,'student','avni','kay','gupta'),
(2,'faculty','ankush','aman','pathania'),
(4,'faculty','prashant','singh','rana'),
(5,'student','prarthana','jenny','samal'),
(6,'faculty','harpreet','singh','bawa'),
(7,'student','atansh','ajay','dhiman'),
(8,'faculty','tarunpreet','kaur','bhatia'),
(9,'student','aashi','zoya','yadav'),
(10,'faculty','shubhra','claire','dwivedi');
select * from Customer;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	TYPE	FIRSTNAME	MIDDLENAME	LASTNAME
1	student	rehan	kumar	bansal
2	faculty	ankush	aman	pathania
3	student	avni	kay	gupta
4	faculty	prashant	singh	rana
5	student	prarthana	jenny	samal
6	faculty	harpreet	singh	bawa
7	student	atansh	ajay	dhiman

```
insert into CustPhone values (1,4985672156),
(1,6598745123),
(2,4875963216),
(2,9897562355),
(4,5698985612),
(5,7864554353),
(3,3264994659),
(4,9652313498),
(7,7985632659),
(6,8745315878);
select * from CustPhone;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	PHONE_NO
1	4985672156
1	6598745123
2	4875963216
2	9897562355
3	3264994659
4	5698985612
4	9652313498

```

insert into CustAddress values (1,'hostel-c'),
(1,'thapar'),
(2,'model town'),
(2,'patiala'),
(4,'adarsh nagar'),
(5,'hostel-n'),
(3,'hostel-q'),
(4,'patiala'),
(7,'hostel-o'),
(6,'puda colony patiala');
select * from CustAddress;

```

CUSTOMER_ID	ADDRESS
1	hostel-c
1	thapar
2	model town
2	patiala
3	hostel-q
4	adarsh nagar
4	patiala

```

insert into Manager values(100,'raman',50000,1288912998,'rmn@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(200,'manan',35600,6708567900,'mn@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(300,'daman',67800,7859376748,'dmn@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(400,'chaman',98230,3248967898,'chmn@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(500,'aman',40000,9824382970,'amn@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(600,'kim jon',30000,2324384570,'kj@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(700,'julius',70000,4324384450,'jl@gmail.com');
insert into Manager values(800,'dinesh',82300,7552438200,'dn@gmail.com');
select * from Manager;

```

MANAGER_ID	NAME	SALARY	MOBILE	EMAILID
100	raman	50000	1288912998	rmn@gmail.com
200	manan	35600	6708567900	mn@gmail.com
300	daman	67800	7859376748	dmn@gmail.com
400	chaman	98230	3248967898	chmn@gmail.com
500	aman	40000	9824382970	amn@gmail.com
600	kim jon	30000	2324384570	kj@gmail.com
700	julius	70000	4324384450	jl@gmail.com



```

insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(10,'fashion point',349843897,'cos');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(15,'honey cafe',89735983,'cos');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(20,'sip n bites',09378529307,'cos');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(25,'pizza nation',43678423,'cos');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(30,'the dessert club',234632498,'cos');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(35,'jp foods',230947329,'G block');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(40,'patiala shahi',9865897597,'G block');
insert into Seller (seller_id,name,mobile,location) values
(45,'kulcha zone',152345612,'H block');
select * from Seller;
update Seller set name = 'Wrapchik' where seller_id = 15;

```

Download Execution time: 0.067 seconds							
	SELLER_ID	NAME	OPENING_TIME	CLOSING_TIME	MOBILE	LOCATION	
1	10	fashion point	2025-05-01T09:30:00	2025-05-01T20:00:00	349843897	cos	
2	15	Wrapchik	2025-05-01T10:00:00	2025-05-01T21:30:00	89735983	cos	
3	20	sip n bites	2025-05-01T10:30:00	2025-05-01T21:30:00	9378529307	cos	
4	25	pizza nation	2025-05-01T11:00:00	2025-05-01T23:59:00	43678423	cos	
5	30	the dessert club	2025-05-01T13:00:00	2025-05-01T22:00:00	234632498	cos	
6	35	jp foods	2025-05-01T09:00:00	2025-05-01T20:30:00	230947329	G block	
7	40	patiala shahi	2025-05-01T11:00:00	2025-05-01T23:00:00	9865897597	G block	
8	45	kulcha zone	2025-05-01T13:30:00	2025-05-01T16:00:00	152345612	H block	

```

insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('fp1',100,'ajay',4000,9238643289);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('fp2',100,'ramu',7400,3847783444);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('hc1',200,'kundan',7700,432478893);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('hc2',200,'sukhbir',3300,8997849454);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('snb1',300,'laadi',3000,4523403285);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('snb2',300,'munna',4010,6584893324);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('pn1',400,'arsh',5500,544521555);

```

```

insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('pn2',400,'lokes',5000,7853889437);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('dc1',500,'rahul',8000,763298479843);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('dc2',500,'mike',4500,5638793298);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('jp1',600,'john',5000,7538984987);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('jp2',600,'keval',4000,989563235);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('ps1',700,'tejas',6700,664584635);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('ps2',700,'shobhit',5000,33242398954);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('kz1',800,'mayank',3200,673898645);
insert into DeliveryPartner (partner_id,manager_id,name,salary,mobile)
values('kz2',800,'bhuvi',4500,93847903);
select * from DeliveryPartner;

```

PARTNER_ID	MANAGER_ID	NAME	SALARY	MOBILE	WORKING_HOURS
fp1	100	ajay	4000	9238643289	-
fp2	100	ramu	7400	3847783444	-
hc1	200	kundan	7700	432478893	-
hc2	200	sukhbir	3300	8997849454	-
snb1	300	laadi	3000	4523403285	-
snb2	300	munna	4010	6584893324	-
pn1	400	arsh	5500	544521555	-
pn2	400	lokes	5000	7853889437	-

```

insert into Item values ('hc1','spring roll',70,1,1,0,'snacks','medium',3);
insert into Item values ('hc2','noodles',45,0,0,0,'snacks','low',2.5);
insert into Item values ('hc3','manchurian',50,1,1,1,'snacks','high',4);
insert into Item values ('snb1','spicy paneer',70,0,1,0,'wrap','medium',2);
insert into Item values ('snb2','grilled chicken',70,1,0,1,'wrap','high',4.3);
insert into Item values ('snb3','big sumo',60,1,1,1,'burger','low',5);
insert into Item values ('snb4','fried chicken',80,1,0,0,'burger','medium',2.3);
insert into Item values ('dc1','oreo king',200,1,1,0,'bubble waffle','low',3.7);
insert into Item values ('dc2','ferrero king',200,1,1,1,'bubble waffle','low',5);
insert into Item values ('dc3','brownie queen',120,1,1,0,'square waffle','low',1.5);
insert into Item values ('kz1','garlic',140,1,0,1,'chaap','high',4.6);
insert into Item values ('kz2','paneer',60,0,1,0,'kulcha','medium',3);
select * from Item;

```

ITEM_ID	NAME	COST	AVAILABILITY	VEG_NONVEG	BESTSELLER	CATEGORY	SPICE_LEVEL	RATING
snb1	spicy paneer	70	0	0	0	wrap	medium	2
dc1	oreo king	200	1	1	0	bubble waffle	low	3.7
hc1	spring roll	70	1	1	0	snacks	medium	3
hc3	manchurian	50	1	1	1	snacks	high	4
snb2	grilled chicken	70	1	0	1	wrap	high	4.3
snb3	big sumo	60	1	1	1	burger	low	5
snb4	fried chicken	80	1	0	0	burger	medium	2.3

```

update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('09:30:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('20:00:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=10;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('13:30:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('16:00:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=45;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('10:00:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('21:30:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=15;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('10:30:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('21:30:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=20;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('11:00:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('23:59:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=25;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('13:00:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('22:00:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=30;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('09:00:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('20:30:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=35;
update Seller set opening_time=TO_DATE('11:00:00',
'HH24:MI:SS'),closing_time=TO_DATE('23:00:00', 'HH24:MI:SS') where seller_id=40;

```

```

insert into Feedback values (1,10,'quality was good. a bit spicy. lower the sugar content
next time');
insert into Feedback values (1,20,'quality was poor. highly spicy. food was uncooked');
insert into Feedback values (2,10,'quality was not good. food was smelly. lower the sugar
content next time');
insert into Feedback values (3,15,'ice cream flavour was very unique. good presentation');
insert into Feedback values (3,20,'overall nice experience. satisfied. tasty food');
insert into Feedback values (6,30,'delivery was late. delivery partner was rude');
insert into Feedback values (7,40,'insects found in food');
insert into Feedback values (4,35,'got wrong order');
insert into Feedback values (6,40,'quality was good. a bit spicy. ');
select * from Feedback;

```

CUSTOMER_ID	SELLER_ID	REVIEWS
1	10	quality was good. a bit spicy. lower the sugar content next time
1	20	quality was poor. highly spicy. food was uncooked
2	10	quality was not good. food was smelly. lower the sugar content next time
3	15	ice cream flavour was very unique. good presentation
3	20	overall nice experience. satisfied. tasty food
6	30	delivery was late. delivery partner was rude
7	40	insects found in food
4	35	got wrong order

```

insert into Rating values (1,10,4.2,4.5);
insert into Rating values (2,10,3.2,4);
insert into Rating values (2,35,5,2);
insert into Rating values (5,40,1.2,4.8);
insert into Rating values (5,45,2.2,3.3);
insert into Rating values (9,20,1.7,4.5);
insert into Rating values (8,20,5,5);
insert into Rating values (8,35,3.9,2);
insert into Rating values (9,40,4.9,3.9);
insert into Rating values (10,15,4,5);
select * from Rating;

```

CUSTOMER_ID	SELLER_ID	CUSTOMER_RATING	SELLER_RATING
1	10	4.2	4.5
2	10	3.2	4
2	35	5	2
5	40	1.2	4.8
5	45	2.2	3.3
9	20	1.7	4.5
8	20	5	5

```

insert into Orders values (000,5,15,'hc1');
insert into Orders values (001,4,15,'hc2');
insert into Orders values (010,3,20,'snb2');
insert into Orders values (011,5,20,'snb2');
insert into Orders values (100,7,30,'dc1');
insert into Orders values (101,7,30,'dc3');
insert into Orders values (110,2,45,'kz2');
insert into Orders values (111,3,20,'snb4');
insert into Orders values (1000,1,15,'hc3');
insert into Orders values (1001,6,45,'kz2');
insert into Orders values (1010,6,45,'kz1');
select * from Orders;

```

ORDER_ID	CUSTOMER_ID	SELLER_ID	ITEM_ID
0	5	15	hc1
1	4	15	hc2
10	3	20	snb2
11	5	20	snb2
100	8	30	dc1
101	8	30	dc3
110	2	45	kz2

```

insert into Catalogue values (000,5,'hc1','hostel-
n','cos',to_date('00:15:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (001,4,'hc2','adarsh
nagar','cos',to_date('00:10:00','HH24:MI:SS'),0);
insert into Catalogue values (010,3,'snb1','hostel-
q','cos',to_date('00:20:00','HH24:MI:SS'),0);
insert into Catalogue values (011,5,'snb1','hostel-
n','cos',to_date('00:25:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (100,7,'dc1','hostel-
o','cos',to_date('00:15:00','HH24:MI:SS'),0);
insert into Catalogue values (101,7,'dc2','hostel-
o','cos',to_date('00:10:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (110,2,'kz2','patiala','H
block',to_date('00:30:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (111,3,'snb2','hostel-
q','cos',to_date('00:05:00','HH24:MI:SS'),0);
insert into Catalogue values (1000,1,'hc1','hostel-c
thapar','cos',to_date('00:10:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (1001,6,'kz1','puda colony patiala','H
block',to_date('00:20:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
insert into Catalogue values (1010,6,'kz1','puda colony patiala','H
block',to_date('00:35:00','HH24:MI:SS'),1);
select * from Catalogue;

```

	ORDER_ID	CUSTOMER_ID	PARTNER_ID	CUSTOMER_LOCATION	SHOP_LOCATION	DELIVERY_TIME	PAYMENT_STATUS
1	0	5	hc1	hostel-n	cos	2025-05-01T00:15:00	1
2	1	4	hc2	adarsh nagar	cos	2025-05-01T00:10:00	0
3	10	3	snb1	hostel-q	cos	2025-05-01T00:20:00	0
4	11	5	snb1	hostel-n	cos	2025-05-01T00:25:00	1
5	100	7	dc1	hostel-o	cos	2025-05-01T00:15:00	0



### III. PROCEDURES CREATED

#### 1. track\_order\_status

-- track order status

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE track_order_status (
  p_order_id IN NUMBER
) AS
  v_customer_id NUMBER;
  v_partner_id   VARCHAR2(15);
  v_customer_loc VARCHAR2(20);
  v_shop_loc     VARCHAR2(20);
  v_delivery_time TIMESTAMP;
  v_payment_stat NUMBER(1);
BEGIN

  SELECT customer_id, partner_id, customer_location, shop_location, delivery_time, payment_status
  INTO v_customer_id, v_partner_id, v_customer_loc, v_shop_loc, v_delivery_time, v_payment_stat
  FROM Catalogue
  WHERE order_id = p_order_id;

  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Order ID: ' || p_order_id);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Customer ID: ' || v_customer_id);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Partner ID: ' || v_partner_id);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Customer Location: ' || v_customer_loc);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Shop Location: ' || v_shop_loc);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Delivery Time: ' || TO_CHAR(v_delivery_time, 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'));
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Payment Status: ' || v_payment_stat);

EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No matching order found. ');
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/

EXEC track_order_status(0);
```

```
SQL> EXEC track_order_status(0)
```

```
Order ID: 0
Customer ID: 5
Partner ID: hc1
Customer Location: hostel-n
Shop Location: cos|
Delivery Time: 2025-05-01 00:15:00
Payment Status: 1
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

## 2. get\_item\_details

-- Item details

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE get_item_details (
```

```
  p_item_id IN VARCHAR2
```

```
) AS
```

```
  v_name      VARCHAR2(20);
```

```
  v_cost      NUMBER;
```

```
  v_avail     NUMBER(1);
```

```
  v_veg_nonveg NUMBER(1);
```

```
  v_bestseller NUMBER(1);
```

```
  v_category  VARCHAR2(20);
```

```
  v_spice_level VARCHAR2(10);
```

```
  v_rating    NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
  SELECT name, cost, availability, veg_nonveg, bestseller,
```

```
         category, spice_level, rating
```

```
  INTO v_name, v_cost, v_avail, v_veg_nonveg, v_bestseller,
```

```
         v_category, v_spice_level, v_rating
```

```
  FROM Item
```

```
  WHERE item_id = p_item_id;
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ID: ' || p_item_id);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name: ' || v_name);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Cost: ' || v_cost);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Availability: ' || CASE WHEN v_avail = 1 THEN 'true' ELSE 'false'
```

```
END);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Veg/Non-Veg: ' || CASE WHEN v_veg_nonveg = 1 THEN 'Veg'
```

```
ELSE 'Non-Veg' END);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Bestseller: ' || CASE WHEN v_bestseller = 1 THEN 'true' ELSE 'false'
```

```
END);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Category: ' || v_category);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Spice Level: ' || v_spice_level);
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Rating: ' || v_rating);
```

```
EXCEPTION
```

```
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No item found for ID: ' || p_item_id);
```

```
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

```
EXEC get_item_details('hc1');
```

```
Procedure created.
```

```
Item ID: hc1
```

```
Name: spring roll
```

```
Cost: 70
```

```
Availability: true
```

```
Veg/Non-Veg: Veg
```

```
Bestseller: false
```

```
Category: snacks
```

```
Spice Level: medium
```

```
Rating: 3
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

### 3. place\_order\_if\_available

```
-- place order
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE place_order_if_available (
  p_customer_id IN NUMBER,
  p_item_id IN VARCHAR2
) AS
  v_availability NUMBER;
  v_new_order_id NUMBER;
  v_seller_id NUMBER;
BEGIN
  -- Check availability
  SELECT availability INTO v_availability
  FROM Item
  WHERE item_id = p_item_id;

  IF v_availability = 1 THEN
    -- Get seller_id from Orders (if fixed relationship) or choose from Item/any other logic
    SELECT seller_id INTO v_seller_id
    FROM Orders
    WHERE item_id = p_item_id
    AND ROWNUM = 1;

    -- Generate new order_id (should use a sequence ideally)
    SELECT NVL(MAX(order_id), 0) + 1 INTO v_new_order_id FROM Orders;

    -- Insert order
    INSERT INTO Orders(order_id, customer_id, seller_id, item_id)
    VALUES (v_new_order_id, p_customer_id, v_seller_id, p_item_id);

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Order placed successfully. Order ID: ' || v_new_order_id);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Order Status: Order placed successfully. Order ID: ' ||
v_new_order_id);
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item with ID ' || p_item_id || ' is not available.');
```

```
END IF;

EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ID not found or seller not linked.');
```

```
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
```

```
/
BEGIN
  place_order_if_available(5, 'hc1');
END;
```

```
/
Select * from orders;
```

```
Order placed successfully. Order ID: 1012
Order Status: Order placed successfully. Order ID: 1012
```



```
-- COD
select * from Customer;
ALTER TABLE Customer ADD cod_allowed NUMBER(1) DEFAULT 1;
```

#### 4. update\_cod\_based\_on\_rating

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE update_cod_based_on_rating (
    p_customer_id IN NUMBER
) AS
    v_rating NUMBER;
BEGIN
    -- Calculate average rating for the customer
    SELECT AVG(customer_rating)
    INTO v_rating
    FROM Rating
    WHERE customer_id = p_customer_id;

    IF v_rating < 2 THEN
        UPDATE Customer
        SET cod_allowed = 0
        WHERE customer_id = p_customer_id;
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Customer ID ' || p_customer_id || ' has low rating (' || v_rating || ').
COD disabled.');
```

```
    ELSE
        UPDATE Customer
        SET cod_allowed = 1
        WHERE customer_id = p_customer_id;
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Customer ID ' || p_customer_id || ' has sufficient rating (' || v_rating
|| '). COD enabled.');
```

```
    END IF;

EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No rating found for customer ID ' || p_customer_id);
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/
BEGIN
    update_cod_based_on_rating(5);
END;
/
```

```
Customer ID 5 has low rating (1.7). COD disabled.
```

## 5. track\_order\_status

-- CheckSpecificRestaurantRisk

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CheckSpecificRestaurantRisk(
  p_seller_id IN NUMBER
) IS
  v_avg_rating NUMBER := 0;
  v_negative_feedback_count NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
  -- Get average rating (use NVL to avoid null)
  SELECT NVL(AVG(seller_rating), 0)
  INTO v_avg_rating
  FROM Rating
  WHERE seller_id = p_seller_id;

  -- Count negative feedbacks
  SELECT COUNT(*)
  INTO v_negative_feedback_count
  FROM Feedback
  WHERE seller_id = p_seller_id
  AND (
    LOWER(reviews) LIKE '%poor%' OR
    LOWER(reviews) LIKE '%smelly%' OR
    LOWER(reviews) LIKE '%wrong%' OR
    LOWER(reviews) LIKE '%insects%'
  );

  -- Debug: print the values
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Rating: ' || v_avg_rating);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Negative Feedback Count: ' || v_negative_feedback_count);

  -- Risk evaluation
  IF v_avg_rating < 2.5 OR v_negative_feedback_count > 2 THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Restaurant ' || p_seller_id || ' is At Risk of Removal');
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Restaurant ' || p_seller_id || ' is Not At Risk');
  END IF;

EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No data found for the specified restaurant ID: ' || p_seller_id);
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/

EXEC CheckSpecificRestaurantRisk(35);
```

```
Average Rating: 2
Negative Feedback Count: 1
Restaurant 35 is At Risk of Removal
```

## 6. GetDeliveryPartnerInfoByOrderID

```
-- Delivery Partner Info
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GetDeliveryPartnerInfoByOrderID(
    p_order_id IN NUMBER -- Input parameter for order_id
) IS
    v_partner_id VARCHAR2(15);
    v_partner_name VARCHAR2(20);
    v_partner_mobile NUMBER;
    v_partner_salary NUMBER;
    v_partner_manager_id NUMBER;
BEGIN
    -- Get the delivery partner information for the given order_id
    SELECT
        dp.partner_id,
        dp.name AS partner_name,
        dp.mobile AS partner_mobile,
        dp.salary AS partner_salary,
        dp.manager_id
    INTO
        v_partner_id, v_partner_name, v_partner_mobile, v_partner_salary, v_partner_manager_id
    FROM
        Catalogue c
    JOIN
        DeliveryPartner dp ON c.partner_id = dp.partner_id
    WHERE
        c.order_id = p_order_id;

    -- Display the result
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Delivery Partner ID: ' || v_partner_id);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Partner Name: ' || v_partner_name);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Partner Mobile: ' || v_partner_mobile);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Partner Salary: ' || v_partner_salary);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Manager ID: ' || v_partner_manager_id);

EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No delivery partner found for the specified order ID: ' ||
p_order_id);
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error occurred while fetching delivery partner info.');
```

END GetDeliveryPartnerInfoByOrderID;

/

Exec GetDeliveryPartnerInfoByOrderID(0);

```
Delivery Partner ID: hc1
Partner Name: kundan
Partner Mobile: 432478893
Partner Salary: 7700
Manager ID: 200
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

## 7. CheckCustomerDiscountEligibility

- Best customer based on rating for discount on next order
- A customer is eligible if:
  - Their average customer rating (as given by sellers) is  $\geq 3.0$ , and
  - They have placed at least 1 order, or
  - They have given consistently high ratings to sellers (i.e., are active & positive)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CheckCustomerDiscountEligibility(
    p_customer_id IN NUMBER
) IS
    v_avg_rating NUMBER := 0;
    v_order_count NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Get the average customer rating (rated by sellers)
    SELECT NVL(AVG(customer_rating), 0)
    INTO v_avg_rating
    FROM Rating
    WHERE customer_id = p_customer_id;

    -- Get number of orders placed
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO v_order_count
    FROM Orders
    WHERE customer_id = p_customer_id;

    -- Show details
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Customer ID: ' || p_customer_id);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Rating by Sellers: ' || ROUND(v_avg_rating, 2));
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Orders: ' || v_order_count);

    -- Check eligibility
    IF v_avg_rating >= 3.0 AND v_order_count >= 1 THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(' Customer is eligible for a discount on the next order!');
    ELSE
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(' Customer is not eligible for a discount. ');
    END IF;

EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No data found for Customer ID: ' || p_customer_id);
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/
EXEC CheckCustomerDiscountEligibility(2);
```

Customer ID: 2

Average Rating by Sellers: 4.1

Total Orders: 1

Customer is eligible for a discount on the next order!

## 8. GetBestRestaurant

```
-- Best Restaurant
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GetBestRestaurant IS
    v_seller_id Seller.seller_id%TYPE;
    v_name Seller.name%TYPE;
    v_avg_rating NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT s.seller_id, s.name, AVG(r.seller_rating)
    INTO v_seller_id, v_name, v_avg_rating
    FROM Seller s
    JOIN Rating r ON s.seller_id = r.seller_id
    GROUP BY s.seller_id, s.name
    ORDER BY AVG(r.seller_rating) DESC
    FETCH FIRST 1 ROWS ONLY;

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(' Best Restaurant: ' || v_name || ' (ID: ' || v_seller_id || ')');
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Rating: ' || ROUND(v_avg_rating, 2));
EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No restaurant rating data found. ');
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/
```

```
exec GETBESTRESTAURANT;
```

```
Best Restaurant: Wrapchik (ID: 15)
Average Rating: 5
```

## Conclusion

*This project focuses on the core element of a college food delivery app - the database design. This robust relational database serves as the foundation for a mobile application that streamlines food ordering for students on campus.*

### *Key features:*

- Stores information about users, restaurants, menus, orders, and addresses (optionally reviews).
- Enables efficient management of food orders placed by students.
- Establishes relationships between tables to ensure data consistency.
- Adheres to data normalization principles for optimized data manipulation.

### *Benefits:*

- Provides a foundation for a mobile app that simplifies food ordering.
- Offers flexibility for future functionalities like reviews and promotions.
- Improves data organization and accessibility for managing food delivery services.

### *Unity in Action:*

- **Communication and Transparency:** "Maintaining open communication channels throughout the project was crucial. We utilized a project management tool and held regular meetings to ensure everyone was up to date on tasks and progress."
- **Conflict Resolution:** "Inevitably, minor disagreements arose during the design phase. However, our commitment to open dialogue and a focus on the project's goals allowed us to reach mutually agreeable solutions."

### *Celebrating Achievements:*

- **Shared Accomplishment:** "The final database design reflects the combined efforts of the entire team. We are proud of the secure, scalable, and **user-friendly foundation we've created for the college food delivery app.**"
- **Future Collaboration:** "This project has strengthened our teamwork skills and fostered a sense of unity. We look forward to collaborating on future endeavors, leveraging the valuable lessons learned from this experience."

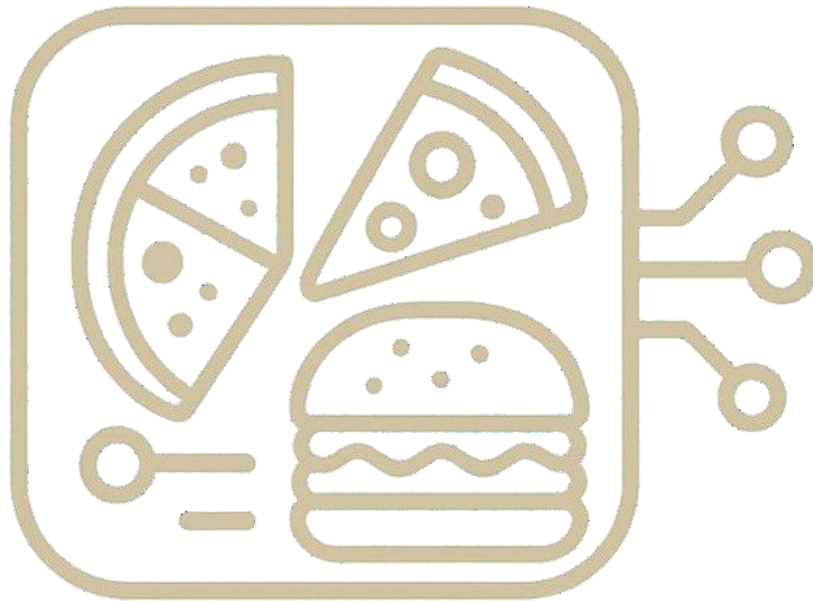
### *Future Enhancements:*

#### **The database design allows for future functionalities:**

- **Promotional Offers:** Additional tables can be added to manage promotional offers and discounts offered by restaurants.
- **Delivery Driver Management:** A table for delivery drivers can be integrated for a comprehensive food delivery system.

## References

- [Normalization Process in DBMS - GeeksforGeeks](#)
- [How to Convert ER Diagrams to Tables in DBMS? - GeeksforGeeks](#)
- [ER \(Entity Relationship\) Diagram Model in DBMS Examples - javatpoint](#)
- [Oracle Live SQL](#)
- [PL/SQL Introduction - GeeksforGeeks](#)



# THAPAR TREATS

## CAMPUS FOOD DELIVERY SYSTEM