# Jadavpur University, Electronics and Telecommunication ${\bf Department}$

# PSR DELAY LIMITED TRANSMISSION

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#### 1 Aim of the Experiment

To show Throughput vs Rho analytic approximation graph in PSR delayed limited transmission :

#### 2 Objective

To simulate using the software MATLAB

#### 3 Observation and Results

We simulated the circuit in Matlab and obtained the following results.

#### 3.1 Code snippet when random variables are taken as 1

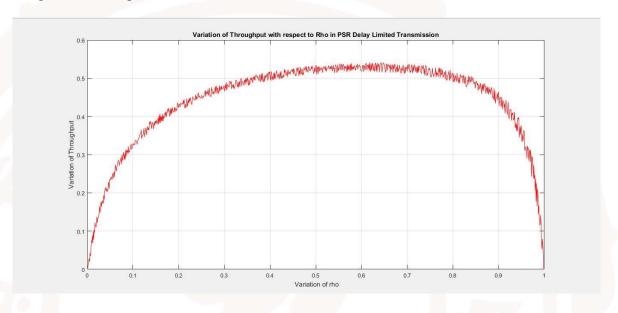
```
count1=1;
h=1;
g=1;
syms x a b c d u R Yo real ;
for rho = 0.00001 : 0.00001 : 0.99999
                                Yd = (power(abs(h), 4) *power(abs(g), 2) *rho*(1-rho)) / ((power(abs(h), 2) *power(abs(g), 2) *(0.01+0.01*) / ((power(abs(h), 2) *power(abs(h), 2) *(power(abs(h), 2) *(powe
                               Yo=Yd+rand;
                               R=log2(1+Yo);
                               a=0.02*Yo*(1-rho);
                               b=(0.01+0.01*(1-rho))*0.02*Yo;
                               c=rho*(1-rho);
                               d=(0.01+0.01*(1-rho))*Yo*rho;
                               u=sqrt(4*a/c);
                               value=exp(-d/c)*u*abs(besselk(1,u))
                               Pout = 1- value;
                               if (Pout<=1 ) && (Pout>=0)
                                       Throughput=(1-(Pout))*R/2;
                                      arrayx1(count1)=rho;
                                       arrayy1(count1)=Throughput;
                                       count1=count1+1;
                                end
end
plot(arrayx1,arrayy1,'r');
xlabel(' Variation of rho');
ylabel( ' Variation of Throughput ');
title(' Variation of Throughput with respect to Rho in PSR Delay Limited Transmission ');
grid on;
```

```
The code is:
```

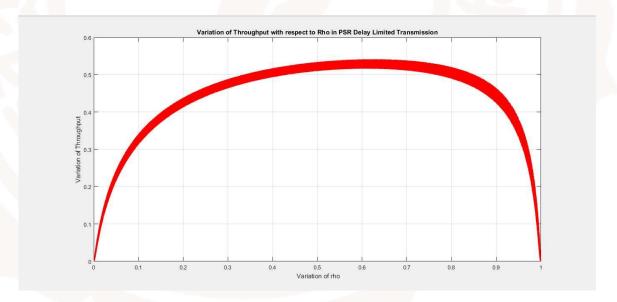
```
clear;
count1=1;
h=1;
g=1;
syms x a b c d u R Yo real;
for rho = 0.00001 : 0.00001 : 0.99999
 Yd = (power(abs(h), 4)*power(abs(g), 2)*rho*(1-
(1-1)/((power(abs(h),2)*power(abs(g),2)*(0.01+0.01*(1-1)))
(1.5)^* \text{rho} + (\text{power}(\text{abs}(h), 2)^* 0.02^* (1-\text{rho})) + (0.02^* (0.01+0.01^*) (1-\text{rho})) + 
rho))));
 Yo=Yd+rand;
R = log 2(1 + Yo);
a=0.02*Yo*(1-rho);
b = (0.01 + 0.01*(1-rho))*0.02*Yo;
c=rho^*(1-rho);
d = (0.01 + 0.01*(1-rho))*Yo*rho;
u = sqrt(4*a/c);
value = exp(-d/c)*u*abs(besselk(1,u))
Pout = 1- value;
if (Pout;=1) and (Pout;=0)
 Throughput=(1-(Pout))*R/2;
arrayx1(count1)=rho;
 arrayy1(count1)=Throughput;
 count1 = count1 + 1;
 end
 end
 plot(arrayx1,arrayy1,'r');
xlabel('Variation of rho');
ylabel('Variation of Throughput');
title(' Variation of Throughput with respect to Rho in PSR Delay
Limited Transmission ');
grid on;
```

## 4 Graphs

Graph for less input values of Rho :



Graph for more input values of Rho:



## 5 Conclusion

Taking the modulus of the modified bessel function of the second kind generates the appropriate graph