

		<b>West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources</b>			
		<b>MANUAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROCEDURES</b>			
Section	Drinking Water	Date	April 22, 2009	Procedure #	DW-13
Subject	Inspection of Non-Community Public Water Supplies			Page	1 of 1

Non-community public water supplies include any water supplies which provide water for human consumption to 25 or more persons who are not year-round residents for at least 60 days per year. Examples include restaurants, motels, campgrounds, service stations, industries, and parks.

As a minimum, all non-community public water supply systems must be operated by a Class 1D certified operator and are required to provide chlorination with a 30 minute flow-through contact time.

Inspection and enforcement action on public water supplies, including non-community supplies, are the responsibility of the Environmental Engineering Division which administers the Safe Drinking Water Act and the West Virginia [Public Water System Regulations, 64 CSR 03](#).

Local health department sanitarians are to:

- Inspect non-community public water supplies routinely in conjunction with the main purpose of the visit, i.e., restaurant inspection, motel inspection, etc.; and when requested by this office. Samples should be taken only if the inspection indicates potential problems with the water supply.
- Report any problems encountered to the Environmental Engineering Division.
- Contact Environmental Engineering Division District Office staff prior to the issuance of a permit to determine if the non-community or community public water supply system serving the facility is in full compliance with the regulations.

References                      [64 CSR 03, Public Water System Regulations](#)

History                              Replaces DW-13 dated December 6, 1995

Attachments