

## Supplementary Information

### Substantial blue carbon sequestration in the world's largest seagrass meadow

Chuancheng Fu<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup>, Sofia Frappi<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Michelle Nicole Havlik<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Wells Howe<sup>4</sup>, S. David Harris<sup>4</sup>,  
Elisa Laiolo<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Austin J. Gallagher<sup>4</sup>, Pere Masqué<sup>5,6</sup>, Carlos M. Duarte<sup>1,2,3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Marine Science Program, Biological and Environmental Science and Engineering Division, King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST), Thuwal 23955-6900, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

<sup>2</sup> Red Sea Research Center (RSRC), King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST), Thuwal 23955-6900, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

<sup>3</sup> Computational Bioscience Research Center (CBRC), King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST), Thuwal 23955-6900, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

<sup>4</sup> Beneath The Waves, Herndon, VA 20172, USA.

<sup>5</sup> International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). Marine Environmental Laboratories, Quai Antoine 1er 98000, Monaco.

<sup>6</sup> School of Natural Sciences, Centre for Marine Ecosystems Research, Edith Cowan University, Joondalup, WA 6027, Australia

\*Corresponding author. Chuancheng Fu, [chuancheng.fu@kaust.edu.sa](mailto:chuancheng.fu@kaust.edu.sa).

**Supplementary Table 1.** Location, main features and number of sediment cores of the sampled seagrass meadows in The Bahamas.

Site name	Latitude	Longitude	Seagrass species	Seagrass density	N C <sub>org</sub> cores	N <sup>210</sup> Pb cores
S1	-75.70761	23.49614	<i>Thalassia testudinum</i>	Moderate	2	1
S2	-75.80477	23.53387	<i>T. testudinum</i> + <i>Syringodium filiforme</i>	Moderate	2	1
S3	-75.86002	23.58456	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Moderate	2	1
S4	-75.75391	23.51049	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Dense	2	
S5	-76.07485	23.74173	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Dense	2	1
S6	-76.04701	23.73557	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Moderate	2	1
S7	-76.10755	23.76910	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Moderate	1	1
S8	-76.12758	23.78310	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Dense	1	1
S9	-76.02600	23.72511	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Moderate	1	1
S10	-76.03386	23.72584	<i>T. testudinum</i>	Sparse	1	1

**Supplementary Table 2.** Summary of previously reported sediment C<sub>org</sub> stocks and accumulation rates in carbonate seagrass meadows (Mean±SE).

Location	Seagrass species	C <sub>org</sub> stock Mg C ha <sup>-1</sup>	CAR g C m <sup>-2</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup>	Reference
The Bahamas	<i>Thalassia testudinum</i> , <i>Syringodium filiforme</i>	63.3	22.5	This study
Florida Bay, USA	<i>T. testudinum</i> , <i>Halodule wrightii</i>	175.0±10.2	140*	<a href="#">Howard et al., 2018</a>
Mexico Bay	<i>S. filiforme</i> , <i>H. wrightii</i> , <i>T. testudinum</i>	130±17	30.7±2.8	<a href="#">Ruiz-Fernandez et al., 2020</a>
Southeastern Brazil	<i>H. wrightii</i> , <i>Halophila decipiens</i> , <i>Halodule emarginata</i>	67.6±14.7		<a href="#">Howard et al., 2018</a>
Abu Dhabi, UAE	<i>Halodula uninervis</i> , <i>Halophila ovalis</i> , <i>Halophila stipulacea</i>	49.1±7.0		<a href="#">Campbell et al., 2015</a>
Arabian Gulf	<i>H. uninervis</i> , <i>H. ovalis</i> , <i>H. stipulacea</i>	76.2±5.9	9.0±12.0	<a href="#">Cusack et al., 2018</a>
Red Sea, Saudi Arabia	<i>H. uninervis</i> , <i>H. ovalis</i> , <i>H. stipulacea</i> , <i>T. testudinum</i> , <i>Enhalus acoroides</i> , <i>Thalassodendrum ciliatum</i>	34±3	6.8±1.7	<a href="#">Serrano et al., 2016</a>
South China Sea, China	<i>H. ovalis</i> , <i>Zostera japonica</i> , <i>Halophila beccarii</i>	109.5±23.8	45	<a href="#">Fu et al., 2021</a>
Shark Bay, Australia	<i>Posidonia oceanica</i> , <i>Amphibolis antarctica</i>	128±7	46±13	<a href="#">Arias-Ortiz et al., 2018</a>
Great Barrier Reef, Australia	<i>H. Ovalis</i> , <i>H. Decipiens</i> , <i>H. Spinulosa</i> , <i>H. uninervis</i> , <i>T. hemprichii</i>	11±5		<a href="#">York et al., 2018</a>
Madagascar	<i>E. acoroides</i> , <i>Cymodocea rotundata/serrulata</i> , <i>T. hemprichii</i> , <i>T. ciliatum</i>	86±11	no recent net accumulation	<a href="#">Asplund et al., 2021</a>
Global		77	138±38	<a href="#">Kennedy et al., 2022</a> ; <a href="#">Duarte et al., 2013</a>

C<sub>org</sub>, organic carbon; CAR, organic carbon accumulation rate.

\*Calculated based on sediment C<sub>org</sub> density from [Howard et al., \(2018\)](#) and sediment accretion rate from [Cheng et al., \(2012\)](#).

**Supplementary Table 3.** Seagrass density, coverage, and a photographic example of the sampling site in The Bahamas.




Seagrass density	Seagrass coverage	Sampling site	Photo example
Dense	> 70%	S4, S5, S8	
Moderate	30-70 %	S1, S2, S3, S6, S7, S9	
Sparse	<30%	S10	

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**Supplementary Table 4.**  $\delta^{13}\text{C}$  and C/N molar ratio of the Bahamian seagrasses, cyanobacteria, macroalgae, epiphytes, phytoplankton and mangroves.

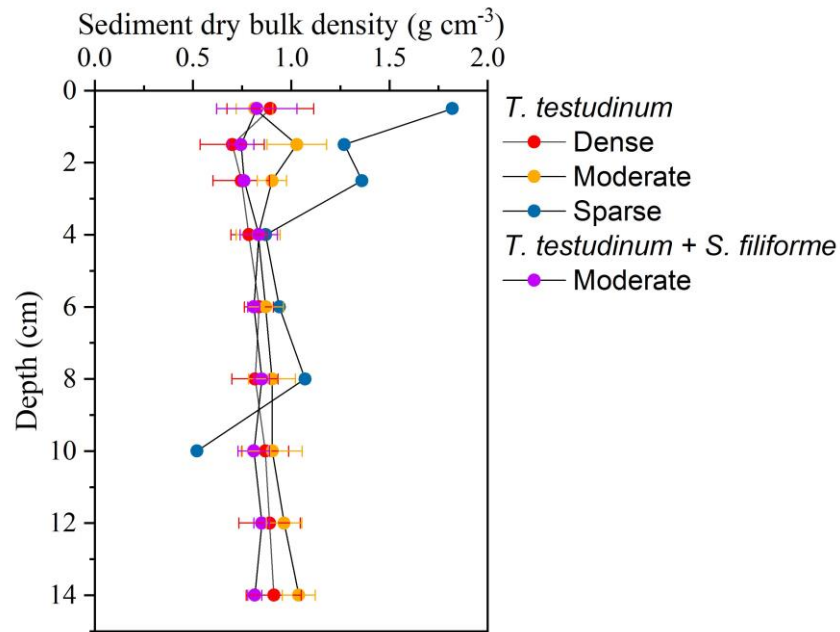
Endmember	Species/sample type	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ (‰)	C/N molar ratio	Reference
Seagrass fragment	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-8.11	45.36	This study
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-7.81	50.02	
	<i>S. filiforme</i>	-6.74	48.68	
	<i>S. filiforme</i>	-6.65	48.46	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-6.80	39.81	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-6.49	43.83	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.41	43.41	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.45	35.49	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.40	38.64	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.40	40.08	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-6.19	40.28	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.59	52.49	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-6.78	41.45	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.19	58.99	
	<i>T. testudinum</i>	-5.46	34.20	
	<b>Median</b>	<b>-6.19</b>	<b>43.41</b>	
	<b>SD</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>6.69</b>	
Cyanobacteria	Cyanobacterial mat	-18.7		Stoner and Waite, 1991
	Cyanobacterial mat		12.23	
	Cyanobacterial extracellular polymeric secretions		6.3	Yannarell et al., 2007
			3.6	
			8.1	
			2.4	
			7.1	
	<b>Median</b>	<b>-18.7</b>	<b>6.70</b>	Decho et al., 2005
	<b>SD</b>	<b>0.5*</b>	<b>5.93</b>	
Macroalgae	<i>Penicillus</i>	-10.2		Kieckbusch et al., 2004
	<i>Halimeda</i>	-6.8		
	<i>Batophora oerstedii</i>	-13.3		
		-13.9		
	<i>Laurenica spp.</i>	-11.1		
		-11.2		
	<i>Cladophoropsis membrabacea</i>	-11.4		
	<i>Gracilaria compressa</i>	-14.8		
	<i>Batophora oerstedii</i>	-13.3		

		-13.9	
	<i>Sargassum pteropleuron</i>	-16.6	
	<i>Red algae</i>	-	<a href="#">Gillis et al., 2018</a>
		21.08±11.24	
		-11.13±5.88	
	<i>Green algae</i>	-10.97±5.19	
		-8.63±4.53	
	<i>Macroalgae</i>	-14.2	<a href="#">O'Farrell et al., 2014</a>
	Algae turf	-11.8	
	<i>Lobophora sp.</i>	-14.1	<a href="#">Shipley et al., 2018</a>
	<i>Sargassum sp.</i>	-16.71	
	<i>Sargassum hystrix</i>	14.0	<a href="#">Lapointe et al., 1992</a>
	<i>Lobophora variegata</i>	49.9	
	<i>Codium isthmocladum</i>	14.4	
	<i>Bryopsis pennata</i>	7.7	
	<i>Microdictyon marinum</i>	24.4	
	<i>Hypnea musciformis</i>	19.6	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	21.8	
	<i>Digenea simplex</i>	17.7	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	17.4	
	<i>Cladophora catenata</i>	22.5	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	16.3	
	<i>Digenea simplex</i>	38.1	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	35.2	
	<i>Microdictyon marinum</i>	24.5	
	<i>Cladophora catenata</i>	28.8	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	30.3	
	<i>Digenea simplex</i>	47.4	
	<i>Microdictyon marinum</i>	44.4	
	<i>Cladophora catenata</i>	34.6	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	33.4	
	<i>Laurencia intricata</i>	21.1	
	<i>Laurencia intricate</i>	19.6	
Epiphyte	<i>T. testudinum epiphytes</i>	-10.5	<a href="#">Kieckbusch et al., 2004</a>
	<i>T. testudinum epiphytes</i>	-15.7	<a href="#">Stoner and Waite, 1991</a>
		-15.6	
phytoplankton		-16.4±3.3	<a href="#">O'Farrell et al., 2014</a>

benthic algae		-14.4±2.1		<a href="#">O'Farrell et al., 2014</a>
	<b>Median</b>	<b>-13.60</b>	<b>24.40</b>	
	<b>SD</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>11.60</b>	
Mangrove	<i>Avicennia germinans</i>	-26.04		<a href="#">Shipley et al., 2018</a>
	<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	-26.32		
	<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	-26.45		
	<i>Rhizophora mangle (detritus)</i>	-27.90		<a href="#">Kieckbusch et al., 2004</a>
	<i>Rhizophora mangle (senescent)</i>	-27.70		
	<i>Rhizophora mangle (blades)</i>	-28.20		
*	<i>Rhizophora mangle (Leaf)</i>	-29.8	52.40	<a href="#">Vane et al., 2013</a>
*	<i>Rhizophora mangle (Stem)</i>	-28.5	82.30	
*	<i>Avicennia germinans (Leaf)</i>	-28.5	23.10	
*	<i>Avicennia germinans (Pneumatophores)</i>	-26.6	53.60	
*	<i>Avicennia germinans (Stem)</i>	-26.7	114.50	
*	<i>Laguncularia racemosa (Leaf)</i>	-27.9	30.00	
*	<i>Laguncularia racemosa (Pneumatophores)</i>	-24.2	90.70	
*	<i>Laguncularia racemosa (Stem)</i>	-25.6	77.60	
	<b>Median</b>	<b>-27.20</b>	<b>65.60</b>	
	<b>SD</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>31.25</b>	

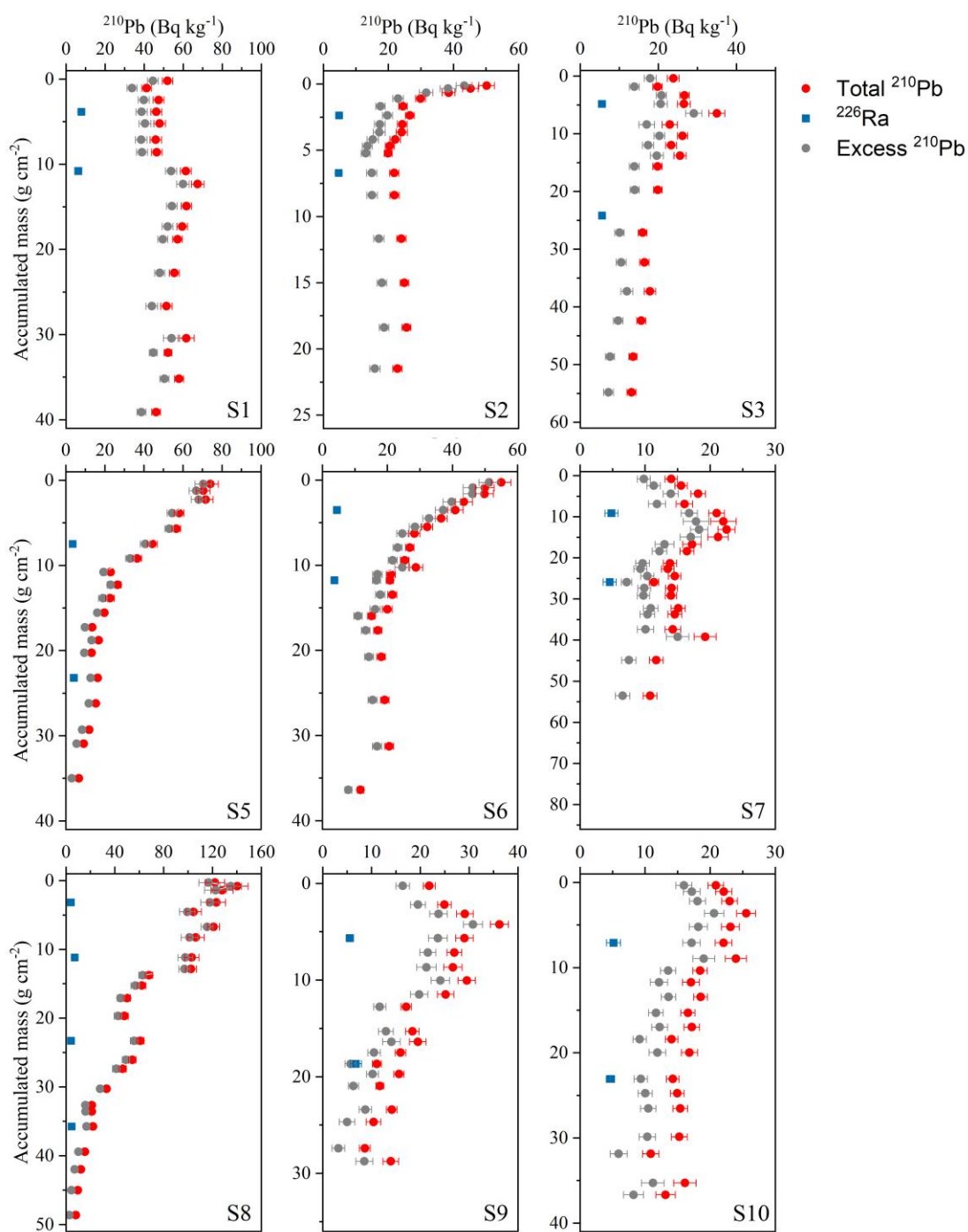
\*Note: We assumed standard deviation (SD) = 0.5 to reflect similar variability of the isotopic signatures for the replicated sources of C<sub>org</sub> ([Röhr et al., 2018](#)).

Since the C/N ratio of the Bahamian mangroves was not available in published literature, we used the C/N from Puerto Rico mangroves as a proxy, with also their  $\delta^{13}\text{C}$  values included.



**Supplementary Figure 1.** Sediment dry bulk density depth profiles of the Bahamian seagrass meadows. Data are mean values  $\pm$  standard error (SE).





**Supplementary Figure 2.** Concentration profiles of total and excess  $^{210}\text{Pb}$  and  $^{226}\text{Ra}$  in the Bahamian seagrass sediment cores.

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