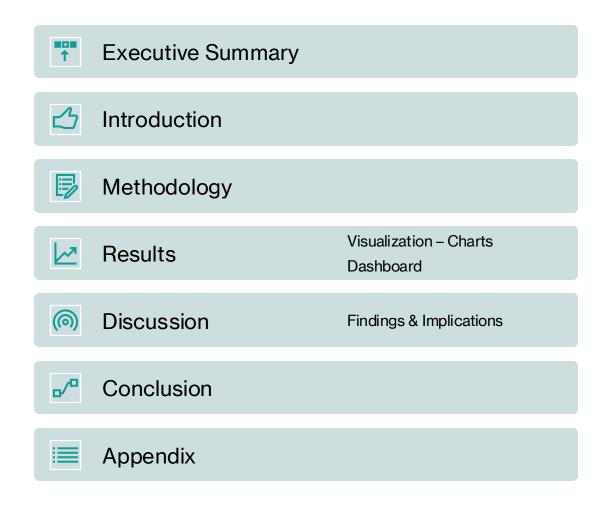


Table of Contents







Executive Summary

- Examining the rocket company SpaceX and its first-stage rockets, and determining the price of each launch using machine learning algorithms.
- Outlines the findings and implications of:
 - Rocket Testing
 - Rocket Launch



Data Collection & Wrangling Methodology



Data Collection:

Scraped SpaceX Launch Data using APIs.

Combined with publicly available CSV datasets.



Data Wrangling:

Dropped redundant columns.

Handled missing values.

Created new features (Booster Version Category).

Normalized payload range.



EDA & Interactive Visual Analytics Methodology

• EDA:

- Used SQL queries for basic exploratory analysis.
- Aggregated launch outcomes by site and booster.

Visual Analytics:

- Dashboards created using Plotly Dash.
- Interactive dropdowns, sliders, and maps.



EDA with Visualization Results

- Success Launches Pie Chart:
 - Visualizes success rates across all launch sites.
 - Drill-down view for specific sites.
- Payload vs. Launch Outcome Scatter Plot:
 - Payload correlation with success.
 - Booster version category color-coded.



EDA with SQL Results

SQL Queries Executed:

- Total launches per site.
- Success vs. failure counts.
- Average payload mass per booster category.

Insights:

- KSC LC-39A has the highest success rate.
- Heavy boosters correlate with heavier payloads.



Interactive Map with Folium Results

- Mapped launch sites with Folium.
- Color-coded markers for successful vs. failed launches.
- Distance measurements from launch sites to nearby coastlines.



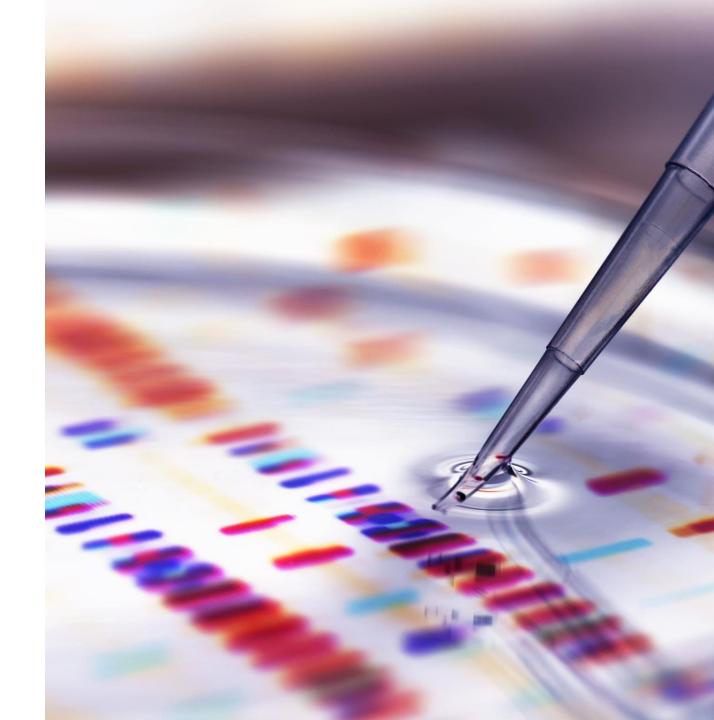
Predictive Analysis Methodolgy

Logistic Regression Model.

Input Features: Payload Mass, Booster Version Category, Launch Site.

Target: Launch success (binary classification).

Standardized features using Scikitlearn.



Predictive Analysis Results

Accuracy:

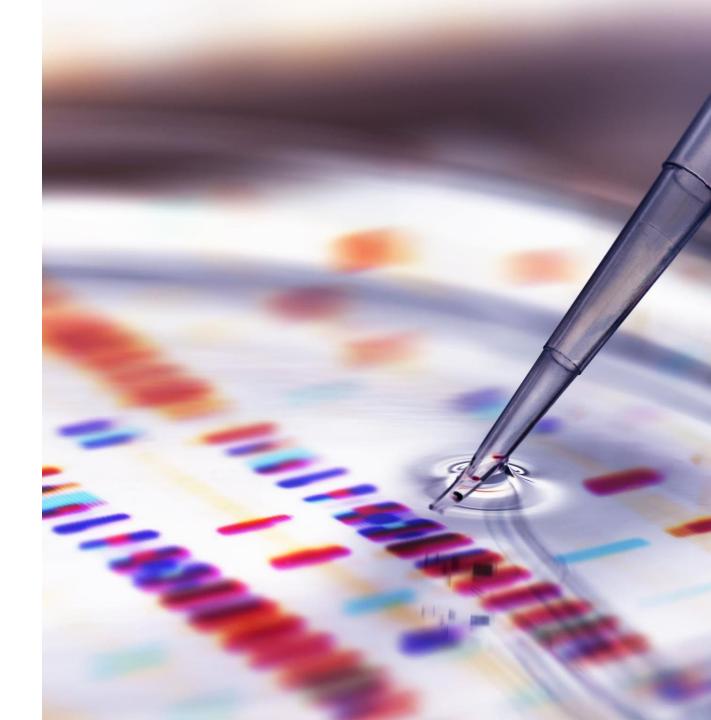
Train accuracy: ~85%

Test accuracy: ~82%

Confusion Matrix:

High true positive rate.

Few false negatives (missed successes).





Plotly Dashboard: SpaceX_Dashboard Results

- KSC LC 39A had both the largest number of successful launches (76.9% of successful launches) and the highest launch success rate in total (41.7%).
- The payload range that had the highest successful launch rate was 1,1225 to 6,225 range
- The payload range that had the lowest successful launch rate was the 7,500 to 10,000 range
- The F9 booster version that had the highest launch success rate was the FT with 14 successful ranges across the entire payload range.

SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard

All Sites \times $\overline{}$ Total Success Launches by Site KSC LC-39A CCAFS LC-40 VAFB SLC-4E CCAFS SLC-40 29.2% 41.7% 16.7% 12.5% Payload range (Kg):

5000

10000

7500

2500



Conclusion

- Launch site and booster type are significant predictors of success.
- Payload mass shows a mild correlation with success.
- An interactive dashboard provides easy access to insights.
- Future Work: Include weather data, expand booster version details.