

MCQ

1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):    return b if a == 0 else  
func(b % a, a) print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

ANSWER = 'C' 15

2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted_numbers =
sorted(numbers) even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even_numbers =
filter(even, sorted_numbers) print(type(even_numbers))

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

ANSWER= 'C' List

3) As what datatype are the *args stored, when passed into a)

Tuple

- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

ANSWER= 'B' List

4) set1 = {14, 3, 55} set2 = {82, 49,
62} set3={99,22,17} print(len(set1 +
set2 + set3))

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error

ANSWER= 'D' Error

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions? a) raise

- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

ANSWER= 'A' Raise

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timelate
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

ANSWER = 'C' datetime

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

ANSWER= 'C' 208

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python? a)

- strptime
- b) strftime
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

ANSWER IS= 'C' both 'a' and 'b'

9) The python tuple is _____ in nature. a)

mutable

b)immutable

c)unchangeable

d) none

ANSWER IS= 'B' immutable

10)

The ____ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

A. range()

B. set()

C. dictionary{}

D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER IS= 'A' range()

11 Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

A. Del function

B. Show function

C. Lambda function

D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER IS= 'C' Lambda function

Question 12

The module Pickle is used to ____.

A. Serializing Python object structure

B. De-serializing Python object structure

C. Both A and B

D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER IS= 'C' Both A and B

Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER IS= 'B' dump() method

14

Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

ANSWER= 'A' load()

15.

A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

ANSWER IS= 'D' All of the mentioned above

16

Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
```

```
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
}
```

```
Enterprise Picard,
```

```
Voyager Janeway
```

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

print(ship, captain)

b) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains[ship])

c) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains)

d) both a and b

ANSWER= 'D' both 'a' and 'b'

Enterprise Picard

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

17)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named `captains`?

a) `captains = {dict}`

b) `type(captains)`

c) `captains.dict()`

d) `captains = {}`

ANSWER= 'D' captains = {}

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named `captains`. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing `captains` dictionary?

a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"} captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`

b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

c) `captains = {
 "Enterprise": "Picard",
 "Voyager": "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
}`

d) None of the above

ANSWER = 'B' `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] =
"Janeway" captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have: `captains = {`

`"Enterprise": "Picard",`

`"Voyager": "Janeway",`

`"Defiant": "Sisko",`

`"Discovery": "unknown",`

`}` Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

a) `for item in captains.items():
 print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")`

b) `for ship, captain in captains.items():`

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

c) for captain, ship in captains.items():

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

d) All are correct

ANSWER= 'B' for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

20)

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captains
- b) captains.remove()
- c) del captains["Discovery"]
- d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

ANSWER= 'C' del captains["Discovery"]

Captains = {"Enterprise": "Picard",

"Voyager": "Janeway",

**"Defiant": "Sisko"}
}**