1 Moderncode

```
Title

1 int main(int ac, char *av[])
2 {
3    printf("Hello, World");
4    return 0;
5 }
```

```
int main(int ac, char *av[])
{
   printf("Hello, World");
   return 0;
}
```

```
This is a very long code
int main(int ac, char *av[])
2 {
       printf("Hello, World");
3
       printf("Hello, World");
4
       printf("Hello, World");
5
       printf("Hello, World");
6
       printf("Hello, World");
7
       printf("Hello, World");
8
       printf("Hello, World");
9
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
11
       printf("Hello, World");
12
       printf("Hello, World");
13
       printf("Hello, World");
14
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
16
```

```
printf("Hello, World");
printf("Hello, World");
return 0;
}
```

1.1 Output

```
Enter a positive integer: 100 Fibonacci Series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, \hookrightarrow 55, 89
```

1.2 Inline

1.2.1 Inline Code

This is an inline modern code display: \LaTeX.

1.3 Inline Key

It also supports a key-like-style inline element: Ctrl + C

2 Lstlisting

Listing 1: Example in C++

```
1 #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int n, t1 = 0, t2 = 1, nextTerm = 0;
5
6
7
       cout << "Enter the number of terms: ";</pre>
8
       cin >> n;
9
       cout << "Fibonacci Series: ";</pre>
11
12
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
            // Prints the first two terms.
13
14
            if(i == 1) {
                cout << t1 << ", ";
16
                continue;
            }
17
            if(i == 2) {
```

```
cout << t2 << ", ";
continue;

nextTerm = t1 + t2;

t1 = t2;

t2 = nextTerm;

cout << nextTerm << ", ";

return 0;

return 0;</pre>
```

2.1 Output

Output

2.2 Inline

2.2.1 Inline Code

\LaTeX