# 1 Moderncode

```
Title

1 int main(int ac, char *av[])
2 {
3     printf("Hello, World");
4     return 0;
5 }
```

```
int main(int ac, char *av[])
{
    printf("Hello, World");
    return 0;
}
```

```
This is a very long code
1 int main(int ac, char *av[])
2 {
       printf("Hello, World");
3
4
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
6
       printf("Hello, World");
7
       printf("Hello, World");
8
       printf("Hello, World");
9
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
11
       printf("Hello, World");
12
       printf("Hello, World");
13
       printf("Hello, World");
14
       printf("Hello, World");
       printf("Hello, World");
```

```
printf("Hello, World");
printf("Hello, World");
return 0;
}
```

# 1.1 Output

```
Enter a positive integer: 100 Fibonacci Series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, \hookrightarrow 55, 89
```

### 1.2 Inline

### 1.2.1 Inline Code

This is an inline modern code display: \LaTeX. It is also possible to define a language: SELECT pg\_relation\_size('title\_basics');

## 1.3 Inline Key

It also supports a key-like-style inline element: Ctrl + C

# 2 Lstlisting

Listing 1: Example in C++

```
1 #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
   int main() {
5
       int n, t1 = 0, t2 = 1, nextTerm = 0;
6
       cout << "Enter the number of terms: ";</pre>
8
       cin >> n;
9
       cout << "Fibonacci Series: ";</pre>
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
12
            // prints the first two terms.
            if(i == 1) {
14
                cout << t1 << ", ";
16
                continue;
            }
17
            if(i == 2) {
```

```
cout << t2 << ", ";
continue;

nextTerm = t1 + t2;

t1 = t2;

t2 = nextTerm;

cout << nextTerm << ", ";

return 0;

return 0;

cout << ", ";

cout << nextTerm << ", ";

return 0;

cout << ", ";

cout << nextTerm << nextTerm << ", ";

cout << nextTerm << ", ";

cout << nextTerm </ >
cout << nextTerm << ", ";

cout << nextTerm </ >
cout << nextTerm << ", ";

cout << nextTerm </ >
cout << nextT
```

# 2.1 Output

# Output

# 2.2 Inline

### 2.2.1 Inline Code

\LaTeX