```
--Create Database
Create database Payroll_db;
Departments Table
--Creating Departments Table
create table Departments (DepartmentID int primary key identity, DepartmentName
nvarchar(100) not null);
Employees Table
--Creating Employees Table
create table Employees(EmployeeID int primary key identity, Name nvarchar(50) not
null, DepartmentID int foreign key references Departments (DepartmentID), HireDate date);
Salaries Table
--Creating Salaries Table
create table Salaries (EmployeeID int foreign key references
Employees (EmployeeID), BaseSalary decimal(10,2), Bonus decimal(10,2), Deductions
decimal(10,2));
Salary History Table
--Creating SalaryHistory Table
CREATE TABLE SalaryHistory (
    HistoryID int primary key identity,
    EmployeeID int,
    BaseSalary decimal(18, 2),
    Bonus decimal(18, 2),
    Deductions decimal(18, 2),
    UpdateDate datetime default GETDATE(),
    Employee_ID int foreign key references Employees(EmployeeID)
);
SQL Queries
List all employees along with their department names.
   select emp.EmployeeID, emp.Name, dep.DepartmentName from Employees emp INNER JOIN
Departments dep ON emp.DepartmentID=dep.DepartmentID;
OUTPUT
EmployeeID
                Name
                                DeaprtmentName
                Smrithi V T
1
                                HR
2
                Latha V J
                                Staff Project
3
                Vavachi
                                Employee Leave
Calculate the net salary for each employee using: Net Salary = BaseSalary + Bonus -
Deductions.
    select emp.EmployeeID, emp.Name,
       (sal.BaseSalary + sal.Bonus - sal.Deductions) AS NetSalary
    from Employees emp
    INNER JOIN Salaries sal ON emp.EmployeeID = sal.EmployeeID;
OUTPUT
EmployeeID Name
                                NetSalary
            Smrithi V T
                                50600.00
1
            Latha V J
                                20100.00
2
3
                                35100.00
            Vavachi
Identify the department with the highest average salary.
   select top 1 dep.DepartmentName, AVG(sal.BaseSalary + sal.Bonus - sal.Deductions) as
```

Data Schema

AvgSalary

```
from Departments dep
   INNER JOIN Employees emp ON dep.DepartmentID = emp.DepartmentID
   INNER JOIN Salaries sal ON emp.EmployeeID = sal.EmployeeID
   group by dep.DepartmentName
   order by AvgSalary desc;
OUTPUT
DepartmentName AvgSalary
                50600.000000
Stored Procedures:
Add Employee: A procedure to insert a new employee into the Employees table, ensuring
valid DepartmentID and other constraints.
CREATE PROCEDURE AddEmployee
    @EmployeeID INT,
    @Name VARCHAR(100),
    @DepartmentID INT,
    @HireDate DATE,
    @BaseSalary DECIMAL(10, 2),
    @Bonus DECIMAL(10, 2),
    @Deductions DECIMAL(10, 2)
BEGIN
    -- Ensure Department exists
    IF NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM Departments WHERE DepartmentID) = @DepartmentID)
        PRINT 'Invalid DepartmentID';
        RETURN;
    END
    -- Insert Employee record
    INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, Name, DepartmentID, HireDate)
    VALUES (@EmployeeID, @Name, @DepartmentID, @HireDate);
    -- Insert Salary record
    INSERT INTO Salaries (EmployeeID, BaseSalary, Bonus, Deductions)
    VALUES (@EmployeeID, @BaseSalary, @Bonus, @Deductions);
    PRINT 'Employee added successfully.';
END;
Update Salary: A procedure to update the salary details of an employee, automatically
logging the changes into a SalaryHistory table.
CREATE PROCEDURE UpdateSalary
    @EmpID INT,
    @New_BaseSalary DECIMAL(18, 2),
    @New_BonusDECIMAL(18, 2),
    @New_Deductions DECIMAL(18, 2)
BEGIN
    -- Logging the old salary to the SalaryHistory table
    INSERT INTO SalaryHistory (EmployeeID, BaseSalary, Bonus, Deductions)
    SELECT EmployeeID, BaseSalary, Bonus, Deductions
    FROM Salaries
    WHERE EmployeeID = @EmpID;
    -- Update the salary details
    UPDATE Salaries
    SET BaseSalary = @New_BaseSalary, Bonus = @New_Bonus, Deductions = @New_Deductions
    WHERE EmployeeID = @EmpID;
END:
Calculate Payroll: A procedure to compute and return the total payroll cost for a
department or the entire organization.
```

AS

AS

CREATE PROCEDURE CalculatePayroll

```
@DeptID INT = NULL
AS
BEGIN
    IF @DeptID IS NULL
    BEGIN
         -- Total payroll for the entire organization
        SELECT SUM(S.BaseSalary + S.Bonus - S.Deductions) AS TotalPayroll
        FROM Salaries S;
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        -- Total payroll for a specific department
        SELECT SUM(S.BaseSalary + S.Bonus - S.Deductions) AS TotalPayroll
        FROM Salaries S
        JOIN Employees E ON S.EmployeeID = E.EmployeeID
        WHERE E.DepartmentID = @DeptID;
    END
END;
Views:
EmployeeSalaryView: A view that combines Employees, Departments, and Salaries to provide a
detailed report of employee salaries with department names and net salaries.
CREATE VIEW EmployeeSalaryView AS
SELECT E.EmployeeID, E.Name, D.DepartmentName,
       S.BaseSalary, S.Bonus, S.Deductions,
       (S.BaseSalary + S.Bonus - S.Deductions) AS NetSalary
FROM Employees E
JOIN Departments D ON E.DepartmentID = D.DepartmentID
JOIN Salaries S ON E.EmployeeID = S.EmployeeID;
HighEarnerView: A view that lists employees earning above a certain threshold (e.g., a
parameter or predefined limit).
CREATE VIEW HighEarnerView AS
SELECT E.EmployeeID, E.Name, D.DepartmentName,
       S.BaseSalary, S.Bonus, S.Deductions,
       (S.BaseSalary + S.Bonus - S.Deductions) AS NetSalary
FROM Employees E
JOIN Departments D ON E.DepartmentID = D.DepartmentID
JOIN Salaries S ON E.EmployeeID = S.EmployeeID
WHERE (S.BaseSalary + S.Bonus - S.Deductions) > 100000;
Add a SalaryHistory table to log salary updates with triggers.
CREATE TRIGGER LogSalaryChange
ON Salaries
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO SalaryHistory (EmployeeID, BaseSalary, Bonus, Deductions)
    SELECT EmployeeID, BaseSalary, Bonus, Deductions
    FROM inserted;
END;
Optimize the queries and stored procedures using proper indexing and query execution plans.
-- Index on DepartmentID in Employees table
CREATE INDEX idx_DepartmentID ON Employees (DepartmentID);
-- Index on EmployeeID in Salaries table
CREATE INDEX idx_EmployeeID ON Salaries (EmployeeID);
-- Index on EmployeeID in SalaryHistory table
CREATE INDEX idx_SalaryHistory_EmployeeID ON SalaryHistory (EmployeeID);
```