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# SQL PROJECT ON PIZZA SALES

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PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING SQL

My name is Smriti Gupta , and in this project , I used SQL queries to analyze pizza sales data and answer various related questions. By applying techniques such as filtering, joining, and aggregation, I was able to gain insights into factors influencing sales, customer preferences, and order trends.

### DATA SCHEMA OVERVIEW

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PIZZAS TABLE

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PIZZA\_TYPE TABLE

Column Name	Data type
pizza_id	NVARCHAR(50)
pizza_type_id	NVARCHAR(50)
size	NVARCHAR(50)
price	FLOAT

Column Name	Data type
pizza_type_id	NVARCHAR(50)
name	NVARCHAR(50)
category	NVARCHAR(50)
ingredients	NVARCHAR(100)

O3 ORDERS TABLE

Column Name	Data type
order_id	INT
order_date	DATE
order_time	TIME(7)

04 ORDER\_DETAILS TABLE

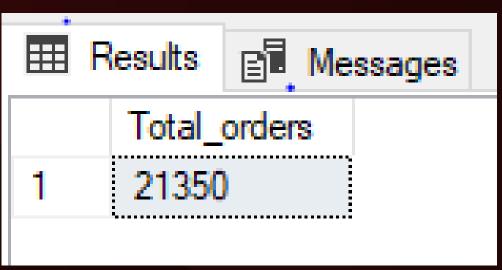
Column Name	Data type
order_details_id	INT
order_id	INT
pizza_id	TEXT
quantity	INT



## RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED

select count(order\_id) as Total\_orders from orders;

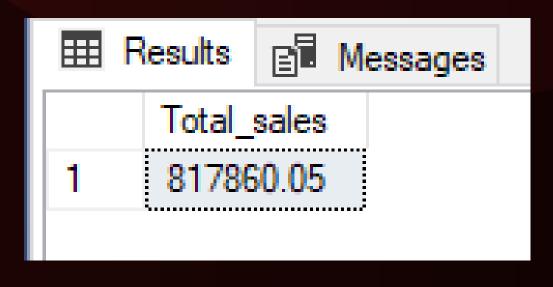




# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as Total_sales
from order_details join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_id = CAST(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar)
```





### IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDER

```
select pizzas.size, COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count
from pizzas join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id = cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar)
group by pizzas.size order by order_count desc;
```

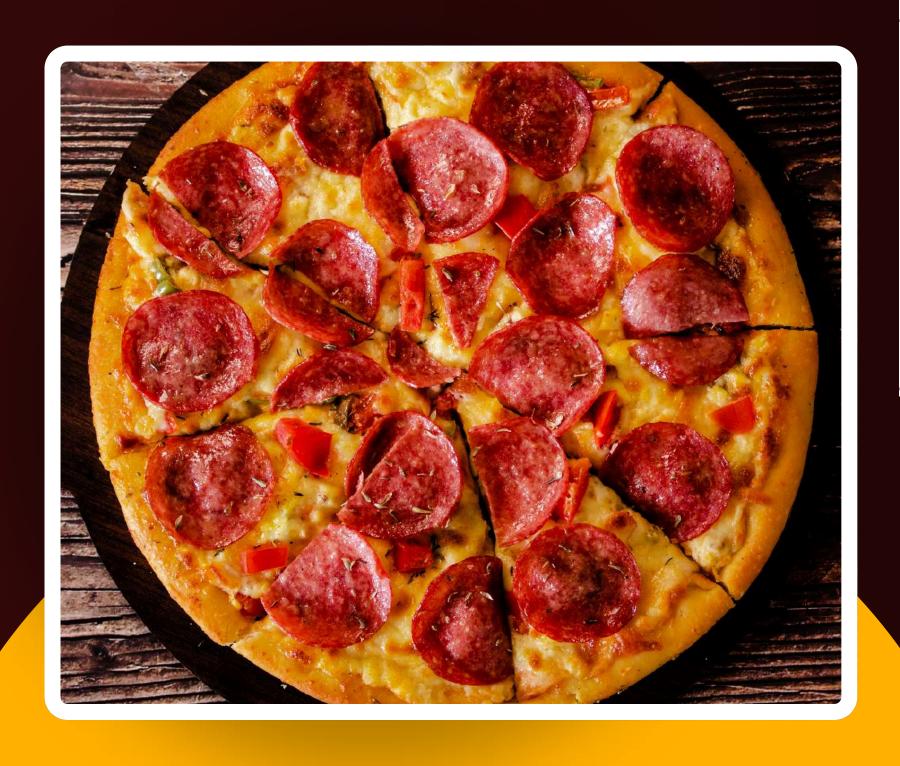
⊞ F	lesults	■ Messages
	size	order_count
1	L	18526
2	М	15385
3	S	14137
4	XL	544
5	XXL	28



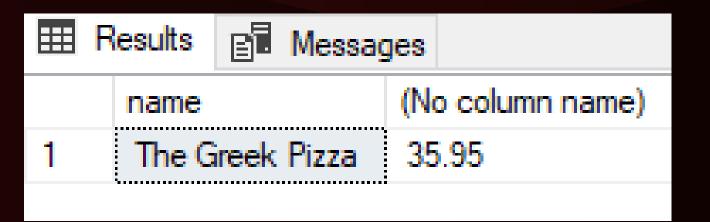


### IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

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```
select top 1 pizza_types.name,
round(pizzas.price,2)
from pizza_types
join pizzas on
pizza_types.pizza_type_id =
pizzas.pizza_type_id
order by pizzas.price DESC;
```



# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR OUANTITIES.

```
select top 5 pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id =pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by quantity desc;
```





	name	quantity	
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
4	The Pepperoni Pizza 2418		
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

ORDERED.

```
select pizza_types.category,
sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id =pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) =pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by quantity desc;
```



⊞ F	Results		Messages	
	catego	ory	quantity	
1	Classic	С	14888	
2	Supreme		11987	
3	Veggie		11649	
4	Chicken		11050	

# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

select DATEPART(hour,order\_time)as hour ,count (order\_id) as order\_count from orders group by datepart(hour,order\_time);

⊞ F	Results	Messages
	hour	order_count
1	23	28
2	15	1468
3	9	1
4	12	2520
5	21	1198
6	18	2399
7	10	8
8	19	2009
9	13	2455
10	22	663
11	16	1920

11	16	1920
12	17	2336
13	11	1231
14	20	1642
15	14	1472



# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

select category, count(name) from pizza\_types group by category;





⊞ R	esults	Messages
	category	(No column name)
1	Chicken	6
2	Classic	8
3	Supreme	9
4	Veggie	9

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# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
select round(avg(quantity),0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
from
  (select orders.order_date,SUM(order_details.quantity) as quantity
  from orders join order_details
  on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
  group by orders.order_date) as order_quantity;
```





⊞ F	Results	<b>™</b> Messages
	avg_p	izza_ordered_per_day
1	138	

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
select top 3 pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity *pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id=pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc;
```

Results Messages			
	name	revenue	
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
2	2 The Barbecue Chicken Pizza 42768		
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	





# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
reselect pizza_types.category,
round(sum(order_details.quantity *pizzas.price) / (select
ROUND(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as total_sales
from order_details
join
pizzas on pizzas.pizza_id = cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar)) *100,2) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id=pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```



<b>=</b>	Results		Messages
	catego	ry	revenue
1	Classic	3	26.91
2	Supre	ne	25.46
3	Chicke	en	23.96
4	Veggie	9	23.68

# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date ,
sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order_date,
SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) =pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id =order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```



# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
select name,revenue from
(select category ,name,revenue,
rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity)*pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on cast(order_details.pizza_id as nvarchar) = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3;</pre>
```

