Sardar Patel Institute of Technology

SEM VII:ADVANCE DATA VISUALIZATION.

Name	Smruti Sonekar
UID no.	2021700064
Branch	BE CSE DS (BATCH B)
Experiment no.	8

Topic:	To design interactive dashboards and create visual storytelling using D3.js on a dataset related to Environment/Forest cover, covering basic and advanced charts.
Aim:	 To understand how to use D3.js for data visualization. To implement basic charts like Bar chart, Pie chart, Histogram, Timeline chart, Scatter plot, and Bubble plot. To implement advanced charts like Word chart, Box and whisker plot, Violin plot, Regression plot (linear and nonlinear), 3D chart, and Jitter. To draw observations and insights from each chart. To create an interactive storytelling dashboard using the above visualizations.
Theory:	Link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/selfvivek/environment-impact-of-food-production This dataset contains most 43 most common foods grown across the globe and 23 columns as their respective land, water usage and carbon footprints. Columns 1. Land use change - Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product 2. Animal Feed - Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product 3. Farm - Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product 4. Processing - Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product 5. Transport - Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product

- 6. Packaging Kg CO2 equivalents per kg product
- 7. Retail Kg CO2 equivalents per kg product

These represent greenhouse gas emissions per kg of food product(Kg CO2 - equivalents per kg product) across different stages in the lifecycle of food production.

Eutrophication – the pollution of water bodies and ecosystems with excess nutrients – is a major environmental problem. The runoff of nitrogen and other nutrients from agricultural production systems is a leading contributor.

Charts:

1. Stacked Bar Chart: Emissions Breakdown by Production Stage

Purpose: To analyze the contribution of different production stages to total emissions across food products. **Key Insights**:

- Visualizes six key stages: Animal Feed, Farm, Processing, Transport, Packaging, and Retail
- Enables comparison of emission sources across different food products

2. Pie Chart: Distribution of Production Categories

Purpose: To show the relative proportion of emissions from different production stages. **Key Insights**:

- Provides a clear visual breakdown of emissions by category (Farm, Processing, Transport, Packaging, Retail)
- Enables quick identification of the most significant contributors to overall emissions.

3. Line Chart: Animal-Based Food Emissions Trend

Purpose: To track emissions patterns across different animal-based food products. **Key Insights**:

- Focuses specifically on animal-based products including beef, lamb, pig meat, poultry, dairy, eggs, and fish
- Shows emission intensity variations across different animal products

• Enables identification of high and low-impact animal-based foods

4. Histogram: Distribution of Eutrophying Emissions

Purpose: To analyze the frequency distribution of eutrophying emissions per 1000kcal across food products. **Key Insights**:

- Shows the spread and concentration of eutrophying emission levels
- Identifies common emission ranges and outliers
- Reveals the overall pattern of eutrophication impact

5. Area Chart: Plant-Based Food Emissions

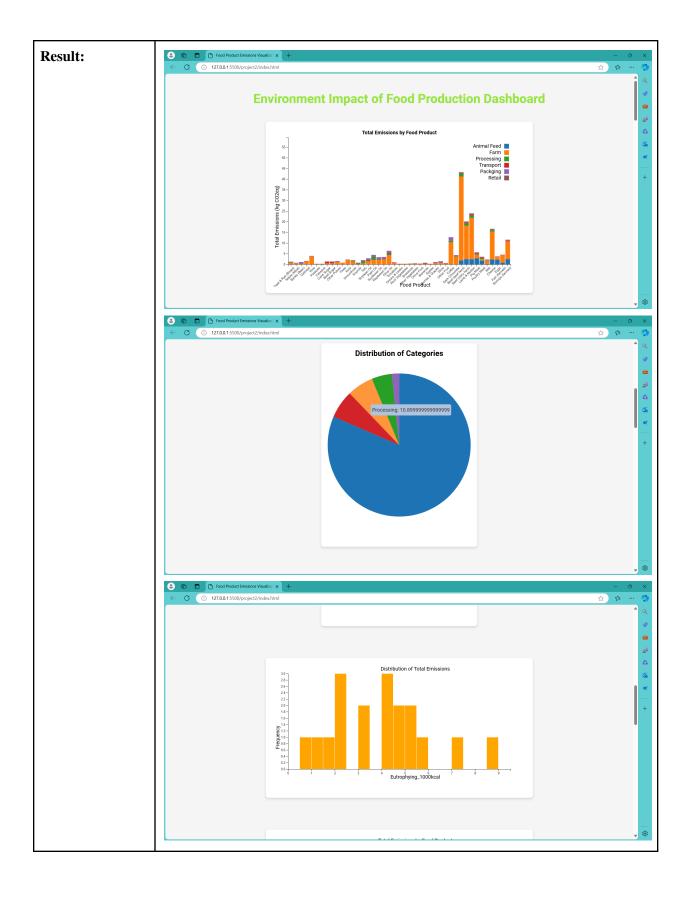
Purpose: To visualize emission patterns across plant-based food products. **Key Insights**:

- Focuses on plant-based foods including grains, vegetables, and pulses
- Shows the relative environmental impact of different plant-based foods
- Enables comparison of emission intensities within plant-based categories

6. Horizontal Bar Chart: Protein-Rich Foods Eutrophication

Purpose: To compare eutrophication impacts across protein-rich food sources. **Key Insights**:

- Compares both plant-based (pulses, nuts, tofu) and animal-based protein sources
- Shows eutrophication impact per 1000 kcal.





eutrophication impacts and overall emissions, especially from high-impact animal product such as beef and lamb.	
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