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NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » Programming, Data Structures And Algorithms

Using Python (course)

Announcements (announcements)

About the Course (https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs40/preview) Ask a Question (forum)

Progress (student/home) Mentor (student/mentor)

Course outline

How to access the portal

Week 1: Introduction

Week 1 Quiz

Week 2: Basics of Python

Week 2 Quiz

Week 2 Programming Assignment

Week 2
Programming
Assignment
(/noc19_cs40/progname=90)

Week 3: Lists, inductive function

Week 2 Programming Assignment

Due on 2019-08-22, 23:59 IST

Write three Python functions as specified below. Paste the text for all three functions together into the submission window. Your function will be called automatically with various inputs and should return values as specified. Do not write commands to read any input or print any output.

- You may define additional auxiliary functions as needed.
- In all cases you may assume that the value passed to the function is of the expected type, so your function does not have to check for malformed inputs.
- For each function, there are normally some public test cases and some (hidden) private test cases.
- "Compile and run" will evaluate your submission against the public test cases.
- "Submit" will evaluate your submission against the hidden private test cases. There are 10 private test cases, with equal weightage. You will get feedback about which private test cases pass or fail, though you cannot see the actual test cases.
- · Ignore warnings about "Presentation errors".
- 1. Write a function intreverse(n) that takes as input a positive integer n and returns the integer obtained by reversing the digits in n.

(/noc19_cs40/progassignment? Here are some examples of how your function should work.

>>> intreverse (783)
387
>>> intreverse (242789)
987242
>>> intreverse (3)

definitions, sorting

Week 3 Programming Assignment

Week 4: Sorting, Tuples, Dictionaries, Passing Functions, List Comprehension

Week 4 Quiz

Week 4
Programming
Assignment

Week 5: Exception handling, input/output, file handling, string processing

Week 5
Programming
Assignment

Week 6: Backtracking, scope, data structures; stacks, queues and heaps

Week 6 Quiz

Week 7: Classes, objects and user defined datatypes

Week 7 Quiz

Week 8: Dynamic programming, wrap-up

Week 8 Programming

```
3
```

2. Write a function matched(s) that takes as input a string s and checks if the brackets "(" and ")" in s are matched: that is, every "(" has a matching ")" after it and every ")" has a matching "(" before it. Your function should ignore all other symbols that appear in s. Your function should return True if s has matched brackets and False if it does not.

Here are some examples to show how your function should work.

```
>>> matched("zb%78")
True
>>> matched("(7) (a")
False
>>> matched("a)*(?")
False
>>> matched("(jkl)78(A)&l(8(dd(FJI:),):)?)")
True
```

3. Write a function sumprimes (1) that takes as input a list of integers 1 and returns the sum of all the prime numbers in 1.

Here are some examples to show how your function should work.

```
>>> sumprimes([3,3,1,13])
19
>>> sumprimes([2,4,6,9,11])
13
>>> sumprimes([-3,1,6])
0
```

Sample Test Cases

Input		Output
Test Case 1	intreverse(31511)	11513
Test Case 2	intreverse(4)	4
Test Case 3	intreverse(15135324234235)	5324324235 3151
Test Case 4	<pre>matched("a3qw3;4w3(aasdgsd)((agadsgd sgag)agaga)")</pre>	True
Test Case 5	<pre>matched("(ag(Gaga(agag)Gaga)GG)a)33) cc(")</pre>	False
Test Case 6	matched("(adsgdsg(agaga)a")	False
Test Case 7	matched("15ababa.agaga[][[[")	True

Assignment
Download videos
Text Transcripts
Online Programming

Online Programming Test 1, 26 Sep 2019, 09:30-11:30

Test - Sample

Online Programming Test 2, 26 Sep 2019, 20:00-22:00

Test Case 8	sumprimes([101,93,97,44])	198
Test Case 9	sumprimes([1001,393,743,59])	802
Test Case 10	sumprimes([11,11,11,13,11,-11])	57
Test Case	intreverse(368)	863
Test Case	intreverse(798798)	897897
Test Case	intreverse(7)	7
Test Case	matched("(7)(a")	False
Test Case	matched("a)*(?")	False
Test Case 16	matched("((jkl)78(A)&l(8(dd(FJ I:),):)?)")	True
Test Case 17	sumprimes([17,51,29,39])	46
Test Case 18	sumprimes([-3,-5,3,5])	8
Test Case 19	sumprimes([4,6,15,27])	0

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Sample solutions (Provided by instructor)

```
def intreverse(n):
    ans = 0
while n > 0:
            (d,n) = (n%10,n//10)
ans = 10*ans + d
         return(ans)
     def matched(s):
         nested = nested+1
elif s[i] == ")":
nested = nested-1
                  if nested < 0:
    return(False)</pre>
         return(nested == 0)
     def factors(n):
   factorlist = []
         for i in range(1,n+1):
   if n%i == 0:
     factorlist = factorlist + [i]
return(factorlist)
     def isprime(n):
   return(factors(n) == [1,n])
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     def sumprimes(l):
         sum = 0
for i in range(0,len(l)):
   if isprime(l[i]):
      sum = sum+l[i]
```

```
return(sum)

import ast

def tolist(inp):
    inp = "["+inp+"]"
    inp = ast.literal_eval(inp)
    return (inp[0],inp[1])

def parse(inp):
    inp = ast.literal_eval(inp)
    return (inp)

fncall = input()
    lparen = fncall.find("(")
    rparen = fncall.rfind(")")
    fname = fncall[:lparen]
    farg = fncall[[lparen+1:rparen]

if fname == "intreverse":
    arg = parse(farg)
    print(intreverse(arg))
elif fname == "matched":
    arg = parse(farg)
    print(matched(arg))
elif fname == "sumprimes":
    arg = parse(farg)
    print(sumprimes(arg))
else:
    print("Function", fname, "unknown")

else:
    print("Function", fname, "unknown")
```