


```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include <fstream>
#include <filesystem>
#include "menu.h"
#include "welcomeMessage.h"
#include "secret.h"
```

[illegible]

```

//
// welcomeMessage.h
// TaskManager-Final
//

#ifndef WELCOMEMESSAGE_H // prevents multiple inclusions
#define WELCOMEMESSAGE_H

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

inline void welcomeMessage(){
    cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\tWelcome to TaskManager™!\n\n"
    << "In this console-based to-do-list, you can store and manage up to FIFTY tasks at a time!\n\n"
    << "As a user, your privileges include:\n\n"
    << "• Creating a task\n"
    << "• Deleting a task\n"
    << "• Renaming a task\n"
    << "• Redescribing a task\n"
    << "• Resetting a task's priority level\n\n"
    << "Features include:\n\n"
    << "• Display all tasks\n"
    << "• sortTasksByName algorithm + binarySearch algorithm\n"
    << "• Save/load TaskManager™ sessions\n\n"
    << "*** Be advised: Every session with TaskManager™ can be both saved and loaded to a text file for your convenience!"
    << "\n\n" << endl;
}
#endif

```

```
// secret.h
// TaskManager-Final
//

#ifndef SECRET_H
#define SECRET_H

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

inline void secret(){
    cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t^•••^"
        << "\n\tSecret (٧٧)\t\t\tHAPPY"
        << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\tBIRTHDAY!\n"
        << "\n";
}
#endif

/*
----- \
| | I wish I could use |
\_|   this cool paper |
| thing, but it's ann- |
| oying to put in cout |
| statements :p         |
|                         |
|     - Nicholas R.     |
|_/_/_____/_____/_/_/
*/
```

```

class Task {
public:
    string taskName = "No title";
    string description = "No description";
    short priorityLevel = 0;

    Task(){};

    Task(string tn, string d, short pl){
        taskName = tn;
        description = d;
        priorityLevel = pl;
        cout << "\n>>> Task(string, string, short) created successfully <<<<" << endl;
    }

    // The createTask method creates a new Task by collecting valid input from the user.
    // It ensures that the title, description, and priority level meet specific constraints.
    void createTask(){

        string name, desc;
        short pri = 0;

        cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t NEW TASK < \n" << endl;
        cout << "\t >>> Please enter the following data <<<\n" << endl;

        while (name.length() > 20 || name.empty()) {
            cout << "\nEnter Title (20 Characters or Less): ";
            getline(cin, name);

            if (name.length() > 20) {
                cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TITLE MUST BE 20 CHARACTERS OR LESS <<<\n\n";
            } else if (name.empty()) {
                cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TITLE CANNOT BE EMPTY <<<\n\n";
            }
        }

        while (desc.length() > 75 || desc.empty()) {
            cout << "\nEnter Description (75 Characters or Less): ";
            getline(cin, desc);

            if (desc.length() > 75) {
                cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: DESCRIPTION MUST BE 75 CHARACTERS OR LESS <<<\n\n";
            } else if (desc.empty()) {
                cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: DESCRIPTION CANNOT BE EMPTY <<<\n\n";
            }
        }

        while (pri >= 11 || pri <= 0){
            cout << "\nPriority level (1-10): ";
            cin >> pri;
            cin.ignore();

            if (pri >= 11 || pri <= 0){
                cout << "\n>>> ERROR: PRIORITY LEVEL MUST BE WITHIN RANGE (1-10) <<<\n\n";
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
// Once all input is valid, set the member variables of the Task.
taskName = name;
description = desc;
priorityLevel = pri;

// Confirm successful creation of the task.
cout << "\n\n\t\t >>> TASK SUCCESSFULLY CREATED <<<\n\n"
<< "████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████\n" << endl;
}

string getTaskName()const{return taskName;} // getter for Task Name
string getTaskDesc()const{return description;} // getter for Task Description
short getTaskPri()const{return priorityLevel;} // getter for Task Priority Level
```



```

void renameTask(){
    string newName;
    string oldName = getTaskName();
    while (true) {
        cout << "\n\tEnter new name: ";
        getline(cin, newName);
        if (newName.length() > 20) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TITLE MUST BE 20 CHARACTERS OR LESS <<<\n\n"; // length check + null/empty check
        } else if (newName.empty()) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TITLE CANNOT BE EMPTY <<<\n\n";
        } else {
            break;
        }
    }
    // Set and confirm for user
    taskName = newName;
    cout << "\n\t\t >>> TASK NAME SUCCESSFULLY CHANGED <<<\n\n"
    << "\t\t\t New = " << taskName << "\t\t\t Previous = " << oldName
    << "\n\n";
}

// The renameDesc method overwrites a preexisting Task description by collecting valid input from the user.
// It ensures that the new description meets specific constraints before overwriting.
void renameDesc(){
    string newDesc;
    string oldDesc = getTaskDesc();
    while (true) {
        cout << "\n\tEnter new Description: ";
        getline(cin, newDesc);
        if (newDesc.length() > 75) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: DESCRIPTION MUST BE 75 CHARACTERS OR LESS <<<\n\n"; // length check + null/empty check
        } else if (newDesc.empty()) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: DESCRIPTION CANNOT BE EMPTY <<<\n\n";
        } else {
            break;
        }
    }
    // Set and confirm for the user
    description = newDesc;
    cout << "\n\n\t\t >>> TASK DESCRIPTION SUCCESSFULLY CHANGED <<<\n\n"
    << "\t New = " << newDesc << "\n\n\t Previous = " << oldDesc
    << "\n\n";
}

// The resetPrilvl method resets a preexisting Task Priority Level by collecting valid input from the user.
// It ensures that the new priority meets specific constraints before overwriting.
void resetPrilvl(){
    short newPrilvl = 0;
    short oldPrilvl = getTaskPri();

    while (newPrilvl < 1 || newPrilvl > 10) {
        cout << "\n\tEnter new Priority level (1-10): ";
        cin >> newPrilvl;
        cin.ignore();

        if (newPrilvl < 1 || newPrilvl > 10) {
            cout << "\n\t >>> PRIORITY LEVEL MUST BE WITHIN RANGE (1-10) <<<\n\n";
        }
    }
    // Set and confirm for the user
    priorityLevel = newPrilvl;
    cout << "\n\t\t >>> PRIORITY LEVEL SUCCESSFULLY CHANGED <<<\n\n"
    << "\t\t\t New = " << newPrilvl << "\t\t\t Previous = " << oldPrilvl
    << "\n\n";
}
};

```



```
// -----  
  
// Algorithm for searching a Task by title in a SORTED array of Task objects.  
int binarySearch(Task arr[], int size, string target) {  
    int low = 0;  
    int high = size - 1;  
    while (low <= high) {  
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;  
        if (arr[mid].getTaskName() == target) {  
            return mid;  
        } else if (arr[mid].getTaskName() < target) {  
            low = mid + 1;  
        } else {  
            high = mid - 1;  
        }  
    }  
    return -1;  
}  
  
// Algorithm for SORTING the array of Task objects (needed for binarySearch)  
void sortTasksByName(Task arr[], int size) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; ++i) {  
        for (int j = 0; j < size - i - 1; ++j) {  
            if (arr[j].getTaskName() > arr[j + 1].getTaskName()) {  
                swap(arr[j], arr[j + 1]);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
// -----
```

```

int main(){
    const short MAX = 50;
    Task taskList[MAX];

    short taskCount = 0;
    short num = 0;
    short ask = 0;

    cout << "
" << endl; // Added solid blocks for more obvious section separation
    cout << "\n\tLoad a previous file? (0/1): ";
    cin >> ask;
    cin.ignore();

    // The start of 'main' is a while loop, that is prolonged for the user as long as neccessary to enter a file name correctly
    // They can break the loop from the start or retry as many times as needed
    if(ask == 1){
        while (true){ // Start of while loop
            string filename = "";
            cout << "\n\t*** Enter the name of the file: ";
            getline(cin, filename);

            ifstream inFile(filename);

            if(!inFile){
                cout << "\n\t*** ERROR: FILE NOT FOUND ***\n";
                cout << "\n\tTry again? (0/1): ";
                cin >> num;
                cin.ignore();
                if (num == 0){ // This is where the user can break out of the loop if they can't find a file to reload
                    cout << "\n
" << endl;
                    break;
                }
            } else {
                string name, desc, line;
                short pri;
                while (getline(inFile, line)) {
                    if (line.find("Name: ") == 0) {
                        name = line.substr(6);
                    } else if (line.find("Description: ") == 0) {
                        desc = line.substr(13);
                    } else if (line.find("Priority: ") == 0) {
                        pri = stoi(line.substr(10));
                        taskList[taskCount] = Task(name, desc, pri);
                        taskCount++;
                    }
                }
                // File is closed upon successful retrieval of data + confirmation for user is posted
                inFile.close();
                cout << "\n\t*** Successfully loaded (" << taskCount << ") tasks from " << filename << " ***\n";
                cout << "\n
" << endl;
                break;
            }
        }
    } else {
        cout << "\n
" << endl;
    }
}

```

```
// This is where the user will spend most of their time.  
// The menu will ALWAYS be recalled until the user has quit the program  
// The menu is what directs the user to the program's functionality + save feature for future sessions  
while (true) {  
    menu();  
  
    cout << "\t>\t*** Enter a number: ";  
    cin >> num;  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "\t<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<" << endl;  
    while (num <= 0 || num >= 12) {  
        cout << "\n\t\t>>> ERROR: ENTRY MUST BE 1-10 <<<<\n";  
        cout << "\n\t\t*** Enter a number: ";  
        cin >> num;  
        cin.ignore();  
        cout << "\n\t<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<" << endl;  
    }  
    cout << "\n\t" << endl;
```

```

// switch cases are used to speed up processing time immensely
// only runs what's called for, completely ignores the rest of the code in all other cases
switch (num){
    case 1:
        welcomeMessage(); // provides a breakdown of TaskManager™'s features and functionality
        break;

        // Checks if the Task array still has space for adding another Task. Throws error message if false
    case 2:
        if (taskCount < MAX) {
            taskList[taskCount].createTask();
            taskCount++;
        } else {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TASK LIST MAXED OUT <<<\n\n"
            << "          \n" << endl;
        }
        break;

        // Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to rename.
        // Ensures the user enters a valid selection. Otherwise sends user back to Menu
        // Provides a small menu for the user to make a selection for renaming
    case 3:
        if (taskCount == 0) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: NO TASK TO RENAME <<<\n\n"
            << "\n\n          \n" << endl;
        } else {
            cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t CURRENT TASKS ◀ \n" << endl;
            for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
                cout << "\t" << (i + 1) << ". "
                << taskList[i].getTaskName() << endl;
            }

            int renameIndex;
            cout << "\n\tEnter the number of the task to rename: ";
            cin >> renameIndex;
            cin.ignore();

            if (renameIndex < 1 || renameIndex > taskCount) {
                cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: INVALID TASK NUMBER <<<\n\n"
                << "\n          \n" << endl;
            } else {
                taskList[renameIndex - 1].renameTask();
            }
        }
        break;
}

```

```

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to update the description of.
// Ensures the user enters a valid selection. Otherwise sends user back to Menu
// Provides a small menu for the user to make a selection for updating
case 4:
    if (taskCount == 0) {
        cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: NO TASKS TO UPDATE DESCRIPTION <<<\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t> CURRENT TASKS ◀ \n" << endl;
        for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
            cout << "\t" << (i + 1) << ". "
            << taskList[i].getTaskName() << endl;
        }

        int descIndex;
        cout << "\n\tEnter the number of the task to reset description: ";
        cin >> descIndex;
        cin.ignore();

        if (descIndex < 1 || descIndex > taskCount) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: INVALID TASK NUMBER <<<\n"
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        } else {
            taskList[descIndex - 1].renameDesc();
        }
    }
    break;

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to update the priority of.
// Ensures the user enters a valid selection. Otherwise sends user back to Menu
// Provides a small menu for the user to make a selection for updating
case 5:
    if (taskCount == 0) {
        cout << "\n\t>>> ERROR: NO TASKS PRESENT <<<\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t> CURRENT TASKS ◀ \n" << endl;
        for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
            cout << "\t" << (i + 1) << ". "
            << taskList[i].getTaskName() << endl;
        }

        int priIndex;
        cout << "\n\tEnter the number of the task to update Priority Level: ";
        cin >> priIndex;
        cin.ignore();

        if (priIndex < 1 || priIndex > taskCount) {
            cout << "\n\t >>> ERROR: INVALID TASK NUMBER <<<\n"
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        } else {
            taskList[priIndex - 1].resetPriLvl();
        }
    }
    break;

```

```

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to delete
// Ensures the user enters a valid selection. Otherwise sends user back to Menu
// Provides a small menu for the user to make a selection for deleting
case 6:
if (taskCount == 0) {
    cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TASK LIST IS EMPTY <<<\n\n"
    << "\n\n" << endl;
} else {
    cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t> CURRENT TASKS ◀ \n" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
        cout << "\t" << (i + 1) << ". "
        << taskList[i].getTaskName() << endl;
    }

    int delIndex;
    cout << "\n\tEnter the number of the task to delete: ";
    cin >> delIndex;
    cin.ignore();

    if (delIndex < 1 || delIndex > taskCount) {
        cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: INVALID TASK NUMBER <<<\n\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    } else {
        for (int i = delIndex - 1; i < taskCount - 1; ++i) {
            taskList[i] = taskList[i + 1];
        }
        taskList[taskCount - 1] = Task();
        taskCount--;

        cout << "\n\t\t >>> TASK DELETED SUCCESSFULLY <<<\n\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    }
}
break;

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to display
// Sends user back to Menu if there are 0 Task objects
// Displays the name of all tasks currently present in the Task Array
case 7:
if (taskCount == 0) {
    cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TASK LIST IS EMPTY <<<\n\n"
    << "\n\n" << endl;
} else {
    cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t> CURRENT TASKS ◀ \n" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
        cout << "\t" << (i + 1) << ". "
        << taskList[i].getTaskName() << "\n";
    }
    cout << "\n\n" << endl;
}
break;

```

```

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to search the name of and retrieve info for
// Sends user back to Menu if there are 0 Task objects
// Displays the name, description, and priority level of the task searched for
case 8:
    if (taskCount == 0) {
        cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: TASK LIST IS EMPTY <<<\n\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    } else {
        string target;
        cout << "\n\tEnter the task name to search for: ";
        getline(cin, target);

        sortTasksByName(taskList, taskCount); // Ensuring that name is sorted 1st and foremost

        int result = binarySearch(taskList, taskCount, target);
        if (result != -1) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> TASK FOUND <<<\n\n"
            << "\t• Task: " << taskList[result].getTaskName()
            << "\n\t• Description: " << taskList[result].getTaskDesc()
            << "\n\t• Priority Level: " << taskList[result].getTaskPri()
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        } else {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> TASK NOT FOUND <<<\n\n"
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        }
    }
    break;

```



```

// Checks if Task Array has at least 1 Task Object to save the data of
// Sends user back to Menu if there are 0 Task objects
// Saves the name, description, and priority level of the task/s in a customizable file name
// Can overwrite currently selected file
// if there are any issues opening and writing to file, error message is posted & user is sent back to menu
// Offers the user the file path if desired, and displays confirmation of save
case 9:
    if (taskCount == 0) {
        cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: NO TASKS TO SAVE <<<\n\n"
        << "\n\n" << endl;
    } else {
        string filename;
        cout << "\n\tEnter filename to save to (Ex: tasks.txt): ";
        getline(cin, filename);

        ofstream fout(filename);

        if (!fout) {
            cout << "\n\t\t >>> ERROR: COULD NOT CREATE FILE <<<\n\n"
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        } else {
            for (int i = 0; i < taskCount; ++i) {
                fout << "Task " << (i + 1) << ":\n";
                fout << "Name: " << taskList[i].getTaskName() << "\n";
                fout << "Description: " << taskList[i].getTaskDesc() << "\n";
                fout << "Priority: " << taskList[i].getTaskPri() << "\n";
                fout << "-----\n";
            }
            fout.close();

            short choice = 0;
            cout << "\t*** Show file path? (0/1): ";
            cin >> choice;
            cin.ignore();

            if (choice == 1){
                filesystem::path currentPath = filesystem::current_path();
                string pathString = currentPath.string();
                cout << "\n\t*** " << pathString << endl;
            }

            cout << "\n\t\t >>> TASKS SAVED TO: " << filename << " <<<\n\n"
            << "\n\n" << endl;
        }
    }
    break;

```

```
// Ends program and displays confirmation to user
case 10:
    cout << "\n\t\t ▶▶▶ SUCCESSFULLY ENDED TaskManager™ ◀◀◀\n\n"
    << "██████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████████\n" << endl;
    return 0;

// secret
case 11:
    secret();
    break;

// default case if anything breaks
default:
    cout << "\n\t\t ▶▶▶ ERROR: INVALID OPTION ◀◀◀\n\n";
```

Steps for running the GUI:

- 1.) `cd /Users/nicholasrubio/TaskManagerGUI`
- 2.) Enter: `./TaskManagerGUI`

TaskManager™'s GUI is only capable of:

- Creating a new Task
- Naming the Task
- Describing the Task
- Setting the Priority Level of the Task
- Saving the session

* It's important to note that despite TaskManager™' GUI limitation, IT STILL follows the constraints set fourth by the source code from TaskManager™ main.cpp file. Meaning, it still:

- Checks character length constraint of name
- Checks character length constraint of description
- Ensures priorityLevel is within range (1-10)
- Null checking is built in
- Warning/Error messages are displayed to user

```

#include <wx/wx.h>
#include "Task.h" // <- Task.h is a copy/paste of the Task class from TaskManager™

#include <vector> // Using vectors here to dynamically change the size of taskList

std::vector<Task> taskList;

class MyApp : public wxApp {
public:
    virtual bool OnInit();
};

class MyFrame : public wxFrame {
public:
    MyFrame(const wxString& title);

private:
    wxTextCtrl* titleInput;
    wxTextCtrl* descInput;
    wxTextCtrl* priInput;

    void OnCreateTask(wxCommandEvent& event);
};

wxIMPLEMENT_APP(MyApp);

bool MyApp::OnInit() {
    MyFrame *frame = new MyFrame("TaskManager™ GUI");// Added my Program's name on the window
    frame->Show(true);
    return true;
}

```

```

MyFrame::MyFrame(const wxString& title)
    : wxFrame(NULL, wxID_ANY, title, wxDefaultPosition, wxSize(400, 300))
{
    wxPanel* panel = new wxPanel(this, wxID_ANY);

    wxStaticText* titleLabel = new wxStaticText(panel, wxID_ANY, "Title (max 20):", wxPoint(20, 20));    // Set Title
    titleInput = new wxTextCtrl(panel, wxID_ANY, "", wxPoint(150, 20), wxSize(200, -1));

    wxStaticText* descLabel = new wxStaticText(panel, wxID_ANY, "Description (max 75):", wxPoint(20, 60)); // Set Description
    descInput = new wxTextCtrl(panel, wxID_ANY, "", wxPoint(150, 60), wxSize(200, -1));

    wxStaticText* priLabel = new wxStaticText(panel, wxID_ANY, "Priority (1-10):", wxPoint(20, 100));    // Set Priority
    priInput = new wxTextCtrl(panel, wxID_ANY, "", wxPoint(150, 100), wxSize(200, -1));

    wxButton* createButton = new wxButton(panel, wxID_ANY, "Create Task", wxPoint(150, 150));    // Create Task Button
    createButton->Bind(wxEVT_BUTTON, &MyFrame::OnCreateTask, this);
}

```

```

void MyFrame::OnCreateTask(wxCommandEvent& event) {
    wxString title = titleInput->GetValue();
    wxString desc = descInput->GetValue();
    wxString priStr = priInput->GetValue();

    if (title.IsEmpty() || title.Length() > 20) {                                     // Error checker for Title
        wxMessageBox("Title must be 1-20 characters.", "Error", wxOK | wxICON_ERROR);
        return;
    }
    if (desc.IsEmpty() || desc.Length() > 75) {                                     // Error checker for Description
        wxMessageBox("Description must be 1-75 characters.", "Error", wxOK | wxICON_ERROR);
        return;
    }

    long priority;
    if (!priStr.ToLong(&priority) || priority < 1 || priority > 10) {               // Error checker for Priority
        wxMessageBox("Priority must be a number from 1-10.", "Error", wxOK | wxICON_ERROR);
        return;
    }

    Task t(std::string(title.mb_str()), std::string(desc.mb_str()), (short)priority); // Task Constructor
    taskList.push_back(t);                                                         // taskList grows by one(1)

    wxMessageBox("Task created successfully!", "Success", wxOK | wxICON_INFORMATION); // Confirmation message

    titleInput->Clear(); // clear title input
    descInput->Clear();  // clear description input
    priInput->Clear();   // clear priority input
}

```

