

Q1 $\{Q, F, P\}$ $A \in F$, $B \in F$ $C \in F$

$$P(A) = 0.5, \quad P(B) = 0.2, \quad P(C) = 0.1$$

$$P(\overline{A \cup B}) = 0.45$$

$$* P(\overline{A \cup B}) = P(\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}) = P(\bar{A}) + P(\bar{B})$$

$$1) P(A \cup B) = P(\Omega) - P(\overline{A \cup B})$$

$$1 - 0.45$$

$$P(A \cup B) = 0.55$$



$$2) P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$$

$$= 0.5 + 0.2 - 0.55$$

$$P(A \cap B) = 0.15$$



$$3) P(A \cap \bar{B}) = P(A) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$= 0.5 - 0.15$$

$$P(A \cap \bar{B}) = 0.35$$

4 NO, they are not exclusive $P(A \cap B) \neq 0$
 so they contain a region that is shared in the space.

Q2 $P(A) = 1/6$ $A = \text{(Rolling a four)}$

$$1) P(E_4) = P(A) + P(A) + P(A) + P(A) \\ = 4/6$$

Probability of
rolling one 4 in
four rolls

$$2) P(E_n) = 20 P(A) = \frac{20}{6}$$

$$P(E) = 1 - (P(A))^n$$

$$3) 0.9 = (1 - \frac{1}{6})^n$$

$$0.9 = (\frac{5}{6})^n$$

$$0.1 = (\frac{5}{6})^n$$

$$n = \frac{\log(\frac{5}{6})}{\log(\frac{1}{6})} = \frac{\log(1) - \log(6)}{\log(5) - \log(6)}$$

$$n = \frac{\log(1) - \log(6)}{\log(5) - \log(6)} = \frac{0 - 1}{0.69 - 0.77} = -12.5$$

$$n = 13 \text{ rolls}$$

Q3 ~~10~~ $P(\text{Even}) = 2P(\text{odd})$

$$P(\text{Even}) = 2P(\text{odd})$$

6 sides

$$P(\Omega) = 1$$

$$\Omega \sim \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \quad P(1) = P(3) = P(5)$$

$$P(2) = P(4) = P(6)$$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{2} P(2)$$

$$P(\Omega) = 1$$

$$1 = P(1) + 2P(1) + 1P(2) + 2P(2) + 1P(1) + 2P(1)$$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$P(2) = \frac{2}{9}$$

Equal for all evens or odds

$$P(E < 4) = P(1) + P(2) + P(3) = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{9}}}$$

Q4 10 books, without replacement, without ordering
↳ Combination

$$1) {}^{10}C_3 = 120$$

Prob & Stats ${}_3C_1 = 3$

$$3 \times 2 \times 3 = 18$$

Lin alg ${}_2C_1 = 2$

Culinary ${}_3C_1 = 3$

$$2) P(E) = \frac{18}{120} = \frac{3}{20} = \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{20}$$

Q5 $P_A = 0.002$

$P_B = 0.01$

$P_C = 0.001$

1) $P(E) = \frac{P(A) + P(B) + P(C)}{3} = \frac{0.023}{3} \approx 0.0076$

2) $P(E_A) = \frac{P(A)}{P(A) + P(B) + P(C)} = 0.0869$

$P(E_B) = \frac{P(B)}{P(A) + P(B) + P(C)} = 0.869$

$P(E_C) = \frac{P(C)}{P(A) + P(B) + P(C)} = 0.0434$

$P(E_A) + P(E_B) + P(E_C) \approx 1$

3) $P_A = 0.002 \times$

Q6 52 cards

1) 4 aces, $P(E_{ace}) = \frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{13}}}$

2) Jack of Spade $P(E_{js}) = \frac{1}{52}$

3) $P(E_{js}) + P(E_{sd}) = \frac{1}{52} + \frac{1}{52} = \frac{2}{52} = \frac{1}{26}$

4) $P(\overline{E_s}) + P(\overline{E_H}) = \frac{1}{2}$

Q7 $P(H_i) = \frac{13}{52} (i)$

$$P(H_i) = \frac{13}{52}$$

$$P(H_1) = \frac{13}{52}$$

$$P(H_2) = \frac{13}{51}, \frac{(51-13)}{51}$$