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### **TIBCO Documentation and Support Services**

#### **How to Access TIBCO Documentation**

Documentation for TIBCO products is available on the TIBCO Product Documentation website, mainly in HTML and PDF formats. The TIBCO Product Documentation website is updated frequently and is more current than any other documentation included with the product. To access the latest documentation, visit <a href="https://docs.tibco.com">https://docs.tibco.com</a>.

#### **Product-Specific Documentation**

Documentation for TIBCO ComputeDB™ is available on the TIBCO ComputeDB Product Documentation page.

### **How to Contact TIBCO Support**

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- For an overview of TIBCO Support, visit <a href="http://www.tibco.com/services/support">http://www.tibco.com/services/support</a>.
- For accessing the Support Knowledge Base and getting personalized content about products you are interested in, visit the TIBCO Support portal at <a href="https://support.tibco.com">https://support.tibco.com</a>.
- For creating a Support case, you must have a valid maintenance or support contract with TIBCO. You also need a user name and password to log in to <a href="https://support.tibco.com">https://support.tibco.com</a>. If you do not have a user name, you can request one by clicking Register on the website.

#### **How to Join TIBCO Community**

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## **Overview**

TIBCO ComputeDB<sup>TM</sup> is a memory-optimized database based on Apache Spark. It delivers very high throughput, low latency, and high concurrency for unified analytic workloads that may combine streaming, interactive analytics, and artificial intelligence in a single, easy to manage distributed cluster.

### **New Features**

The focus of the 1.1.0 release was mainly stability at scale. However, the following important features are also included:

### • Support for Structured Streaming

The TIBCO ComputeDB structured streaming programming model is the same as Spark structured streaming. Additionally, TIBCO provides an in-built Sink to ingest data into TIBCO ComputeDB tables. The Sink supports idempotent writes, ensuring consistency of data when failures occur, as well as support for all mutation operations such as inserts, appends, updates, puts, and deletes.

This feature is experimental in this release.

• TIBCO Spotfire Connectivity to TIBCO ComputeDB.

<a href="https://community.tibco.com/wiki/tibco-spotfire-connectivity-tibco-computedb">https://community.tibco.com/wiki/tibco-spotfire-connectivity-tibco-computedb</a>
This feature is experimental in this release.

## **Performance/Scalability Enhancements**

The following performance enhancements are included in TIBCO ComputeDB 1.1.0 release:

- Scalability improvements for snapshot isolation (c12fa66)
  Lower memory overhead and faster cleanup of old versioned data.
- **glibc malloc settings** (1942811)

  Default glibc malloc settings to reduce off-heap memory overhead.
- **Broadcast and exchange reuse** [SNAP-2789] Enabled broadcast and exchange reuse for column and row tables.
- Partition pruning support for row table scan [SNAP-2474]
   Added partition pruning for row tables. This is already available for column tables.
- Performance improvement for limit query on external tables (dd590a2)
  Limit query on external table used to scan all partitions earlier. Now it will not scan all partitions if results can be returned using only a few partitions.
- Common-subexpression elimination for tokenized constants
  Enabled common-subexpression elimination for tokenized constants. This improves
  performance of TPC-H Q19 among others. [SNAP-2462]
  - Enabled plan caching for hive thrift server sessions [SNAP-2457]
    For better performance query plans are cached by default for hive thrift sessions.

### **Resolved Issues**

The following issues are resolved in TIBCO ComputeDB 1.1.0 release:

- Start Hive Thrift server by default in the product. (f7ecc73)
- Implemented failover in ODBC. ODBC clients now have the failover functionality in case the server it is connected to goes down. [SNAP-2591]
- Fix connection to secure cluster via Spark's Thrift server. [SNAP-2751]
- Include SparkR library as part of distribution. (ce1874e)
- Set default value for **spark.sql.files.maxPartitionBytes** to 32 MB. This significantly reduces temporary heap usage when ingesting from external file sources. [SNAP-2962]
- Streaming micro batch thread keeps running forever when snappy job fails due to failure from outside streaming query. [SNAP-2909]
- UI Enhancements and fixes:
  - Provided a control on TIBCO ComputeDB Monitoring UI, to expand or collapse the whole row per member node entry in a single click. [SNAP-2900]
  - o Improved GUI display of put into. [SNAP-2773]
  - o On the UI, a column named **Overflown Size/ Disk Size** in tables. [SNAP-2602]
  - Display sparklines for CPU and memory usage for individual members. [SNAP-2908]
  - Changing default page size for all tabular lists from 10 to 50, sorting members list in tabular view on member type for ordering all nodes such that all locators first, then all leads and then all servers. [SNAP-2926]
  - Provide the user of TIBCO ComputeDB Monitoring a control over auto update. [SNAP-2661]
- A --config <directory> option can be passed to the snappy-start-all script now to take config
  files from that folder instead of default conf folder. log4j.properties file is still taken from the
  default conf folder. (5911532)
- Property is provided to set whether Hive meta-store client should use isolated ClassLoader. (b825fd6)
- Facility provided to store the temporary join result in off-heap for put into operation. (80f2d30)
- SQL expression alias in projection cannot be used in GroupBy. [SNAP-2237]
- Support fully qualified column names in projection. [SNAP-2440]
- Use Spark convention to return Catalog listDatabases/listTables output in lower-case, (41594f5)
- Quote table and schema name in some commands before executing on GemFireXD connection. This allows support for reserved keywords in GemFireXD parser such as, **default** as schema name. (5fade0b)

- TIBCO Spotfire Apache Spark compatibility changes (7607064):
  - SHOW DATABASES as an alias for SHOW SCHEMAS
  - Support in SnappySqlParser for spark.sql.variable.substitute to substitute \${var} in query string.
- Fixing some meta-data query inconsistencies: (5601184)
  - Add support for SHOW VIEWS.
  - Use schemaName for the column instead of Spark's database in SHOW TABLES.
  - Show CHAR/VARCHAR types instead of STRING for those types of columns in metadata queries.
- Error in select if table(replicated) is created with backticks as delimiter. (91a9a63)
- Always route statements like show tables/views..., describe to lead from Snappy Shell to give consistent results. (1d5e0fc4)
- Fix for SHOW TABLES command. When the standard table type TABLE is given, then show all of row, column, external, sample, stream, and topK tables. (d0a1002)
- Fix for JDBC driver Jar running with Spark 2.3 + versions (java.lang.NoSuchFieldError: MAX\_ROUNDED\_ARRAY\_LENGTH). (568b7e1)
- Mismatch in the expected and actual inserted rows, after inserting data from a column table to another column table. [SNAP-2902]
- Fix crash due to SEGV in putInto operations. [SNAP-2975]
- Avoid double free of page that caused server crash due to SIGABORT/SIGSEGV. [SNAP-2934]
- GemFireCacheImpl.oldEntryMap causes memory leak. [SNAP-2654]
- Fix for exception while startup MetaException: Metastore contains multiple versions. [SNAP-2982]
- Exception occurs when the maximum column projection corresponds to 128th column position. [SNAP-2890]
- Fix for filter push down to scan level when **IN** list has constants but in cast node. (1630148)
- Key\_columns option does not check for the validity of column names at time of table creation. [SNAP-2790]
- Some in built functions returning wrong results due to tokenization and plan caching. [SNAP-2712]
- Global lock to serialize concurrent puts. [SNAP-2381]
- NPE during lead failure/restart. [SNAP-2389]

- Fixes for multiple inconsistency issue in snapshot isolation. [SNAP-2985]
- Change the default auto reconnect setting to false. For locator it is still set to true (72052fc)
- Disable load-balance by default on servers. (be351df)
- Increase the weightage of lead to avoid it being thrown out of distributed system in case of network partitioning. [SNAP-2959]
- Use off-heap cache (if configured) for streaming-sink. [SNAP-2761]
- Wrap non-fatal OOME from Spark layer in LowMemoryException. [SNAP-2956]
- Handling the case when SnappyDataBaseDialect is used to determine table schema with the table name not containing schema name. [SNAP-2368]
- Fix backward compatibility issues with sample tables. (7a7e902)
- Trim the JOB\_DESCRIPTION property in Spark jobs. [SNAP-2818]
- Planner is not used in IncrementalExecution. [SNAP 2634]

# **Known Issues**

The following known issues are included in TIBCO ComputeDB 1.1.0 release:

Key	Item	Description	Workaround
SNAP-3014	PreparedStatement support is not complete.	<ul> <li>Some of the jdbc         PreparedStatement         api is not         supported. Such as         the batch prepared         statement.</li> <li>PreparedStatement         on views is not         supported yet.</li> </ul>	Usually, prepared statement is used for performance reasons. TIBCO ComputeDB by default uses execution plan reuse and caching with constants in the query ignored for lookup of cached plan. So repeated statement execution already uses this and is very fast.
SNAP-1375	JVM crash reported	This was reported on:  RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-327.13.1.el7.x86_6 4 Java version: 1.8.0_121	To resolve this, use:  RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-693.2.2.el7.x86_64 Java version: 1.8.0_144
SNAP-1422	Catalog in smart connector inconsistent with servers	Catalog in smart connector inconsistent with servers when a table is queried from spark-shell (or from an application that uses smart connector mode) the table metadata is cached on the smart connector side. If this table is dropped from SnappyData embedded cluster (by using snappyshell, or JDBC application, or a Snappy job), the metadata on the smart connector side stays cached even though catalog has changed (table is dropped). In such cases, the user may see unexpected errors like "org.apache.spark.sql.Analy sisException: Table 'SNAPPYTABLE' already exists" in the smart connector app side for example for 'DataFrameWriter.saveAsT able()' API if the same table name that was dropped is used in 'saveAsTable()'	User may either create a new SnappySession in such scenarios  Or  Invalidate the cache on the Smart Connector mode. For example by calling snappy.sessionCatalog.invalidateAll()

SNAP-1153	Creating a temporary table with the same name as an existing table in any schema should not be allowed	When creating a temporary table, the SnappyData catalog is not referred, which means, a temporary table with the same name as that of an existing SnappyData table can be created. Two tables with the same name lead to ambiguity during query execution and can either cause the query to fail or return wrong results.	Ensure that you create temporary tables with a unique name.
SNAP-1753	TPCH Q19 execution performance degraded in 0.9	A disjunctive query (that is, query with two or more predicates joined by an OR clause) with common filter predicates may report performance issues.	To resolve this, the query should be rewritten in the following manner to achieve better performance:  select  sum(1_extendedprice)  from  LINEITEM,  PART  where  ( p_partkey = l_partkey  and p_size between 1 and 5  and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'  )  or  ( p_partkey = l_partkey  and p_brand = 'Brand#?'  and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN  PERSON'  )  select  sum(1_extendedprice)  from  LINEITEM,  PART  where  ( p_partkey = l_partkey and  l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON') and  ( p size between 1 and 5 or  p_brand = 'Brand#3')
SNAP-1911	JVM crash reported	This was reported on:	To resolve this, use:

		<ul> <li>RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-327.13.1.el7.x86_6</li> <li>Java version: 1.8.0_131</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-693.2.2.el7.x86_64</li> <li>Java version: 1.8.0_144</li> </ul>
SNAP-1999	JVM crash reported	This was reported on:  RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-327.13.1.el7.x86_6 4 Java version: 1.8.0_131	To resolve this, use:  RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-693.2.2.el7.x86_64 Java version: 1.8.0_144
SNAP-2017	JVM crash reported	This was reported on:  • RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-514.10.2.el7.x86_6  4 • Java version: 1.8.0_144	To resolve this, use:  RHEL kernel version: 3.10.0-693.2.2.el7.x86_64 Java version: 1.8.0_144
<u>SNAP-2436</u>	Data mismatch in queries running on servers coming up after a failure	Data mismatch is observed in queries which are running when some servers are coming up after a failure. Also, the tables on which the queries are running must have set their redundancy to one or more for the issue to be observed.	This issue happens due to Spark retry mechanism with SnappyData tables. To avoid this issue, you can stop all the queries when one or more servers are coming up. If that is not feasible, you should configure the lead node with `spark.task.maxFailures = 0`;
SNAP-2381	Data inconsistency due to concurrent putInto/update operations	Concurrent putInto/update operations and inserts in column tables with overlapping keys may cause data inconsistency.	This problem is not seen when all the concurrent operations deal with different sets of rows. You can either ensure serialized mutable operations on column tables or these should be working on a distinct set of key columns.
SNAP-2457	Inconsistent results during further transformation when using snappySession.sql() from jobs, Zeppelin etc.	When using snappySession.sql() from jobs, Zeppelin etc, if a further transformation is applied on the DataFrame, it may give incorrect results due to plan caching.	If you are using SnappyJobs and using snappySession.sql("sql string") you must ensure that further transformation is not done. For example:  val df1 = snappySession.sql("sql string")  val df2 = df1.repartition(12) // modifying df1  df2.collect()  The above operation will give inconsistent results, if you are using df2 further in your code. To avoid this problem, you can use snappySession.sqlUncached("sql string"). For example:  val df1 = snappySession.sqlUncached("sql string")

	val df2 = df1.repartition(12) $//$ modifying df1
	df2.collect()