Linear Regression- Vehicle selection

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In [1]: #Step1: Importing All the Required Libraries
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
In [2]: #Step2: Reading the Dataset
         df=pd.read csv(r"C:\Users\sneha\Downloads\fiat500 VehicleSelection Dataset (2)
Out[2]:
                    model engine power age in days
                                                             previous owners
                                                                                    lat
                                                                                              lon
             0
                                                       25000
                                                                           1 44.907242
                                                                                         8.611560
                     lounge
                                      51
                                                 882
             1
                  2
                                      51
                                                 1186
                                                       32500
                                                                              45.666359
                                                                                        12.241890
                        pop
             2
                  3
                                      74
                                                4658 142228
                                                                             45.503300
                                                                                        11.417840
                       sport
             3
                  4 lounge
                                      51
                                                2739
                                                      160000
                                                                              40.633171
                                                                                        17.634609
                                      73
                                                3074
                                                      106880
                                                                              41.903221
                                                                                        12.495650
             4
                  5
                        pop
          1533 1534
                                      51
                                                3712 115280
                                                                             45.069679
                                                                                         7.704920
                       sport
          1534 1535 lounge
                                      74
                                                3835 112000
                                                                             45.845692
                                                                                         8.666870
          1535 1536
                                                       60457
                                                                             45.481541
                        pop
                                      51
                                                2223
                                                                                         9.413480
          1536 1537 lounge
                                      51
                                                 2557
                                                       80750
                                                                             45.000702
                                                                                         7.682270
          1537 1538
                                      51
                                                 1766
                                                       54276
                                                                             40.323410 17.568270
                        pop
         1538 rows × 9 columns
```

```
In [3]: df=df[['age_in_days','price']]
    df.columns=['age_in_days','price']
```

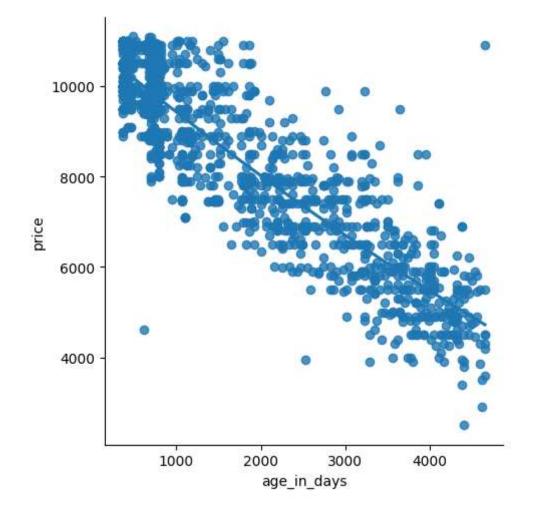
In [4]: df.head(10)

Out[4]:

	age_in_days	price
0	882	8900
1	1186	8800
2	4658	4200
3	2739	6000
4	3074	5700
5	3623	7900
6	731	10750
7	1521	9190
8	4049	5600
9	3653	6000

In [5]: #step3: Exploring the Data Scatter . Plotting the data scatter
sns.lmplot(x ="age_in_days", y="price", data =df, order = 2, ci = None)

Out[5]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1d50858dba0>



```
In [6]: df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

```
price
      age_in_days
count 1538.000000
                    1538.000000
mean
      1650.980494
                    8576.003901
  std
      1289.522278
                    1939.958641
       366.000000
                    2500.000000
 min
 25%
       670.000000
                    7122.500000
 50%
      1035.000000
                    9000.000000
75%
      2616.000000 10000.000000
 max 4658.000000 11100.000000
```

In [7]: df.info()

1

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537
Data columns (total 2 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- 0 age_in_days 1538 non-null int64
```

1538 non-null

dtypes: int64(2)
memory usage: 24.2 KB

price

```
In [8]: #Step4: Data Cleaning- Elimminating NaN or missing input numbers

df.fillna(method= 'ffill', inplace = True)
```

int64

C:\Users\sneha\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10652\1577053232.py:3: SettingWit
hCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s table/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

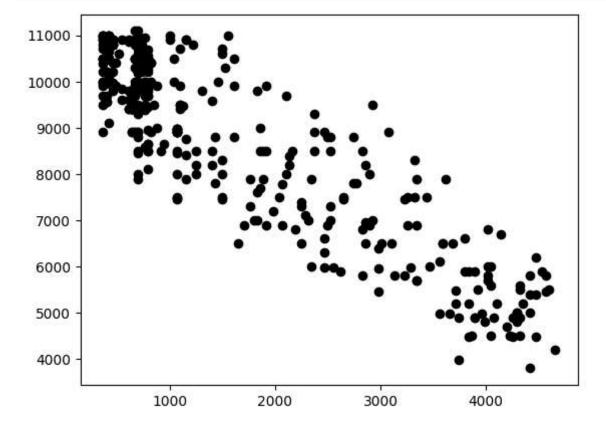
df.fillna(method= 'ffill', inplace = True)

```
In [9]: # Step-5: Training Our Model
X = np.array(df['age_in_days']).reshape(-1, 1)
y = np.array(df['price']).reshape(-1, 1)
#Seperating the data into independent and dependent variables and convert
#Now each dataset contains only one column
```

```
In [10]: X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25)
# Splitting the data into training data and test data
regr = LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(regr.score(X_test, y_test))
```

0.8017595752654839

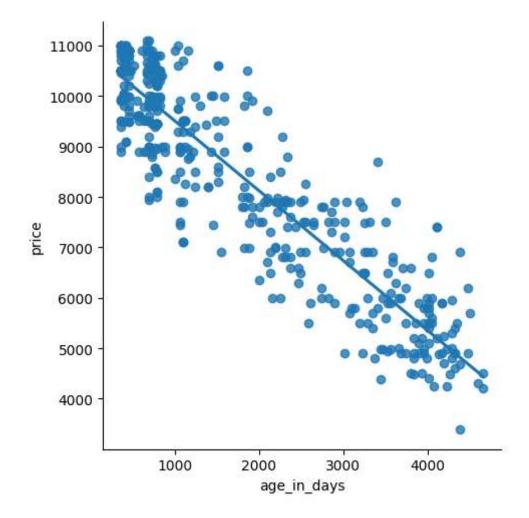
```
In [11]: #step-6: Exploring Our Results
y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'k')
plt.show()
# Data scatter of predicted values
```



```
In [12]: #Step7: Working with a Smaller dataset
df500 = df[:][:500]

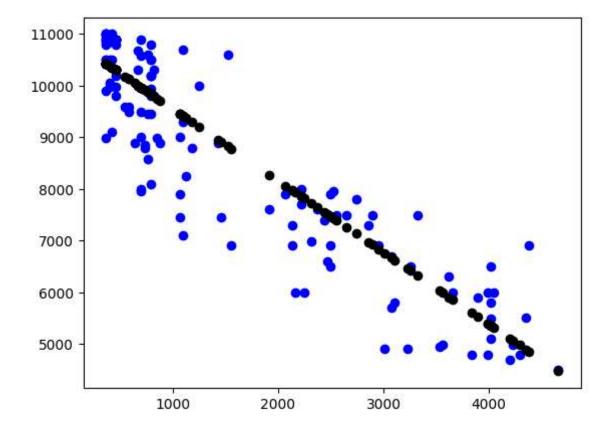
#Selecting the 1st 500 rowss of the data
sns.lmplot(x= "age_in_days", y="price", data= df500, order = 1, ci = None)
```

Out[12]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1d508c9b520>



```
In [13]: df500.fillna(method = 'ffill', inplace = True)
    X = np.array(df500['age_in_days']).reshape(-1, 1)
    y = np.array(df500['price']).reshape(-1, 1)
    df500.dropna(inplace = True)
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25)
    regr = LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print("Regression:",regr.score(X_test, y_test))
    y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
    plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'b')
    plt.scatter(X_test, y_pred, color = 'k')
    plt.show()
```

Regression: 0.8154849953038915



```
In [14]: #Step-8: Evaluation of model
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
    #Train the model
    model = LinearRegression()
    model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    #Evaluating the model on the test set
    y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
    r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print("R2 score:",r2)
```

R2 score: 0.8154849953038915

#Step-9:Conclusion:

Dataset we have taken is poor for Linear Model, but with the smaller data works well with Linear Model.

In []: