#### Lab-08

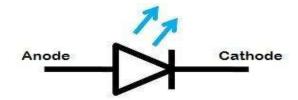
### **Blinking an LED Bulb**

#### **LED Overview**

LED is the acronym for Light Emitting Diode. They are a special type of diode that convert electrical energy into light. They have very similar electrical characteristics to a normal PN junction diode. This lighting emitting diode is a p-n junction diode. It is a specially doped diode and made up of a special type of semiconductors.

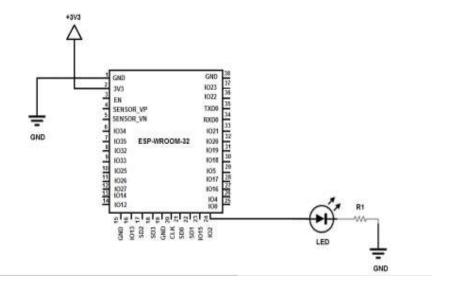
## **LED Symbol**

The LED symbol is similar to a normal PN junction diode symbol except that it contains arrows pointing away from the diode indicating that light is being emitted by the diode, thus it is called LED (light-emitting diode). The LED includes two terminals namely anode (+) and the cathode (-). The LED symbol is shown below.

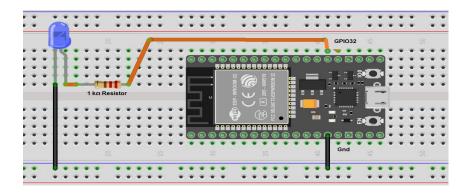


## Circuit Diagram:

The following diagram shows how to connect an LED to microcontroller



# **Connection Diagram**:



# **Algorithm**

- 1. Setup GPIO32 for LED.
- 2. Define LED as OUTPUT pin.
- 3. In loop, pass the HIGH(1) value to the LED pin, and then the LOW(0) value with some delay in each phase.
- 4. The LED connected to the LED pin will be blinking with the specified amount of delay.

#### CODE:

```
void setup(){
          pinMode(8,OUTPUT);
}
void loop(){
          digitalWrite(8,HIGH);
          delay(1000);
          digitalWrite(8,LOW);
          delay(1000);
}
```

### **OUTPUT**:

