Economic Census Data Sources

Product Information

- **Product: Economic Census**

- **Category: Economic Statistics**

- **Geography: All India, Rural, Urban, States, District**

- **Frequency: As and when required**

- **Time Period: 6th Economic Census (2013-14)**

- **Data Source: Economic Statistics Division, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI)**

Dataset Description

The Economic Census provides the count of establishments involved in economic activities (excluding those engaged in crop production and plantation), including those in the unorganized sector. It serves as a primary data source on:

- **The number of establishments in the country.**

- **The number of persons employed in these establishments.**

- **Distribution of establishments by geographical location, type of ownership, and economic activity.**

Last Updated Date: April 2016
Base Period: Not Applicable

Key Statistics Covered

The dataset includes:

- **State-wise Distribution of establishments and workers.**

- **Sector Classification (Organized vs. Unorganized, Rural vs. Urban).**

- **Type of Major Activity (Financial services, Insurance, etc.).**

- **Nature of Operation (Perennial, Seasonal, Casual).**

- **Source of Finance (Self-finance, Government aid, Bank loans, etc.).**

- **Type of Ownership (Proprietary, Partnership, Cooperative, Company, etc.).**

- **Number of Establishments and Workers across economic sectors.**

Data Accessibility

The Economic Census microdata and reports are available through the National Metadata Structure:

Microdata Portal

Types of Columns in the Dataset

The dataset contains various columns that categorize and quantify economic establishments. Some key columns include:

- **Establishment ID:** Unique identifier for each establishment.

- **State/District Code:** Location-based identification of the establishment.

- **Ownership Type:** Specifies whether the establishment is proprietary, partnership, cooperative, company, or other.

- **Nature of Operation:** Defines if the establishment is perennial, seasonal, or casual.

- **Sector:** Differentiates between rural and urban sectors.

- **Major Activity Type:** Classifies the industry type, such as financial services or insurance.

- **Number of Workers:** Indicates total workers employed, further divided by gender.

- **Source of Finance:** Specifies whether the funding source is self-financed, bank loans, government aid, etc.

- **Workforce Classification:** Differentiates between hired, unpaid, and self-employed workers.

Specific Data Used in Analysis

Dataset File: hackathon.csv

Primary Focus Area: Maharashtra - Financial & Insurance Sector

Relevant Sections Extracted:

- **Business Ownership Distribution:** Identified dominant ownership types and analysed their financial dependencies.

- **Employment Trends and Workforce Participation:** Evaluated gender-based workforce patterns and urban-rural employment disparities.

- **Financial Dependency and Funding Sources:** Assessed the role of self-financing, government aid, and institutional borrowing in business sustainability.

- **Regional Economic Patterns Across Maharashtra's Districts:** Mapped business concentration and employment trends to highlight key economic hubs.

Remarks

Economic Censuses provide comprehensive data on establishments across India and are a valuable resource for understanding economic trends, workforce dynamics, and financial dependencies. The insights derived from this dataset support informed policymaking and economic planning.

Prepared for: Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI)
Compiled by: Snehal Jadhav
Date: March 2025