

## MCQ

1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else  
func(b % a, a) print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

Answer: d) None(0)

```
2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted_numbers =  
sorted(numbers) even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even_numbers =  
filter(even, sorted_numbers) print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

Answer: b) Filter

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

Answer: a) Tuple

```
4) set1 = {14, 3, 55} set2 = {82, 49,  
62} set3={99,22,17} print(len(set1 +  
set2 + set3))
```

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0

**d) Error**

**Answer: d) Error**

**5)** What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

Answer: a) raise

**6)** Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timedata
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

Answer: c) datetime

**7)** What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248**
- b) 169**
- c) 208**
- d) 233**

Answer: c) 208

**8)** Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) strptime
- b) strftime
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

Answer: a) strptime

**9)** The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

- a) mutable
- b) immutable
- c) unchangeable
- d) none

**Answer: b) immutable**

10) The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. range()
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{ }
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: a) range()

**Question 11 . Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?**

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: d) none of the mentioned above

**Question 12 . The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: c) Both a and b

**Question 13**

**Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?**

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: b) dump() method

14 . Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: a) load()

15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

Answer: d) all of the mentioned above

16 . Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.) captains = {

"Enterprise": "Picard",

"Voyager": "Janeway",

"Defiant": "Sisko",

}

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

print(ship, captain)

b) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains[ship])

c) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains)

d) both a and b

Answer: c) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains)
```

**17)**

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named `captains` ?

a) `captains = {dict}`

b) `type(captains)`

c) `captains.dict()`

d) `captains = { }`

e) Answer: d) `captains = { }`

**18)** Now you have your empty dictionary named `captains`. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs `"Enterprise": "Picard"`, `"Voyager": "Janeway"`, and `"Defiant": "Sisko"`.

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing `captains` dictionary?

a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"} captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}`

`captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`

b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"`

`captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

c) `captains = {`

`"Enterprise": "Picard",`

`"Voyager": "Janeway",`

`"Defiant": "Sisko",`

`}`

- d) None of the above

Answer: d) None of the above

**19 )** You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have: `captains = {`

```
"Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
"Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
"Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
"Discovery": "unknown",
```

`}`Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) `for item in captains.items():`

```
    print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
```

- b) `for ship, captain in captains.items():`

```
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

- c) `for captain, ship in captains.items():`

```
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

- d) All are correct

Answer: d) All are correct

**20 )**

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
```

```
"Enterprise": "Picard",
```

```
"Voyager": "Janeway",
```

```
"Defiant": "Sisko",
```

```
"Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captains
- b) captains.remove()
- c) del captains["Discovery"]
- d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

Answer: c) del captains["Discovery"]