

# IMPLEMENTING THE CLASS

# USING vs THE CLASS

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- write code from two different perspectives

**implementing** a new object type with a class

- **define** the class
- define **data attributes** (WHAT IS the object)
- define **methods** (HOW TO use the object)

**using** the new object type in code

- create **instances** of the object type
- do **operations** with them

# CLASS DEFINITION OF AN OBJECT TYPE

# vs INSTANCE OF A CLASS

- class name is the **type**  
`class Coordinate(object)`
- class is defined generically
  - use `self` to refer to some instance while defining the class  
`(self.x - self.y)**2`
  - `self` is a parameter to methods in class definition
- class defines data and methods **common across all instances**

- instance is **one specific** object  
`coord = Coordinate(1,2)`
- data attribute values vary between instances  
`c1 = Coordinate(1,2)`  
`c2 = Coordinate(3,4)`
  - `c1` and `c2` have different data attribute values `c1.x` and `c2.x` because they are different objects
- instance has the **structure of the class**

# WHY USE OOP AND CLASSES OF OBJECTS?

- mimic real life
- group different objects part of the same type



Jelly  
1 year old  
brown



5 years old  
brown



Tiger  
2 years old  
brown



Bean  
0 years old  
black



2 years old  
white



1 year old  
b/w

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